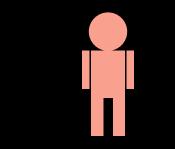


Scaling Genotype-based Genetic Variation Discovery to Millions of Genomes

Ryan M. Layer, Aaron R. Quinlan University of Virginia

rl6sf@virginia.edu @ryanlayer

https://github.com/ryanlayer/gqt





Variant Call Format (VCF)

Variant Location/ID

Individual Genotypes

```
20
 62553
   rs114190700
       62588
   rs184741218
       20
20
 62731
   rs34147676
       20
 62783
   rs189195684
       20
 62821
   rs180933038
       20
 62880
   rs199513831
20
 62946
   rs183567118
       20
 63008
   rs147934693
       20
 63054
   rs116457849
       20
 63231
   rs6076506
       63233
       20
   rs141722618
20
 63244
       rs6139074
20
 63310
   rs189736466
       20
 63351
   rs181305519
       20
 63360
   rs186156309
20
 63426
   rs147063585
       20
 63452
   rs115017123
       20
 63521
   rs191905748
       20
 63541
   rs117322527
       20
 63559
   rs138359120
       20
 63696
   rs149160003
       20
 63729
       rs181483669
20
 63733
   rs75670495
       20
 63799
   rs1418258
       20
 63808
   rs76004960
       20
 63967
   rs116770801
       64016
   rs143263863
20
   rs148297240
       20
 64062
```

Variant Call Format (VCF)

Variant Location/ID

Individual Genotypes

1.0e14 genotypes

l bit/genotype= 12.5 Terdbytes

Binary Encoding

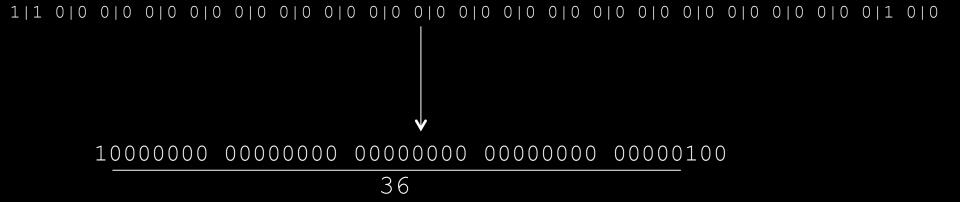
24 bit/genotype = 300 Terabytes

<u>Genotype</u>	<u>VCF</u>	<u>Binary</u>
Homozygous Reference	0 0	00
Heterozygous	0 1	01
Homozygous Alternate	1 1	10
Unknown		11

```
-- 16 genotypes = 16*2 = 32bits --
```

