Introduction to Java 2 Exercise

1. Create Java classes having suitable attributes for Library management system. Use OOPs concepts in your design. Also try to use interfaces and abstract classes.

```
Question1 ×
 Run:
           /home/arpit/.sdkman/candidates/java/8.0.242-zulu/bin/java ...
           Author id: 232
           Author name: JK Rowlings
          Library id: 5837312
           Book id: 1234335
          Process finished with exit code 0
Code:-
package javaAssesment2;
abstract class Library {
 int libraryld = 5837312;
 abstract void libraryDetails();
}
interface Book {
 int bookld = 1234335;
 void bookDetails();
}
```

class Authors extends Library implements Book{

```
private int authorId;
private String authorName;
public void setAuthorsDetails(int id, String name) {
  authorld = id;
  authorName = name;
}
public void setAuthorsDetails(String name, int id) {
  authorld = id;
  authorName = name;
}
void libraryDetails() {
  System.out.println("Library id: " +libraryld);
}
public void bookDetails() {
  System.out.println("Book id: " +bookld);
}
void authorDetails() {
  System.out.println("Author id: " +authorId);
```

```
System.out.println("Author name: " +authorName);
}

public class Question1 {

public static void main(String [] args) {

Authors author = new Authors();

author.setAuthorsDetails("JK Rowlings", 232);

author.authorDetails();

Library library = new Authors();

library.libraryDetails();

Book book = new Authors();

book.bookDetails();

}
```

2. WAP to sorting string without using string Methods?.

```
Run: Question2 ×

/home/arpit/.sdkman/candidates/java/8.0.242-zulu/bin/java ...
String before sorting : apritaulak
String after sorting : aaaiklprtu

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Code:

package javaAssesment2;

```
public class Question2 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = "apritaulak";
    System.out.println("String before sorting: "+str);
    String sort="";
    int j = 0;
    char temp = 0;
    char [] arr = new char[str.length()];
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {</pre>
       arr[i]=str.charAt(i);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
       for (j = 0; j < arr.length; j++) {
          if (arr[j] > arr[i]) {
            temp = arr[i];
            arr[i] = arr[j];
            arr[j] = temp;
         }
       }
    }
    System.out.println("String after sorting: "+new String(arr));
```

```
}
```

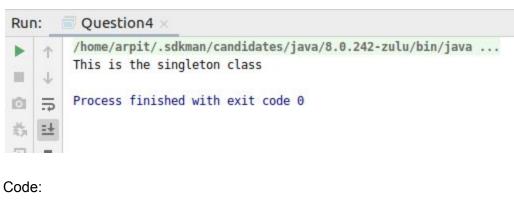
3. WAP to produce NoClassDefFoundError and ClassNotFoundException exception.

```
package javaAssesment2;

public class Question3 {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      try
      {
            Class.forName("javaAssesment2.student");
      }
      catch(ClassNotFoundException ex)
      {
            ex.printStackTrace();
      }
}
```

```
}
}
}
```

4. WAP to create singleton class.



Code: package javaAssesment2; public class Question4 { public static void main(String args[]) { Singleton x = Singleton.getInstance(); Singleton y = Singleton.getInstance(); Singleton z = Singleton.getInstance(); } class Singleton {

private static Singleton single_instance = null;

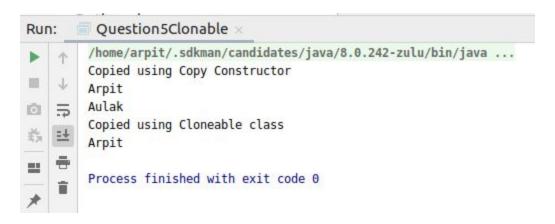
```
public String s;

private Singleton()
{
    System.out.println("This is the singleton class");
}

public static Singleton getInstance()
{
    if (single_instance == null)
        single_instance = new Singleton();

    return single_instance;
}
```

5. WAP to show object cloning in java using cloneable and copy constructor both.



Code:

package javaAssesment2;

