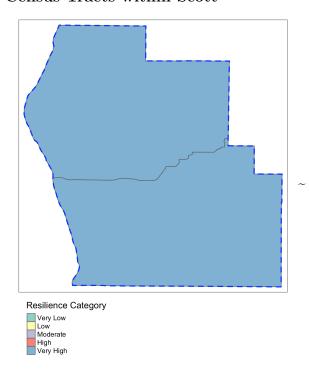
# County-Level Risk Assessment: Scott

### Census Tracts within Scott



#### **Basic Statistics**

Table 1: Basic Statistics (County level)

Information	Value
Population	4982 persons
Area sq. miles	251.27  sqm
Gross Density(persons/sq mil)	20  p/sqm
Avg HH Size	2.5 persons
Median HH Income	59352  USD

### Count of Tracts in each Category

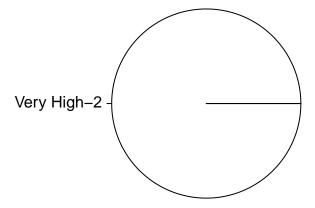


Table 2: Percentage of Census Tracts under each Resilience Category(County level)

Very High	High	Moderate	Low	Very Low
100	0	0	0	0

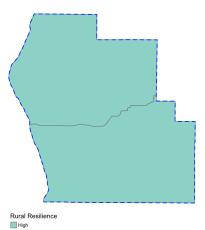
# Indicator Group Rankings

Indicator Group	High Risk Areas	Low Risk Areas
Community  High Risk       Low Risk	Young percent, Old percent, Elderly growth percent, Percent AssistanceNeed, Physically Unhealthy Days	Females Percent, FemaleHeaded HHs Percent, Educated percent, PrimeWorkingAge percent, Percent Vaccinated, Social Association Rate
Economy High Risk   Low Risk	Agro Percent, LowIncome Percent, PT LQ, Agri LQ, Manufacturing LQ, Percent Children in Poverty, Commute Time, Vice related business rate, Recreation related business rate	WorkNearby percent, MBS LQ, Transport LQ, Info LQ, Management, Management LQ, Edu LQ, Others, Others LQ, Civic related business rate, Education related business rate
High Risk	OldHomes, Vacancy, Units SingleFamily, MobileHomes, Renters Cost IncomeRatio	Homewownership, Cost IncomeRatio, Renter MHHI
Environment  High Risk	std nonmetal prim pop ln, std stone prim pop ln, W NO3 ln	NO21, O3, PM2.5, PM2Point5, PCT IRRIGATED ACRES ln, pct disease acres ln, herbicide ln, insecticide ln, std coal prim pop ln, std metal prim pop ln, std sandandgravel prim pop ln, Radon.x, ALLNPDESperKM ln, W As ln, W Ba ln, W Cd ln, W Cr ln, W CN ln, W FL ln, W HG ln
Infrastructure High Risk 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%	Percent PoorCondition Bridges, Percent commuters by transit	Percent MediumFairCondition Bridges

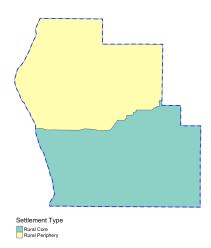
### Census Tracts within Scott



## Rural Resilience within Scott



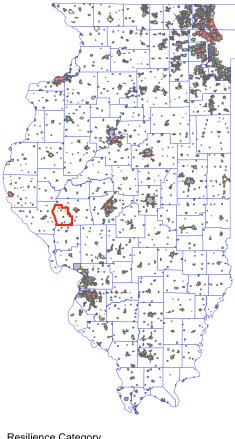
## Settlement Types



# Rural Indicator Rankings

Indicator Group	High Risk Areas	Low Risk Areas
Community  High Risk       Low Risk	Young percent, NotMarried Percent, Avg HHsize, Percent AssistanceNeed, Physically Unhealthy Days	Females Percent, Educated percent, PrimeWorkingAge percent, Food Environment Index, Percent Vaccinated, Social Association Rate
Economy  High Risk   Low Risk	Agro Percent, UnstableEmployment Percent, LowIncome Percent, PT LQ, Agri, Agri LQ, Manufacturing LQ, GINI Index, Percent Children in Poverty, CommuteTime, Vice related business rate, Recreation related business rate	poverty, WorkNearby percent, MBS LQ, construction LQ, Transport LQ, Management LQ, Edu LQ, Walkability Score, Civic related business rate, Education related business rate, Healthcare related business rate
Housing High Risk   Low Risk   Low Risk	OldHomes, Units SingleFamily	Homewownership, NewHomes, Renter MHHI
Environment  High Risk Low Risk	std nonmetal prim pop ln, std stone prim pop ln, W NO3 ln	CO8, Pb3, NO2AM, NO21, O3, PM10, PM2.5, PM2Point5, PCT IRRIGATED ACRES In, pct disease acres In, herbicide In, insecticide In, std coal prim pop In, std metal prim pop In, std sandandgravel prim pop In, Radon.x, ALLNPDESperKM In, W As In, W Ba In, W Cd In, W Cr In, W CN In, W FL In, W HG In
Infrastructure High Risk	Percent PoorCondition Bridges, Percent commuters by transit	Percent MediumFairCondition Bridges

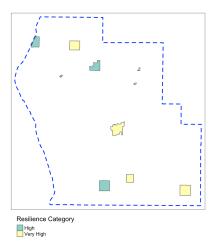
## State-Level Places Map



#### Resilience Category



## Places Map within Scott County, IL



## Count of Places in each Category

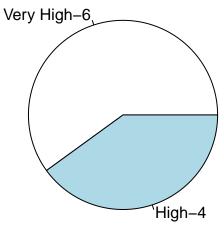


Table 5: Percentage of Census Tracts under each Resilience Category(County level)

Very High	High	Moderate	Low	Very Low
60 %	40 %	0 %	0 %	0 %

# Places Indicator Rankings

Indicator Group	High Risk Areas	Low Risk Areas
Community  High Risk   Low Risk	Young percent, NotMarried Percent, Physically Unhealthy Days	Females Percent, Educated percent, PrimeWorkingAge percent, Food Environment Index, Percent Vaccinated, Social Association Rate
Economy  High Risk	Agro Percent, LowIncome Percent, PT LQ, Agri LQ, Wholesale LQ, GINI Index, Percent Children in Poverty, Commute Time, Vice related business rate, Recreation related business rate	MHHI, poverty, Service LQ, construction LQ, Walkability Score, Civic related business rate, Education related business rate, Healthcare related business rate
High Risk	OldHomes, Vacancy, Units SingleFamily, Percent HousingProblems	Homewownership, NewHomes
Environment  High Risk Low Risk  014 209% 407% 609% 809% 1009%	std nonmetal prim pop ln, std stone prim pop ln, W NO3 ln	CO8, Pb3, NO2AM, NO21, O3, PM10, PM2.5, PM2Point5, PCT IRRIGATED ACRES ln, pct disease acres ln, herbicide ln, insecticide ln, std coal prim pop ln, std metal prim pop ln, std sandandgravel prim pop ln, Radon.x, ALLNPDESperKM ln, W As ln, W Ba ln, W Cd ln, W Cr ln, W CN ln, W FL ln, W HG ln
Infrastructure High Risk	Percent PoorCondition Bridges, Percent commuters by transit	Percent MediumFairCondition Bridges

#### Relevant Resources

The following represent key areas of concern (in order of importance) at the county level:

- Infrastructure
- Housing

The resources below have been extracted from the Disaster Planning Library to facilitate planning for highrisk areas observed through the assessment. Please go through the following tools as a starting point for your planning process and feel free to search the Disaster Planning Library for further information, if required. The resources here are included to facilitate the process of hazard mitigation planning, through the Planning for a Purpose Model of Illinois Extension (see Toolkit).

#### Infrastructure

#### Green Infrastructure

• Green Infrastructure: Smart Conservation For The 21st Century

Organization: Renewable Resources Journal

Year: 2002

Document type: General Resource/Foundational Research, Planning Tool

Disasters: Flood, Man-Made Disasters

Abstract: "Green infrastructure" is a term becoming more commonly used among natural resource professionals. While it means different things to different people, depending on the context in which it is used, for the purposes of this article, green infrastructure is an interconnected network of green space that conserves natural ecosystem values and functions and provides associated benefits to human populations. Green infrastructure is the ecological framework needed for environmental, social and economic sustainability- our nation's natural life support system. Planning utilizing green infrastructure differs from conventional open space planning because it looks at conservation values in concert with land development, growth management and built infrastructure planning. This article introduces green infrastructure as a strategic approach to land conservation that addresses the ecological and social impacts of sprawl and the accelerated consumption and fragmentation of open land. It describes the concept and value of green infrastructure and presents seven principles for successful green infrastructure initiatives.

Plan Components: Planning Processes

#### • Mitigation Assistance: Building Resilient Infrastructure And Communities

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2022

Document type: Policy

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Man-Made Disasters,

Biological Disasters, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: The purpose of this policy is to establish the framework and requirements for BRIC while allowing flexibility to promote continuous program improvement through priorities and criteria set forth in the annual Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO). The BRIC program is designed to promote a national culture of preparedness and public safety through encouraging investments to protect the nation's communities and infrastructure and through strengthening national mitigation capabilities to foster resilience.

Plan\_Components: Strategies, Funding Mechanisms

#### • What Is Green Infrastructure?

Organization: EPA

Year: 2022

Document type: Web-based Resource, Manual for an Local Organization

Disasters: Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather

Abstract: Description of green infrastructure with examples of different types of green infrastructure.

Plan\_Components : Strategies

#### • Green Infrastructure Modeling Tools

Organization: EPA

Year: 2022

Document type: General Resource/ Foundational Research, Web-based Resource, Planning Tool

Disasters: Flood, Extreme Weather

Abstract : Modeling tools support planning and design decisions on a range of scales from setting a green infrastructure target for an entire watershed to designing a green infrastructure practice for a particular site.

Plan\_Components : Strategies, Tools, Green Infrastructure

#### • Overcoming Barriers To Green Infrastructure

Organization: EPA

Year: 2022

Document type: General Resource/Foundational Research, Web-based Resource

Disasters: Flood, Drought

Abstract: Communities across the country are experiencing the benefits of green infrastructure. They have adopted performance standards or incentives promoting green infrastructure while others have built demonstration projects. Here we identify some of the barriers to adopting green infrastructure approaches and suggest strategies to overcome them.

Plan Components: Strategies, Green Infrastructure

# • Operation And Maintenance Of Green Infrastructure Receiving Runoff From Roads And Parking Lots

Organization: EPA

 $Year:\,2016$ 

Document type: General Resource/Foundational Research, Manual for an Local Organization

Disasters: Flood

Abstract: Operation and maintenance is a challenge that when not addressed properly can lead to failure of green infrastructure and high costs associated with restoration. This memorandum addresses common operation and maintenance questions and provides recommendations for evaluating the need and providing maintenance for green infrastructure, specifically bioretention and bioswales, that serves highly impervious roadways and parking lots.

