





Interpolants and interference

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SAT solver

theorem provers many industrial applications

[Davis, Putnam '60]



theorem provers many industrial applications

[Davis, Putnam '60]



formal guarantees on the correctness of hardware systems

[McMillan '03]

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SAT solver

theorem provers many industrial applications

[Davis, Putnam '60]

[Craig '57]

abstraction of information relevant for correctness

interpolant

model checking

formal guarantees on the correctness of hardware systems

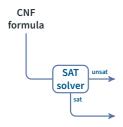
[McMillan '03]

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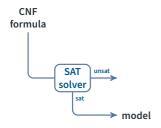
interpolant

model checking



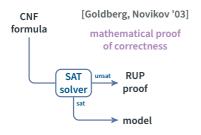
interpolant

model checking



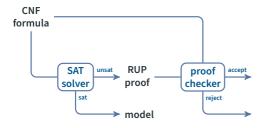
interpolant

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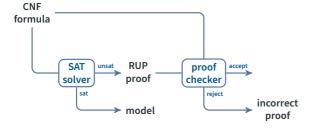
interpolant

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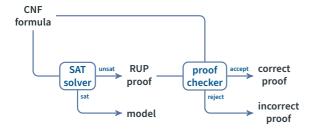
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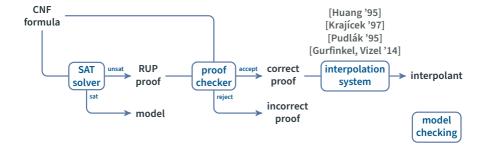
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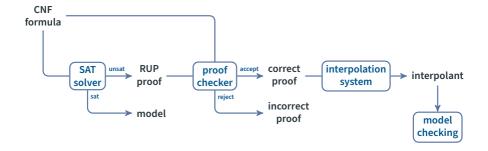
model checking

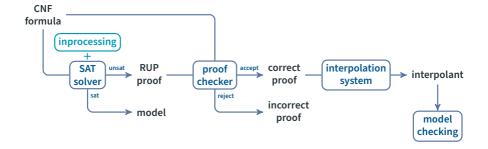


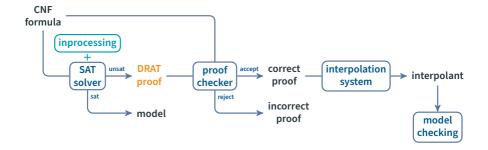
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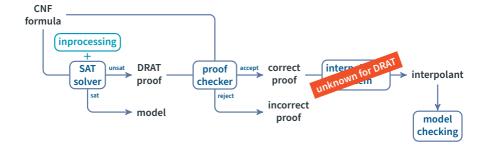
model checking











Inference-based proofs

$$\otimes_{y} \frac{\overline{x}yzt}{\otimes_{z}} \frac{\overline{x}yzt}{\overline{x}zt} \qquad \otimes_{y} \frac{\overline{x}y\overline{z}t}{\overline{x}\overline{z}t}$$

Inference-based proofs

$$\otimes_y \frac{\overline{xyzt} \quad \overline{xyzt}}{\otimes_z \frac{\overline{x}zt}{}} \quad \otimes_y \frac{\overline{xy\overline{z}t} \quad \overline{xy\overline{z}t}}{\overline{xz}t}$$

any model satisfying the premises...

Inference-based proofs

$$\otimes_{y} \frac{\overline{xyzt} \quad \overline{xyzt}}{\otimes_{z}} \quad \otimes_{y} \frac{\overline{xyzt} \quad \overline{xyzt}}{\overline{xz}t}$$

any model satisfying the premises... $% \label{eq:control_eq} % \label{eq:con$

... also satisfies the conclusion

Inference-based proofs

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Resolution proofs [Davis, Putnam '60]

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Inference-based proofs

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Resolution proofs [Davis, Putnam '60] RUP proofs [Goldberg, Novikov '03] any model satisfying the premises...