```
public class Question5Clonable{
 public static void main(String[] args) throws CloneNotSupportedException {
    Copy obj = new Copy("Arpit", "Aulak");
    Copy obj2 = new Copy(obj);
    System.out.println("Copied using Copy Constructor");
    System.out.println(obj2.fName);
    System.out.println(obj2.IName);
    TryClone tc = new TryClone();
    tc.name = "Arpit";
    TryClone tc1 = (TryClone) tc.clone();
    System.out.println("Copied using Cloneable class");
    System.out.println(tc1.name.toString());
 }
}
class TryClone implements Cloneable {
 String name;
 public Object clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException{
    return super.clone();
 }
```

```
}
class Copy {
  String fName;
  String IName;
 public Copy(String f, String I)
 {
    this.fName = f;
    this.IName = I;
 }
 public Copy(Copy obj)
    fName = obj.fName;
    IName = obj.IName;
 }
}
```

6. WAP showing try, multi-catch and finally blocks.

```
Question6 ×
 Run:
           /home/arpit/.sdkman/candidates/java/8.0.242-zulu/bin/java ...
           This is Arithmetic Exception
           This is finally
           Process finished with exit code 0
Code:
package javaAssesment2;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Question6 {
 public static void main(String args[])
   Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
   try
   {
     int a[]=new int[5];
     a[3]=30/0;
      System.out.println(a[10]);
   }
   catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e)
   {
     System.out.println("This is ArrayIndexOutOfBounds Exception");
```

```
catch(ArithmeticException e)

{
    System.out.println("This is Arithmetic Exception");
}

finally

{
    System.out.println("This is finally");
}
```

{

7. WAP to convert seconds into days, hours, minutes and seconds.

```
Run: Question7 ×

/home/arpit/.sdkman/candidates/java/8.0.242-zulu/bin/java ...

Before it was 129759 seconds

After conversion
1 days 12 hours 2 minutes 39 seconds

Process finished with exit code 0

Code:

package javaAssesment2;

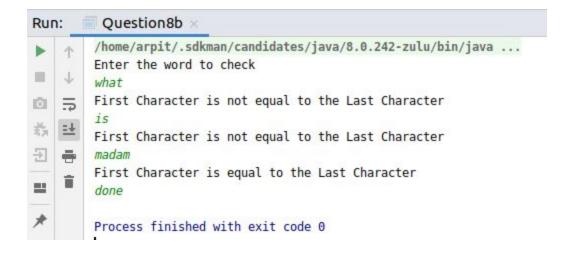
public class Question7 {

public static void main (String[] args)
```

```
int n = 129759;
    System.out.println("Before it was "+n+" seconds");
    System.out.println("After conversion");
    Convert(n);
 }
 static void Convert(int n)
 {
    int day = n / (24 * 3600);
    n = n % (24 * 3600);
    int hour = n / 3600;
    n = n % 3600;
    int minutes = n / 60;
    n = n \% 60;
    int seconds = n;
    System.out.println( day + " " + "days " + hour + " " + "hours " + minutes + " " + "minutes " + seconds + " " +
"seconds");
 }
}
```

8. WAP to read words from the keyboard until the word done is entered. For each word except done, report whether its first character is equal to its last character. For the required loop, use a

a)while statement



```
System.out.println("First Character is not equal to the Last Character");

else{

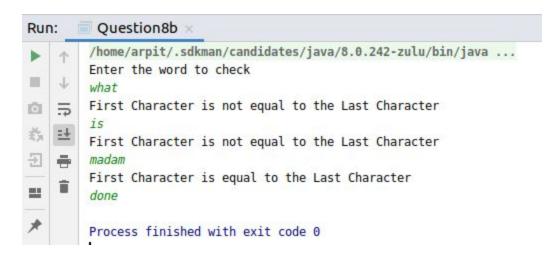
System.out.println("First Character is equal to the Last Character");

}

str = scanner.nextLine();