Plan Components: Strategies, Tools, Green Infrastructure

#### • Green Infrastructure Funding Opportunities

Organization: EPA

Year: 2022

Document\_type: Web-based Resource, Funding Opportunities Disasters: Flood, Extreme Weather, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract : Federal funding sources and funding resources from the EPA for green infrastructure

Plan Components: Funding Mechanisms, Tools

#### • Green Infrastructure Grant Opportunities

Organization: Illinois EPA

Year: 2021

Document type: Web-based Resource, Funding Opportunities

Disasters: Flood, Drought, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: The new Green Infrastructure Grant Opportunities (GIGO) Program funds projects to construct green infrastructure best management practices (BMPs) that prevent, eliminate, or reduce water quality impairments by decreasing stormwater runoff into Illinois' rivers, streams, and lakes.

Projects that implement treatment trains (multiple BMPs in a series) and/or multiple BMPs within the same watershed may be more effective and efficient than a single large green infrastructure BMP. Plan Components: Funding Mechanisms, Green Infrastructure

#### • Managing Wet Weather With Green Infrastructure Municipal Handbook Funding **Options**

Organization: EPA

Year: 2008

Document type: Manual for an Local Organization, Funding Opportunities

Disasters : Flood

Abstract : The Municipal Handbook is a series of documents

to help local officials implement green infrastructure in their communities. This chapter identifies and discusses the two most common funding options communities are using for green stormwater infrastructure – stormwater fees and loan programs.

Plan Components: Strategies, Funding Mechanisms, Case Studies, Green Infrastructure

#### • Managing Wet Weather With Green Infrastructure Municipal Handbook Green Infrastructure Retrofit Policies

Organization: EPA

Year: 2008

Document\_type: Planning Tool, Manual for an Local Organization, Policy

Abstract: The Municipal Handbook is a series of documents to help local officials implement green infrastructure in their communities. This chapter is about creating policies for green infrastructure.

Plan Components: Strategies, Planning Processes, Tools, Green Infrastructure

#### • Managing Wet Weather With Green Infrastructure Municipal Handbook Green Streets Organization: EPA

Year: 2008

Document type: Planning Tool, Manual for an Local Organization, Policy

Disasters: Flood

Abstract : The Municipal Handbook is a series of documents

to help local officials implement green infrastructure in their communities. This chapter looks at green streets.

Plan Components: Strategies, Green Infrastructure

#### • Managing Wet Weather With Green Infrastructure Municipal Handbook Rainwater Harvesting Policies

Organization: EPA

Year: 2008

Document type: Planning Tool, Manual for an Local Organization, Example Ordinances and Codes

Disasters: Flood, Drought

Abstract: The Municipal Handbook is a series of documents

to help local officials implement green infrastructure in their communities. This chapter looks at rainwater harvesting

Plan Components: Strategies, Case Studies, Tools, Green Infrastructure

#### • Managing Wet Weather With Green Infrastructure Municipal Handbook Incentive Mechanisms

Organization: EPA

Year: 2009

Document\_type: Planning Tool, Manual for an Local Organization, Example Ordinances and Codes,

Funding Opportunities

Disasters: Flood

Abstract : The Municipal Handbook is a series of documents

to help local officials implement green infrastructure in their communities.

This chapter looks at incentive mechanisms

Plan\_Components : Funding Mechanisms, Case Studies, Green Infrastructure

#### • Green Infrastructure Modeling Toolkit

Organization: EPA

Year: 2022

Document type: Web-based Resource

Disasters: Flood, Drought

Abstract: EPA has developed innovative models, tools, and technologies for communities to manage water runoff in urban and other environments. The resources in this toolkit incorporate green or a combination of green and gray infrastructure practices to help communities manage their water resources in a more sustainable way, increasing resilience to future changes.

 $Plan\_Components: Tools, Green Infrastructure$ 

#### • Green Infrastructure Methods

Organization: EPA

Document\_type: General Resource/Foundational Research, Funding Opportunities

Disasters: Flood, Drought

Abstract: FEMA is encouraging communities to incorporate methods to mitigate the impacts of climate change into eligible Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA) funded risk reduction activities by providing guidance on mitigating flood and drought conditions.

Plan\_Components: Strategies, Funding Mechanisms, Tools, Green Infrastructure

#### • Equity Guide For Green Stormwater Infrastructure Practitioners

Organization: Greenprint Partners

Year: 2022

Document\_type : General Resource/ Foundational Research, Planning Tool, Manual for an Local

Organization, Policy
Disasters: Flood, Drought

Abstract: The Equity Guide for Green Stormwater Infrastructure Practitioners is a resource developed by and for green infrastructure program managers representing local public sector stormwater management organizations across the United States and Canada. It offers an action and evaluation roadmap that defines: our industry's shared long-term equity goals, best practices that will move the needle, and sample metrics that help us track progress toward those goals over time. It also offers a variety of tools to support practitioners in customizing community- informed equity work plans and evaluation plans to local

contexts

Plan\_Components : Surveys/Assessments, Strategies, Planning Processes, Tools, Green Infrastruc-

ture, Information

#### • Cape Cod Green Infrastructure Guide

Organization: Tufts University

Year: 2015

Document\_type : General Resource/ Foundational Research, Web-based Resource

Disasters : Flood

Abstract: In 2015, this Green Infrastructure Guide was developed by Tufts University graduate students in the Water: Systems, Science & Society program to provide accessible opportunities for stakeholders and the public to learn about green technologies and the unique benefits they offer.

Plan\_Components : Green Infrastructure, Information

#### • Professional Practice Green Infrastructure: Constructed Wetlands

Organization: American Society of Landscape Architects

Document\_type: General Resource/Foundational Research, Web-based Resource

Disasters: Flood

Abstract: Constructed wetlands mimic the functions of natural wetlands to capture stormwater, reduce nutrient loads, and create diverse wildlife habitat. They are often created in engineered growth media in trenches, small islands, and pools. They are designed to contain water at all times – either standing water on the surface or water saturated just below the soil surface.

Plan Components: Tools, Green Infrastructure, Information

#### • Minnesota Green Stormwater Infrastructure Guide

Organization: MN Department of Natural Resources, NOAA

Year: 2022

Document\_type : General Resource/ Foundational Research, Planning Tool, Manual for an Local Organization

Disasters: Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather

Abstract: The purpose of this guide is to help homeowners and small business owners who are not subject to stormwater permits identify ways to improve and protect their property and the area's water quality through installation and management of green stormwater practices. The designs of these practices can be customized to fit specific needs and site-specific constraints.

Plan\_Components: Strategies, Planning Processes, Tools, Green Infrastructure, Information

#### • The Green Infrastructure Guide Planning For A Healthy Urban And Community Forest

Organization: The Regional Planning Partnership

Year: 2001

Document\_type : General Resource/ Foundational Research, Planning Tool, Manual for an Local Organization

Disasters: Flood, Drought, Biological Disasters, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: This handbook builds the case for the value of green infrastructure and provides suggestions about how to integrate green infrastructure planning with planning for development.

Plan\_Components: Planning Processes, Tools, Green Infrastructure, Information

#### • Approved Green Infrastructure Master Plan

Organization: Prince George's County Planning Department

Year: 2002

Document type: Specific Plan, Policy

Disasters: Flood, Drought, Man-Made Disasters

Abstract: This document contains text and maps of the Approved Countywide Green Infrastructure Plan for Prince George's County, Maryland. Green infrastructure is defined as an interconnected network of waterways, wetlands, woodlands, wildlife habitats, and other natural areas of countywide significance. The plan identifies a contiguous network of environmentally sensitive areas throughout the county and sets forth a goal, objectives, policies, and strategies to preserve, protect, and enhance these elements by the year 2025. The plan supports the desired development pattern in the General Plan. This is the first comprehensive functional master plan ever developed for environmental ecosystems in Prince George's County.

Plan Components: Planning Processes, Green Infrastructure

#### • Kane County 2040 Green Infrastructure Plan

Organization: Kane County Board, Quality of Kane, Greening Infrastructure, IDNR

Year: 2012

Document type: Specific Plan

Disasters: Flood, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: The ultimate goal of the Kane County 2040 Green Infrastructure Plan is to lay the

groundwork for green infrastructure planning and projects at the regional,

community, neighborhood and site levels addressing current issues of water

resource management, biodiversity, conservation, water supply, public health,

climate change and economic development.

Plan\_Components : Surveys/Assessments, Planning Processes, Funding Mechanisms, Green Infrastructure, Information

#### • Green Infrastructure Partnership Opportunity Program

Organization: Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago

Year: 2022

Document type: Specific Plan, Funding Opportunities

Disasters: Flood, Extreme Weather

Abstract: MWRD encourages and supports implementing green infrastructure (GI), which includes a range of engineered installations that store, infiltrate, and/or evaporate stormwater, thereby mimicking the natural water cycle. The MWRD recognizes that GI practices can be effective in reducing wetweather flows to combined sewer systems, reducing combined sewer overflows to local waterways, and reducing runoff volumes and improving water quality in separate sewer service areas. The MWRD also recognizes the vital role of local government in addressing flooding concerns through the innovative use of GI.

Plan Components: Planning Processes, Funding Mechanisms, Tools, Green Infrastructure

#### Housing

#### **Buildings and Codes**

# • Partial Implementation Of The Federal Flood Risk Management Standard For Hazard Mitigation Assistance Programs (Interim)

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2021

Document\_type: Planning Tool, Policy

Disasters: Flood

Abstract: In its Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA) programs, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) utilizes the American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) 24-14,3 or latest edition, to establish minimum design and construction requirements for structure elevation, dry floodproofing, and mitigation reconstruction.4 Under this interim policy, the FFRMS FVA will be utilized to determine the minimum flood protection elevation for certain project types. This interim policy applies to all HMA programs: the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP), HMGP Post Fire, Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC), and Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA).

Plan Components: Strategies, Planning Processes

#### • Building Codes Toolkit

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2021

Document\_type: Manual for an Local Organization

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: The new FEMA Building Science Branch Building Codes Toolkit offers basic guidance and tools to help building owners and occupants learn about building codes and the process of making a building stronger against natural hazards.

Plan\_Components : Strategies, Planning Processes, Funding Mechanisms

#### • Building Code And Floodplain Management Administration And Enforcement

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2018

Document type: Policy

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Man-Made Disasters, Soil

Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: The Disaster Recovery Reform Act of 2018 (DRRA), amended Sections 402 and 406 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Stafford Act), and authorized FEMA to "provide assistance to state and local governments for building code and floodplain administration and enforcement, including inspections for substantial damage compliance"1 and "base and overtime wages for extra hires to facilitate the implementation and enforcement of adopted building codes for a period of not more than 180 days after the major disaster is declared."

