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Système d'informations et applications web – TD

Semestre 4

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Rappel sur le SQL - LDD/LMD

```
create table PROJET(
2
    NP varchar(4),
    nomP varchar(32),
3
    ne varchar(4),
    pbudget decimal (16),
    constraint pk_projet PRIMARY KEY(np),
    constraint fk_projet_ne FOREIGN KEY(ne) REFERENCES equipe(ne),
    constraint ck_projet_pbudget CHECK(ne >= 0)
update PROJET set pbudget = pbudget * 0.80;
update PROJET set pbudget = pbudget + 5000 where ne='e1';
delete from AFF where nc=(select nc from chercheur where nomc='Jean');
 alter table EQUIPE ADD (
    np decimal(3),
    bt decimal(3),
    constraint ck_equipe_bt check(bt >= 0),
    constraint ck_equipe_np check(np >= 0)
  update equipe e1 set np = (select count(*) from projets WHERE projets.ne=e1.ne),
            bt = (select sum(pbudget) from projets where projets.ne=e1.ne);
```

Projection – Sélection – Agrégation

```
R[ne]
1. R = \Pi_{ne} \ equipe
 select distinct NE from equipe;
2. R = \prod_{nomP, pBudget} (\sigma_{Ne='e1'} equipe)
                                              R[nomp, pbudget]
  select distinct nomp, pbudget from projet where ne='e1';
  select distinct nomp, pbudget from (select * from projets where ne='e1');
3. R = \prod_{nomC, nc} (\sigma_{nomc \ like \ '\%a\%'} \ chercheur)
                                              R[nomc]
  select distinct nomc from chercheur where nomC like '%a%';
 select distinct nomc from (select * from chercheur where nomC like '%a%');
4. R = COUNT(projet, ne, np)
                                              R[ne, count(np)]
 select ne, count(np) as COUNT_NP from projet group by ne;
5. R = COUNT(aff, np, nc)
                                              R[np, count(nc)]
 select np, count(nc) as COUNT_NC from aff group by np;
6. R = SUM(projet, ne, pBudget)
                                              R[ne, count(pBudget)]
 select ne, sum(pBudget) as SUM_PBUDGET from projet group by ne;
7. R = COUNT(aff, nc; ; count(np) = 2)
                                              R[nc]
 select nc from aff group by nc having count(np) = 2;
```

Imbrication – Ensembliste

R Interdiction d'utiliser les jointures

```
1. R = \prod_{nome} (\sigma_{ne} \in (\prod_{ne} Projet))
  select distinct nome from equipe e1
  where e1.ne in (select distinct ne from projet);
2. R = \prod_{nomc} (\sigma_{nc \in (\prod_{nc}(\sigma_{np='p1'}aff))}) Chercheur)
  select distinct nomc from chercheur
  where nc in (select distinct nc from aff where np='p1');
3.
                                   R = \prod_{nomc} (\sigma_{nc} \in R_1 chercheur)
                                  R_1 = \Pi_{nc}(\sigma_{np} \in R_2 aff)
                                  R_2 = \Pi_{np}(\sigma_{ne='e1'}Projet)
   select distinct nomc from chercheur
   where nc IN (select nc from aff
                   where np in (select np from projet where ne = 'e1'));
4. \Pi_{nomc}(\sigma_{nc} \in (\Pi_{nc} \ aff) chercheur)
  select distinct nomc from chercheur where nc in (select distinct n from aff);
5. \Pi_{nomc}(\sigma_{nc \notin (\Pi_{nc \ aff})} chercheur)
  select distinct nomc from chercheur where nc not in (select distinct n from aff);
6.
```

R À partir de cette question la notation algébrique n'est pas indispensable. L'utilisation des opérateurs ensembliste est indispensable, chercher ensuite une requete non ensembliste

```
select nomc from chercheur where nc in (
   select ne from aff
   where np in(select np from projet where nomp = 'SRI')
)
intersect
select nomc from chercheur where nc in (
   select ne from aff
   where np in(select np from projet where nomp = 'BIG')
)
```

7.

```
(select nomc from chercheur where nc in (
    select ne from aff
    where np in(select np from projet where nomp = 'SRI')
)
intersect
select nomc from chercheur where nc in (
    select ne from aff
    where np in(select np from projet where nomp = 'BIG')
))
except
(select nomc from chercheur where nc in (
    select ne from aff
    where np in(select np from projet where nomp <> 'SRI' and nomp <> 'BIG')
)
);
```

Jointure

```
    R = ∏<sub>np,nomp,pbudget</sub> (projet a equipe)
        | select ne, nome, pbudget from equipe, projet
        | where equipe.ne = projet.ne and equipe.ne = 'e1';
    | select nome, nome from equipe, chercheur, aff
        | where aff.ne = chercheur.ne and aff.ne = equipe.ne;
    | select count(ne) from equipe, aff group by equipe, aff having equipe.ne = aff.ne
```