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Resolution proofs [Davis, Putnam '60] RUP proofs [Goldberg, Novikov '03]

Generating interpolants from inference-based proofs[Huang '95]

$$\otimes_{b} \frac{\overline{u}ab}{\otimes_{a}} \frac{\overline{b}}{\overline{u}a} - \frac{\overline{b}}{\overline{a}} \otimes_{\overline{b}} \otimes_{\overline{b}} \otimes_{\overline{b}} \otimes_{\overline{u}} \frac{\overline{u}}{\otimes_{\overline{u}}} \frac{\overline{x}yu}{\overline{y}v} - \frac{\overline{y}v - xy}{\overline{y}v} \otimes_{\overline{y}} \otimes_{\overline{y}} \otimes_{\overline{v}} \otimes_{\overline{v$$

Inference-based proofs

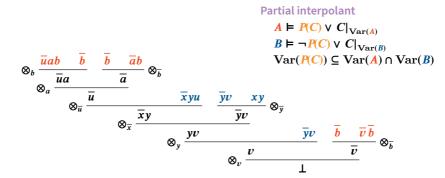
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Inference-based proofs

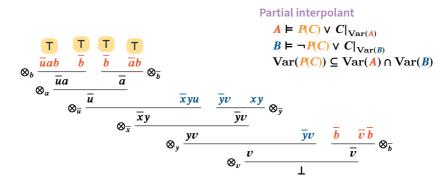
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Inference-based proofs

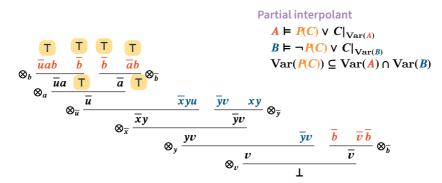
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Inference-based proofs

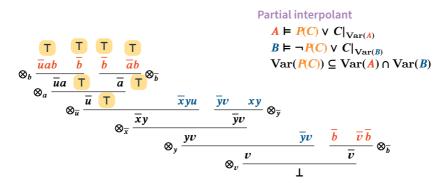
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Inference-based proofs

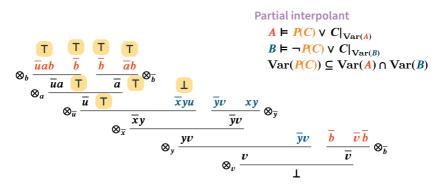
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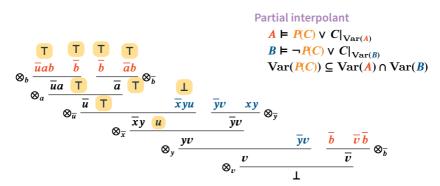
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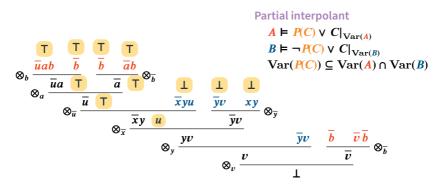
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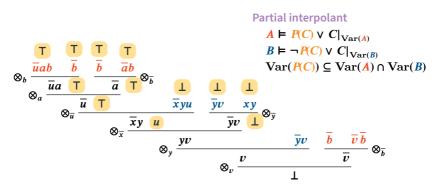
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Inference-based proofs

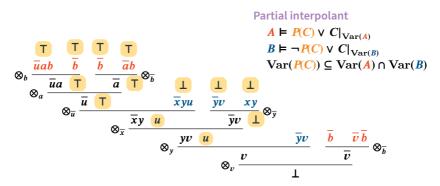
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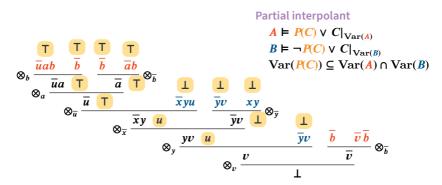
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Inference-based proofs

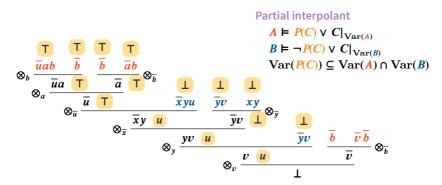
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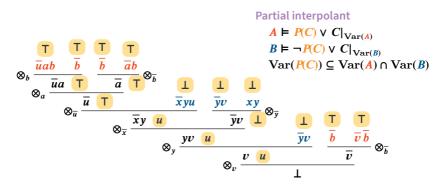
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Inference-based proofs

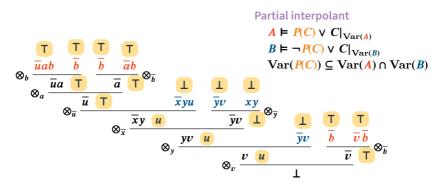
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Inference-based proofs and recursive interpolation