}
```

b)do-while statement



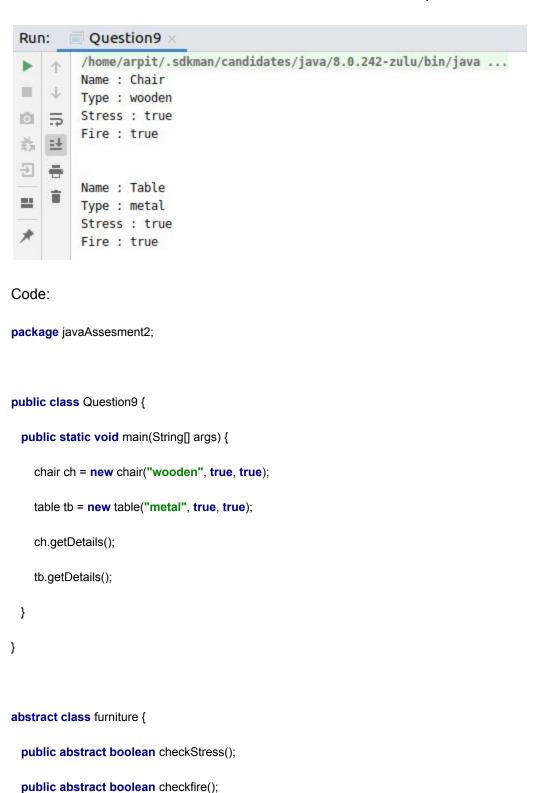
Code:

package javaAssesment2;

import java.util.Scanner;

```
public class Question8b {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner str = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the word to check");
    String word = str.nextLine();
    do{
      if (word.charAt(0) == word.charAt(word.length()-1)){
         System.out.println("First Character is equal to the Last Character");
      }
      else{
         System.out.println("First Character is not equal to the Last Character");
      }
      word =str.nextLine();
    }while(!word.equals("done"));
 }
}
```

9. Design classes having attributes for furniture where there are wooden chairs and tables, metal chairs and tables. There are stress and fire tests for each products.



```
public abstract void getDetails();
}
class chair extends furniture{
  String type;
  boolean fire;
  boolean stress;
  public chair(String t, boolean f, boolean s)
    this.type=t;
    this.fire=f;
    this.stress=s;
  }
  public String getType() {
    return type;
  }
  public boolean checkStress()
  {
    return stress;
  }
  public boolean checkfire() {
    return fire;
```

```
}
  public void getDetails() {
    System.out.println("Name : Chair");
    System.out.println("Type: "+getType());
    System.out.println("Stress: "+checkStress());
    System.out.println("Fire: "+checkfire());
    System.out.println("\n");
 }
}
class table extends furniture{
  String type;
  boolean fire;
  boolean stress;
  public table(String t, boolean f, boolean s)
 {
    this.type=t;
    this.fire=f;
    this.stress=s;
 }
  public String getType() {
    return type;
```

```
}
  public boolean checkStress()
    return stress;
  public boolean checkfire() {
    return fire;
 }
  public void getDetails() {
    System.out.println("Name: Table");
    System.out.println("Type: "+getType());
    System.out.println("Stress: "+checkStress());
    System.out.println("Fire: "+checkfire());
    System.out.println("\n");
 }
}
```

10. Design classes having attributes and method(only skeleton) for a coffee shop. There are three different actors in our scenario and i have listed the different actions they do also below

- * Customer
- Pays the cash to the cashier and places his order, get a token number back
- Waits for the intimation that order for his token is ready
- Upon intimation/notification he collects the coffee and enjoys his drink

(Assumption: Customer waits till the coffee is done, he wont timeout and cancel the order. Customer always likes the drink served. Exceptions like he not liking his coffee, he getting wrong coffee are not considered to keep the design simple.)

- * Cashier
- Takes an order and payment from the customer
- Upon payment, creates an order and places it into the order queue
- Intimates the customer that he has to wait for his token and gives him his token

(Assumption: Token returned to the customer is the order id. Order queue is unlimited. With a simple modification, we can design for a limited queue size)

- * Barista
- Gets the next order from the queue
- Prepares the coffee
- Places the coffee in the completed order queue
- Places a notification that order for token is ready

Code Design:

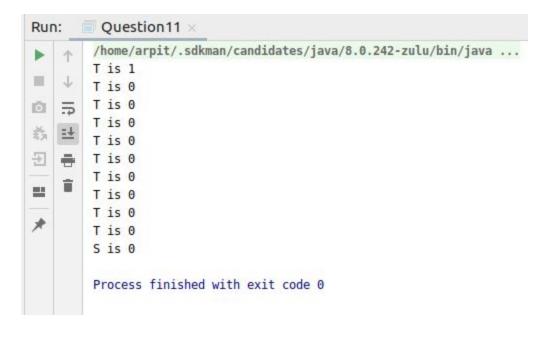
class Cashier{

