

## The matrix of a linear transformation

Eg:- To find the matrix of the linear transformation  
 $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  given by

$$T(x, y, z) = (x + y + z, x + 2y + 3z)$$

$$T(1, 0, 0) = (1, 1) = 1e_1 + 1e_2$$

$$T(0, 1, 0) = (1, 2) = 1e_1 + 2e_2$$

$$T(0, 0, 1) = (1, 3) = 1e_1 + 3e_2$$

⇒ Matrix of  $T = A =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$