Semester: Fall

Year

: 2019

Level: Bachelor

Programme: BCA Full Marks: 100 Course: Linux Pass Marks: 45 Time : 3hrs. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Attempt all the questions. 1. a) Explain the Linux with its architecture. What are the different 3+5 Linux distribution? Explain any two. b) Define term 'culture of free software'? How Linux and UNIX is 2+5 related? Explain. 2. a) Define and explain Shell? Differentiate between TCSH and 5+3 KSH? b) What are the different Linux supporting files? Explain. 5+2 Differentiate between ext2, ext3 and ext4 file system. 3. a) What is general partitioning scheme while installing Linux 8 Operating System and what do you prefer or recommend? b) How can you monitor system performance in Linux? Explain 7 with example 4. a) What are different run levels in Linux? Explain method to 8 change these run levels. b) Write the function of following command with example. 7 rpm -i, fdisk -l, at, iptables, alias, chgrp, chmod, man, pstree, nslookup 5. a) Write a program to check whether a given number is prime or 7 not using shell scripts. b) How can you manage for scheduling a job in Linux, explain with 8 example. 6. a) What is MYSQL? What are the packages and configuration of 7 MYSQL? b) What is DHCP server? Define packages and configuration 8 settings for both client and server sites. 1

- 7. Write short notes on any two:
  - a) UNIX System
  - b) DHCP Message
    - c) Mounting and un-mounting

Level: Bachelor
Programme: BCA
Course: Linux

Candidates are req
as practicable.

Semester: Fall

Year: 2016 Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 45

Time: 3hrs.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

## Attempt all the questions.



a) Why Linux operating system is so popular? Differentiate between open source software and freeware.

8

7

- b) What do you mean by booting? Define the function of following command with examples. (8)
  - a. Is -l →
  - b. df 🗸
  - c. du →
  - d. chmod 741 →
  - e. top ↓
  - f. touch me ↓
  - g. fdisk -l →

2.

a) Write step by step procedure to install Red-Hat Linux from DVD

b) What is Kudzu? What are the module configurations commands

8

7

b) What is Kudzu? What are the module configurations commands write with example of each?

8

their function.
b) What do you means by disk quota? Write the steps of setting user

a) What do you mean by run level? Explain different run level with

7

4. a) Explain the file permissions in detail.

disk quotas.

7

b) For what we need backing-up and restoring features in operating system? Explain backing up strategies.

8

5. a) Explain the procedure of setting up of web server? How a web site

8

- can be hosted in LAN using Linux?
- b) Why DHCP server is necessary? Explain about the configuration 7 file used?
- 6. a) What do you means by database server? Write the configuration for mysql database server?
  - b) How can you configure DNS server in Linux system? Write down 8 the configuration files.
- 7. Write short note on any two:

 $2 \times 5$ 

- a) ISP simulation
- b) Vi text editor
- c) Root login vs super login

: 2018

Semester: Fall Year Level: Bachelor Full Marks: 100 Programme: BCA Pass Marks: 45 Course: Linux Time: 3hrs.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Attempt all the questions.

1.	a) "IT is running on cloud and cloud is running on Linux." Justify the	7			
	statement.				
	b) Write the purpose of following directories in Linux.	8			
	1) /home v) /dev				
	ii) /boot vi) /var				
	iii) /tmp vii) /proc				
	iv) /root				
2.	a) What is initrd? Explain the stages of Linux boot process.	7			
	b) What is SUDO? Why not use root account all the time? Explain.	8			
×3.	a) What are modules on Linux system? How do you use them? Explain.	7			
	b) Explain the following user management commands with example of				
	each.	8			
	useradd, usermod, groupadd, userdel 🥕				
4.	4. a)—What do you mean by Shell Script? Write a shell script program to find				
	the largest integer among given three integers.				
	b) What do you mean by shadow password file? Explain how you can	8			
	make your password more secure and stronger.				
5.	What do you mean by web server? Why are they needed? Explain.	7			
	b) What do you mean by DHCP, DHCP server and DHCP client? How				
	DHCP works? Explain.	8			
6.	a)—Why is DNS important? Explain the process of DNS configuration in	7			
	Linux.	8			
	b) What do you mean by database server? Explain the configuration of				
	database server in linux.				
7.	Write short notes on any two:	2×5			
	(a) Command shell				
	(b) File Permissions				
	(c) ISP Simulation				

