Arpon Basu, School: AECS-4, Mumbai-400094 Solution for problem J439

We claim that (x, y, z) = (1, 1, 1), (-1, -1, -1) are the only solutions.

We subtract the third equation from sum of first two equations.

$$(2x^{2} - 3xy + 2y^{2}) + (y^{2} - 3xy + 4y^{2}) - (z^{2} + 3zx - x^{2}) = 1 + 2 - 3$$

$$= 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3(x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} - xy - yz - zx) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - y)^{2} + (y - z)^{2} + (z - x)^{2} = 0$$

$$\therefore (x - y) = (y - z) = (z - x) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = y = z$$

Putting x = y = z in all the three given equation we obtain $x^2 = y^2 = z^2 = 1$ \therefore $(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) = (1, 1, 1), (-1, -1, -1)$ are the only solutions. Plugging these solutions in the three given equations we verify that they work.