Inference-based proofs

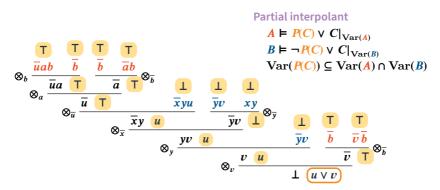
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Resolution proofs [Davis, Putnam '60] RUP proofs [Goldberg, Novikov '03]

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Interference-based proofs

```
i:\overline{x}y
i:\overline{z}t
d:\overline{x}yzt
d:xy\overline{z}t
i:\overline{x}t
```

Interference-based proofs

Interference-based proofs

Interference-based proofs

if some model satisfies

 $\mathbf{i}:\overline{x}y$ the original formula...

 $i:\overline{z}t$

 $d: \overline{x} yzt$

 $d: xy\overline{z}t$... then some model satisfies $i:\overline{x}t$ the accumulated formula

50

ER

[Reckhow '75; Kullman '99]

Interference-based proofs

if some model satisfies

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 $d:xy\overline{z}t$... then some model satisfies

 $\mathbf{i}:\overline{x}t$ the accumulated formula

[Wetzler, Heule, Hunt '14]



Interference-based proofs

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[Heule, Kiesl, Biere '17]



Interference-based proofs

if some model satisfies

 $i:\overline{x}y$ the original formula...

 $i:\overline{z}t$ $d: \overline{x} yzt$

 $d:xy\overline{z}t$

... then some model satisfies $i:\overline{x}t$ the accumulated formula

[Buss, Thapen '19] ER **DRAT DPR DSR**

Interference-based proofs

if some model satisfies $i:\overline{x}y$ the original formula...

 $i:\overline{z}t$

 $d: \overline{x} yzt$

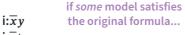
 $d:xy\overline{z}t$... then some model satisfies

 $\mathbf{i}:\overline{x}t$ the accumulated formula



Interference-based proofs

[Kiesl, Rebola-Pardo, Heule '18; Heule, Biere '18]



 $i:\overline{z}t$ $d:\overline{x}yzt$

 $d: x y \overline{z} t$ $i: \overline{x} t$

... then some model satisfies the accumulated formula



all these have the same proof complexity

Interference-based proofs

if some model satisfies $\mathbf{i}:\overline{x}y$ the original formula...

 $i:\overline{z}t$

 $d: \overline{x} yzt$

 $d: xy\overline{z}t$... then some model satisfies $i:\overline{x}t$ the accumulated formula

DRAT DPR DSR WSR

all these have the same proof complexity

Subsumption redundancy (SR) [Buss, Thapen '19]

Interference-based proofs

if some model satisfies the original formula...

 $i:\overline{z}t$ $d:\overline{x}yzt$

 $d: xy\overline{z}t$... then some model satisfies $i: \overline{x}t$ the accumulated formula

ER
DRAT
DPR
DSR
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all these have the same proof complexity

Subsumption redundancy (SR) [Buss, Thapen '19]

A clause ${\it C}$ can be introduced in a formula ${\it F}$ if a witness substitution ${\it \sigma}$ is given such that

Interference-based proofs

	if some model satisfies	ER
$i:\overline{x}y$	the original formula	
$i:\overline{z}t$		DRAT
$d: \overline{x} yzt$		DPR
$d:xy\overline{z}t$	then some model satisfies	DSR
$i:\overline{x}t$	the accumulated formula	WSR

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Subsumption redundancy (SR) [Buss, Thapen '19]

A clause C can be introduced in a formula F if a witness substitution σ is given such that for each clause $D \in F$, the clause $C \vee \sigma(D)$ can be derived from F through chained resolution.

Interference-based proofs

if some model satisfies
the original formula...
i: $\overline{z}t$ d: $\overline{x}yzt$ d:xyztd: $xy\overline{z}t$ i: $\overline{x}t$ the accumulated formula

WSR

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Theorem If C is SR over F, then F is satisfiability-equivalent to $F \land C$

Interference-based proofs

	if some model satisfies	
$i:\overline{x}y$	the original formula	
$i:\overline{z}t$		

 $d:\overline{x}yzt$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{d} : x y \overline{z} t & \dots \text{ then } some \text{ model satisfies} \\ \mathbf{i} : \overline{x} t & \text{the accumulated formula} \end{array}$



