

Name – Arpit Agarwal

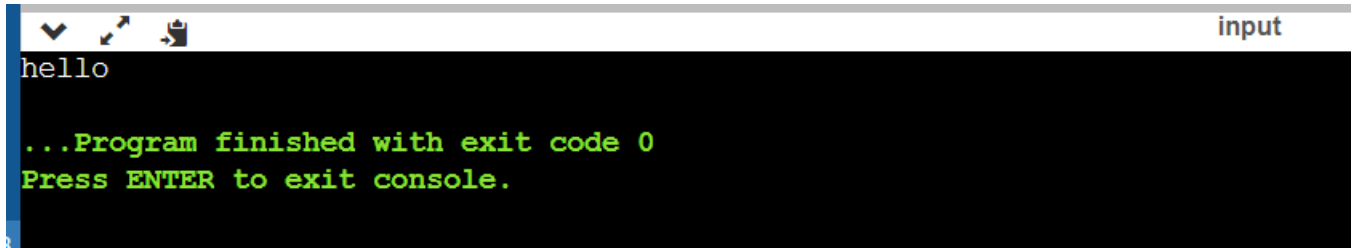
Section – A Roll No. - 20

University Roll No. - 2018714

Q1.Demonstration of SINGLE FORK () System Call.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
int main()
{
fork();
printf("hello");
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

A terminal window with a dark background and a light gray title bar. The title bar contains three icons on the left (a checkmark, a magnifying glass, and a document) and the word "input" on the right. The terminal content shows the word "hello" on the first line, followed by two lines of green text: "...Program finished with exit code 0" and "Press ENTER to exit console.".

```
input
hello
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

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Q2. Parent Process Computes the SUM OF EVEN and Child Process computes the sum of ODD NUMBERS using fork.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
int main()
{
int arr[10];
int a,n,su=0,sumo=0;
printf("Enter size of an array :");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("enter array:\n");
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
a=fork();
if(a>0){
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
if(arr[i]%2!=0){
sumo=sumo+arr[i];
}
}
printf("sum of odd(parent)=%d\n",sumo);
exit(0);
}
else if(a==0){
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
if(arr[i]%2==0){
su=su+arr[i];
}
}
printf("sum of even(child)= %d\n",su);
exit(0);
}
else
printf("unsuccessful ceation of process\n");
}
```

OUTPUT

```
geu@geu: ~/Desktop
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.

geu@geu:~$ cd Desktop
geu@geu:~/Desktop$ gcc sumofoddp.c
geu@geu:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter size of an array :10
enter array:
1
3
4
2
5
6
7
8
9
12
sum of odd(parent)=25
sum of even(child)= 32
geu@geu:~/Desktop$
```

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Q3.Demonstration of WAIT () System Call.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
int main()
{
pid_t id;
int i;
id=fork();
if(id==0)
{
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
{
printf("Hello I am Child\n");
}
}
else if(id>0)
{
printf("HELLO\n");
wait(NULL);
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
{
printf("Hello I am parent\n");
}
}
}
```

OUTPUT

[illegible]

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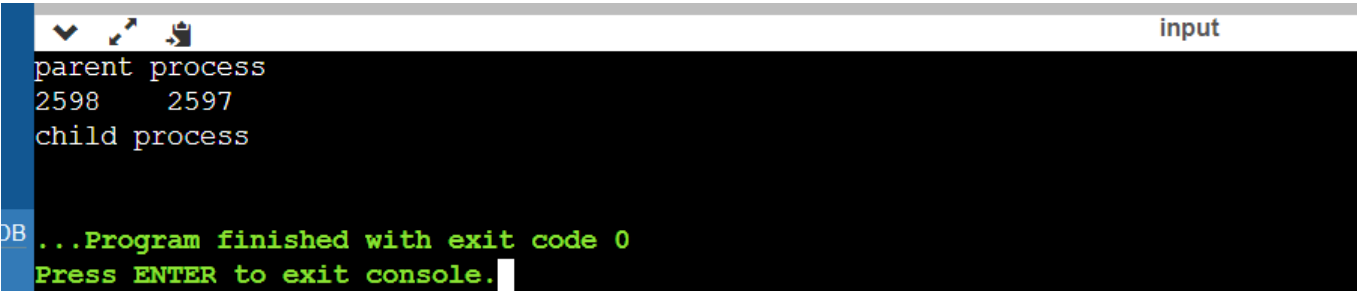
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Q4.Implementation of ORPHAN PROCESS & ZOMBIE PROCESS.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
{
pid_t id;
id=fork();
if(id>0)
{
printf("parent process\n");
printf("%d\t%d\n",getpid(),getppid());
exit(0);
printf("ABC");
}
else if(id==0)
{
printf("child process\n");
sleep(50);
printf("%d\t%d\n",getpid(),getppid());
}
}
```