Level: Bachelor Programme: BCA Course: Linux	Semester: Fall	Year: 2022 Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 45 Time: 3hrs.		
Candidates are required to as practicable. The figures in the margin i Attempt`all the questions.		their own words as far		
1. a) Why Linux operating system is so popular? Differentiate between				
open-source software ar  b) Define the function of for  i if config		th examples:	8	
ii du ·				
Ty. chimod 741				
v eat vi. nslookup				
vij. touch				
2. a) Explain Partitioning in	Linux? Define maii	n partitions required	7	
during Linux installation	./	/	•	
b) What are the improvem			8	
script program to find the given number is palindrome.  3. a) What is a root user? Explain the methods to monitor system				
performance in Linux En				
b) Explain the symbolic and file. Change the permission			7	
(1) write only by owner				
by all (4) read by owner,				
4. a) How can you schedule jol	bs in Linux? Explain w	ith an example.	7	
b) What is Kudzu? What is write with example of each	are the module config		8	
5. a) How do you configure to Write down the steps to (e.g. apache2) in brief.	he host name and por		7	

b) What is the purpose of DHCP Server? Explain DORA Process in	8
detail	
6. a) What is a MYSQL Database server? Explain the configuration file of	8
MYSQL Database server in Linux.	
b) If you are a system engineer for Linux based networks, how would	7
you set up a DNS server and which GNU/Linux based operating	
system would you choose? Elaborate your answer.	
7. Write short notes on any two:	2×5
a) ISP simulation	
b) Vi text editor	
c) Root login Vs super login	

Semester: Fall

Level: Bachelor

Year

: 2020

Full Marks: 100 Programme: BCA Pass Marks: 45 Course: Linux Time : 3hrs. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Attempt all the questions. 1. a) Why is Linux operating system popular? Differentiate between 7 open source software and freeware. b) What is a shell? Explain Linux file system. 8 2. a) What is MBR and GPT? Explain the boot process in Linux. 7 b) What is Kudzu? What are the module configurations 8 commands? Explain with example of each. 3. a) Write the syntax for the file permission for the file system for a 8 given filename "file.sh" for following conditions: read write execute by owner ii. read by all Execute by anybody iii. read by owner, write by group, read by others b) What do you mean by disk quota? Write the steps of setting user 7 disk quotas. 4. a) Explain system task scheduling using crontab. How do you 8 restore files from your backup data? Explain. b) Define KSH. Write a shell script program to check a given 7 number is prime number. 5. a) Explain the procedure of setting up of web server? How a web 8 site can be hosted in Linux? b) Why DHCP server is necessary? Explain about the configuration 7 a) Write the steps to start, stop and configure MYSQL server in 8 Linux. b) How can you configure DNS server in Linux system? Write 7

down the configuration files.

- b) Database server
- c) Root login Vs super login

Semester: Fall

: 2021

Year

Level: Bachelor

		ogramme: BCA ourse: Linux	-	Marks: 100 s Marks: 45 ne: 3hrs.		
	as <sub>I</sub>	ndidates are required to give their answers in their practicable. e figures in the margin indicate full marks. tempt all the questions.	own words	as far		
1.		"IT is running on cloud and cloud is running on L statement.			7	
•	-	Define and explain Shell? Differentiate between TC			8	
2.	a)	What are the different Linux supporting files? Exp between ext2, ext3 and ext4 file system.	lain. Differ	entiate	7	
	b)	What is disk partition? Write about disk partinumbering convention in Linux. What is fdisk c explain.		•	8	
3.	a)	What is root account and root directory? How can y Linux from terminal? Also explain the important command.			8	
	b)	What do you mean by Shell Script? Write a shell find the largest integer among given three integers.	script prog	ram to	7	
4.	a)	Explain the following user management commands each.	with examp	ple of	8	
		useradd, usermod, groupadd, userdel				
	b)	Differentiate between Full and Incremental Back mirroring? Explain the process of creating backt know.	: <del>-</del>		7	
5.	a)	What do you mean by web server? Why are they no	eeded? Expl	lain.	7	
(	b)	What is DHCP server? Define packages and confor both client and server sites.	-/		8	
6.	a)	What is MYSQL? How can you configure MYSQL	on Linux (	OS?	7	
	b)	Explain about DNS and its importance. List config DNS server in Linux.	guration pro	cess of	8	