Plan Components: Strategies, Funding Mechanisms

#### • Building Codes Save: A Nationwide Study

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2020

Document type: General Resource/Foundational Research

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Soil Ero-

sion/Landslides

Abstract: The findings of the MAT investigations, the magnitude of recent hazard events,

and the escalating cost of natural disasters together revealed a compelling need to quantify the value of building codes in reducing damage from natural disasters nationwide.

Plan\_Components : Surveys/Assessments

#### • Protecting Communities And Saving Money

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2020

Document type: General Resource/Foundational Research

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Soil Ero-

sion/Landslides

Abstract: One of the most cost-effective ways to safeguard our communities against natural disasters is to adopt and follow hazard-resistant building codes. Not only are casualties reduced, but the cost of building damage is also reduced during a natural disaster. Building codes also help communities get back on their feet faster by minimizing indirect costs such as business interruptions and lost income. A new FEMA study has made the impact of building codes on sustainability clear. The cost of not adopting building codes is too high.

Plan\_Components : Surveys/Assessments, Strategies, Planning Processes, Funding Mechanisms, Case Studies

#### • Resilience Toolkit

Organization: ICC (International Code Council)

Year: 2022

Document\_type: Web-based Resource

Disasters : Tornado, Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: Over the past twenty years communities worldwide have experienced disaster events that have significantly impacted their society, economy, and culture. As populations grow, urban areas expand, and interconnectedness increases, the potential for a disaster event to have deeper and further-reaching consequences also increases. As a result, there is a need to implement measures that increase resilience across the social, organizational, and infrastructural aspects of communities -community resilience.

Plan Components: Strategies, Planning Processes

#### • Resilience Strategies For Wildfire

Organization: Center for Climate and Energy Solutions

Year: 2018

Document type: Planning Tool, Example Ordinances and Codes

Disasters: Wildfires

Abstract: The risk of wildfire is expected to grow across the United States due to reduced precipitation in some regions, and higher temperatures caused by climate change. Wildfire has far-reaching impacts that can ripple through communities, regions, watersheds, and ecosystems. This paper overviews a number of adaptation strategies for areas with a projected increase in wildfire conditions. For each strategy, it will discuss design and operation costs, and primary and co-benefits. The paper includes a community case

study of Austin, Texas, which has used a number of these strategies, and a list of publications and interactive tools to help communities become more resilient to wildfire

Plan Components: Strategies, Planning Processes, Case Studies, Tools, Information

#### • Tornado Risks And Hazards In The Midwest United States

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2007

Document type: General Resource/Foundational Research, Planning Tool

Disasters: Tornado

Abstract: The purpose of this Tornado Recovery Advisory (RA) is to summarize facts about the Midwest tornado hazard, specifically the area served by FEMA Region VII. Region VII includes Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska. The general population, specifically homeowners and renters, policy makers, local officials, builders, and building officials know and understand

that tornado occurrence in the Midwest is not a rare event. In fact, more than half of the 20 states with the highest frequency of tornado occurrence on record, and 4 of the top 5 (Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, and Nebraska) are located in the Midwest

Plan\_Components: Surveys/Assessments, Strategies, Tools, Information

#### • Tornado Protection Selecting Refuge Areas In Buildings

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2009

Document\_type: Manual for an Local Organization

Disasters : Tornado

Abstract: The guidance presented in this booklet is intended primarily to help building administrators, architects, and engineers select the best available refuge areas in existing schools. Building administrators, architects, and engineers are encouraged to apply this guidance so that the number of injuries and deaths will be minimized if a tornado strikes an occupied

school

Plan\_Components: Strategies, Planning Processes, Case Studies, Tools, Information

#### • Sustainable Land Development Code City Of Greensburg, Kansas

Organization: GREENSBURG PLANNING COMMISSION

Year: 2011

Document type: Example Ordinances and Codes

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Soil Erosion/Landslides, Agricultural Disasters

Abstract: City code for Greensburg, Kansas. The small rural town is a unique example in which the entire town was destroyed by a tornado. This gave leeway for a complete reimagination of the town and code, building a sustainable and resilient community from the ground up.

Plan Components: Strategies, Tools, Green Infrastructure, Information

#### • Code Of Ordinances Village Of Thomasboro, Illinois

Organization: Order of the Board of Trustees, Village of Thomasboro

Document\_type: Example Ordinances and Codes

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Man-Made Disasters

Abstract : Code of Ordinances for a small rural town in Illinois. Plan Components : Strategies, Funding Mechanisms, Information

# • State Of Illinois Illinois Department Of Natural Resources Model Stormwater Management Ordinance

Organization: Illinois Department of Natural Resources

Year: 2015

Document\_type : Planning Tool, Manual for an Local Organization, Policy

Disasters : Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: In June 2015, the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Water Resources (IDNR/OWR) issued a report for the Urban Flooding Awareness Act. The report recognizes that combating the damages of urban flooding requires a coordinated approach from state and local governments. A critical component in that effort is for local governmental entities to adopt sound, comprehensive stormwater management ordinances that incorporate best practices. To that end, IDNR/OWR and the Illinois State Water Survey (ISWS) developed this Model Stormwater Management Ordinance as a

resource for counties and municipalities to use when drafting or revising their own stormwater ordinances. While local development, review, and approval processes are unique, IDNR/OWR provides this document as a template containing the minimum requirements for an effective ordinance and suggestions for more advanced stormwater protection

Plan Components: Tools, Green Infrastructure, Information

#### Floods and Disaster Mitigation

# • Partial Implementation Of The Federal Flood Risk Management Standard For Hazard Mitigation Assistance Programs (Interim)

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2021

Document type: Planning Tool, Policy

Disasters: Flood

Abstract: In its Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA) programs, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) utilizes the American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) 24-14,3 or latest edition, to establish minimum design and construction requirements for structure elevation, dry floodproofing, and mitigation reconstruction.4 Under this interim policy, the FFRMS FVA will be utilized to determine the minimum flood protection elevation for certain project types. This interim policy applies to all HMA programs: the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP), HMGP Post Fire, Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC), and Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA).

Plan\_Components : Strategies, Planning Processes

#### • Building Codes Toolkit

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2021

Document\_type: Manual for an Local Organization

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: The new FEMA Building Science Branch Building Codes Toolkit offers basic guidance and tools to help building owners and occupants learn about building codes and the process of making a building stronger against natural hazards.

Plan Components: Strategies, Planning Processes, Funding Mechanisms

#### • Building Code And Floodplain Management Administration And Enforcement

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2018

Document type: Policy

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Man-Made Disasters, Soil

Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: The Disaster Recovery Reform Act of 2018 (DRRA), amended Sections 402 and 406 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Stafford Act), and authorized FEMA to "provide assistance to state and local governments for building code and floodplain administration and enforcement, including inspections for substantial damage compliance"1 and "base and overtime wages for extra hires to facilitate the implementation and enforcement of adopted building codes for a period of not more than 180 days after the major disaster is declared."

Plan Components: Strategies, Funding Mechanisms

#### • Building Codes Save: A Nationwide Study

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2020

Document\_type : General Resource/ Foundational Research

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Soil Ero-

sion/Landslides

Abstract: The findings of the MAT investigations, the magnitude of recent hazard events,

and the escalating cost of natural disasters together revealed a compelling need to quantify the value of building codes in reducing damage from natural disasters nationwide.

Plan\_Components : Surveys/Assessments

#### • Protecting Communities And Saving Money

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2020

Document\_type : General Resource/ Foundational Research

Disasters : Tornado, Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: One of the most cost-effective ways to safeguard our communities against natural disasters is to adopt and follow hazard-resistant building codes. Not only are casualties reduced, but the cost of building damage is also reduced during a natural disaster. Building codes also help communities get back on their feet faster by minimizing indirect costs such as business interruptions and lost income. A new FEMA study has made the impact of building codes on sustainability clear. The cost of not adopting building codes is too high.

Plan\_Components : Surveys/Assessments, Strategies, Planning Processes, Funding Mechanisms, Case Studies

#### • Resilience Toolkit

Organization: ICC (International Code Council)

Year: 2022

Document\_type: Web-based Resource

Disasters : Tornado, Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Wildfires, Soil Ero-

sion/Landslides

Abstract: Over the past twenty years communities worldwide have experienced disaster events that have significantly impacted their society, economy, and culture. As populations grow, urban areas expand, and interconnectedness increases, the potential for a disaster event to have deeper and further-reaching consequences also increases. As a result, there is a need to implement measures that increase resilience across the social, organizational, and infrastructural aspects of communities -community resilience.

Plan\_Components : Strategies, Planning Processes

#### • Resilience Strategies For Wildfire

Organization: Center for Climate and Energy Solutions

Year : 2018

Document type: Planning Tool, Example Ordinances and Codes

Disasters: Wildfires

Abstract: The risk of wildfire is expected to grow across the United States due to reduced precipitation

in some regions, and higher temperatures caused by climate change. Wildfire has far-reaching impacts that can ripple through communities, regions, watersheds, and ecosystems. This paper overviews a number of adaptation strategies for areas with a projected increase in wildfire conditions. For each strategy, it will discuss design and operation costs, and primary and co-benefits. The paper includes a community case

study of Austin, Texas, which has used a number of these strategies, and a list of publications and interactive tools to help communities become more resilient to wildfire

Plan Components: Strategies, Planning Processes, Case Studies, Tools, Information

#### Tornado Risks And Hazards In The Midwest United States

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2007

Document type: General Resource/Foundational Research, Planning Tool

Disasters: Tornado

Abstract: The purpose of this Tornado Recovery Advisory (RA) is to summarize facts about the Midwest tornado hazard, specifically the area served by FEMA Region VII. Region VII includes Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska. The general population, specifically homeowners and renters, policy makers, local officials, builders, and building officials know and understand

that tornado occurrence in the Midwest is not a rare event. In fact, more than half of the 20 states with the highest frequency of tornado occurrence on record, and 4 of the top 5 (Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, and Nebraska) are located in the Midwest

Plan Components: Surveys/Assessments, Strategies, Tools, Information

#### • Tornado Protection Selecting Refuge Areas In Buildings

Organization: FEMA

Year: 2009

Document type: Manual for an Local Organization

Disasters : Tornado

Abstract: The guidance presented in this booklet is intended primarily to help building administrators, architects, and engineers select the best available refuge areas in existing schools. Building administrators, architects, and engineers are encouraged to apply this guidance so that the number of injuries and deaths will be minimized if a tornado strikes an occupied school

Plan Components: Strategies, Planning Processes, Case Studies, Tools, Information

#### • Sustainable Land Development Code City Of Greensburg, Kansas

Organization: GREENSBURG PLANNING COMMISSION

Year: 2011

Document\_type: Example Ordinances and Codes

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Soil Erosion/Landslides, Agricultural Disasters

Abstract: City code for Greensburg, Kansas. The small rural town is a unique example in which the entire town was destroyed by a tornado. This gave leeway for a complete reimagination of the town and code, building a sustainable and resilient community from the ground up.