OUTPUT

A terminal window with a dark background and a light gray title bar. The title bar contains three icons on the left (a checkmark, a magnifying glass, and a document) and the word "input" on the right. The terminal content shows the output of a program. The first three lines are in white text: "parent process", "2598 2597", and "child process". The next two lines are in green text: "...Program finished with exit code 0" and "Press ENTER to exit console.". A white cursor is positioned at the end of the last line.

```
parent process
2598 2597
child process

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```


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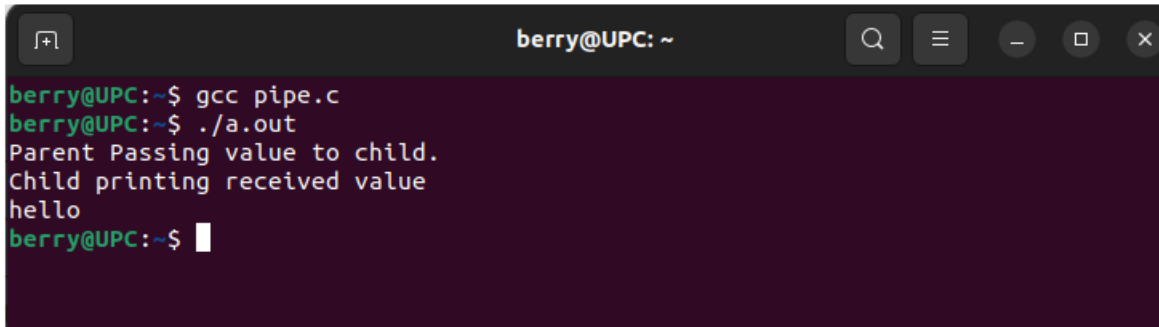
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Q5. Implementation of PIPE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
int main() {
int fd[2], n;
char buffer[100];
pid_t p;
pipe(fd);
p = fork();
if (p > 0)
{
printf("Parent Passing value to child.\n");
write(fd[1], "hello\n", 6);
wait(NULL);
}
else
{
printf("Child printing received value\n");
n = read(fd[0], buffer, 100);
write(1, buffer, n);
}
}
```

OUTPUT



```
berry@UPC:~$ gcc pipe.c
berry@UPC:~$ ./a.out
Parent Passing value to child.
Child printing received value
hello
berry@UPC:~$
```

The image shows a terminal window with a dark background. The window title is "berry@UPC: ~". The terminal displays the following commands and output:

- `berry@UPC:~$ gcc pipe.c`
- `berry@UPC:~$./a.out`
- Output: `Parent Passing value to child.`
- Output: `Child printing received value`
- Output: `hello`
- Terminal prompt: `berry@UPC:~$`

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Q6. WAP to implement FIRST COME FIRST SERVED SCHEDULING ALGO. Calculate the average turnaround time and average waiting time.

```
#include <stdio.h>
//FCFS
int main()
{
    int arrival[5] = {5,0,1,1,2};
    int burst[5] = {7,2,8,5,4};
    int wait[5] = {0,0,0,0,0};
    int tat[5] = {0,0,0,0,0};
    int sum_wait=0 , sum_tat=0;
    //selection sort
    for(int i=0 ; i<5-1 ; i++)
    {
        int min_idx = i;
        for(int j=i+1 ; j<5 ; j++)
        {
            if(arrival[j]<arrival[min_idx])
            {
                min_idx = j;
            }
        }
        if(min_idx!=i)
        {
            int temp = arrival[i];
            arrival[i] = arrival[min_idx];
            arrival[min_idx] = temp;
            temp = burst[i];
            burst[i] = burst[min_idx];
            burst[min_idx] = temp;
        }
    }
    wait[0] = 0;
    tat[0] = burst[0];
    sum_wait+=wait[0];
    sum_tat+=tat[0];
    printf("%d %d\n",wait[0] , tat[0]);
    for(int i=1 ; i<5 ; i++)
    {
        wait[i] = wait[i-1] + burst[i-1] - arrival[i];
        tat[i] = wait[i] + burst[i];
        printf("%d %d\n",wait[i] , tat[i]);
        sum_wait+=wait[i];
        sum_tat+=tat[i];
    }
}
```

```
printf("Average waiting time: %f\nAverage Turn around  
time:%f",sum_wait/5.0 , sum_tat/5.0);  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT

