Arpon Basu, School: AECS-4 , Mumbai-400094 Solution for problem O402

We have to prove that

$$\begin{split} \sin^2 2A + \sin^2 2B + \sin^2 2C &\geq 2\sqrt{3} \sin 2A \sin 2B \sin 2C \\ \Rightarrow 4 \sum_{sym} \sin^2 A \cos^2 A &\geq 16\sqrt{3} \prod_{sym} \sin A \cos A \\ \Rightarrow \sum_{sym} \sin^2 A \cos^2 A &\geq 4\sqrt{3} \prod_{sym} \sin A \cos A \end{split}$$

let $x=\sin A\cos A$, $y=\sin B\cos B$ & $z=\sin C\cos C$ then we need to prove that

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 > 4\sqrt{3}xyz$$

If any of $A,B,C\in [\frac{\pi}{2},\pi)$ then $xyz\leq 0$ while $x^2+y^2+z^2\geq 0$ so inequality is obviously true. Thus we may assume x,y,z>0 It suffice to prove that

$$3\sqrt[3]{x^2y^2z^2} \ge 4\sqrt{3}xyz$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3\sqrt[3]{(xyz)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \ge 4\sqrt{3}xyz$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3 \ge 4\sqrt{3}(xyz)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4})^3 \ge xyz$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{64}) \ge xyz$$

Now

$$xyz = \prod_{sym} \sin A \cos A = \prod_{sym} \sin A \prod_{sym} \cos A$$

Using the inequalities

$$\prod_{sum} \sin A \le \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{8}, \prod_{sum} \cos A \le \frac{1}{8}$$

we get

$$xyz \le \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{8} \frac{1}{8} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{64}$$

QED

Equality occurs iff

$$x = y = z \Rightarrow A = B = C = \frac{\pi}{3}$$