Plan Components: Strategies, Tools, Green Infrastructure, Information

#### • Code Of Ordinances Village Of Thomasboro, Illinois

Organization: Order of the Board of Trustees, Village of Thomasboro

Document type: Example Ordinances and Codes

Disasters: Tornado, Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Earthquakes, Man-Made Disasters

Abstract : Code of Ordinances for a small rural town in Illinois. Plan\_Components : Strategies, Funding Mechanisms, Information

#### • State Of Illinois Illinois Department Of Natural Resources Model Stormwater Manage-

#### ment Ordinance

Organization: Illinois Department of Natural Resources

Year: 2015

Document\_type: Planning Tool, Manual for an Local Organization, Policy Disasters: Flood, Drought, Extreme Weather, Soil Erosion/Landslides

Abstract: In June 2015, the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Water Resources (IDNR/OWR) issued a report for the Urban Flooding Awareness Act. The report recognizes that combating the damages of urban flooding requires a coordinated approach from state and local governments. A critical component in that effort is for local governmental entities to adopt sound, comprehensive stormwater management ordinances that incorporate best practices. To that end, IDNR/OWR and the Illinois State Water Survey (ISWS) developed this Model Stormwater Management Ordinance as a

resource for counties and municipalities to use when drafting or revising their own stormwater ordinances. While local development, review, and approval processes are unique, IDNR/OWR provides this document as a template containing the minimum requirements for an effective ordinance and suggestions for more advanced stormwater protection

Plan Components: Tools, Green Infrastructure, Information

 ${\bf Appendix} \ {\bf A}$   ${\bf Interpretation \ of \ High \ Risk \ and \ Low \ Risk \ Areas \ at \ County \ Level}$ 

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Agri	Percentage Employed in Agricultural Occupations	A lower percentage of workers in the agricultural sector indicates a greater economic diversity, lower dependence on weather conditions, higher resilience and lower risk	Agricultural sector is most directly affected by natural disasters and extreme weather events such that their productivity goes down drastically. Therefore a predominantly agrarian economy represents lower economic resilience and greater disaster risk	Very Low
Agri LQ	Location Quotient of Agricultural Occupations	A lower LQ for the Agricultural Sector indicates a low risk	A higher LQ for Agricultural Businesses indicates a higher risk	Very High
Agro Percent	Percentage Employment in Agriculture and related Sectors	A lower percentage of workers in the agricultural sector indicates a greater economic diversity, lower dependence on weather conditions, higher resilience and lower risk	Agricultural sector is most directly affected by natural disasters and extreme weather events such that their productivity goes down drastically. Therefore a predominantly agrarian economy represents lower economic resilience and greater disaster risk	Very High
Airports	Non- Commercial -Civil Public Use Airports and Seaplane base	A higher value is associated is low risk	It indicates access to communication and transportation infrastructure which is essential in times of disasters. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
ALLNPDESperKM ln	All NPDES permits per 1000 km of stream, as permits per 1000km stream length, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates pollution of water resources. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Arts	Percentage Employed in Arts Occupations	A lower employment in the arts sector could indicate higher resilience to economic shocks and higher incomes and is therefore associated with lower risk	Although a higher proportion artists could signal a greater economic diversity, arts occupations are highly susceptible to natural disasters. Therefore a greater employment in arts industries could signal a higher disaster risk.	Very Low
Arts LQ	Location Quotient of Arts Occupations	A low LQ in the arts sector is associated with low risk	A high LQ in the arts sector is associated with higher risk	Very Low
Avg HHsize	Average Household Size	A smaller average household size indicates a greater proportion ofhousehold resources available to every individual in the household and is therefore a lower risk	Household sizes relate with the distribution of resources among individuals with the household. A greater average household size indicates a lesser proprotion of resources available to individuals and is therefore interpreted as a high risk	High
Avg temp	Average Temperature	A lower average temperature is associated with lower risk	A higher average temperate is associated with a higher risk	Moderate

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Bridges	Number of Bridges	A higher value is associated is low risk	It indicates access to transportation infrastructure which is essential in times of disasters. A lower value is associated with high riskA lower value is associated with high risk	Very High
Business establishments	Number of business es- tablishments	A higher value is associated is low risk	It represents access to resources , and economic vilatity. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very High
CaAve ln	Calcium (Ca) precipitation weighted mean in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Moderate
Civic related business rate	Rate of civic-related business per county	A higher value is associated is low risk	Civic-related businesses indicate a strong, built-environment and development industry. A lower value is associated with high risk	Low
CO8	Concentration of Pollutant	A lower concentration indicates less pollution and is associated with lower risk	A higher concentration indicates more pollution and is associated with higher risk	Low
Commuters withinCounty	Number of resident workers who commute within county	A higher value is associated is low risk	A lower commute time is assocatied with a health local economy. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
${\bf Commute Time}$	Time it takes from home to go to work in minutes	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Time spent in commute is associated with lack of productivity and extra expenses. A lower commute time is assocatied with a health local economy. A higher value is associated with high risk	High
construction	Percentage Employed in Construction Occupations	Construction and allied industries represent possibilities for robust economic growth and government investment. A greater employment in the construction industry also signals potential for development of local infrastructure. A higher employment in this sector is therefore a low risk	Lower employment in the construction sector indicates lower investment in built environment and infrastructure and high disaster risks	Very High
construction LQ	Location Quotient of Construction Occupations	A higher LQ for the construction industry indicates a low disaster risk	A lower LQ for the construction industry indictes a high disaster risk	High
Cost IncomeRatio	Ratio of Housing Cost to Household Income	A lower cost to income ratio indicates that households are successfully able to meet their financial demands and are more resilient to disasters. It is therefore a low risk.	A higher cost to income ratio indicates that households are unable to meet their financial needs and are more likely to suffer adversely during disasters. It is therefore associated with high risk.	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
COVID-19 death rate	All deaths occurring between January 1, 2020 and December 31, 2020 due to COVID-19, per 100,000 population (ageadjusted).	A Lower value is associated with low risk	A greater number of deaths owing to Covid-19 indicates pre-existing health conditions and comorbidities within the community. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
D303 Percent ln	% of stream length impaired in county, log-transfored	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates pollution of water resources. A higher value is associated with high risk	Low
Disabled Percent	Percentage of Disabled Persons	A lower percentage of disabled individuals in the community indicates a lower risk owing to reduced requirements for preparation, disaster and accessibility planning	A higher percentage of disabled individuals is associated with a high risk. They are disproportionately affected owing to inaccessible evacuation, response and recovery efforts and could often be left behind.	High
Docks	Total Docks	A higher value is associated is low risk	It indicates access to transportation infrastructure which is essential in times of disasters. A lower value is associated with high risk	Low
Edu	Percentage Employed in Education- related Occupations	A higher employment in the education sector signals a more skilled economy, which is typically more resilient to natural disasters. It is therefore a low risk	A lower employment in the education sector signals a less resilient, less skilled economy, and is therefore associated with high risk	Very High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Edu LQ	Location Quotient of Education- related Occupations	A high LQ in the education sector signals a higher economic resilience and low risk	A lower LQ in education sector signals a lower economic resilience and high risk	Low
Educated percent	Percentage of Educated Persons	A greater person of educated individuals is interpreted as low disaster risk	Lack of education is associated with social marginalization, lack of preparation and disaster planning. Therefore a lower percentage of educated individuals is interpreted as high risk.	Very Low
Education related business rate	Rate of education- related business per county	A higher value is associated is low risk	Education-related businesses enable a community to obtain access to education and child development resources. A lower value is associated with high risk	Low
Elderly growth percent	Growth Percent of Elderly Population	A lower percentage of older adults represents a lower disaster risk.	Older adults are more vulnerable to dosaster risks owing to functional problems, health and medication concerns. A greater percentage of older adults represents a higher risk.	