```
geu@geu: ~/Desktop
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.

geu@geu:~$ cd Desktop
geu@geu:~/Desktop$ gcc FCFS1.c
geu@geu:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
0 2
1 9
8 13
11 15
10 17
Average waiting time: 6.000000
Average Turn around time:11.200000geu@geu:~/Desktop$
```

```
arrival[i] = arrival[min_idx];
```

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Q7. WAP to implement SHORTEST JOB FIRST SCHEDULING ALGO. Calculate the average turnaround time and average waiting time and average response time.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int arrival_time[10], burst_time[10], temp[10];
    int i, smallest, count = 0, time, limit;
    double wait_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0, end;
    float average_waiting_time, average_turnaround_time;
    printf("\n Enter the Total Number of Processes:\t");
    scanf("%d", &limit);
    printf("\n Enter Details of %d Processes \n", limit);
    for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
    {
        printf("\n Enter Arrival Time:\t");
        scanf("%d", &arrival_time[i]);
        printf("Enter Burst Time:\t");
        scanf("%d", &burst_time[i]);
        temp[i] = burst_time[i];
    }
    burst_time[9] = 9999;
    for(time = 0; count != limit; time++)
    {
        smallest = 9;
        for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
        {
            if(arrival_time[i] <= time && burst_time[i] < burst_time[smallest] &&
            burst_time[i] > 0)
            {
                smallest = i;
            }
        }
        burst_time[smallest]--;
        if(burst_time[smallest] == 0)
        {
            count++;
            end = time + 1;
            wait_time = wait_time + end - arrival_time[smallest] - temp[smallest];
            turnaround_time = turnaround_time + end - arrival_time[smallest];
        }
    }
    average_waiting_time = wait_time / limit;
    average_turnaround_time = turnaround_time / limit;
    printf("\n\n\n Average Waiting Time:\t%lf\n", average_waiting_time);
    printf("Average Turnaround Time:\t%lf\n", average_turnaround_time);
    return 0;
}
```

}

OUTPUT

```
geu@geu: ~/Desktop
geu@geu:~/Desktop$ gcc sjfalgo.c
geu@geu:~/Desktop$ ./a.out

Enter the Total Number of Processes: 4

Enter Details of 4 Processes

Enter Arrival Time: 1
Enter Burst Time: 4

Enter Arrival Time: 2
Enter Burst Time: 4

Enter Arrival Time: 3
Enter Burst Time: 5

Enter Arrival Time: 4
Enter Burst Time: 8

Average Waiting Time: 4.750000
Average Turnaround Time: 10.000000
```

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Q8. WAP to implement PRIORITY SCHEDULING ALGO. Calculate the average turnaround time and average waiting time and average response time.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
int x,n,p[10],pp[10],pt[10],w[10],t[10],awt,atat,i,j;
printf("Enter the number of process : ");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("\n Enter process : time priorities \n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
printf("\nProcess no %d : ",i+1);
scanf("%d %d",&pt[i],&pp[i]);
p[i]=i+1;
}
for(i=0;i<n-1;i++){
for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)
{
if(pp[i]<pp[j])
{
x=pp[i];
pp[i]=pp[j];
pp[j]=x;
x=pt[i];
pt[i]=pt[j];
pt[j]=x;
x=p[i];
p[i]=p[j];
p[j]=x;
}
}
}
w[0]=0;
```



