

Rubric-GRPC DSCD Assignment 1

GRPC - 20/60 marks

Demo (10/20 marks)

For every point for which there are marks in red, deduct 0.5 marks, if status messages aren't printed on either side of the communication, especially success and failure messages.

- 1) Deploy registry server
- 2) Deploy 2 Servers
 - a) Register both to the registry server. 1 mark
- 3) Deploy 1 Client
- 4) Check for GetServerList returns details of 2 servers 1 mark
- 5) Join this client to server 1
- 6) Publish Article to server 1 SPORTS, Jack Dorsey, <blank>, Ronaldo loses too soon.
1 mark
- 7) Publish Article to server 1 FASHION, Asher Jones, <blank>, Pharell Williams joins Louis Vuitton.
- 8) Deploy 2nd client
 - a) Request article from server 1 - should Fail because the client hasn't joined the server yet 1 mark
 - b) Publish an article to Server 1 - should fail because the client hasn't joined the server yet 1 mark
- 9) Join 2nd client to server 1
 - a) Request article with MOVIES - should gracefully fail because of illegal type
1 mark
 - b) Request article with POLITICS - should fail/return empty because of no matches
1 mark
 - c) Request article with SPORTS - should return only one article of Ronaldo
1 mark
Article must have the date filled by server 1 mark
 - d) Request article with Asher Jones and 01/02/2023- should return only one article of Pharell 1 mark
- 10) BONUS
- 11) Deploy another server (3 in total)
- 12) Make client 1 publish articles to all 3 (keep type to be POLITICS for all)
- 13) Server 1 joins Server 2
- 14) Server 2 joins Server 3
- 15) Server 3 joins Server 1
- 16) Client 2 requests POLITICS messages from Server 1
 - a) Should receive exactly 3 articles. Ensure that none of the servers/clients are stuck at this point. 6 marks

Code (5/20)

- 1) Check proto files written by the students
 - a) Correct article format -
 - 1) Type - one of [SPORTS, FASHION, POLITICS] use oneof datatype (for gRPC) to check fields automatically. **1 mark**
 - 2) Author - a string of characters for the author's name
 - 3) Time - Time when the message was received at the server
 - 4) Content - a string of a maximum of 200 characters. **1 mark for points 2, 3, 4**
 - b) Correct article request format **1 mark overall**
 - 1) Type - one of [SPORTS, FASHION, POLITICS] use oneof datatype (for gRPC) to check fields automatically.
 - 2) Author - a string of characters for the author's name
 - 3) Time - Time when the message was received at the server
- 2) Check for RPC specific code similar to the following. Note: Each implementation may be different, specifically check for stub on client side.

SERVER SIDE **1 mark**

```
return helloworld_pb2.HelloReply(message=f'Hello, {request.name}!')
```

CLIENT SIDE **1 mark**

```
with grpc.insecure_channel('localhost:50051') as channel:  
    stub = helloworld_pb2_grpc.GreeterStub(channel)  
    response =  
    stub.SayHello(helloworld_pb2.HelloRequest(name='you'))  
    print("Greeter client received: " + response.message)  
    response=stub.SayHelloAgain(helloworld_pb2.HelloRequest(name='you'))  
    print("Greeter client received: " + response.message)
```

Viva (5/20) - separate for each student

Preferably ask questions individually.

- 1) Ask how the proto files were compiled
Answer: `protoc -I=$SRC_DIR --python_out=$DST_DIR $SRC_DIR/{nameof file}.proto`
- 2) Ask each what design choices were made
- 3) Ask how filtering was performed

RabbitMQ - 20/60 marks

Demo (10/20 marks)[same as gRPC]

For every point for which there are marks in red, deduct 0.5 marks, if status messages aren't printed on either side of the communication, especially success and failure messages.