- a) Df and Du Command
- b) Integration of Server
- c) File Permissions

Page 2 of 2

Semester: Fall

Level: Bachelor

: 2019

Year

Full Marks: 100 Programme: BCA Pass Marks: 45 Course: Linux Time : 3hrs. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Attempt all the questions. 1. a) Explain the Linux with its architecture. What are the different 3+5 Linux distribution? Explain any two. b) Define term 'culture of free software'? How Linux and UNIX is 2+5 related? Explain. 2. a) Define and explain Shell? Differentiate between TCSH and 5+3 KSH? b) What are the different Linux supporting files? Explain. 5+2 Differentiate between ext2, ext3 and ext4 file system. 3. a) What is general partitioning scheme while installing Linux 8 Operating System and what do you prefer or recommend? b) How can you monitor system performance in Linux? Explain 7 with example 4. a) What are different run levels in Linux? Explain method to 8 change these run levels. b) Write the function of following command with example. 7 rpm -i, fdisk -l, at, iptables, alias, chgrp, chmod, man, pstree, nslookup 5. a) Write a program to check whether a given number is prime or 7 not using shell scripts. b) How can you manage for scheduling a job in Linux, explain with 8 example. 6. a) What is MYSQL? What are the packages and configuration of 7 MYSQL? b) What is DHCP server? Define packages and configuration 8 settings for both client and server sites. 1

- 7. Write short notes on any two:
  - a) UNIX System
  - b) DHCP Message
  - c) Mounting and un-mounting

Level: Bachelor Semester: Fall Year : 2018
Programme: BCA Full Marks: 100
Pass Marks: 45
Time: 3hrs.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

# Attempt all the questions.

1.	a) "IT is running on cloud and cloud is running on Linux." Justify the statement.			7	
	b) Write the purpose of following directories in Linux.				8
		i)	/home	v) /dev	
		ii)	/boot	vi) /var	
		iii)	/tmp	vii) /proc	
		/ iv)	/root	viii) /etc	
2.	a)_	What is	initrd? Exp	lain the stages of Linux boot process.	7
	b)	/What is	SUDO? W	hy not use root account all the time? Explain.	8
3.	a) b)			on Linux system? How do you use them? Explain.  ng user management commands with example of	7
	1	each.			8
		user	add, userm	od, groupadd, userdel	
4.	a)	What do	you mean	by Shell Script? Write a shell script program to find	7
	,	the large	est integer a	mong given three integers.	
	by	What do	you mean	by shadow password file? Explain how you can	8
	( )	make ye	our passwor	d more secure and stronger.	
5.	a)	What do	you mean	by web server? Why are they needed? Explain.	7
	b)	What do	you mean	by DHCP, DHCP server and DHCP client? How	
		DHCP v	works? Exp	lain.	8
6.	a)	Why is	DNS impor	tant? Explain the process of DNS configuration in	7
٠.	/	Linux.			8
	b)	What do	you mean	by database server? Explain the configuration of	
			e server in l		
7.	Wr	ite short	notes on an	y two:	2×5
			mand shell	•	
	-		Permissions		
			Simulation		

Level: Bachelor Semester: Spring Year : 2018
Programme: BCA Full Marks: 100
Course: Linux Pass Marks: 45
Time : 3hrs.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Attempt all the questions.

l.	a)		8
		Linux over other operating system.	
	b)	What is Grub? What is the configuration file for grub loader? Explain.	7
2.	a)	Write a shell script to find the largest among the four numbers.	8
	b)	Give hardware requirement for installing Linux operating system. Also	7
		elaborate the steps for installing the Red-Hat Linux from digital optical	
		disc storage?	
3.	a)	What are roles and responsibilities of a Linux administrator in Linux	8
	-	system?	
	b)	Explain the procedure of adding, removing and modifying user	7
		accounts in Linux with necessary commands and examples?	
4.	a)		8
	,	in Linux?	
	b)	How can you maintain the security in Linux? Write down the security	7
	,	check list in Linux.	
5.	a)	What is DHCP server? How can you configure DHCP server and	8
	,	client?	
	b)	Explain the procedure of setting up of web server? How a web site can	7
	,	be hosted in LAN using Linux?	
6.	a)	the same of the same state of the same of	8
	,	MYSQL Database.	
	b)	What is BIND Server? Define configuration settings for DNS server.	7
7.	Write short notes on any two:		
	a)		
	b)		
	c)	Kudzu Hardware Detection	
	d)	DNS Server	

Semester –Fall

: 2017

: 3hrs.