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
FemaleHeaded HHs Percent	Percentage of Households with Female Householder	A lower percentage of female headed households indicates a lower disaster risk, a more stable family and household structure, greater social integration and family support, and higher socio-economic status at the community level	of female headed households could indicate a higher disaster risk owing to greater chances of poverty, and particular risk from housing shocks and	High
FemaleLaborforce percent	Percentage of Labor Force constituted by Women	A higher participation of females in the workforce indicates increased incomes, and lowers or leads to sharing of unpaid care-work with other members of the family, leading to a more economically resilient community. Thus a higher female workforce participation indicates a low disaster risk	of women in the labour force is associated with lower	Very High
Females Percent	Percentage of Females	A good percentage of women represent a stable sex ratio for the area and is therefore a positive indicator	A low percentage of women could indicate an unstable sex ratio, thereby showing that there are fewer opportunities for women in the area. This could have negative consequences during a disaster	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Finance	Percentage Employed in Finance Occupations	Finance, realestate, etc. jobs are positively correlated with high incomes, job security and high economic resilience during disasters.  Therefore a greater employment ins uch industries poses a low risk and indicates a diverse economic base. A higher employment in such industries is associated with a low risk	A lower employment in finance, real estate etc. signals lower incomes and less resilient jobs.  Therefore, a lower employment in this sector is associated with high risk	Very High
Finance LQ	Location Quotient of Finance Occupations	A high LQ in finance, real estate, etc. signals a low risk	A low LQ in finance, real estate, etc. signals a high risk	Moderate
Food Environment Index	Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, from 0 (worst) to 10 (best).	A higher value is associated is low risk	A poor food environment reduces the physical and mental vitality of a community. A lower value is associated with high risk.	Very High
Freight railroad miles	Route miles of freight railroad	A higher value is associated is low risk	It indicates access to transportation infrastructure which is essential in times of disasters. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
fungicide ln	Fungicides applied in pounds, log- transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates soil quality and environmental pollution. During disasters, pollutants from the soil can contaminate the environment. A higher value is associated with high risk	Low
Gender Pay Gap	A ratio of women's median earnings to men's median earnings for all full-time, year-round workers, presented as "cents on the dollar."	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Gender inequality determines a society's ability to develop economically and equitably. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
GINI Index	GINI Index for Inequality Determina- tion	A lower GINI Index depicts lesser inequality in the industry and is associated with low risk	A higher inequality represents differential distribution of resources, greater poverty and lack of accessibility. A higher GINI Index is associated with high risk.	Very Low
GroupQuarters	GroupQuar- ters as part of	A lower concentration of group quarter residents is a low risk owing to greater access to recovery resources and social support	consist of unrelated	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Healthcare related business rate	Rate of healthcare- related businesses per county	A higher value is associated is low risk	Availability of health care businesses indicate access to medical resources during disasters. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very High
HelperPool	Percentage of Helpers in a time of crisis	A higher proportion of helpers indicates a lower risk, since a greater number of persons will be available for disaster recovery and mitigation efforts.	A goood number of participants in the helper pool could indicate greater support and emergency management in the community. A lower percentage of helpers represents a high risk.	High
herbicide ln	Herbicides applied in pounds, log- transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates soil quality and environmental pollution. During disasters, pollutants from the soil can contaminate the environment. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Homewownership	Perecentage Homewowners	A higher percentage of homeownership is associated with greater income and family stability and greater access to relief during a disaster. It is therefore a low risk	A lower percentage of homeownership signals lower incomes and support during disasters. It is therefore a higher risk.	Moderate
Inadequate Facilities	Percentage of households with inadequate infrastructure within their housing unit	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Inadequate infrastructure within the household lowers quality of life and residents' health. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Info	Percentage Employed in Information- based Occupations	Information industries are positively associated with mitigation planning and have the ability to shift to remote working during a disaster. Therefore, such a higher employment in such industries poses a low risk	A lower employment in infirmation industries signals a less diverse economic base and a higher susceptibility to natural disasters. It is therefore associated with higher disaster risks	Very High
Info LQ	Location Quotient of Information- based Occupations	A lower LQ in the information sector signals a low risk	A lower LQ in information sector signals a high risk	Low
insecticide ln	Insecticide applied in pounds, log- transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates soil quality and environmental pollution. During disasters, pollutants from the soil can contaminate the environment. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Kave ln	Potassium (K) precipitation weighted mean in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
LargeFam Percent	Percentage of Large Families as part of all Families	In case of smaller family sizes, a greater investment of the family's resources is possible leading to greater achievements. Therefore a smaller proportion of big families is a reduced social vulnerability during disasters	In case of large families, the same limited resources are shared by a large group of individuals owing to less investment per person. This can result in differential academic achievements and occupational performance. Thus prevalence of a bigger family size would indicate a higher disaster risk.	Very Low
LowIncome Percent	Percentage Low Income Population	A lower proportion of low income families indicates a greater access to resources for preparation and recovery from disasters and is hence a low disaster risk	of low income households lack of	Moderate
Management	Percentage Employed in Management Occupations	Management, Business and Science jobs are invariably correlated with greater incomes, social mobility and lower dependence on place-based work. Therefore they are more resilient during disasters and higher employment in these sector represent lower risks	A lower proportion of employees in Management, Business and Science professions indicates lower incomes and a low skill economy and is therefore indicative of higher disaster risks	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Management LQ	Location Quotient of Management Occupations	A higher LQ in management, business, or science indicates a low risk	A lower LQ in Management, business or science indicates a high risk	Very Low
Manufacturing	Percentage Employed in Manufactur- ing Occupations	A lower concentration of manufacturing industries/employment indicates lower chances of disruption during disasters. It is therefore an area of low risk	Manufacturing industries are directly affected by natural disasters. Extreme events cause great damage to the manufacturing units and their associated supply chains. A higher concentration of Manufacturing Industries is associated with high risk	Very Low
Manufacturing LQ	Location Quotient of Manufactur- ing Occupations	A lower LQ for manufacturing industries indicates a low risk	A higher LQ for manufacturing industries indicates a high risk	Moderate
Marinas	Total Marinas	A higher value is associated is low risk	It indicates access to transportation infrastructure which is essential in times of disasters. A lower value is associated with high risk	NA
Max temp	Maximum Temperature	A lower maximum temperature is associated with lower risk	A higher maximum temperature is associated with a higher risk	Moderate

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
MBS	Percentage Employed in Management, Business and Science Occupations	Management, Business and Science jobs are invariably correlated with greater incomes, social mobility and lower dependence on place-based work. Therefore they are more resilient during disasters and higher employment in these sector represent lower risks	A lower proportion of employees in Management, Business and Science professions indicates lower incomes and a low skill economy and is therefore indicative of higher disaster risks	Very High
MBS LQ	Location Quaotient of Managemnt, Business and Science Occupations	A high Location Quotient for Management, Business and Science professions indicates a more specialized, high income economy. It is indicative of low disaster risk	A low LQ for Management, Business and Science professions indicates a less specialized economy and is therefore indicative of lower economic diversity, lower incomes and high risk	Very Low
MedianHomeValue	Median Home Value	A higher home value indicates higher incomes, higher accessibility to funds during disaster and is therefore associated with low risk	A lower home value indicates lower incomes and is therefore associated with high risk	High
MentalHealth Provider Rate	Ratio of population to mental health providers.	A higher value is associated is low risk	A lower proportion of physicians indicates that community members may not have access to mental health resources during disasters. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
МННІ	Median Household Income	A higher income indicates greater avaiability of resources to cope with disasters as well as to prevent them. Therefore it is a low risk	Low income HHs tend to locate or concentrate in areas prone to natural disasters sich as floodplains, because the land is cheaper. Moreover they face resource deficiencies when a disaster strikes. A lower Median Household Income is associated with a higher disaster risk.	Low
Min temp	Minimum Temperature	A higher minimum temperature is associated with lower risk	A lower minimum temperature is associated with a higher risk	Moderate
MobileHomes	Mobile Homes as part of	A lower proportion of mobile homes indicates greater structural resilience of the housing sector and more stable economy	A greater proportion of mobile homes is associated with greater risk owing to structural problems and lower incomes.	High
NewHomes	Percentage of New Homes as part of Total Housing Stock	A higher proprotion of new homes indicates a greater structural resilience to natural disasters and is associated with a low risk	A lower porportion of new homes indicates the possibility of greater structural damage during disasters. It is therefore associated with a high risk	High
NO21	Concentration of Pollutant	A lower concentration indicates less pollution and is associated with lower risk	concentration indicates more	Very Low
NO2AM	Concentration of Pollutant	A lower concentration indicates less pollution and is associated with lower risk	concentration indicates more	Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
NO3Ave.x	Nitrate (NO3) precipitation weighted mean in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Moderate
NonWhite Percent	Percentage of Non-White Popula- tion**Minority Populations, add Hispanic Population	A lower population of ethnic minorities might indicate a less diverse population. However, in case of disaster vulnerability, a lower population of racial minorities has been represented as a lower vulnerability, owing to its correlations with poverty and health care outcomes.	Race and ethnicity are highly correlated with poverty and thus often with health outcomes. Owing to historical, systemic and structural barriers, racial minorities are often more susceptible to disasters and often lack the support mechanisms required to cope. As a result, a higher population of racial or ethnic minorities might (in conjunction with income, poverty, employment, education and other indicators) represent a greater vulnerability.	Very Low
NotMarried Percent	Percentage of Unmarried Persons	A lower percentage of unmarried individuals could indicate a lower vulnerability to disasters owing to the availability of social support that comes with having a family	of unmarried individuals could indicate lack of family	Very Low
O3	Concentration of Pollutant	A lower concentration indicates less pollution and is associated with lower risk	A higher concentration indicates more pollution and is associated with higher risk	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Old percent	Percentage of Elders**	A lower percentage population of elders indicates a lower vulnerability.	A higher percentage of elder population indicates a greater vulnerability, owing to physical infirmities, functional limitations and care needs.	High
OldHomes	Old Homes as part of Total	A lower proportion of old homes signals new construction that is more structurally resilient to natural disasters. It is therefore associated with low disaster risk	of houses that are built more than 30 years ago signals an old housing stock in need of repair and reconstruction. It is	High
Other county workers	Number of workers from other counties who commute to work in the county	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Asmaller commute time is associated with a health local economy. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Others	Percentage Employed in Other Occupations	Employment across other sectors represents diversification of the economic base and is therefore positively correlated with economic resilience. It is therefore a low risk	A lower employment in other sectors represents a less diverse and creative economy. It is therefore associated with high risks	Very Low
Others LQ	Location Quotient of Other Occupations	A higher LQ in other industries is associated with low risk	A lower LQ in other industries is associated with high risk	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Overcrowding	Overcrowded Homes as part of Total	A lower proportion of vercrowded units signals higher incomes and well-maintained, structurally sound housing units which are resilient to disasters. It is therefore associated with low risk	housing unit,	Moderate
Passenger railroad miles	Route miles of passenger railroad and rail transit	A higher value is associated is low risk	It indicates access to transportation infrastructure which is essential in times of disasters. A lower value is associated with high risk	Moderate
Pb3	Concentration of Pollutant	A lower concentration indicates less pollution and is associated with lower risk	A higher concentration indicates more pollution and is associated with higher risk	Low
pct au ln	Animal Units, animal units per county acres, log- transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates soil quality and environmental pollution. During disasters, pollutants from the soil can contaminate the environment. A higher value is associated with high risk	Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
pct disease acres ln	Chemicals used to control Diseases in crops and orchards, acres applied per county acres, log- transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates soil quality and environmental pollution. During disasters, pollutants from the soil can contaminate the environment. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
pct harvested acres ln	Harvested acres, acres harvested per county acres, log- transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates soil quality and environmental pollution. During disasters, pollutants from the soil can contaminate the environment. A higher value is associated with high risk	Moderate
PCT IRRIGATED ACRES ln	Irrigated acres, acres irrigated per county acres, log-transformed	A higher value is associated is low risk	A lower value is associated with high risk, since poor irrigation can lead to agricultural failure	Very Low
pct manure acres ln	Manure, acres applied per county acres , log-transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates soil quality and environmental pollution. During disasters, pollutants from the soil can contaminate the environment. A higher value is associated with high risk	Low
Per PSWithSW.x	Percent of Public Supply Population which is on Surface Water	A Lower value is associated with high risk	It indicates access to water resources. A higher value is associated with low risk	Moderate

