

**INDRAPIRASTHA INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, DELHI**  
**ECE111 DC**  
**TUTORIAL 5 (20 marks)**

Q1) Consider the following Boolean expressions:

i.  $F(a, b, c, d) = a c + b c + a'b c d + a'b' c + b d + b'c'd'$

ii.  $F(a, b, c, d) = \overline{a} \overline{b} \overline{c} \overline{d} + \overline{a} b \overline{c} d + a \overline{b} \overline{c} d + a b c d$

Write the complete set of essential prime implicants. (2 marks)

Q2) Perform Subtraction using r's complement

i.  $(FA50)_{16} - (FBCD)_{16}$

ii.  $(7053)_{13} - (9756)_{13}$

iii.  $(11011011)_2 - (11110001)_2$

iv.  $(7564)_8 - (7664)_8$

(4 marks)

Q3) Convert the given binary coded decimal (BCD) to Excess-3 and Gray Code.

i.  $01011001$

ii.  $10010011$

(2 marks)

Q4. (a) What will be the BCD code and Excess 3 code equivalent of decimal number 6248?

(2 marks)

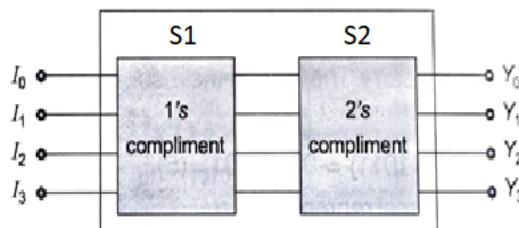
(b) Convert:

i.  $(10010)_2$  to gray code

ii.  $(11011)_{Gray}$  to Binary code

(2 marks)

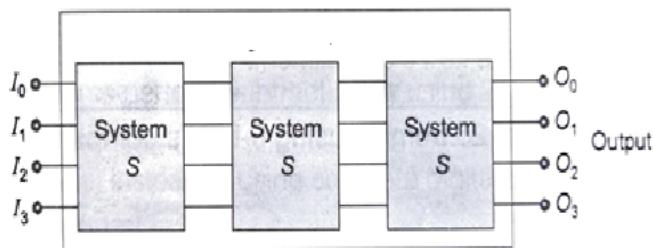
Q5. Consider a System S as shown in the figure below:



### System S

System S performs 1's compliment of the inputs  $I_3I_2I_1I_0$ . The output of 1's complement is then 2's complimented to produce outputs  $Y_3Y_2Y_1Y_0$ .

A new System H is designed in which three units of System S are cascaded.



### System H

For the following inputs ( $I_3I_2I_1I_0$ ), find the outputs( $O_3O_2O_1O_0$ ).

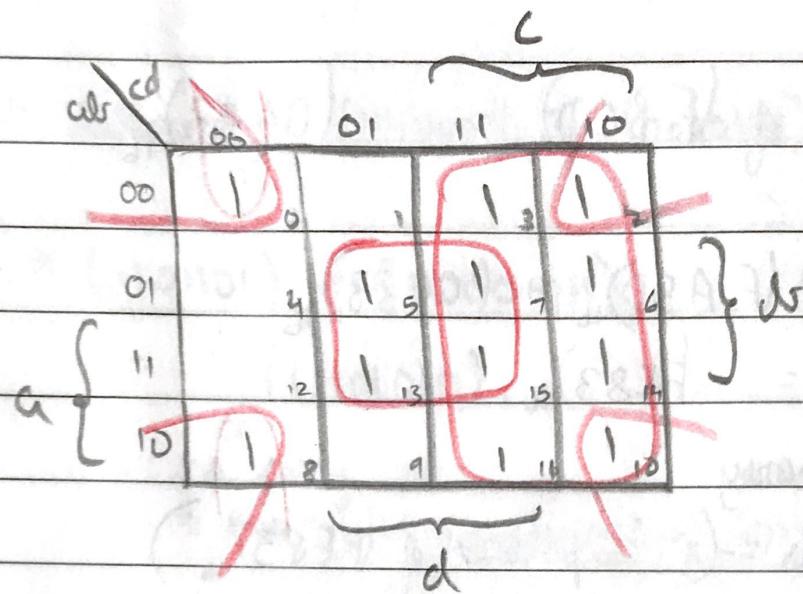
- i. 1010
- ii. 0001
- iii. 1111
- iv. 1001

(8 marks)

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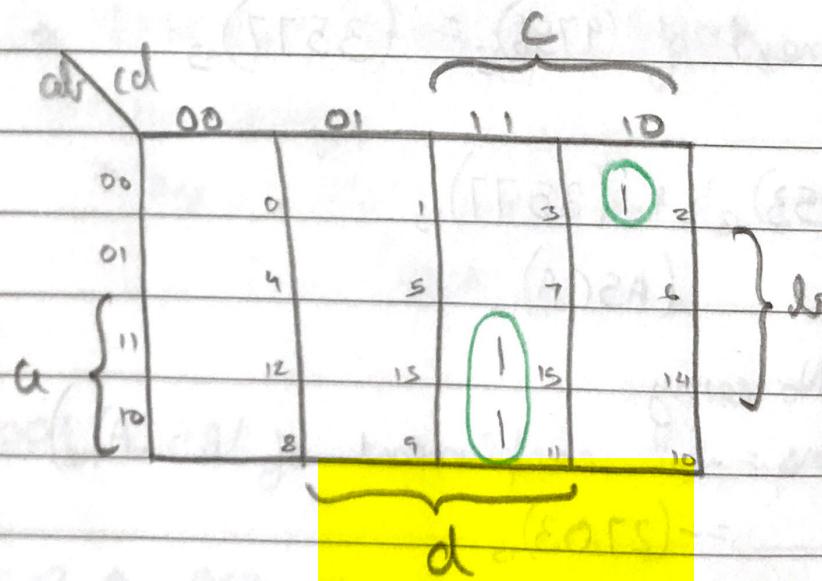
tut-5