- 1) Deploy registry server
- 2) Deploy 2 Servers
 - a) Register both to the registry server. 1 mark
- 3) Deploy 1 Client
- 4) Check for GetServerList returns details of 2 servers 1 mark
- 5) Join this client to server 1
- 6) Publish Article to server 1 SPORTS, Jack Dorsey, <blank>, Ronaldo loses too soon.
1 mark
- 7) Publish Article to server 1 FASHION, Asher Jones, <blank>, Pharell Williams joins Louis Vuitton.
- 8) Deploy 2nd client
 - a) Request article from server 1 - should Fail because the client hasn't joined the server yet 1 mark
 - b) Publish an article to Server 1 - should fail because the client hasn't joined the server yet 1 mark
- 9) Join 2nd client to server 1
 - a) Request article with MOVIES - should gracefully fail because of illegal type
1 mark
 - b) Request article with POLITICS - should fail/return empty because of no matches
1 mark
 - c) Request article with SPORTS - should return only one article of Ronaldo
1 mark
Article must have the date filled by server 1 mark
 - d) Request article with Asher Jones and 01/02/2023- should return only one article of Pharell 1 mark
- 10) BONUS
- 11) Deploy another server (3 in total)
- 12) Make client 1 publish articles to all 3 (keep type to be POLITICS for all)
- 13) Server 1 joins Server 2
- 14) Server 2 joins Server 3
- 15) Server 3 joins Server 1
- 16) Client 2 requests POLITICS messages from Server 1
 - a) Should receive exactly 3 articles. Ensure that none of the servers/clients are stuck at this point. 6 marks

Code (5/20)

- 3) Check how queues have been used by the students
 - a) Correct article format - using some serialized format (a string) of proto
 - 1) Type - one of [SPORTS, FASHION, POLITICS] use one of datatype (for gRPC) to check fields automatically. **1 mark**
 - 2) Author - a string of characters for the author's name
 - 3) Time - Time when the message was received at the server
 - 4) Content - a string of a maximum of 200 characters. **1 mark for points 2, 3, 4**
 - b) Correct article request format **1 mark overall**
 - 1) Type - one of [SPORTS, FASHION, POLITICS] use one of datatype (for gRPC) to check fields automatically.
 - 2) Author - a string of characters for the author's name
 - 3) Time - Time when the message was received at the server
- 4) Check for RPC pattern code similar to the following. Note: Each implementation may be different, specifically check for stub on client side.

SERVER SIDE **1 mark**

```
channel.basic_consume(queue='rpc_queue',on_message_callback=on_request)
```

CLIENT SIDE **1 mark**

The code on the client side should have some way of handling the RPC pattern below is an example.

```
def call(self, n):
    self.response = None
    self.corr_id = str(uuid.uuid4())
    self.channel.basic_publish(
        exchange='',
        routing_key='rpc_queue',
        properties=pika.BasicProperties(
            reply_to=self.callback_queue,
            correlation_id=self.corr_id,
        ),
        body=str(n))
    self.connection.process_data_events(time_limit=None)
    return int(self.response)
```

Viva (5/20) - separate for each student

Preferably ask questions individually.

- 1) Ask if they can implement the same thing w/o RPC pattern and whether the following design with rabbitMQ is optimal (further ideas to improve can also be asked)?- Yes possible and RPC is redundant in this design
- 2) What is a message Broker? What is AMQP?
- 3) What is the principle on which message queues work in RabbitMQ?

ZeroMQ - 20/60 marks

Demo (10/20 marks) [same as gRPC and RabbitMQ]

For every point for which there are marks in red, deduct 0.5 marks, if status messages aren't printed on either side of the communication, especially success and failure messages.

