

Welcome Back

1. What have we learned so far?
2. What will we focus on today?

Welcome Back

- SLIDE
- today we focus more on specifics of a Carpentries workshop
 - lessons and effective teaching



Building Teaching Skill: Lesson Study

1. How should I use learning objectives when preparing to teach?
2. How can I adapt my teaching in response to formative assessment?

Learner Profiles

- yesterday talked about importance of studying other people teaching
- time to think a bit more about how we design lessons, study of lesson content etc
- essential to identify who the target audience is for your lesson
- learner profiles help to identify when your expectations are unrealistic
- having learner profiles can help us to imagine how a particular part of a lesson/example/exercise could be fit to our audience

Learner Profiles

- SLIDE
- three parts
 - general background
 - problem they face
 - how the course can help them

Learning Objectives

- once you know your target audience, time to specify what you're going to teach them
- informed by your audience and will communicate what you should focus on during the course
- good learning objectives are quite specific about the intended effect of a lesson - Bloom's taxonomy (SLIDE)
- exercise

Designing Good Challenges

- good challenges/exercises are very important
- formative assessment
- gives learner the chance to apply what they've been learning
- remember you should **always be able to identify what information you hope to gain** from a particular exercise

Designing Good Challenges

- example in etherpad & SLIDE
- C: simple factual error
 - need to be reminded that rows are indexed first when subsetting two dimensional objects in R
- A: they understand that rows come first, followed by columns
 - but they are trying to get each value independently (first row 2, column 4; then row 2, column 5)
 - They need a review of the : operator or the c() function for obtaining multiple values while subsetting.
- B: they probably understand that one of the values they're looking for is in row 2, column 5
 - but don't understand that the , operator is needed to separate row and column index values
 - They also need a review of the : operator or the c() function for obtaining multiple values while subsetting.

Designing Good Challenges

- exercises

Building Teaching Skill: Live Coding

1. Why do we teach programming using live coding?

Live Coding

- cornerstone of the Carpentries teaching
- don't use slides
- exercise: what do you think are the advantages and disadvantages of this?

Live Coding

- advantages:
 - more compelling
 - allows instructor to be more responsive to questions
 - transfer from short-term to long-term = learning
 - slows instructor down
 - earners get to see instructors make (_and fix_) mistakes

Live Coding

- disadvantages:
 - greater pressure on instructor
 - splits attention of learner - typing and listening/following screen
 - speak while you type
 - explain before and after what a line does
- requires practice to think out loud in front of an audience

Live Coding

- fits well into practice-feedback model
 - practice by typing along
 - continuous feedback from outcome of execution
- need to make sure that you explain the 'feedback' - error messages

Live Coding

- exercise with videos
- ten tips for live coding, in etherpad
- use sticky notes
 - it's more discreet
 - they can keep typing
 - still gives instructor an idea of how the workshop/lesson is going

Live Coding

- live coding exercise
- groups of two or three

Coffee!

(SLIDE)

Building Teaching Skill: Performance Revised

1. How did you change your teaching in response to feedback?

Live Coding

- repeat live coding exercise
- incorporate changes based on feedback from last time

Live Coding

- how did you feel it went?
- better or worse this time? (did the feedback help?)
- what would you change for next time?

Before Lunch

- Give us feedback again