Q1 i)  $F(a,b,c,d) = ac + dc + a'b'cd + a'b'c + bd + abc'd'$



$$F = bd + b'd' + c$$

ii)  $F(a,ab,c,d) = a'b'cd' + ab'cd + abc'd + abc'd'$



$$F = acd + a'b'cd'$$

$$(Q2) \quad (FA50)_6 - (FB(CD))_6$$

$$n^{\text{th}} \text{ complement of } (FB(CD))_6 = (0433)_6$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \cancel{\text{Addition}} \\ \cancel{\text{Subtraction}} \end{array} \rightarrow (FA50)_6 + (0433)_6 \\ = (FE83)_6$$

$\therefore$  No carry

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ans} = -\left(n^{\text{th}} \text{ complement of } (FE83)_6\right) \\ = -(017D)_{16}$$

$$ii) \quad (7053)_3 - (9756)_3$$

$$n^{\text{th}} \text{ complement of } (9756)_3 = (3577)_3$$

$$\Rightarrow (7053)_3 + (3577)_3 \\ = (A5CA)_{13}$$

$\therefore$  No carry

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ans} = -\left(n^{\text{th}} \text{ complement of } (A5CA)_{13}\right) \\ = -(2703)_{13}$$

$$\text{iii) } (11011011)_2 - (11110001)_2$$

$$n^{\text{th}} \text{ complement of } (11110001)_2 = (00001111)_2$$

$$\Rightarrow (11011011)_2 + (00001111)_2 \\ = (11101010)_2$$

∴ no carry

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ans} = -(n^{\text{th}} \text{ complement of } (11101010)_2) \\ = -(00010110)_2$$

$$\text{iv) } (7564)_8 - (7664)_8$$

$$n^{\text{th}} \text{ complement of } (7664)_8 = (0114)_8$$

$$\Rightarrow (7564)_8 + (0114)_8 = (7700)_8$$

∴ no carry

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ans} = -(n^{\text{th}} \text{ complement of } (7700)_8) \\ = (0100)_8$$

$$\text{Q3 i) } 01011001$$

$$\text{Excess-3 } \Rightarrow \text{BCD} + 11$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Excess-3} = 01011100$$

$$\text{Gray code} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 01011001 \\ \text{MSB} \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Gray Code} = 01110101$$

ii)  $BCD = 10010011$

Excess -3 = 10010110

Grey Code = 11011010

Q4 a) 6248

Binary BCD

2	6248	0	$\Rightarrow BCD = 1100001101000$
2	3124	0	
2	1562	0	$\Rightarrow \text{Excess-3} = 1100001101011$
2	781	1	
2	390	0	
2	195	1	
2	97	1	
2	48	0	
2	24	0	
2	12	0	
2	6	0	
2	3	1	
		1	

iii)  $(10010)_2$  to gray code

$$g_4 = b_4 \oplus 0$$

$$g_3 = b_3 \oplus b_4$$

$$g_2 = b_2 \oplus b_3$$

$$(100)_{\text{gray}} = b_1 \oplus b_2$$

$$g_0 = b_0 \oplus b_1$$

$$\text{gray code} = (11011)_{\text{gray}}$$

ii)  $(11011)_{\text{gray}}$  to BCD

$$b_4 = g_4$$

$$b_3 = b_4 \oplus g_3 = g_4 \oplus g_3$$

$$b_2 = b_3 \oplus g_2 = g_4 \oplus g_3 \oplus g_2$$

$$b_1 = b_2 \oplus g_1 = g_4 \oplus g_3 \oplus g_2 \oplus g_1$$

$$b_0 = b_1 \oplus g_0 = g_4 \oplus g_3 \oplus g_2 \oplus g_1 \oplus g_0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{binary code} = (10010)_2$$

Q5

S/S<sub>1</sub>

$$x_0 = 1 - I_0$$

$$x_1 = 1 - I_1$$

$$x_2 = 1 - I_2$$

$$x_3 = 1 - I_3$$

S<sub>2</sub>

$$y_0 = 1 - x_0 + 1 = I_0 + 1$$

$$y_1 = 1 - x_1 = I_1$$

$$y_2 = 1 - x_2 = I_2$$

$$y_3 = 1 - x_3 = I_3$$

$\Rightarrow S \rightarrow I \rightarrow S \rightarrow I+1$

~~0~~

~~H~~

$$I \xrightarrow{S} I+1 \xrightarrow{S} (I+1)+1 \xrightarrow{S} ((I+1)+1)+1$$

$$\Rightarrow I \xrightarrow{H} I+11$$

i)  $I = 1010$

$$\Rightarrow O = 1010 + 11$$

$$O = 1101$$

ii)  $I = 0001$

$$\Rightarrow O = 0001 + 11$$

$$O = 0100$$



iii)  $I = 1111$

$$\Rightarrow O = 1111 + 11$$

$$= 10010$$

But  $O$  is only 4-bit

$$\Rightarrow O = 0010 = (0, 0, 0, 0)$$

iv)  $I = 1001$

$$\Rightarrow O = 1001 + 11$$

$$O = 1100$$