## Horse shoe prior example

This example reproducts some results of https://ariddell.org/horseshoe-prior-with-stan.html

■ Define the working directory and load CmdStan.m

```
In[19]:= (* Linux *)
SetDirectory["~/GitHub/MathematicaStan/Examples/HorseShoePrior"]

(* Windows *)
(* SetDirectory["C:\\Users\\USER_NAME\\Documents\\Mathematica\\STAN\\Examples\\HorseShoePrior"]; *)
Needs["CmdStan`"]
```

 ${\tt Out[19]=\ /IS006139/home/pix/GitHub/MathematicaStan/Examples/HorseShoePrior} \\$ 

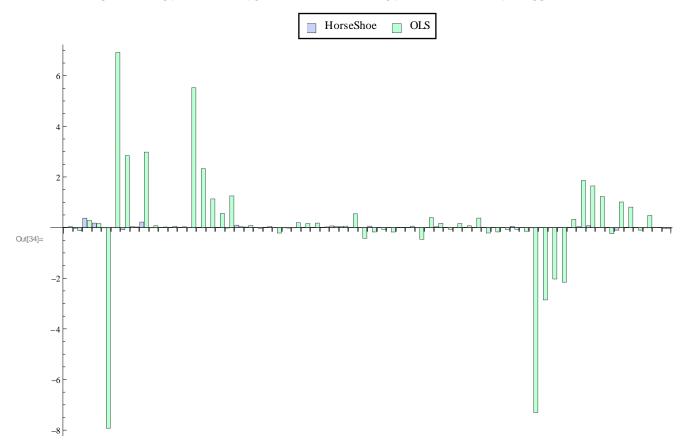
## ■ Generate the Horse Shoe Prior Stan code and compile it

```
In[3]:= stanCode="data {
      int<lower=0> n;
      int<lower=0> p;
      matrix[n,p] X;
      vector[n] y;
     }
    parameters {
      vector[p] beta;
      vector<lower=0>[p] lambda;
      real<lower=0> tau;
      real<lower=0> sigma;
    }
    model {
      lambda ~ cauchy(0, 1);
      tau ~ cauchy (0, 1);
      for (i in 1:p)
        beta[i] ~ normal(0, lambda[i] * tau);
      y ~ normal(X * beta, sigma);
     }";
     StanCodeExport["horseShoePrior",stanCode]
    StanCompile ["horseShoePrior"]
Out[4]= horseShoePrior.stan
Out[5]=
     --- Translating Stan model to C++ code ---
    --o=/IS006139/home/pix/GitHub/MathematicaStan/Examples/HorseShoePrior/horseShoePrior.hpp
    Model name=horseShoePrior_model
     {\tt Input file=/IS006139/home/pix/GitHub/MathematicaStan/Examples/HorseShoePrior/horseShoePrior.stan(Continuous)} \\
    {\tt Output\ file=/IS006139/home/pix/GitHub/MathematicaStan/Examples/HorseShoePrior/horseShoePrior.hpp}
     --- Linking C++ model ---
    g++ -I src -I stan/src -isystem stan/lib/stan_math/ -isystem stan/lib/stan_math/lib/eigen_3.2.8
       -isystem stan/lib/stan_math/lib/boost_1.60.0 -isystem stan/lib/stan_math/lib/cvodes_2.8.2/include
       -Wall -DEIGEN_NO_DEBUG -DBOOST_RESULT_OF_USE_TR1 -DBOOST_NO_DECLTYPE -DBOOST_DISABLE_ASSERTS
       -DFUSION_MAX_VECTOR_SIZE=12 -DNO_FPRINTF_OUTPUT -pipe
                                                             -lpthread -03 -o
       /ISO06139/home/pix/GitHub/MathematicaStan/Examples/HorseShoePrior/horseShoePrior
       src/cmdstan/main.cpp -include
       / {\tt IS006139/home/pix/GitHub/MathematicaStan/Examples/HorseShoePrior/horseShoePrior.hpp} \\
       stan/lib/stan_math/lib/cvodes_2.8.2/lib/libsundials_nvecserial.a
       stan/lib/stan_math/lib/cvodes_2.8.2/lib/libsundials_cvodes.a
```