```

awt=0;
t[0]=pt[0];
atat=t[0];
for(i=1;i<n;i++)
{
w[i]=t[i-1];
awt+=w[i];
t[i]=w[i]+pt[i];
atat+=t[i];
}
printf("\n\n Job \t Burst Time \t Wait Time \t Turn Around Time
Priority \n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf("\n %d \t\t %d \t\t %d \t\t %d \t\t %d
\n",p[i],pt[i],w[i],t[i],pp[i]);
awt/=n;
atat/=n;
printf("\n Average Wait Time : %d \n",awt);
printf("\n Average Turn Around Time : %d \n",atat);
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```
Geu@localhost:~/Desktop
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Geu@localhost ~$ cd Desktop
Geu@localhost Desktop$ gcc priority.c
Geu@localhost Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter the number of process : 4

Enter process : time priorities

Process no 1 : 3
1
Process no 2 : 4
2
Process no 3 : 5
3
Process no 4 : 6
4

Job    Burst Time    Wait Time    Turn Around Time    Priority
4       6             0             6                   4
3       5             6             11                  3
2       4             11            15                  2
1       3             15            18                  1

Average Wait Time : 8
Average Turn Around Time : 12
Geu@localhost Desktop$
```

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Q9.Implementation of ROUND ROBIN SCHEDULING ALGORITHM. Calculate the average turnaround time and average waiting time and average response time.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int cnt,j,n,t,remain,flag=0,tq;
int wt=0,tat=0,at[10],bt[10],rt[10];
printf("Enter Total Process:\t ");
scanf("%d",&n);
remain=n;
for(cnt=0;cnt<n;cnt++)
{
printf("Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number
%d :",cnt+1);
scanf("%d",&at[cnt]);
scanf("%d",&bt[cnt]);
rt[cnt]=bt[cnt];
}
printf("Enter Time Quantum:\t");
scanf("%d",&tq);
printf("\n\nProcess\t|Turnaround Time|Waiting Time\n\n");
for(t=0,cnt=0;remain!=0;)
{
if(rt[cnt]<=tq && rt[cnt]>0)
{
t+=rt[cnt];
rt[cnt]=0;
flag=1;
}
else if(rt[cnt]>0)
{
rt[cnt]-=tq;
t+=tq;
}
```

```
}
if(rt[cnt]==0 && flag==1)
{
    remain--;
    printf("P[%d]\t|\t%d\t|\t%d\n",cnt+1,t-at[cnt],t-at[cnt]-bt[cnt]);
    wt+=t-at[cnt]-bt[cnt];
    tat+=t-at[cnt];
    flag=0;
}
if(cnt==n-1)
    cnt=0;
else if(at[cnt+1]<=t)
    cnt++;
else
    cnt=0;
}
printf("\nAverage Waiting Time= %f\n",wt*1.0/n);
printf("Avg Turnaround Time = %f",tat*1.0/n);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Geu@localhost:~/Desktop
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[Geu@localhost ~]$ cd Desktop
[Geu@localhost Desktop]$ gcc roundrobin.c
[Geu@localhost Desktop]$ ./a.out
Enter Total Process: 4
Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number 1 :0 5
Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number 2 :1 3
Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number 3 :2 3
Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number 4 :4 1
Enter Time Quantum: 2

Process |Turnaround Time|Waiting Time
P[4]    |      3      |      2
P[2]    |      9      |      6
P[3]    |      9      |      6
P[1]    |     12      |      7

Average Waiting Time= 5.250000
Avg Turnaround Time = 8.250000[Geu@localhost Desktop]$
```

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Q10. Implementation of SHORTEST REMAINING TIME FIRST ALGORITHM. Calculate the average turnaround time and average waiting time and average response time.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[10],b[10],x[10],i,j,smallest,count=0,time,n;
    double avg=0,tt=0,end;
    printf("enter the number of Processes:\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("enter arrival time\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    printf("enter burst time\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%d",&b[i]);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        x[i]=b[i];
    b[9]=9999;
    for(time=0;count!=n;time++)
    {
        smallest=9;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            if(a[i]<=time && b[i]<b[smallest] && b[i]>0 )
                smallest=i;
        }
        b[smallest]--;
        if(b[smallest]==0)
        {
            count++;
            end=time+1;
            avg=avg+end-a[smallest]-x[smallest];
            tt= tt+end-a[smallest];
        }
    }
    printf("\n\nAverage waiting time = %lf\n",avg/n);
    printf("Average Turnaround time = %lf",tt/n);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Geu@localhost:~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
[Geu@localhost ~]$ gcc srtf.c  
[Geu@localhost ~]$ ./a.out  
enter the number of Processes:  
4  
enter arrival time  
1  
2  
3  
4  
enter burst time  
5  
6  
4  
3  
  
Average waiting time = 4.750000  
Average Turnaround time = 9.250000[Geu@localhost ~]$
```

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Q11. Implementation of OPTIMAL PAGE REPLACEMENT POLICY. Calculate the number of misses for a given sequence of page numbers. (sequence and frame number will be given by user).

