

# Forecasting at Scale using FBProphet in Python

Nikolaus Herjuno Sapto Dwi Atmojo

# Nikolaus Herjuno Sapto Dwi Atmojo

traveloka 

- Traveloka (September 2019 - Present)
  - Data Analyst for Bill Payment & Payment (September 2019 - December 2019)
  - Data Analyst for PayLater (December 2019 - Present)



- Tokopedia (September 2017 - Aug 2019)
  - Data Analyst for Operations



- Jakarta Smart City (June 2016 - Aug 2016)
  - Data Scientist Internship



- Institut Teknologi Sepuluh November (2013 - 2017)
  - Information Systems 2013

What does it mean “at  
scale” ?

Forecasting “at scale” is  
**25% a technology problem**  
**and 75% a people problem**

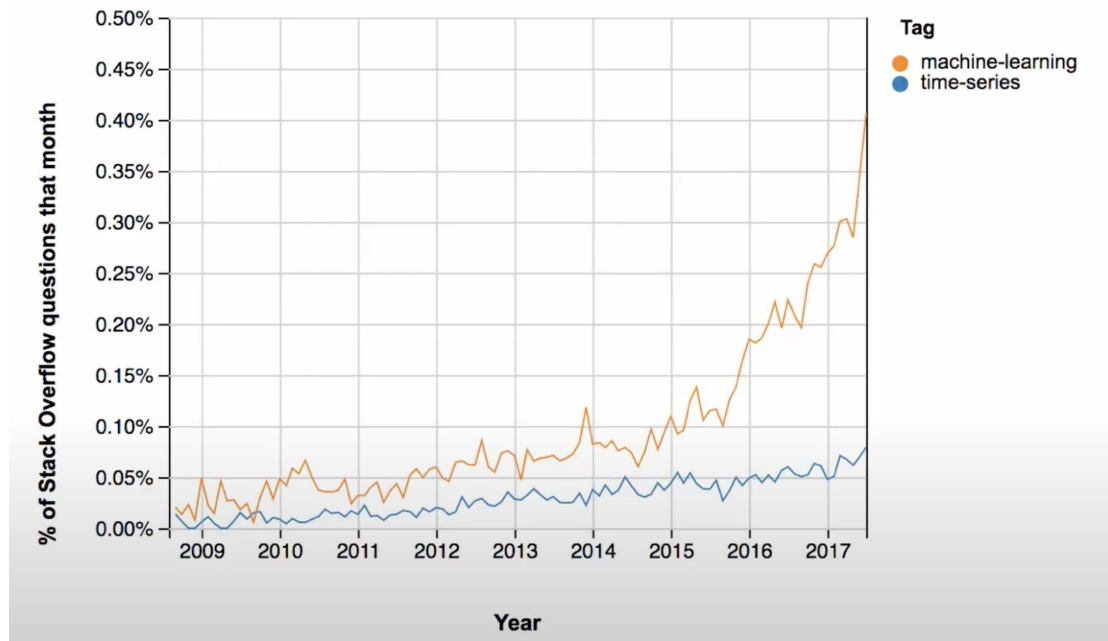
# What's FBProphet ?

- Prophet is based on an additive model where non-linear trends are fit with **yearly, weekly, and daily seasonality, plus holiday effects**.
- It **works best** with time series that have **strong seasonal effects and several seasons of historical data**. Facebook claims that Prophet is **robust to missing data** and shifts in the trend, and typically **handles outliers** well

# Problems

- Many applications that require forecast
- Single metric can be forecasted numerous times (eg. each country, ..)
- Not many people have forecasting training
- Not many existing tool

# Machine Learning vs Time Series Trend



Source : <http://insights.stackoverflow.com/trends>

# Why was FBProphet developed at the first place ?

(semi) automated forecasting :

- Find similarities across of forecasting problem
- Build a tool that can solve most of the forecasting problem
- Make it **easy to** use and **teach** everyone to use it
- Offer advanced features when necessary



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# FBProphet is decomposed time series model

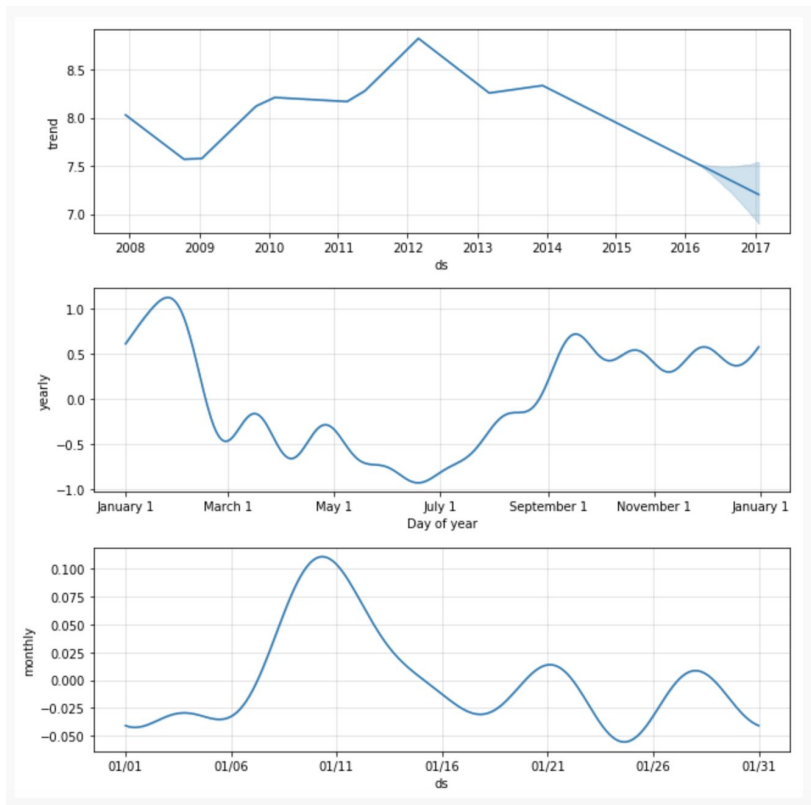
$$y(t) : \text{piecewise\_trend}(t) + \text{seasonality}(t) + \text{holiday\_effect}(t) + \text{noise}$$