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Interference DSR depends on the presence and absence of clauses in F

Interference-based proofs

 $i:\overline{x}t$

	if some model satisfies	rp.
$i:\overline{x}y$	the original formula	ER
$i:\overline{z}t$		DRAT
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the accumulated formula

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Non-monotonicity adding clauses to F may make an introduction incorrect

Interference-based proofs

if some model satisfies $\mathbf{i}: \overline{x}\mathbf{y}$ the original formula... $\mathbf{i}: \overline{z}\mathbf{t}$

 $d: \overline{x} yzt$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{d:} xy\overline{z}t & \dots \text{ then } some \text{ model satisfies} \\ \text{i:} \overline{x}t & \text{the accumulated formula} \end{array}$



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no tree-shaped proofs for interference

Interference-based proofs

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Interference DSR depends on the presence and absence of clauses in F

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no tree-shaped proofs for interference

no recursive interpolation for interference

unless...

atomic substitution σ

maps variables to literals, ⊤ or ⊥

atomic substitution σ cube Q

maps variables to literals, T or $\mathsf{\bot}$ conjunction of literals

atomic substitution σ

cube Q

mutation rule $\sigma := Q$

maps variables to literals, T or L conjunction of literals

"if Q is satisfied, then apply σ "

atomic substitution σ cube Qmutation rule $\sigma := Q$ model mutation $I \circ (\sigma := Q)$

maps variables to literals, T or \bot conjunction of literals "if Q is satisfied, then apply σ " if $I \vDash Q$, then $I \circ \sigma$; otherwise, I

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atomic substitution \sigma maps variables to literals, \top or \bot cube Q conjunction of literals mutation rule \sigma:=Q "if Q is satisfied, then apply \sigma" model mutation I \circ (\sigma:=Q) if I \vDash Q, then I \circ \sigma; otherwise, I mutated formula \nabla(\sigma:=Q). \varphi I \vDash \nabla(\sigma:=Q). \varphi iff I \circ (\sigma:=Q) \vDash \varphi
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```

Theorem [Rebola-Pardo, Suda '18] if C is a substitution-redundant clause over F witnessed by σ , then $F \models \nabla(\sigma :- \overline{C})$. $F \land C$

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Mutation resolution an inference-based proof system over mutated clauses that fully encodes all interference-based proof systems

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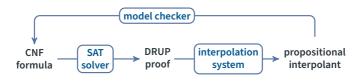
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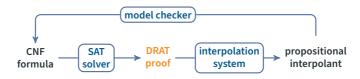
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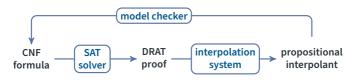
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no recursive interpolation for interference?

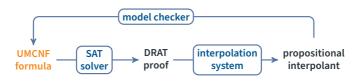




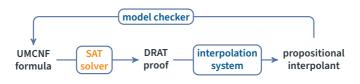


Universally mutated CNF $\nabla(\sigma_1 :- Q_1) \dots \nabla(\sigma_n :- Q_n) .F$

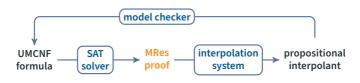
DRAT operates naturally in this fragment linearly as expressive as full mutation propositional logic satisfiability problem reduces linearly to SAT



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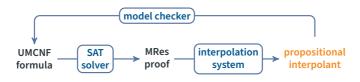


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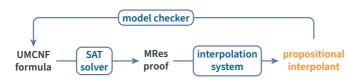
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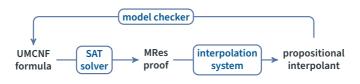


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Propositional interpolants from MRes proofs

- ER p-simulates DRAT [Kiesl, Rebola-Pardo, Heule '18]
- EF p-simulates ER [Reckhow '75]
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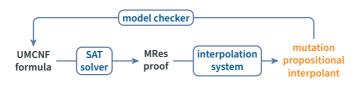


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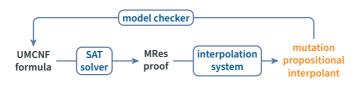


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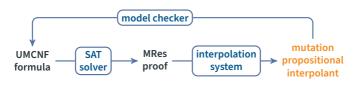
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Questions

- Does this affect the unfeasible interpolation [Krajícek, Pudlák '98]?
- Do other similar variations on the notion of interpolant exist?
- Does this shed any light on the connection between feasible interpolation and cryptography?