Year

Time

Full Marks: 100

Pass Marks: 45

Level: Bachelor

Programme: BCA Course: Linux

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Attempt all the questions. What is linux file System? Explain file system hierarchy with their 7 1. special purposes in linux. b) What do you mean by partioning? Explain about main partioning 8 required while linux installation. 7 a) What is role of super user in linux? Explain about some tools to 2. monitor system performance in linux. (b) Write the command Syntax for the following purpose. 8 To create a user "Linux" with password "redhat" i) To change the password for that user to "fedora" ii) To create a group "Hackers" iii) After all assign the group "Hackers" for the user iv) "Linux" After all provide comment name "Blackcat" and v) login shell "bash" for that user. Then assign the expiry date for that user account. vi) To delete that group vii) To remove that user viii) a) What is Backup and Restore? Explain any one Backup tool in Linux. 7 3. How can you make secure files in Linux? Explain. b) 8 What are modules on Linux system? How do you use them? Explain. a) 7 4. b) What do you mean by Disk Quata? Write the process of 8 implementing Disk Quata in Linux. What is role of DNS? Explain DNS configuration process in linux 7 5. with example. Why is Apache Web Server popular? Discuss Apache Web Server b) 8 configuration. 1

- 6. a) What is the purpose of DHCP server in computer network? Write the process of configuring DHCP server and client.
  - b) What is Database Server? Explain configuration setting for MYSQL as database server.
- 7. Write short notes on any two:

2×5

- a) Scheduling System Tasks.
- b) Integration is servers.
- c) Linux vs. Unix

# POKHARA UNIVERSITY AFFILIATE GRANDEE INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE

evel: Bachelor Final Assessment Year:2018 Programme: BCA VII Full Marks: 100 Course: Linux Pass Marks: 50 Time : 3hrs. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Attempt all the questions. What do you understand by Linux Kernel? Is it legal to edit it? 8 Explain the term GUI? How can you determine the total memory used by LINUX? Why 7 Linux is considered as more secured than other operating systems? What are daemons? Enlist some Linux networking 8 troubleshooting commands? Explain the procedure of setting up of web server? How a web site can be hosted in LAN using Linux? Give hardware requirement for installing Linux operating system. 8 Also elaborate the steps for installing the Red-Hat Linux from DVD? Explain the procedure of adding, removing and modifying user 7 accounts in Linux with necessary commands and examples? What do you mean by DNS and reverse DNS? Explain BIND 8 software. What do you mean by Linux Shell? What is ksh? What are the basic 7 differences between BASH and DOS? What is crontab and explain its functionality and explain the format 8 of crontab? What do you understand by CLI? Explain the file permissions in detail. 7 What do you mean by LILO? What is GNU GRUB? What is Linux 8 swap partition and what does it do? What do you mean by run level? Explain different run level with their 7 function write short notes on: (any two) 2x5 File Security **ISP Simulation** NIS Server



Semester: Spring

Level: Bachelor

Course: Linux

Programme: BCA

: 2016

Full Marks: 100

Pass Marks: 45

Year

Time : 3hrs. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Attempt all the questions. a) What is Linux? Is it legal to edit Linux kernel? Is Linux operating 7 1. system virus free? Explain. What do you mean by Linux Shell? What is ksh? What are the 8 b) basic differences between BASH and DOS? 8 2. a) What do you mean by LILO? What is GNU GRUB? What is Linux swap partition and what does it do? 7 b) What is SUDO? Describe the root account with the procedure to login as root user? For what purpose we need following commands? Clarify. 7 3. a) a. touch b. df -h c. lsmod d. ifconfig e. chmod f. cat Explain the procedure of adding, removing and modifying user accounts in Linux with necessary commands and examples. a) Write a shell script program to find factorial of a given number. 4. b) For what we need backing-up and restoring features in operating system? Explain backing- up strategies. What do you mean by web Server? What is the function of webalizer? 5. 7 Explain the configuration of web server. What do you mean by DHCP, DHCP server and DHCP client? How b) 8 DHCP works? Explain. 6. 7 What do you mean by DNS and reverse DNS? Explain BIND software.

- b) Explain the creation of database with MySQL. How can we load data from a file to MySQL database?
- 7. Write short notes on: (Any two)

2×5

- a) Linux Distros
- b) Kudzu
- c) File Security