- Saturating growth model
- Piecewise linear model
- Automatic Changepoints Selection
- Trend forecast uncertainty

provides a adaptability to the model by allowing periodic changes based on sub-daily, daily, weekly and yearly seasonality

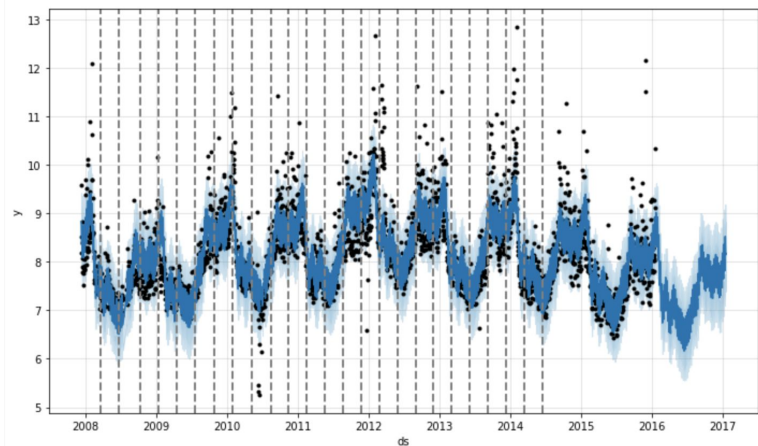
Holiday	Country	Year	Date
Thanksgiving	US	2015	26 Nov 2015
Thanksgiving	US	2016	24 Nov 2016
Thanksgiving	US	2017	23 Nov 2017
Thanksgiving	US	2018	22 Nov 2018
Christmas	*	2015	25 Dec 2015
Christmas	*	2016	25 Dec 2016
Christmas	*	2017	25 Dec 2017
Christmas	*	2018	25 Dec 2018

# Forecast Component



Split single model of forecast to tell us the trend on yearly, monthly, day or even in hour unit level in descriptive way

# Trend changepoints



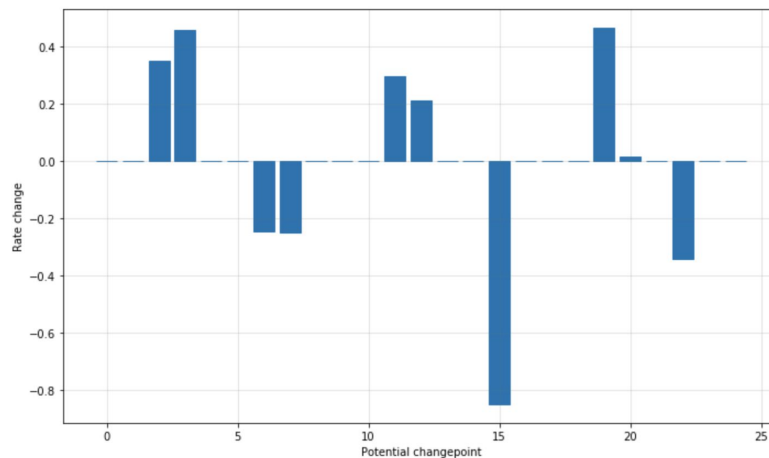
~ Laplace

Fit : Estimate trend change distribution

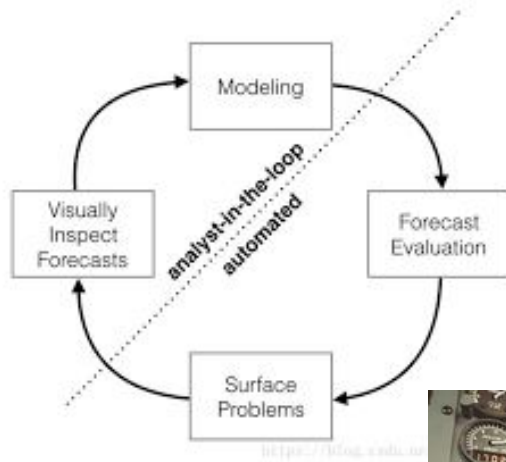
Estimate : Sample future trend change from distribution

Reference : [The Math of Prophet - Future Vision](#)

Prophet detects changepoints by first specifying a large number of *potential changepoints* at which the rate is allowed to change. It then puts a sparse prior on the magnitudes of the rate changes (equivalent to L1 regularization)



# Knobs and Lever



- Priors and seasonality parameter
- Priors on how often we expect changepoints
- Functional form of growth (piecewise linear and logistics)
- Covariates and holiday
- Custom seasonalities
- MAP and full posterior

# Conclusion

Prophet was developed to close the skill gap and help analysts with a variety of backgrounds produce more forecasts with less time invested towards doing so. This was achieved by sticking to a relatively plain mode

If you have some of free time, please watch this video, it will gives you some insights regarding Prophet : [Forecasting at Scale: How and Why We Developed Prophet for Forecasting at Facebook](#)

Let's practice together ! ;)

[Google Colab](#)