## ... and after unit testing ...

Integration Testing, User Interface Testing, Validation, System Testing, ...

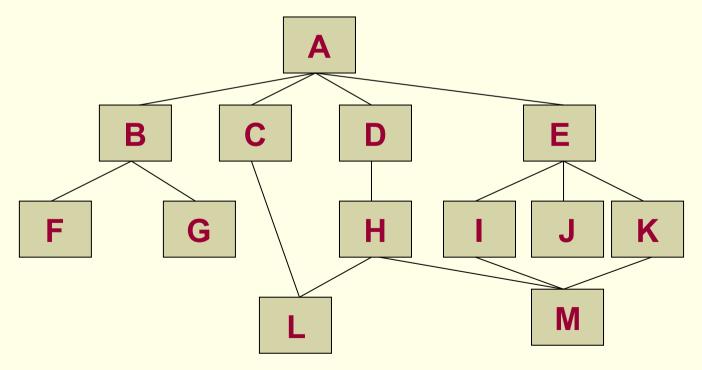
## Testing, testing, ...

- Integration Testing
- User Interface Testing
- Validation
- System Testing



## **Integration Testing**

Each of the following modules, shown below in the application's control flow chart, has finally passed unit testing standards. How do you plan to conduct integration testing?



## Integration Methods

- Top-Down
  - using stubs
- Bottom-Up
  - using drivers
- Depth-First
- Sandwich

Regression Testing

## **User Interface Testing**

- User Interface Validation
  - paper prototypes made early are great
- User Interface Evaluation
  - Expert / Heuristic Evaluation
  - Label Testing
    - is a "rose" still a rose by any other name?

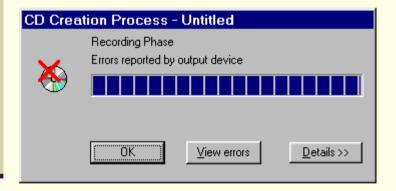
## **User Interface Testing**

#### User Interface Testing

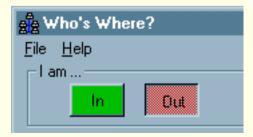
- Cognitive Walkthroughs
- Usability Testing
  - hopefully the SRS specifically defines usability criteria
- Random Testing
  - automated random key/mouse presses

## What's the problem?





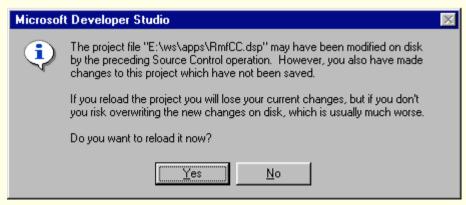




# Dialog Boxes







## Cognitive Walkthroughs



#### Participants

- real end user sits at keyboard and performs tasks
- evaluator takes notes and asks questions, mostly quiet
- developer probably hidden or watches video

#### Results

- effectiveness
- Will the user associate the next action with the appropriate interface control?
- Will the user notice an action is available?
- If the correct action is performed, will the user see that progress is being made toward solution of the task?

#### Heuristics

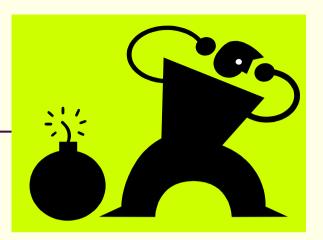
- Simple and natural dialogue
  - Aesthetic and minimalist design
- Speak the user's language
- Minimize user memory load
  - Recognition rather than recall
- Consistency
- Feedback
  - Visibility of system status
- User control and freedom
  - Clearly marked exits
  - Shortcuts and Flexibility
- Good error messages
  - Help users recognize, diagnose, and recover from errors

## **Validation Testing**

- Alpha Testing
- Beta Testing

## **System Testing**

- Recovery Testing
- Security Testing
  - use software to analyze source code for stack buffer overflow attacks, etc
- Stress Testing
- Performance Testing



#### **Object-Oriented Testing**

- Why is OOT more difficult than regular testing?
  - inheritance of functions
  - inheritance of data
  - abstract classes
- Testing the Design is much more important because the code level is very difficult to test.
- Testing should be aimed at the "class" not the "module"
  - this is because the operation of a module probably depends on how its inherited

#### And the Moral of the Story is...

# **Use Testing Tools**

#### And the glue that holds it all together...

#### The Test Plan

- who
- what
- when
- where
- how



#### Test Plan Considerations

- What are the critical or most complex modules?
  - make sure they get integration tested first
  - probably deserve white-box attention
- Where have you had problems in the past?
- Third-Party delivered components?
- What training is required?
  - conducting formal reviews
  - use of testing tools
  - defect report logging

# **IEEE 829 - Standard for Software Test Documentation**

#### Recommends 8 types of testing documents:

- 1. Test Plan
  - next slide
- 2. Test Design Specification
  - expected results, pass criteria, ...
- 3. Test Case Specification
  - test data for use in running the tests
- 4. Test Procedure Specification
  - how to run each test
- 5. Test Item Transmittal Report
  - reporting on when components have progressed from one stage of testing to the next
- 6. Test Log
- 7. Test Incident Report
  - for any test that failed, the actual versus expected result
- 8. Test Summary Report
  - management report

#### Test Plan Contents (IEEE 829 format)

- Test Plan Identifier
- 2. References
- 3. Introduction
- 4. Test Items see next slide
- 5. Software Risk Issues
- Features to be Tested
- 7. Features not to be Tested
- 8. Approach
- 9. Item Pass/Fail Criteria
- Suspension Criteria and Resumption Requirements

- 11. Test Deliverables
- 12. Remaining Test Tasks
- 13. Environmental Needs
- 14. Staffing and Training Needs
- 15. Responsibilities
- 16. Schedule
- 17. Planning Risks and Contingencies
- 18. Approvals
- 19. Glossary

#### 4. Test Items

- Requirements Specification
- Design
- Modules
- User/Operator Material
  - the user interface
  - User Guide
  - Operations Guide
- Features
  - response time, data accuracy, security, etc
- System Validation
  - alpha and beta testing

## Reality Check

■ When is more testing not cost effective?