```
#include<stdio.h>
int fr[3], n, m;
void display();
int main()
{
    int i,j,page[20],fs[10];
    int max,found=0,lg[3],index,k,l,flag1=0,flag2=0,pf=0;
    float pr;
    printf("Enter length of the reference string: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the reference string: ");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%d",&page[i]);
    printf("Enter no of frames: ");
    scanf("%d",&m);
    for(i=0;i<m;i++)
        fr[i]=-1;
    pf=m;
    for(j=0;j<n;j++)
    {
        flag1=0;
        flag2=0;
        for(i=0;i<m;i++)
        {
            if(fr[i]==page[j])
            {
                flag1=1;
                flag2=1;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```



```
}
if(flag1==0)
{
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
{
if(fr[i]==-1)
{
fr[i]=page[j];
flag2=1;
break;
}
}
}
if(flag2==0)
{
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
lg[i]=0;
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
{
for(k=j+1;k<=n;k++)
{
if(fr[i]==page[k])
{
lg[i]=k-j;
break;
}
}
}
found=0;
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
{
if(lg[i]==0)
```

```

{
index=i;
found = 1;
break;
}
}
if(found==0)
{
max=lg[0]; index=0;
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
{
if(max<lg[i])
{
max=lg[i];
index=i;
}
}
}
fr[index]=page[j];
pf++;
}
display();
}
printf("Number of page faults : %d\n", pf);
pr=(float)pf/n*100;
printf("Page fault rate = %f \n", pr);
return 0;
}
void display()
{
int i; for(i=0;i<m;i++)
printf("%d\t",fr[i]);
printf("\n");
}

```

OUTPUT

```
berry@UPC: ~  
berry@UPC:~$ gcc optimal.c  
berry@UPC:~$ ./a.out  
Enter length of the reference string: 8  
Enter the reference string: 1 2 4 2 1 4 7 8  
Enter no of frames: 3  
1      -1      -1  
1      2       -1  
1      2       4  
1      2       4  
1      2       4  
1      2       4  
1      2       4  
7      2       4  
8      2       4  
Number of page faults : 5  
Page fault rate = 62.500000  
berry@UPC:~$
```

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Q12.Implementation of LRU PAGE REPLECMENT POLICY. Calculate the number of misses for a given sequence of page numbers. (sequence and frame number will be given by user).

```
#include<stdio.h>
int findLRU(int time[], int n){
int i, minimum = time[0], pos = 0;
for(i = 1; i < n; ++i){
if(time[i] < minimum){
minimum = time[i];
pos = i;
}
}
return pos;
}
int main()
{
int no_of_frames, no_of_pages, frames[10], pages[30],
counter = 0, time[10], flag1, flag2, i, j, pos, faults = 0;
printf("Enter number of frames: ");
scanf("%d", &no_of_frames);
printf("Enter number of pages: ");
scanf("%d", &no_of_pages);
printf("Enter reference string: ");
for(i = 0; i < no_of_pages; ++i){
scanf("%d", &pages[i]);
}
for(i = 0; i < no_of_frames; ++i){
frames[i] = -1;
}
for(i = 0; i < no_of_pages; ++i){
flag1 = flag2 = 0;
for(j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j){
if(frames[j] == pages[i]){
counter++;
}
```

```

time[j] = counter;
flag1 = flag2 = 1;
break; } }
if(flag1 == 0){
for(j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j){
if(frames[j] == -1){
counter++;
faults++;
frames[j] = pages[i];
time[j] = counter;
flag2 = 1;
break; } } }
if(flag2 == 0){
pos = findLRU(time, no_of_frames);
counter++;
faults++;
frames[pos] = pages[i];
time[pos] = counter; }
printf("\n");
for(j = 0; j < no_of_frames; ++j){
printf("%d\t", frames[j]);
}
}
printf("\n\nTotal Page Faults = %d", faults);
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```
Geu@localhost:~/Desktop
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[Geu@localhost ~]$ cd Desktop
[Geu@localhost Desktop]$ gcc lrupagealgo.c
[Geu@localhost Desktop]$ ./a.out
Enter number of frames: 3
Enter number of pages: 6
Enter reference string: 5
7
5
6
7
3
5      -1      -1
5      7      -1
5      7      -1
5      7      6
5      7      6
3      7      6

Total Page Faults = 4[Geu@localhost Desktop]$
```