2 bit/genotype = 25 Terabytes

Data Compression

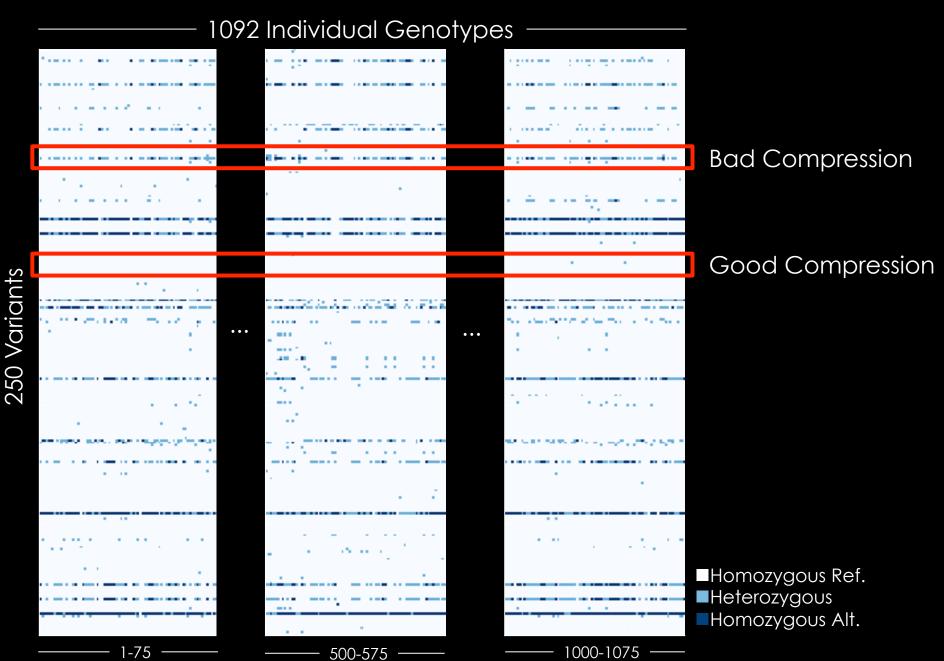


Run-Length Encoding

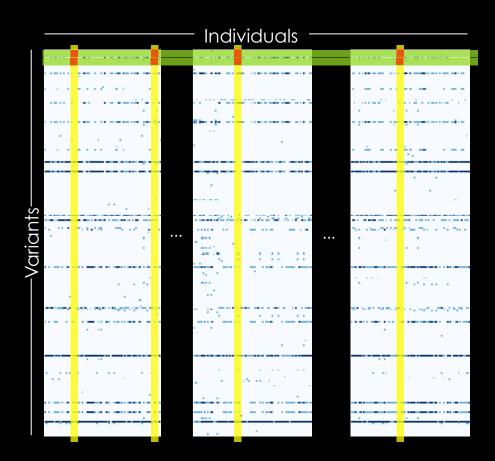
value: length

00100101

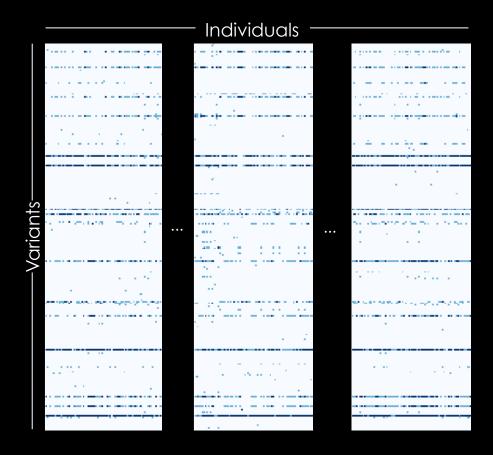
1000 Genomes chr20



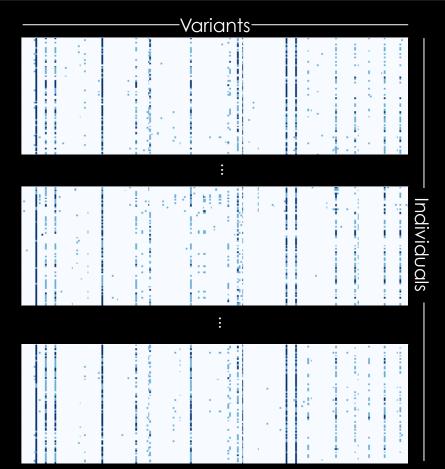
```
for each variant in variants
   genotypes = readline()
   hit = true
   for each individual in affected_individuals
      if genotypes[individual] != homozygous_ref
         hit = false
   if hit == true
      print variant
```



```
for each variant in variants
    genotypes = readline()
    hit = true
    for each individual in affected_individuals
        if genotypes[individual] != homozygous_ref
            hit = false
    if hit == true
        print variant
```

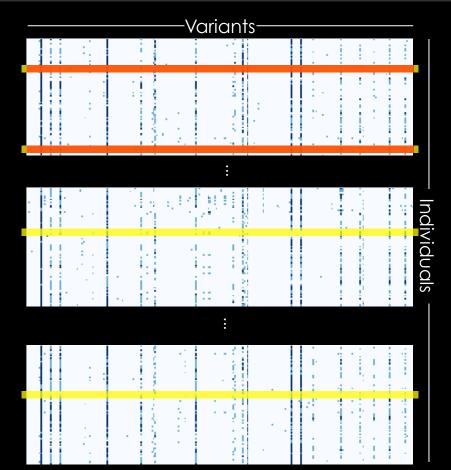


```
hits = [true, true, ..., true]
for each individual in affected_individuals
    genotypes = readline()
    for each variant in variants
        if genotypes[variants] != homozygous_ref
            hit[variant] = false
for each hit in hits:
    if hit == true print variant
```

