Gandaki University Manju Subedi **Bachelor of Information Technology**

BSM 101

Exercise 2

1

Derivative

1. Find the dervatives of the following function by definition approach:

(a)
$$Q(t) = 1 - 12t$$

(b)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{z^2 + 3}$$

(c)
$$V(t) = 6t - t^2$$

(d)
$$g(z) = 1 + 10z - 7z^2$$

(e)
$$f(x) = 5x - x^3$$

2. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of the following functions. a) $y = 5x^7 - 3\sqrt{x} + 1$

a)
$$y = 5x^7 - 3\sqrt{x} + 1$$

b)
$$y = \frac{5}{x^2} + x^{3/2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{x^4}{4} + 8x + \frac{x+3}{7}$$

c)
$$y = (x^2 + 5)(2 - 7x)$$

d)
$$y = \frac{2x^2 - 3}{5x^2 + 4}$$

e)
$$y = (3x^2 + 5)^{2/3}$$

c)
$$y = (x^2 + 5)(2 - 7x)$$

d) $y = \frac{2x^2 - 3}{5x^2 + 4}$
e) $y = (3x^2 + 5)^{2/3}$
f) $y = (2x + 4)^{3/2}(5 - 3x)$
g) $y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$

g)
$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

3. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ from the following

a)
$$y = (u^2 + 5)^2$$
 and $u = x^2 + 3$

b)
$$y = z^3 + 2z + 1$$
 and $z = x^2 + 2$

a)
$$y = (u^2 + 5)^2$$
 and $u = x^2 + 3$
b) $y = z^3 + 2z + 1$ and $z = x^2 + 2$
c) $y = \frac{t - 2}{3t}$ and $t = \sqrt{x + 1}$

d)
$$y = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$
 and $x = \sqrt{t^2 + 1}$

d)
$$y = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$
 and $x = \sqrt{t^2 + 1}$
e) $y = \ln(5u - 3)$ and $u = 4x^3 - 3x^2$

4. By implicit differentiation find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(a)
$$y^2 - 12x^3 = 8y$$

(b)
$$y^7 + x^{10} = y^{-2} - 6x^3 + 2$$

(c)
$$y^{-3} + 4x^{-1} = 8y^{-1}$$

- (d) $10x^4 y^{-6} = 7y^3 + 4x^{-3}$
- (e) $y^2(4-x^2) = y^7 + 9x$
- (f) $8xy + 2x^4y^{-3} = x^3$ (g) $x^2 + \sqrt{x^3 + 2y} = y^2$ (h) $\frac{x}{y^3} = 1$