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Q13. WAP to implement FCFS disk scheduling algorithm. Calculate the total seek time.

```
#include<math.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
{
int i,n,req[50],mov=0,cp;
printf("enter the current position\n");
scanf("%d",&cp);
printf("enter the number of requests\n");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("enter the request order\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
scanf("%d",&req[i]);
}
mov=mov+abs(cp-req[0]); // abs is used to calculate the
absolute value
printf("%d -> %d",cp,req[0]);
for(i=1;i<n;i++)
{
mov=mov+abs(req[i]-req[i-1]);
printf(" -> %d",req[i]);
}
printf("\n");
printf("total head movement = %d\n",mov);
}
```

OUTPUT

```
geu@CSITLAB1PC-29:~$ gcc fcfsdisk.c
geu@CSITLAB1PC-29:~$ ./a.out
enter the current position
50
enter the number of requests
8
enter the request order
176
79
34
60
92
11
41
114
50 -> 176 -> 79 -> 34 -> 60 -> 92 -> 11 -> 41 -> 114
total head movement = 510
geu@CSITLAB1PC-29:~$
```


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Q14. WAP to implement Scan and C-scan disk scheduling algorithm. Calculate the total seek time

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
// Function to perform the Scan disk scheduling algorithm
```

```
void scan(int arr[], int head, int size) {
```

```
    int distance, total_seek_time = 0;
```

```
    int current = head;
```

```
    // Sorting the array to simplify the scan algorithm
```

```
    qsort(arr, size, sizeof(int), compare);
```

```
    // Finding the index of the head
```

```
    int index = 0;
```

```
    while (arr[index] < head) {
```

```
        index++;
```

```
    }
```

```
    // Moving towards the end
```

```
    for (int i = index; i < size; i++) {
```

```
        distance = abs(arr[i] - current);
```

```
        total_seek_time += distance;
```

```
        current = arr[i];
```

```
        printf("Move from %d to %d with seek %d\n", current - distance, current, distance);
```

```
    }
```

```

// Moving towards the beginning
for (int i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    distance = abs(arr[i] - current);
    total_seek_time += distance;
    current = arr[i];
    printf("Move from %d to %d with seek %d\n", current + distance, current, distance);
}

printf("Total Seek Time: %d\n", total_seek_time);
}

```

// Function to perform the C-Scan disk scheduling algorithm

```

void cscan(int arr[], int head, int size) {
    int distance, total_seek_time = 0;
    int current = head;

```

// Sorting the array to simplify the cscan algorithm

```

qsort(arr, size, sizeof(int), compare);

```

// Finding the index of the head

```

int index = 0;
while (arr[index] < head) {
    index++;
}

```

// Moving towards the end

```

for (int i = index; i < size; i++) {
    distance = abs(arr[i] - current);

```

```

    total_seek_time += distance;

    current = arr[i];

    printf("Move from %d to %d with seek %d\n", current - distance, current, distance);
}

// Moving to the beginning (circular)
distance = abs(arr[0] - current) + abs(arr[size - 1] - arr[0]);
total_seek_time += distance;
current = arr[0];
printf("Move from %d to %d with seek %d\n", current + distance, current, distance);

// Moving towards the end again
for (int i = 1; i < index; i++) {
    distance = abs(arr[i] - current);
    total_seek_time += distance;
    current = arr[i];

    printf("Move from %d to %d with seek %d\n", current - distance, current, distance);
}

printf("Total Seek Time: %d\n", total_seek_time);
}

// Function to compare integers for qsort
int compare(const void *a, const void *b) {
    return (*(int *)a - *(int *)b);
}

int main() {
    int cylinders[] = {98, 183, 37, 122, 14, 124, 65, 67};
    int size = sizeof(cylinders) / sizeof(cylinders[0]);

```

