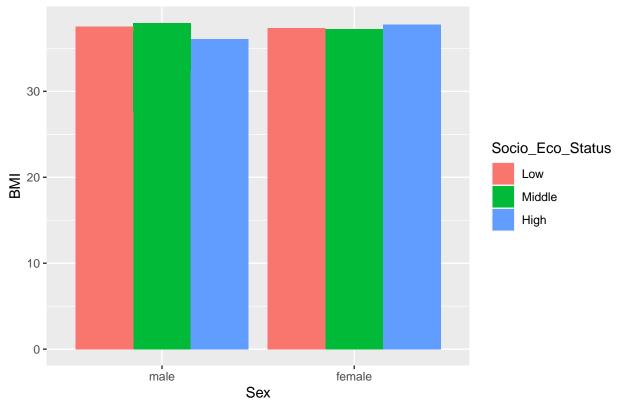
Qno_06.R

arpan

2023-07-27

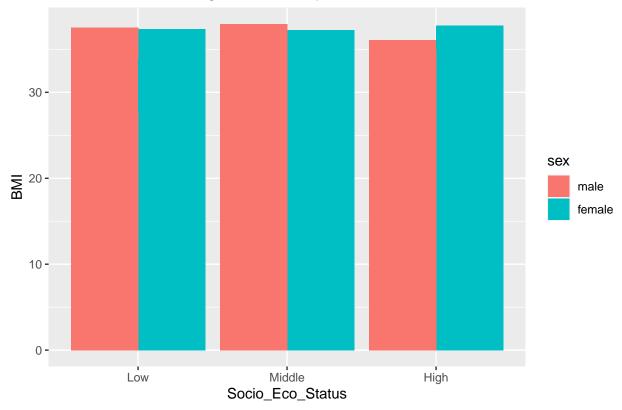
```
#a
set.seed(7916007)
Age <- sample(18:99, 150, replace = TRUE)
sex <- sample(c("male", "female"), 150, replace = TRUE)</pre>
education_levels <- sample(c("No_education", "Primary", "Secondary", "Beyond_Secondary"), 150, replace
Socio_Eco_Status <- sample(c("Low", "Middle", "High"), 150, replace = TRUE)
BMI \leftarrow runif(150, min = 14, max = 38)
data <- data.frame(Age, sex, education_levels, Socio_Eco_Status, BMI)</pre>
# Convert to factors
data$sex <- factor(data$sex, levels = c("male", "female"))</pre>
data$education_levels <- factor(data$education_levels, levels = c("No_education", "Primary", "Secondary
data$Socio_Eco_Status <- factor(data$Socio_Eco_Status, levels = c("Low", "Middle", "High"))</pre>
head(data)
##
            sex education_levels Socio_Eco_Status
     Age
                                                        BMI
## 1 43 male
                                           Middle 29.52366
                         Primary
## 2 73 female
                                             High 37.02683
                       Secondary
                                            High 35.10696
## 3 84 male
                       Secondary
                       Secondary
## 4 26
           male
                                            High 22.85961
## 5 82 female Beyond_Secondary
                                            High 23.16224
## 6 59 female
                  No_education
                                              Low 31.15698
library(ggplot2)
# b
# Sub-divided bar diagram of BMI by sex
ggplot(data, aes(x = sex, y = BMI, fill = Socio_Eco_Status)) +
 geom_bar(position = "dodge", stat = "identity") +
 labs(title = "Sub-divided Bar Diagram of BMI by Sex and Socio_Eco_Status",
       x = "Sex", y = "BMI")
```



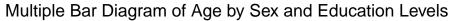


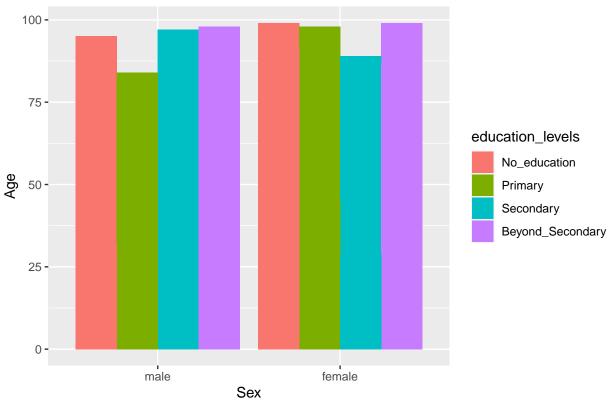
Interpretation: Sub-divided Bar Diagram of BMI by Sex and Socio_Eco_Status shows that we have two categories in x axis as male and female and BMI of 3 category people are shown and we get from the plat that Female with High socio economic status has BMI where as same category male has low BMI.





Interpretation: Sub-divided Bar Diagram of BMI by Socio_Eco_Status and Sex shows that we have two categories in x axis as male and female and BMI of 3 category people are shown and we get from the plat that Female with High socio economic status has BMI where as same category male has low BMI. As simillar to above plot.