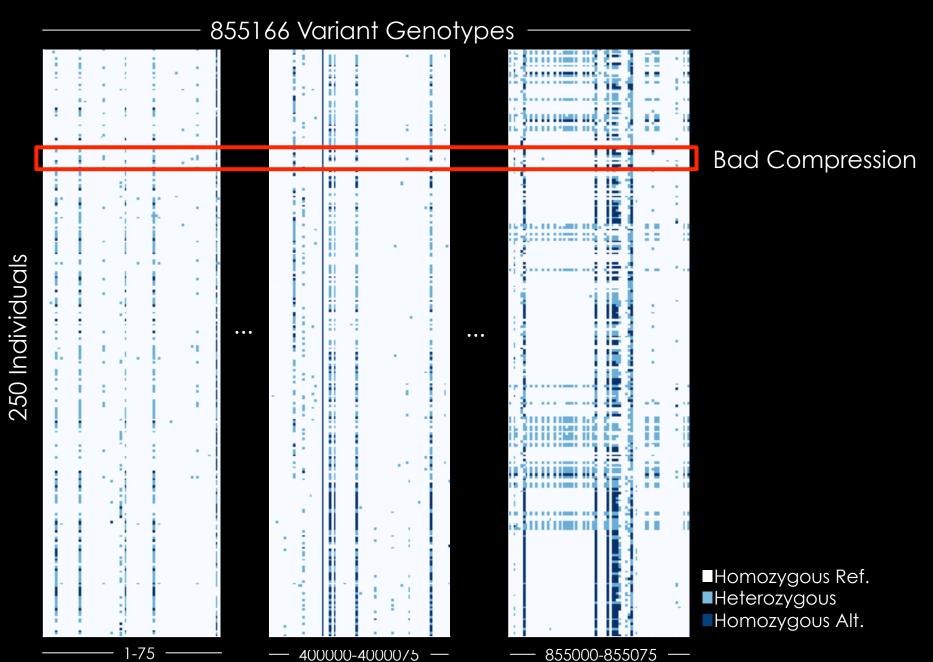


```
hits = [true, true, ..., true]
for each individual in affected_individuals
    genotypes = readline()
    for each variant in variants
        if genotypes[variants] != homozygous_ref
            hit[variant] = false

for each hit in hits:
    if hit == true print variant
```