- 17) Deploy registry server
- 18) Deploy 2 Servers
 - a) Register both to the registry server. **1 mark**
- 19) Deploy 1st Client
- 20) Check that GetServerList returns details of the above 2 servers **1 mark**
- 21) Join 1st client to server 1
- 22) Publish Article to server 1 <SPORTS, Jack Dorsey, <blank>, Ronaldo loses too soon>. **1 mark**
- 23) Publish Article to server 1 <FASHION, Asher Jones, <blank>, Pharell Williams joins Louis Vuitton>.
- 24) Deploy 2nd client
 - a) Request article from server 1 - should **Fail** because the client hasn't joined the server yet **1 mark**
 - b) Publish an article to Server 1 - should fail because the client hasn't joined the server yet **1 mark**
- 25) Join 2nd client to server 1
 - a) Request article with MOVIES - should **gracefully fail** because of illegal type **1 mark**
 - b) Request article with POLITICS - should **fail**/return empty because of no matches **1 mark**
 - c) Request article with SPORTS - should return only one article of Ronaldo **1 mark**
Article must have the date filled by server **1 mark**
 - d) Request article with Asher Jones and 01/02/2023- should return only one article of Pharell **1 mark**

26) BONUS

- 27) Deploy another server (3 in total)
- 28) Make client 1 publish articles to all 3 (keep type to be POLITICS for all)
- 29) Server 1 joins Server 2
- 30) Server 2 joins Server 3
- 31) Server 3 joins Server 1
- 32) Client 2 requests POLITICS messages from Server 1
 - a) Should receive exactly 3 articles. Ensure that none of the servers/clients are stuck at this point. **6 marks**

Code (5/20)

- 5) Check how queues have been used by the students
 - a) Correct article format - using a format like JSON, or as done in gRPC.
 - 1) Type - one of [SPORTS, FASHION, POLITICS]. Should have done validation so that $Type \in \{SPORTS, FASHION, POLITICS\}$. **1 mark**
 - 2) Author - a string of characters for the author's name
 - 3) Time - Time when the message was received at the server
 - 4) Content - a string of a maximum of 200 characters. **1 mark for points 2, 3, 4**
 - b) Correct article **request** format **1 mark overall**
 - 1) Type - one of [SPORTS, FASHION, POLITICS]. Should have done validation so that $Type \in \{SPORTS, FASHION, POLITICS\}$.
 - 2) Author - a string of characters for the author's name
 - 3) Time - Time when the message was received at the server
- 6) Check for RPC pattern code similar to the following. Note: Each implementation may be different. Here the Python like code is for ZeroMQ request-reply pattern using JSON encoded messages. The student may also use Pub-Sub or any other pattern with any other encoding.
 SERVER SIDE **1 mark**
 Setting up a server at some port :

```
import zmq
import socket

context = zmq.Context()
socket = context.socket(zmq.REP) # this is REP from the
request-reply pattern
port = ...
socket.bind(<port>)

# for server to receive messages from the client
socket.recv_json(...)
# for server to send messages to the client
socket.send_json(...)
```

CLIENT SIDE 1 mark

The code on the client side should have some way of handling the RPC pattern below is an example.

```
# to connect to server
```

```
addr = <address of server the client wants to connect, like  
localhost:9000>
```

```
context = zmq.Context()  
socket = context.socket(zmq.REQ) # this is REQ from the  
request-reply pattern  
socket.connect(<addr>)
```

```
# to send a request to server  
socket.send_json(...)
```

```
# to receive reply from server  
resp = socket.recv_json()
```

Viva (5/20) - separate for each student

- what is the difference between synchronous and asynchronous
- what are some patterns offered by ZeroMQ ?

The built-in core ZeroMQ patterns are:

- **Request-reply**, which connects a set of clients to a set of services. This is a remote procedure call and task distribution pattern.
- **Pub-sub**, which connects a set of publishers to a set of subscribers. This is a data distribution pattern.
- **Pipeline**, which connects nodes in a fan-out/fan-in pattern that can have multiple steps and loops. This is a parallel task distribution and collection pattern.
- **Exclusive pair**, which connects two sockets exclusively. This is a pattern for connecting two threads in a process, not to be confused with "normal" pairs of sockets.

2 of the above patterns (Request-Reply and Pub-Sub) were discussed in the GC comments. So the student should tell atleast these 2. And student should also tell the difference between them, as mentioned in the SS above.

- how is zeromq different from rabbitmq ? give some examples of message brokers / message queues apart from these, like kafka ...