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Per TotPopSS.x	Percent of Population on Self Supply	A Lower value is associated with high risk	It indicates access to water resources. A higher value is associated with low risk	High
Percent Medium- FairCondition Bridges	% of Medium to Fair Condition Bridges	A higher value is associated is low risk	It indicates access to transportation infrastructure which is essential in times of disasters. A lower value is associated with high risk	Moderate
Percent AssistanceNeed	Percentage of Population with Assisstance Need	A lower percentage of people withfood assistance indicates higher incomes and economic resilience, and is therefore a low risk area	A high proportion of persons with assistance needs indicates poverty and lack of socio-economic resilience. Therefore it is interpreted as a high risk.	High
Percent BachelorsDegree	Percentage of Population with Bachelors' Degree	A greater proportion of persons with bachelors' degree indicates a greater likelihood of being employed by a variety of employers, along with a higher concentration of high skilled high income positions. Therefore it is interpreted as a lowrisk	A lower porportion of persons with a bachelor's degree indicates a lower number of persons with skills for career advancement. It indicates lack of skilled labour in the workforce and tehrefore lower incomes and social mobility. Therefore it is interpreted as a high risk factor	Moderate
Percent Children in Poverty	Percentage of people under age 18 in poverty.	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Children living in poverty indicate inadquate resources available for growth, education and development. A higher value is associated with high risk	High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Percent Commuters	Percentage of Population who Commute to work regularly	A lower percentage of commuters indicates that most workers live near where they work and can continue their jobs irrespective of transportation network disruptions. Therefore it is an area of low risk	invariably affect transportation routes and make it difficult for persons requiring	Very Low
Percent commuters by transit	Percent of resident workers who commute by transit	A Lower value is associated with low risk	A lower commute time is assocatied with a health local economy. A higher value is associated with high risk	Moderate
Percent Disconnected Youth	Percentage of teens and young adults ages 16-19 who are neither working nor in school.	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Teens and young adults need to either be in school, or part of the workforce, to be able to cultivate a healthy, self-sufficient lifestyle, involved hopeful and forward looking endeavours. Disconnected youth have been positively associated with poverty, unempoyment and crime. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Percent Exercise Access	Percentage of population with adequate access to locations for physical activity.	A higher value is associated is low risk	Lower physical exercise increases health risks with age. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Percent Food Insecure	Percentage of population who lack adequate access to food.	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Access to food indicates community health. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Percent HousingProblems	Percentage of households with at least 1 of 4 housing problems: overcrowding, high housing costs, lack of kitchen facilities, or lack of plumbing facilities.	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Unavailability of housing infrastructure adversely affects residents' health.A higher value is associated with high risk	Low
Percent income required for childcare expenses	Childcare costs for a household with two children as a percent of median household income	A Lower value is associated with low risk	A high burden of childcare costs indicates that a family may not be able to provide for its other necessary expenditures. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Percent LanguageBarrier	Percentage of Population facing Language Barrier	A lower proportion of persons with language problems indicates greater accessibility to disaster relief efforts and is therefore an area of lowe risk		Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Percent Limited Access to Healthy Foods	Percentage of population who are low-income and do not live close to a grocery store.	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Persons who are low income lack access to healthy food, especially if they live away from grocery stores and lack transportation. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Percent NoHealthIns	Percentage of Population without Health Insurance	Greater health insurance coverage is correlated with better health conditions and higher economic productivity.  Therefore a higher number of persons with health insurance is a low risk	on health as patients are less likely to receive preventive health care, or affordable medical	Very Low
Percent PoorCondition Bridges	% of Poor Condition Bridges	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates access to quality transportation infrastructure which is essential in times of disasters. A higher value is associated with high risk	Moderate
Percent rural	Percentage of population living in rural areas	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Rural areas often lack access to resources and are geogrpahically isolated. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Percent Section8	Rate of low-rent + section-eight units in county	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Greater proportion of low income housing indicates poverty and declining housing quality. A higher value is associated with high risk	High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Percent Vaccinated	Percentage of Households vaccinated against Covid-19 and other diseases	A higher value is associated is low risk	A high proportion of vaccination indicates that the community is safe against the Covid-19 pandemic. A lower value is associated with high risk	Moderate
Percent work at home	Resident workers who work at home	A higher value is associated is low risk	A lower commute time is assocatied with a health local economy. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very High
Physically Unhealthy Days	Average number of physically unhealthy days per year for the population	A Lower value is associated with low risk	A higher value is associated with high risk because people are more prone to being affected by disaster risks	Moderate
PM10	Concentration of Pollutant	A lower concentration indicates less pollution and is associated with lower risk	A higher concentration indicates more pollution and is associated with higher risk	Low
PM2.5	Concentration of Pollutant	A lower concentration indicates less pollution and is associated with lower risk	concentration indicates more	Very Low
PM2Point5	Concentration of Pollutant	A lower concentration indicates less pollution and is associated with lower risk	A higher concentration indicates more pollution and is associated with higher risk	Very Low
Population	Total Population	A small number of people will be affected by a disaster	A large number of persons will be affected by the disaster	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
poverty	Percentage Below Poverty Line	A lower poverty indicates less exposure to disaster risks and greater accessibility to exigency funds. It is therefore a low risk	Poverty can be both a cause and consequence of disaster risk. A greater poverty is associated with a higher risk	High
Precipitation	Precipitation	A lower precipitation is associated with a lower risk	A higher precipitation is associated with higher risk	Moderate
PrimaryCare Physicians Rate	Ratio of population to primary care physicians.	A higher value is associated is low risk	A lower proportion of physicians indicates that community members may not have access to medical help during disasters and have to rely on external support. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very High
PrimeWorkingAge percent	Percentage of population in Prime Working Age	persons of working age indicates a greater labour pool available for the local	existing workfore and	Very Low
PT	Percentage Employed in Production and Trans- portation Occupations	A lower concentration of production and transportation industries indicates a lower dependence of the economic base on land, location and natural resources. It is therefore more economically resilient and a low risk	Both production and transportation industries are dependent on avaibality of local natural resources and are therefore more susceptible to natural disasters. A higher employment in such industries signals greater disater risk.	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
PT LQ	Location Quotient of Production and Trans- portation Occupations	A lower concentration of the production and transportation idnustry indicates a low risk		Moderate
Radon.x	Radon zone, ordinal value	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates environmental quality and stability. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Recent Immigrants Percent	Percentage of Recent Immigrant Individuals	A lower percentage of immigrants represents a lower disaster risk owing to more equitable access to local and regional resources within the community and lack of communication barriers		Moderate
Recreation related business rate	Rate of recreation- related businesses per county	A lower value is associated with low risk	Greater proportion of recreation-related business indicate hightened economic instability during disasters. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Rental CostBurden below20000	Housing Cost Burden on renters whose incomes are below 20,000 USD	A lower proportion of cost-burdened low income households indicates greater economic resilience among low-income renters. This is an asset during natural disasters and is a low risk area	A higher proportion of low income rental households who are housing cost burdened signals a higher concentration of highly vulnerable households in the community. This is an area of high risk, structurally, financially and socially	Very Low

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Rental Overcrowding	Percentage of Rental Units that are Overcrowded	A lower proportion of overcrowded rental units indicates a more affordable rental housing stock, and a more resilient rental population. It is a low risk	of rental units which	High
Rented	Percentage Renters	A lower proportion of renters signals greater homeownership, higher incomes and access to resources. This is therefore an area of low risk		Very Low
Renter MHHI	Monthly Household Income of Renters	A higher income indicates greater capacity to cope with disasters. It is therefore associated with low risk.	A lower income indicates a lower capacity to cope with disasters and is associated with high risk	Low
Renters Cost IncomeRatio	Ratio of Renter Housing Cost to Household Income	A lower cost to income ratio for renters indicates that rental households are successfully able to meet their financial demands and are more resilient to disasters. It is therefore a low risk.	A higher cost to income ratio for renters indicates that rental households are unable to meet their financial needs and are more likely to suffer adversely during disasters. It is therefore associated with high risk.	Very High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Resident Workers	Number of resident workers	A higher value is associated is low risk	Greater number of workers represent greater economic participation. A lower value is associated with high risk	Very High
Retail	Percentage Employed in Retail Occupations	Although prone to natural disasters, retail industries generally show a higher resilience to natural disasters than wholesale industries. This is because they are less likely to be low mitigators and often associated with having a plan unlike wholesale industries. Thus a higher employment in retail industries is associated with low risk.	A lower employment in retail industries signals lower economic resilience and is associated with higher risk	Very High
Retail LQ	Location Quotient of Retail Occupations	A higher LQ in retail industries is associated with low risk	A lower LQ in retail industries is associated with high risk	Very High
Sales	Percentage Employed in Sales Occupations	Employment in sales is associated with higher pay greater skills and organizational support. It signals greater economic resilience and low risk	A lower employment in sales industries could indicate a less entrepreneurial economy, lower resilience and therefore higher disaster risk	Very High
Sales LQ	Location Quotient of Service Occupations	A higher LQ for the service sector indicates a low risk	A lower LQ for sales industries is associated with high risk	Very High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Segregation Index	Index of dissimilarity where higher values indicate greater residential segregation between non-white and white county residents.	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Dissimilarity or segregation indicates social inequality and differential access to resources. A higher value is associated with high risk	High
Service	Percentage Employed in Service	Service sector is a huge contributor to the economic productivity and bolsters the primary and secondary economic sectors as well and provides a huge source of employment. A higher employment in the service sector signals greater economic resilience and lower risk.	A lower proportion of workers in the service sector indicates a less developed and resilient economy with greater dependence on place-based work. It is therefore an area of high risk.	Very High
Service LQ	Location Quotient of Service Occupations	A higher LQ for the service sector indicates a high risk	A lower LQ for the service sector indicates a lower resilience and higher risk	Moderate
SingleParent Percent	Percentage of Single Parent Households	A lower proportion of single parent households indicates a lower disaster vulnerability, owing to lesser probability of financial, academic and behavioural problems which have been correlated with single parent households.	Children living in single-parent households have greater risks to their physical and social health and wellbeing compared with other family structures such as two parent or grandparent headed households. Thus, a greater proprotion of single parent households represents a higher disaster risk	Moderate