```
printf("Scan Algorithm:\n");  
scan(cylinders, 50, size);  
printf("\nC-Scan Algorithm:\n");  
cscan(cylinders, 50, size);  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT

Scan Algorithm:

```
Move from 50 to 65 with seek 15
Move from 65 to 98 with seek 33
Move from 98 to 122 with seek 24
Move from 122 to 124 with seek 2
Move from 124 to 183 with seek 59
Move from 183 to 14 with seek 169
Move from 14 to 37 with seek 23
Move from 37 to 50 with seek 13
Total Seek Time: 338
```

C-Scan Algorithm:

```
Move from 50 to 65 with seek 15
Move from 65 to 98 with seek 33
Move from 98 to 122 with seek 24
Move from 122 to 124 with seek 2
Move from 124 to 183 with seek 59
Move from 183 to 0 with seek 183
Move from 0 to 14 with seek 14
Move from 14 to 37 with seek 23
Move from 37 to 50 with seek 13
Total Seek Time: 361
```

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Q15. WAP to implement Look and C-look disk scheduling algorithm. Calculate the total seek time.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
// Function to perform the Look disk scheduling algorithm
```

```
void look(int arr[], int head, int size) {
```

```
    int distance, total_seek_time = 0;
```

```
    int current = head;
```

```
    // Sorting the array to simplify the look algorithm
```

```
    qsort(arr, size, sizeof(int), compare);
```

```
    // Finding the index of the head
```

```
    int index = 0;
```

```
    while (arr[index] < head) {
```

```
        index++;
```

```
    }
```

```
    // Moving towards the end
```

```
    for (int i = index; i < size; i++) {
```

```
        distance = abs(arr[i] - current);
```

```
        total_seek_time += distance;
```

```
        current = arr[i];
```

```
        printf("Move from %d to %d with seek %d\n", current - distance, current, distance);
```

```
    }
```

```

// Moving towards the beginning
for (int i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    distance = abs(arr[i] - current);
    total_seek_time += distance;
    current = arr[i];
    printf("Move from %d to %d with seek %d\n", current - distance, current, distance);
}

printf("Total Seek Time: %d\n", total_seek_time);
}

```

// Function to perform the C-Look disk scheduling algorithm

```

void clook(int arr[], int head, int size) {
    int distance, total_seek_time = 0;
    int current = head;

    // Sorting the array to simplify the clook algorithm
    qsort(arr, size, sizeof(int), compare);

```

// Finding the index of the head

```

int index = 0;
while (arr[index] < head) {
    index++;
}

```

// Moving towards the end

```

for (int i = index; i < size; i++) {
    distance = abs(arr[i] - current);
    total_seek_time += distance;

```

```

    current = arr[i];
    printf("Move from %d to %d with seek %d\n", current - distance, current, distance);
}

// Moving towards the beginning (circular)
for (int i = 0; i < index; i++) {
    distance = abs(arr[i] - current);
    total_seek_time += distance;
    current = arr[i];
    printf("Move from %d to %d with seek %d\n", current - distance, current, distance);
}

printf("Total Seek Time: %d\n", total_seek_time);
}

// Function to compare integers for qsort
int compare(const void *a, const void *b) {
    return (*(int *)a - *(int *)b);
}

int main() {
    int cylinders[] = {98, 183, 37, 122, 14, 124, 65, 67};
    int size = sizeof(cylinders) / sizeof(cylinders[0]);

    printf("Look Algorithm:\n");
    look(cylinders, 50, size);

    printf("\nC-Look Algorithm:\n");
    clook(cylinders, 50, size);
}

```



```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT

Look Algorithm:

Move from 50 to 65 with seek 15
Move from 65 to 98 with seek 33
Move from 98 to 122 with seek 24
Move from 122 to 124 with seek 2
Move from 124 to 183 with seek 59
Move from 183 to 14 with seek 169
Move from 14 to 37 with seek 23
Move from 37 to 50 with seek 13
Total Seek Time: 338

C-Look Algorithm:

Move from 50 to 65 with seek 15
Move from 65 to 98 with seek 33
Move from 98 to 122 with seek 24
Move from 122 to 124 with seek 2
Move from 124 to 183 with seek 59
Move from 183 to 37 with seek 146
Move from 37 to 14 with seek 23
Move from 14 to 0 with seek 14
Move from 0 to 50 with seek 50
Total Seek Time: 352