$$f(x) = g_{x}(u; a) = \sum_{k=0}^{D} a_{j}(u - x)^{k} = \mathbf{r}_{u}^{\top}(x)\mathbf{a}$$

$$\hat{a} = \underset{a \in \mathbb{R}^{D+1}}{\min} \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{i}(y_{i} - g_{x}(x_{i}; a))^{2}$$

$$= \underset{a \in \mathbb{R}^{D+1}}{\min} \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{i}(y_{i} - \mathbf{r}_{x_{i}}^{\top}(x)\mathbf{a})^{2}$$

$$= \underset{a \in \mathbb{R}^{D+1}}{\min} (\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{R}_{x}\mathbf{a})^{\top} \mathbf{W}(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{R}_{x}\mathbf{a})$$

$$\hat{a} = (\mathbf{R}_{x}^{\top} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{R}_{x})^{-1} \mathbf{R}_{x}^{\top} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{y}$$

$$\hat{f}(x) = g_x(x; \hat{a}) = \hat{a}_0$$

$$\hat{f}(x) = \mathbf{R}_x \hat{a} = \mathbf{R}_x (\mathbf{R}_x^{\top} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{R}_x)^{-1} \mathbf{R}_x^{\top} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{y}$$

$$= \mathbf{H} \mathbf{y}$$