## ■ Load data and save them (RDump file)

```
In[21]:= yTest = Import["./y-test.dat", "List"];
     yTrain = Import["./y-train.dat", "List"];
     XTest = Import["./X-test.dat", "Table"];
     XTrain = Import["./X-train.dat", "Table"];
     (* betaLabel is only used for plot legends *)
     betaLabel =
       StringSplit["age sex bmi map to ldl hdl tch ltg glu age^2 bmi^2 map^2 tc^2 ldl^2 hdl^2 tch^2
           ltg^2 glu^2 age:sex age:bmi age:map age:tc age:ldl age:hdl age:tch age:ltg
           age:glu sex:bmi sex:map sex:tc sex:ldl sex:tch sex:ltg sex:glu
          bmi:map bmi:tc bmi:ldl bmi:hdl bmi:tch bmi:ltg bmi:glu map:tc map:ldl map:hdl
           map:tch map:ltg map:glu tc:ldl tc:hdl tc:tch tc:ltg tc:glu ldl:hdl ldl:tch
           ldl:ltg ldl:glu hdl:tch hdl:ltg hdl:glu tch:ltg tch:glu ltg:glu", " "];
     (* Export data *)
     RDumpExport [ "horseShoePrior",
        {{"n", Dimensions[XTrain][[1]]}, {"p", Dimensions[XTrain][[2]]}, {"X", XTrain}, {"y", yTrain}}];
     (* Here we just perform an Ordinary Least Squares to get the residue value *)
     betaOLS = LeastSquares[XTrain, yTrain];
     Norm [XTest.betaOLS - yTest] ^2/ Length[yTest]
     Norm[Mean[yTrain] - yTest] ^2/ Length[yTest]
Out[28]= 0.670749
Out[29]= 0.965737
   Run Stan and get result
In[30]:= (* use the same seed as the blog post *)
     StanSetOptionSample["random seed",5]
Out[30]= \{\{\text{random seed}, 5\}\}
ln[31]:= (* Run stan *)
     StanRunSample ["horseShoePrior"]
Out[31]= method = sample (Default)
       sample
         num_samples = 1000 (Default)
         num_warmup = 1000 (Default)
         save_warmup = 0 (Default)
         thin = 1 (Default)
         adapt
           engaged = 1 (Default)
           delta = 0.800000000000000000004 (Default)
           kappa = 0.75 (Default)
           t0 = 10 (Default)
           init_buffer = 75 (Default)
           term_buffer = 50 (Default)
           window = 25 (Default)
         algorithm = hmc (Default)
             engine = nuts (Default)
               nuts
                 max_depth = 10 (Default)
```

```
metric = diag_e (Default)
             stepsize = 1 (Default)
             stepsize_jitter = 0 (Default)
     id = 0 (Default)
     data
       file = /IS006139/home/pix/GitHub/MathematicaStan/Examples/HorseShoePrior/horseShoePrior.data.R
     init = 2 (Default)
     random
       seed = 5
     output
       file = /IS006139/home/pix/GitHub/MathematicaStan/Examples/HorseShoePrior/output.csv
       diagnostic_file = (Default)
       refresh = 100 (Default)
     Gradient evaluation took 0.000208 seconds
     1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 2.08 seconds.
     Adjust your expectations accordingly!
     Iteration:
                  1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
     Iteration: 100 / 2000 [ 5%]
                                   (Warmup)
     Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%]
                                    (Warmup)
     Iteration: 300 / 2000 [ 15%]
                                    (Warmup)
     Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%]
                                    (Warmup)
     Iteration: 500 / 2000 [ 25%]
                                    (Warmup)
     Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%]
                                    (Warmup)
     Iteration: 700 / 2000 [ 35%]
                                    (Warmup)
     Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%]
                                    (Warmup)
     Iteration: 900 / 2000 [ 45%]
                                    (Warmup)
     Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                    (Warmup)
     Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 1100 / 2000 [ 55%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 1300 / 2000 [ 65%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 1500 / 2000 [ 75%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 1700 / 2000 [ 85%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 1900 / 2000 [ 95%]
                                    (Sampling)
     Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%]
                                   (Sampling)
      Elapsed Time: 70.0086 seconds (Warm-up)
                    32.0924 seconds (Sampling)
                    102.101 seconds (Total)
   Use the results
In[32]:= output=StanImport["output.csv"];
     Compute beta mean and compare it to OLS solution
In[33]:= beta = Mean[StanVariableColumn["beta", output]];
```



```
■ Now select all beta such that |beta|>0.01
```

```
In[35]:= selectedBeta=Map[(Abs[#]>0.01)&,beta];
      Print["The ",Count[selectedBeta,True]," variables are:\n",
      (betaLabel[[selectedBeta=Flatten[Position[selectedBeta,True]]]])];
      selectedBetaLabel=betaLabel[[selectedBeta]];
      selectedBeta=beta[[selectedBeta]];
      BarChart[selectedBeta,ChartLabels→Placed[selectedBetaLabel,Center]]
      The 21 variables are:
      {sex, bmi, map, hdl, tch, ltg, ldl^2, ltg^2, glu^2, age:sex, age:map, age:ltg,
        sex:bmi, sex:map, sex:hdl, bmi:hdl, map:ltg, ldl:hdl, ldl:tch, hdl:tch, ltg:glu}
      0.3
      0.2
                bmi
Out[39]=
                                     ltg
      0.1
                     map
                                                    glu^{\wedge}2
                                                                                                         ldl:tch
                                                                         sex:bm
                                                                                    sex:hdl
                                                                              sex:mar
                                tch
                                                                                                   ldl:hdl
                                                         age:sex
                                         ldl^2
                                               ltg^2
           sex
                                                                                                                   ltg
                          hdl
```

hdl :tch

lacktriangledown It is interesting to notice that the pruned beta has a better generalization than the OLS solution:

```
In[40]:= prunedBeta=Map[If[Abs[#]>0.01,#,0]&,beta];
    Norm[XTest.betaOLS-yTest]^2/Length[yTest]
    Norm[XTest.prunedBeta-yTest]^2/Length[yTest]
Out[41]= 0.670749
Out[42]= 0.50374
```

-0.1