1000 Genomes chr20

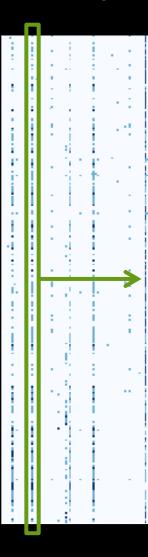




```
■Homozygous Ref. = 0
```

■Heterozygous = 1

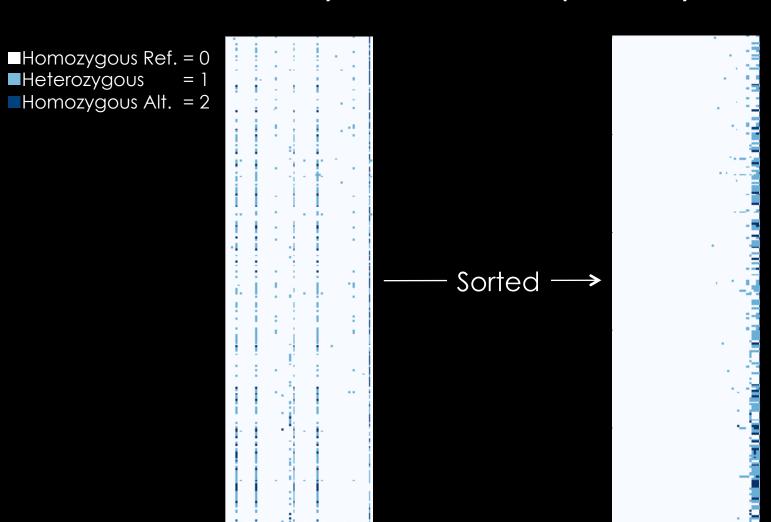
■Homozygous Alt. = 2



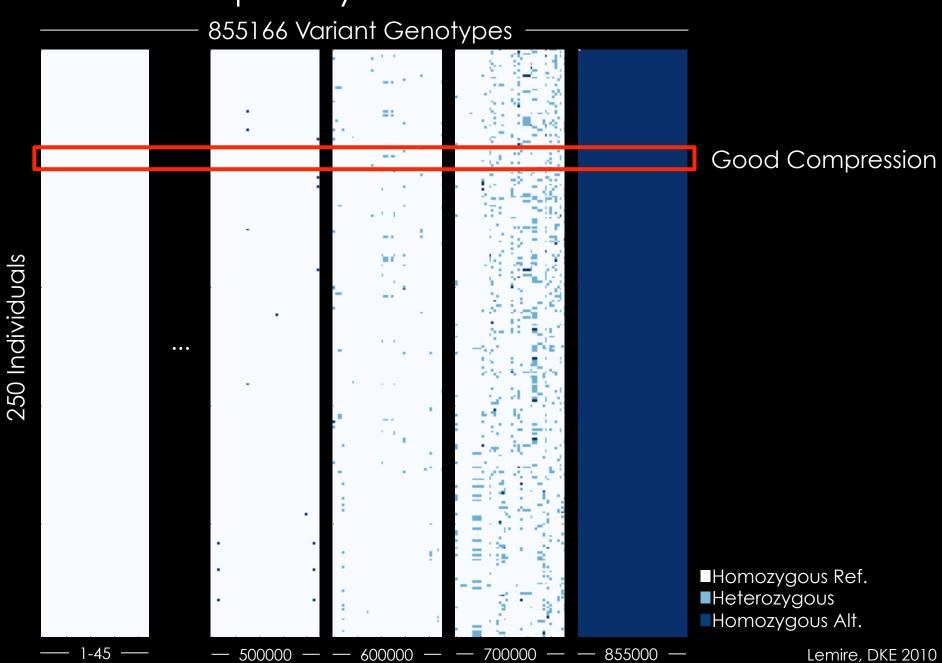
```
■Homozygous Ref. = 0
```

- ■Heterozygous = 1
- ■Homozygous Alt. = 2





Allele Frequency Sorted 1000 Genomes chr20



Query: Find the variants that are heterozygous in individuals 1, 2, and 3

```
R = [T, T, ..., T]
for each individual in [1,2, 3]
    goto(individual)
    genotype = readline()
    for i = 1...|genotypes|
        if (genotype >> (31 - i)) & 1 != HETEROZYGOUS then R[i] = F
```

```
Homo Ref
     0
            1
                    0
  Het
              0
                0 0
       0
          0
            0
                    1
                      0
                                  0
Homo Alt
       0
           0
             0
              0
                0
                  0
                    0
                      0
                              0
```