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Skilled Percent	Percentage of Skilled Persons	A higher number of skilled individuals represents a lower disaster risk	Lack of occupational skill is associated with lower incomes and employment benefits and therefore less resources for disaster recovery. Therefore, a lower percentage of skilled workers indicates a greater disaster risk.	Very High
SO4Ave ln	Sulfate (SO4) precipitation weighted mean in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Low
Social Association Rate	Number of membership associations per 10,000 population.	A higher value is associated is low risk	A high rate of social associations indicates healthy relationships and community life. A lower value is associated with high risk	Moderate
std coal prim pop ln	Primarily coal mines, mines per county population, as proportion	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates mining activities and environmental stability. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
std metal prim pop ln	Primarily metal mines, mines per county population, as proportion	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates mining activities and environmental stability. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
std nonmetal prim pop ln	Primarily nonmetal mines, mines per county population, as proportion	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates mining activities and environmental stability. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
std sandandgravel prim pop ln	Primarily sand and gravel mines, mines per county population, as proportion	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates mining activities and environmental stability. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
std stone prim pop ln	Primarily stone mines, mines per county population, as proportion	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It indicates mining activities and environmental stability. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very High
Total	Total Housing Stock	A lower number of housing units indicates less damage during a disaster and is associated with low risk	possibility of greater	Very Low
Transport	Percentage Employed in Transporta- tion Occupations	Like retail, transportation businesses are often associated with having business plans, more structurally sound and meets standards. Thus a higher employment in transportation indicates a low risk	A lower employment in transportation business could mean that the businesses are not widely spread out and less economically resilient. It is interpreted as a high risk.	Very High
Transport LQ	Location Quotient of Transporta- tion Occupations	A higher LQ in transportation industries is associated with low risk	A lower LQ in transportation industries associated with high risk	Low
Unemployment percent	Percentage of Unemployed Persons	A lower rate of unemployment indicates a more stable and resilient economic environment and is therefore associated with lower disaster risks	A high rate of unemployment could indicate a range of socio-economic vulnerabilities and political struggles. It indicates lower economic resilience during disasters and is therefore associated with high risk	High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Units SingleFamily	Percentage of Single Family Units	A lower porportion of single family units signals greater housing mix, affordability and greater housing resilience. It is therefore associated with low risk	A greater proportion of single family homes signals lesser housing diversity and therefore higher risks for low income populations. It is associated with higher risk	Low
UnstableEmploymen Percent	t Percentage Population with Unstable Employment	A lower proportion of workers with unstable employment indicates greater economic stability and resilience, higher incomes and greater access to disaster recovery resources. It is therefore a low risk		Very Low
Vacancy	Percentage Vacant Units	A lower proportion of vacant units signals greater utilization of available built environment resources, greater maintenance and lower probability of structural damage. It is therefore associated with low risk	A high proportion of vacant units signals a weak economic base and possibilities of blight and structural damage. It is therefore associated with a high risk	Very High
Vice related business rate	Rate of vice-related businesses per county as proportion of total businesses	A Lower value is associated with low risk	Greater proportion of vice-related business indicate hightened economic instability during disasters. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Violent Crime Rate	Number of reported violent crime offenses per 100,000 population.	A Lower value is associated with low risk	A high of crimes indicates safety issues within the community. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
W As ln	Arsenic in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
W Ba ln	Barium in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
W Cd ln	Cadmium in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
W CN ln	Cyanide in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
W Cr ln	Chromium (total) in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
W FL ln	Fluoride in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
W HG ln	Mercury (inorganic) in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
W NO2 ln	Nitrite (as N) in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Low
W NO3 ln	Nitrate (as N) in mg/L, log transformed	A Lower value is associated with low risk	It is a pollutant. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very High

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
Walkability Score	Walkability score (ordinal)	A higher value is associated is low risk	High walkability scores indicate greater community vitality and economic accessibility. A lower value is associated with high risk	High
Wholesale	Percentage Employed in Wholesale Trade	A lower employment in wholesale businesses signals a greater economic resilience and low risk	Wholesale and retail businesses are more vulnerable to natural disasters and are more likely to close after disasters. They are also more likely to be low mitigators. A higher proportion of employment in the wholesale industry signals a high disaster risk	Very Low
Wholesale LQ	Location Quotient of Wholesale Trade Occupations	A lower LQ in wholesale industries is associated with low risk	A higher LQ is wholesale industries is associated with high risk	Very High
Workers to OtherCounties	Number of resident workers who commute to work in other counties	A Lower value is associated with low risk	A lower commute time is assocatied with a health local economy. A higher value is associated with high risk	Very Low
Working Nonworking ratio	Ratio of Working to Non-working Population	A high ratio indicates lower risk	This ratio indocates the amount of labor resources available in the market, and signals unemployment, income and other economic factors. A low ratio indicates a lower economic resilience to market shocks and is therefore high risk.	Very Low

## (continued)

Indicator	Definition	Low Risk Interpretation	High Risk Interpretation	Risk Level
WorkNearby percent	Workers who live near their	A greater proportion of persons who live near their place of work indicates a lower dependence on commute and transportation networks and a more robust resilient economy. Therefore it is a low risk	and a greater risk of	Low
Young percent	Percentage of Young Persons	A small percentage of children would mean less vulnerability to disasters	A large percentage of children would indicate a greater vulnerability to disasters	Low

## ${\bf Appendix\ B}$ ${\bf High\ Risk\ and\ Low\ Risk\ Areas\ at\ Rural,\ Urban\ and\ Census\ Place\ Levels}$

Indicator	Risk Level (Rural)	Risk Level (Places)
Agri	Very High	Very Low
Agri LQ	Very High	Very High
Agro Percent	Very High	Very High
Airports	Low	Low
ALLNPDESperKM ln	Very Low	Very Low
Arts	Very Low	Very Low
Arts LQ	Very Low	Very Low
Avg HHsize	Very High	Very High
Avg Temp	Moderate	Moderate
Bridges	Very High	Very High
Business establishments	Very High	Very High
CaAve ln	Moderate	Moderate
Civic related business rate	Low	Low
CO8	Very Low	Very Low
Commuters withinCounty	Very Low	Very Low
CommuteTime	High	High
construction	High	Very High
construction LQ	Moderate	High
Cost IncomeRatio	Low	High
COVID-19 death rate	Very Low	Very Low
D303 Percent ln	Low	Low
Disabled Percent	High	Very Low
Docks	Low	Low
Edu	High	Very High
Edu LQ	Very Low	Very Low
Educated percent	Low	High
Education related business rate	Low	Low
Elderly growth percent	Very Low	Very Low
FemaleHeaded HHs Percent	Moderate	High
FemaleLaborforce percent	Very Low	Very Low