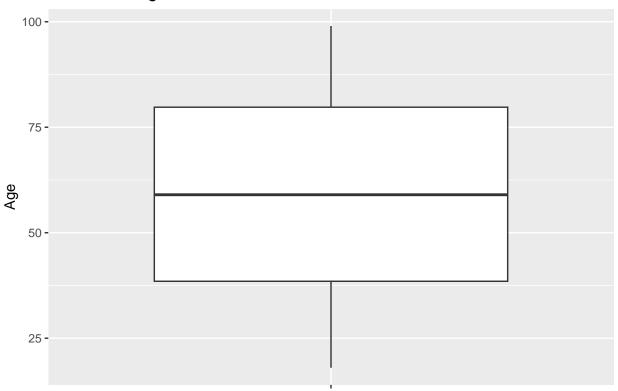




Interpretation: Here we get female with No-education and Primary education level has higer Age. Where as same but opposite for male.

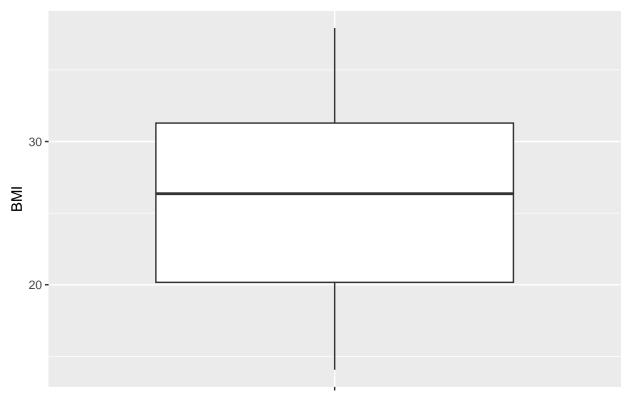
```
# d
# Box plot of age
ggplot(data, aes(x = "", y = Age)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  labs(title = "Box Plot of Age", x = NULL, y = "Age")
```

Box Plot of Age



```
# Box Plot shows that for age the median is between 75 and 50 and Minimum value is 25 and max is almost
# Box plot of BMI
ggplot(data, aes(x = "", y = BMI)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  labs(title = "Box Plot of BMI", x = NULL, y = "BMI")
```

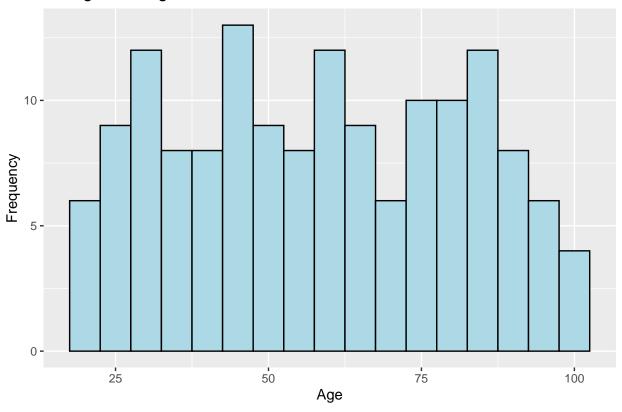
Box Plot of BMI



```
# Box Plot shows that for BMI the median is between 30 and 20 and Minimum value is 15 and max is above
# Here the median BMI is almost 25.

# Histogram of age
ggplot(data, aes(x = Age)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 5, fill = "lightblue", color = "black") +
  labs(title = "Histogram of Age", x = "Age", y = "Frequency")
```

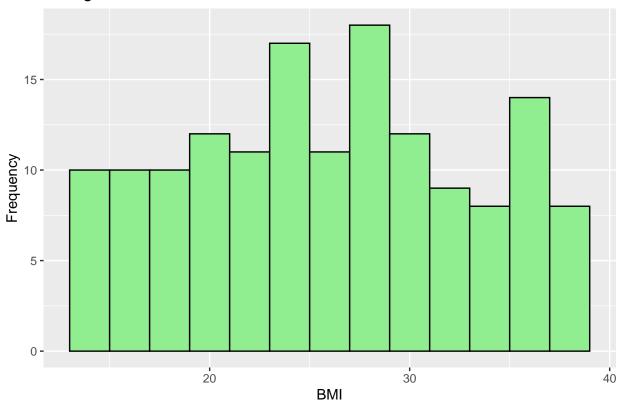
Histogram of Age



```
# Histogram of Age shows the data of Age looks like a Normal which is not a
# Skewed distribution.

# Histogram of BMI
ggplot(data, aes(x = BMI)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 2, fill = "lightgreen", color = "black") +
  labs(title = "Histogram of BMI", x = "BMI", y = "Frequency")
```

Histogram of BMI



Histogram of BMI shows the data of Age looks like a Normal which is not a # Skewed distribution. We can use Mean value for further analysis.