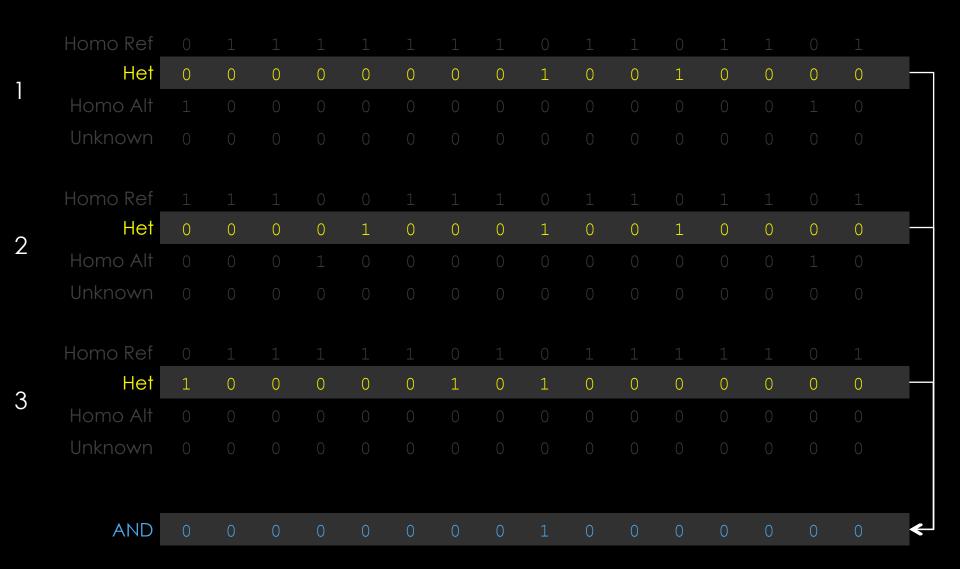
1	1 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 1	0 0	0 0	0 1	0 0	0 0	1 1	0 0
Homo Ref	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
Het	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Homo Alt	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

1	1 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 1	0 0	0 0	0 1	0 0	0 0	1 1	0 0
Homo Ref	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
Het	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Homo Alt	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0 0	0 0	0 0	1 1	0 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 1	0 0	0 0	0 1	0 0	0 0	1 1	0 0
Homo Ref	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
Het	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Homo Alt	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 1	0 0	0 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Homo Ref	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Het	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Homo Alt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Query: Find the variants that are heterozygous in individuals 1, 2, and 3

1	Homo Ref	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
	Het	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	Homo Alt	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Homo Ref	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
\circ	Het	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
2	Homo Alt	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Homo Ref	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
2	Het	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Homo Alt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

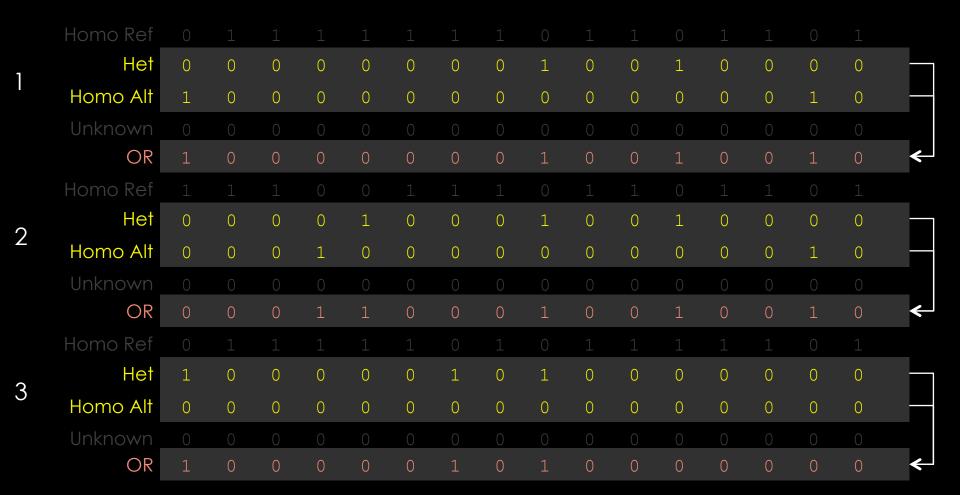
Query: Find the variants that are heterozygous in individuals 1, 2, and 3