Females Percent Finance Moderate Very High Finance LQ Low Very High Very High Freight railroad miles Very High Very High Freight railroad miles Very High Very High Very High Freight railroad miles Very High Very High Very High Freight railroad miles Very High Very High Very High Freight railroad miles Very High Very High Very Low Gender Pay Gap Gini Index Very Low Very Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery High Wery High Wery High Woderate Uvery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Woderate Unfo Wery Low Wery High Wertal Health Provider Rate Wery High Wertal Health Provider Rate Wery High Wertal Health Provider Rate Wery High Wery High Wertal Health Provider Rate Wery High Wery High Wertal Health W	Indicator	Risk Level (Rural)	Risk Level (Places)
Finance LQ Food Environment Index Freight railroad miles Freight Revy Low Frey High Freight Raile	Females Percent	Low	Very Low
Food Environment Index Freight railroad miles Freight High Very Low Frey Low Management LQ Frey Low Frey Low Manufacturing Freight Railroad Wery Low Frey Low Manufacturing LQ Frey Low Frey Low Moderate Frey High Freight Railroad Wery High Freight Railroad Railroad Wery High Freight Railroad Rai	Finance	Moderate	Very High
Freight railroad miles  fungicide ln  Low  Cender Pay Gap  Very Low  GINI Index  Very Low  Very Low  Woderate  GroupQuarters  Healthcare related business rate  Very High  Very High  Wery High  HelperPool  Wery Low  Herbicide ln  Wery Low  Homewownership  High  Moderate  Info  Low  Wery Low  Woderate  Moderate  Wery Low  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery High  Moderate  Very High  MedianHomeValue  MedianHomeValue  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Very High  Very High	Finance LQ	Low	Very High
fungicide ln Gender Pay Gap GINI Index Very Low Very Low Moderate GroupQuarters Very Low Healthcare related business rate Very High Wery High Wery High HelperPool Very Low Very Low Very Low Homewownership High Moderate Info LQ Info Low Wery Low Wery Low Info Low Wory Low Wery Low Info Low Woderate Info LQ Very Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wory Low Wery Low Wory High Management Low Wory High Management LQ Moderate Wory Low Wory Low Manufacturing Low Wory Low Wory Low Manufacturing LQ Moderate Woderate Wory Low Wery Low Wery Low Weigh MBS LQ Wery Low Wery High Wery High Wert Allealth Provider Rate Wery High Very High Wert High Wery High Wert High Wery High	Food Environment Index	Very High	Very High
Gender Pay Gap GINI Index Very Low Moderate GroupQuarters Very Low Healthcare related business rate Very High Wery High HelperPool Very Low Very Low Hemewownership High Moderate Inadequate Facilities Info Low Info Low Moderate Info LQ Insecticide In Very Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wory Low Info Low Moderate Info LQ Very Low Wery Low Wory Low Wory Low Wory Low Wory Low Wory High Management Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Wery High Manufacturing Low Wery Low Moderate Wery Low Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Wery Low Moderate Wery High Mess Moderate Wery High Wery High Wery High Wery High MentalHealth Provider Rate Wery High Very High MentalHealth Provider Rate Very High MentalHealth Provider Rate Very High MentalHealth Provider Rate Very High Wery High	Freight railroad miles	Very High	Very High
GINI Index GroupQuarters Very Low Healthcare related business rate Very High Very High Very High HelperPool Very Low Healthcare related business rate Very High Very High Very High HelperPool Very Low HelperPool Very Low Homewownership High Moderate Inadequate Facilities Inadequate Facilities Info Low Moderate Info Low Info Very Low Info Very Low Info Very Low Info Very Low Wery Low Very Low Very Low Very Low Very Low Very Low Very Low Woderate Management Moderate Management Low Wery High Management LQ Wery Low Wery Low Manufacturing Low Wery Low Manufacturing LQ Moderate Moderate MBS Moderate Wery Low Wery Low MedianHomeValue High Wery High	fungicide ln	Low	Low
GroupQuarters  Healthcare related business rate  Very High  Very High  Very High  Very High  HelperPool  HelperPool  Herbicide In  Very Low  Homewownership  High  Moderate  Inadequate Facilities  Very Low  Info  Low  Moderate  Info LQ  Info LQ  Info LQ  Info LQ  Info Low  Moderate  Info LQ  Info Low  Wery Low  High  Insecticide In  Very Low  LowIncome Percent  Moderate  Moderate  Management  Low  Very High  Manufacturing  Low  Moderate  Very High  Mess LQ  MedianHomeValue  MedianHomeValue  High  Very High  Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Very High  Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Very High	Gender Pay Gap	Very Low	Very Low
Healthcare related business rate  Very High  Very Low  Low  herbicide ln  Very Low  High  Moderate  Inadequate Facilities  Info  Low  Moderate  Info  Low  Wery Low  High  insecticide ln  Very Low  LowIncome Percent  Moderate  Moderate  Management  Low  Very High  Management LQ  Very Low  Very Low  Very High  Manufacturing  Low  Very Low  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Very High  MeliahlomeValue  MeliahlomeValue  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Very High  Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Very High  Very High	GINI Index	Very Low	Moderate
HelperPool herbicide ln Very Low Very Low Very Low Homewownership High Moderate Inadequate Facilities Info Low Moderate Info Low Moderate Info LQ Info Very Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Very High Management Low Wery High Wanufacturing Low Wery Low Moderate Moderate Moderate MBS Moderate Wery High	GroupQuarters	Very Low	Very Low
Herbicide In Homewomership High Moderate Inadequate Facilities Info Low Moderate Info Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wory Low Very Low Very Low Very Low LowIncome Percent Moderate Moderate Management Low Wery High Management LQ Wery Low Wery High Wanufacturing Low Wery Low Moderate Wery Low Moderate Wory Low Wery High Moderate Wery Low Moderate Wery Low Moderate Wery Low Moderate Wery Low Moderate Moderate Moderate MBS Moderate Wery High Moderate Wery High Wery High Wery High Wery High WentalHealth Provider Rate Wery High Wery High Wery High Wery High MHHI	Healthcare related business rate	Very High	Very High
Homewownership Inadequate Facilities Very Low Info Low Moderate Info LQ Info LQ Very Low Wery Low High insecticide ln Very Low Wery Low Very Low Very Low LowIncome Percent Moderate Management Low Wery High Management LQ Wery Low Wery High Wanufacturing Low Wery Low Wery Low Manufacturing LQ Moderate Woderate Woderate Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Wery Low Manufacturing LQ Moderate Wery Low Moderate Wery Low Max Temp Moderate Woderate Woderate Wery High Wery High Wery Low Wery High Wery High Wental Health Provider Rate Wery High Wery High Wery High Wery High Wery High Wery High	HelperPool	Very Low	Low
Inadequate Facilities  Very Low  Info  Low  Moderate  Info LQ  Very Low  High  insecticide ln  Very Low  Kave ln  High  High  LargeFam Percent  Low  Very High  Management  Low  Very High  Management LQ  Very Low  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery High  MedianHomeValue  Migh  Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Moderate  Very High  Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Moderate  Very High  Very High	herbicide ln	Very Low	Very Low
Info LQ  Info LQ  Very Low  High  insecticide ln  Very Low  Very Low  Very Low  Kave ln  High  High  High  LargeFam Percent  Very Low  Very Low  Very Low  LowIncome Percent  Moderate  Management  Low  Very High  Manufacturing  Low  Very Low  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Wery Low  Very High  Manufacturing LQ  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery High  MBS  Moderate  Very High  MBS LQ  Wery Low  Wery Low  MedianHomeValue  High  Wery High  Wery High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Very High  MHHI  Low  Very High	Homewownership	High	Moderate
Info LQ insecticide ln Very Low Very Low Very Low Kave ln High High High LargeFam Percent Very Low LowIncome Percent Moderate Management Low Very High Management LQ Wery Low Very Low Very High Manufacturing Low Moderate Very Low Moderate Very Low Moderate Wery Low Moderate Moderate Wery High MBS Moderate Very High Wery Low MedianHomeValue High Wery High Very High MentalHealth Provider Rate Wery High Very High MHHI Low Very High	Inadequate Facilities	Very Low	Very Low
insecticide In  Kave In  High  High  High  LargeFam Percent  Very Low  Very Low  Very Low  LowIncome Percent  Moderate  Moderate  Management  Low  Very High  Manufacturing  Low  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Wery High  Mess LQ  Very Low  Very Low  Very High  Wery High  Very High  Wert High  Wery High  Wert High  Wery High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  MHHI  Low  Very High	Info	Low	Moderate
Kave In  LargeFam Percent  Very Low  Very Low  LowIncome Percent  Moderate  Moderate  Management  Low  Very High  Manufacturing  Low  Very Low  Moderate  Very Low  Manufacturing LQ  Moderate  Woderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Wery Low  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Wery High  MBS  Moderate  Very High  Wery Low  MedianHomeValue  High  Very High  Wery High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Wery High  Very High  MHHI  Low  Very High	Info LQ	Very Low	High
LargeFam Percent  Very Low  Very Low  LowIncome Percent  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Very High  Management LQ  Very Low  Very High  Manufacturing  Low  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Very High  Mental Health Provider Rate  Very High  Very High  Moderate  Very High  Very High  Mental Health Provider Rate  Very High  Moderate  Very High  Very High  Mental Health Provider Rate  Very High  Moderate  Very High	insecticide ln	Very Low	Very Low
LowIncome Percent  Management Low Very High Management LQ Very Low Very High Manufacturing Low Moderate Very Low Manufacturing LQ Moderate Very Low Max Temp Moderate Moderate  MBS Moderate Very High MBS LQ Very Low Very Low Very High Very High Very Low MedianHomeValue High Very High Very High MentalHealth Provider Rate Wery High Very High Very High Very High MHHI Low Very High	Kave ln	High	High
Management Low Very High Management LQ Very Low Very High Manufacturing Low Wery Low Manufacturing LQ Moderate Very Low Max Temp Moderate MBS Moderate Wery High Wery High Very Low Very Low Very High Wery Low Wery Low Very Low WedianHomeValue High Wery High Very High WentalHealth Provider Rate Wery High Very High Very High Wery High MHHI Low Very High	LargeFam Percent	Very Low	Very Low
Management LQ  Very Low  Manufacturing  Low  Moderate  Very Low  Moderate  Very High  MelianHomeValue  High  Very High  Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Moderate  Very High  Very High  Very High  Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate  Moderate  Very High  Very High  Very High	LowIncome Percent	Moderate	Moderate
Manufacturing Low Very Low  Manufacturing LQ Moderate Very Low  Max Temp Moderate Moderate  MBS Moderate Very High  MBS LQ Very Low Very Low  MedianHomeValue High Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate Very High  MHHI Low Very High	Management	Low	Very High
Manufacturing LQ  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  Moderate  MBS  Moderate  Very High  Very Low  Very Low  MedianHomeValue  High  Very High  Very High  WentalHealth Provider Rate  MHHI  Low  Very High	Management LQ	Very Low	Very High
Max Temp  Moderate  Moderate  Wery High  MBS LQ  Very Low  Very Low  MedianHomeValue  High  Very High  Very High  WentalHealth Provider Rate  Wery High  Low  Very High	Manufacturing	Low	Very Low
MBS Moderate Very High  MBS LQ Very Low Very Low  MedianHomeValue High Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate Very High  Low Very High	Manufacturing LQ	Moderate	Very Low
MBS LQ Very Low Very Low  MedianHomeValue High Very High  MentalHealth Provider Rate Very High  MHHI Low Very High	Max Temp	Moderate	Moderate
MedianHomeValue High Very High MentalHealth Provider Rate Very High Low Very High Very High	MBS	Moderate	Very High
MentalHealth Provider Rate  Very High  Low  Very High  Very High	MBS LQ	Very Low	Very Low
MHHI Low Very High	MedianHomeValue	High	Very High
	MentalHealth Provider Rate	Very High	Very High
Min Temp Moderate Moderate	MHHI	Low	Very High
	Min Temp	Moderate	Moderate

Indicator	Risk Level (Rural)	Risk Level (Places)
MobileHomes	High	Moderate
NewHomes	High	High
NO21	Very Low	Very Low
NO2AM	Very Low	Very Low
NO3Ave.x	Moderate	Moderate
NonWhite Percent	Low	Moderate
NotMarried Percent	Low	Very Low
NoVehicle Pop	Moderate	High
O3	Very Low	Very Low
Old percent	High	Low
OldHomes	High	High
Other county workers	Very Low	Very Low
Others	Very Low	High
Others LQ	Very Low	High
Overcrowding	High	Very Low
Passenger railroad miles	Moderate	Moderate
Pb3	Very Low	Very Low
pct au ln	Low	Low
pct disease acres ln	Very Low	Very Low
pct harvested acres ln	Moderate	Moderate
PCT IRRIGATED ACRES ln	Very Low	Very Low
pct manure acres ln	Low	Low
Per PSWithSW.x	Moderate	Moderate
Per TotPopSS.x	High	High
Percent MediumFairCondition Bridges	Moderate	Moderate
Percent AssistanceNeed	Very High	Very Low
Percent BachelorsDegree	Low	Very High
Percent BroadbandAccess	Very High	Very High
Percent Children in Poverty	High	High
Percent Commuters	Very Low	Very Low
Percent commuters by transit	Moderate	Moderate
Percent Disconnected Youth	Very Low	Very Low

Indicator	Risk Level (Rural)	Risk Level (Places)
Percent Exercise Access	Very High	Very High
Percent Food Insecure	Very Low	Very Low
Percent HousingProblems	Low	Low
Percent income required for childcare expenses	Very Low	Very Low
Percent LanguageBarrier	High	Very Low
Percent Limited Access to Healthy Foods	Very Low	Very Low
Percent NoHealthIns	Low	Very Low
Percent PoorCondition Bridges	Moderate	Moderate
Percent rural	Very Low	Very Low
Percent Section8	High	High
Percent Vaccinated	Moderate	Moderate
Percent work at home	Very High	Very High
Physically Unhealthy Days	Moderate	Moderate
PM10	Very Low	Very Low
PM2.5	Very Low	Very Low
PM2Point5	Very Low	Very Low
Population	Very Low	NA
poverty	Moderate	Moderate
Precipitation	Moderate	Moderate
PrimaryCare Physicians Rate	Very High	Very High
PrimeWorkingAge percent	Low	Moderate
PT	Low	Very Low
PT LQ	Moderate	High
Radon.x	Very Low	Very Low
Recent Immigrants Percent	Very Low	Very Low
Recreation related business rate	Very Low	Very Low
Rental CostBurden below	Very High	NA
Rental CostBurden below20000	NA	Very Low
Rental Overcrowding	Very High	Very Low
Rented	Very Low	Very Low

Indicator	Risk Level (Rural)	Risk Level (Places)
Renter MHHI	Very Low	Very High
Renters Cost IncomeRatio	Moderate	Very Low
Resident Workers	Very High	Very High
Retail	Very High	Very High
Retail LQ	Very High	Very High
Sales	Very High	Very High
Sales LQ	Very High	Very High
Segregation Index	Very High	Very High
Service	High	Very High
Service LQ	Moderate	Moderate
SingleParent Percent	High	Low
Skilled Percent	High	Very High
SO21	Low	Low
SO4Ave ln	Low	Low
Social Association Rate	Moderate	Moderate
std coal prim pop ln	Very Low	Very Low
std metal prim pop ln	Very Low	Very Low
std nonmetal prim pop ln	Very High	Very High
std sandandgravel prim pop ln	Very Low	Very Low
std stone prim pop ln	Very High	Very High
Total	Very Low	Very Low
Transport	High	Very High
Transport LQ	Low	Very High
Unemployment percent	Moderate	Moderate
Units SingleFamily	Low	Low
UnstableEmployment Percent	Very Low	Very Low
Vacancy	Very High	Very High
Vice related business rate	Very High	Very High
Violent Crime Rate	Very Low	Very Low
W As ln	Very Low	Very Low
W Ba ln	Very Low	Very Low
W Cd ln	Very Low	Very Low

## (continued)

Indicator	Risk Level (Rural)	Risk Level (Places)
W CN ln	Very Low	Very Low
W Cr ln	Very Low	Very Low
W FL ln	Very Low	Very Low
W HG ln	Very Low	Very Low
W NO2 ln	Low	Low
W NO3 ln	Very High	Very High
Walkability Score	High	High
Wholesale	High	Low
Wholesale LQ	Very High	Very High
Workers to OtherCounties	Very Low	Very Low
Working Nonworking ratio	Very Low	Low
WorkNearby percent	Very Low	Very Low
Young percent	Low	Very Low