```
class Customer{
   String name;
   long contact;
   public void wait_for_coffee(){}
   public void collects_coffee(){}
}
```

```
String name;
 String Empid;
 public int take_order(double cash)
 {
    return 0;
 }
 public void placeOrderToQueue(Order o){}
}
class Order{
 int order_id;
 String coffee_type;
}
class Barista{
 public void Prepare_coffee(Order o) {}
 public void addCompleteOrder(Order o) {}
 public void notifyCompleteOrder(Order o) {}
}
class PendingOrderQueue
{
 public void addOrder(Order o){}
 public void getNextOrder(Order o){}
}
class CompleteOrders{
 public void getcompleteOrders(){}
```

11. Convert the following code so that it uses nested while statements instead of for statements:

```
int s = 0;
int t = 1;
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
    s = s + i;
for (int j = i; j > 0; j--)
{
    t = t * (j - i);
}
s = s * t;
System.out.println("T is " + t);
}
System.out.println("S is " + s);
```



```
package javaAssesment2;
```

```
public class Question11 {

public static void main(String[] args) {

   int s = 0;

   int t = 1;

   for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)

   {

      s = s + i;

      for (int j = i; j > 0; j--){

            t = t * (j - i);

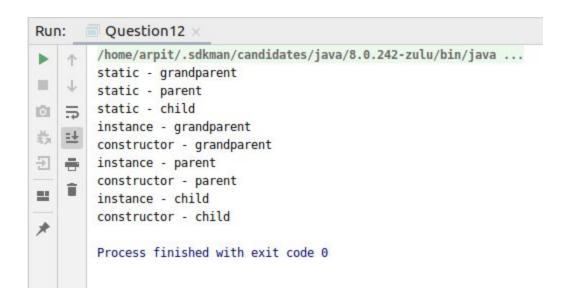
      }

      s = s * t;

      System.out.println("T is " + t);
```

```
}
   System.out.println("S is " + s);
 }
}
12. What will be the output on new Child(); ?
  class Parent extends Grandparent {
     {
        System.out.println("instance - parent");
     }
     public Parent() {
        System.out.println("constructor - parent");
     }
     static {
        System.out.println("static - parent");
     }
  }
  class Grandparent {
     static {
        System.out.println("static - grandparent");
```

```
}
  {
      System.out.println("instance - grandparent");
  }
  public Grandparent() {
      System.out.println("constructor - grandparent");
  }
}
class Child extends Parent {
  public Child() {
      System.out.println("constructor - child");\\
  }
  static {
     System.out.println("static - child");
  }
  {
     System.out.println("instance - child");
  }
}
```



Ans. In this if i make a child class object and call it then the following will happen:

- 1. All the static blocks in the classes will execute first.
- 2. After that their other blocks and constructors will execute.

```
public class Question12 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Child c= new Child();
  }
}
```

Q13. Create a custom exception that do not have any stack trace.

```
Question13 ×
 Run:
           /home/arpit/.sdkman/candidates/java/8.0.242-zulu/bin/java ...
           In try block
           In Catch block
           My Exception occured Good Error is present
 0
 药
           Process finished with exit code 0
 \Xi
Code:
package javaAssesment2;
class except1 extends Exception{
 String s1;
 except1(String s2){
   s1=s2;
 public String toString(){
    return ("My Exception occured " + s1);
 }
}
public class Question13 {
 public static void main(String[] args){
   try {
      System.out.println("In try block");
      throw new except1("Good Error is present");
```