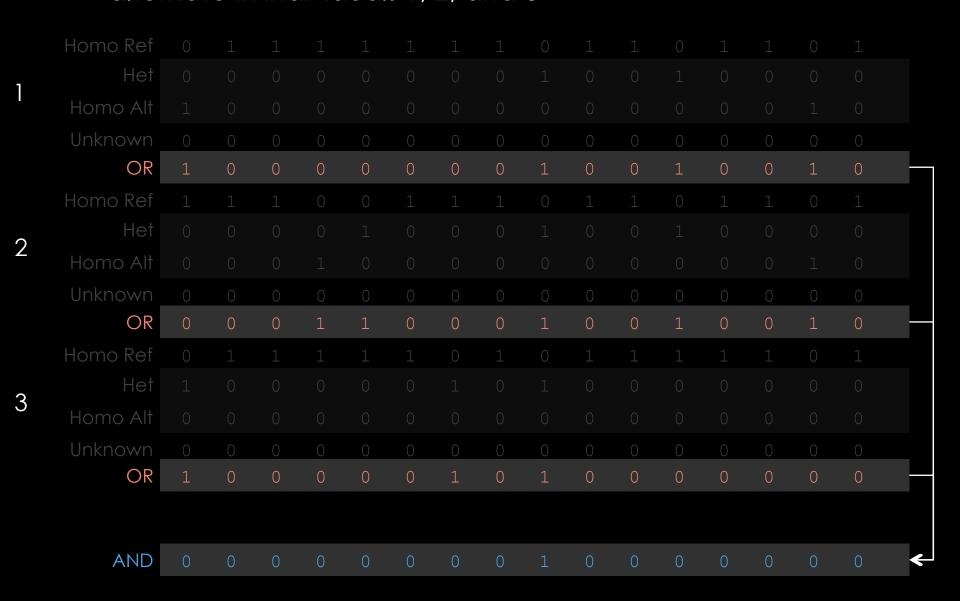
Query: Find the variants that are either heterozygous or homozygous alternate in individuals 1, 2, and 3

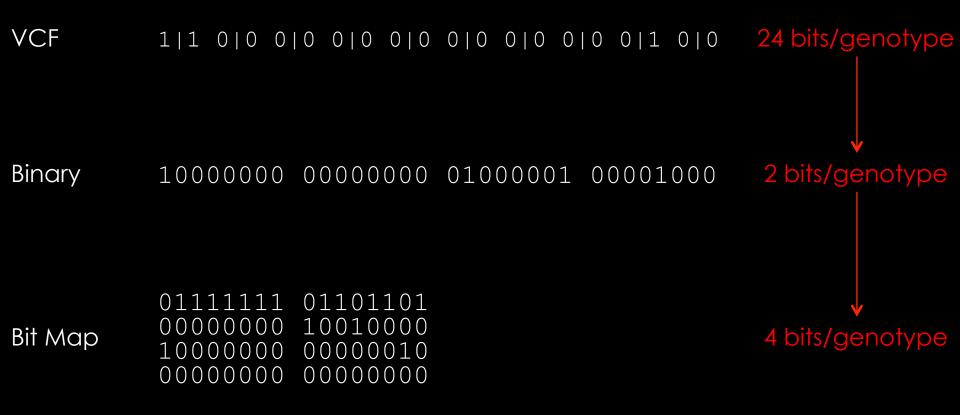
	Homo Ref	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	Het	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	Homo Alt	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Homo Ref	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
\circ	Het	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
2	Homo Alt	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Homo Ref	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
3	Het	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Homo Alt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Query: Find the variants that are either heterozygous or homozygous alternate in individuals 1, 2, and 3



Query: Find the variants that are either heterozygous or homozygous alternate in individuals 1, 2, and 3





Run-Length Encoding Complicates* Logical Operations

```
OR 10001001 10010111 11111111 11110000
OR 10001001 10010111 00000100

OR 10001001 10010111 9 bits
```

Succinct Data Structure

- Near-optimal compression
- Allow operations without inflation

Word Aligned Hybrid [Wu, TODS 2006]

Word Aligned Hybrid [Wu, TODS 2006]

```
Run Length Encoding value: length (bits)

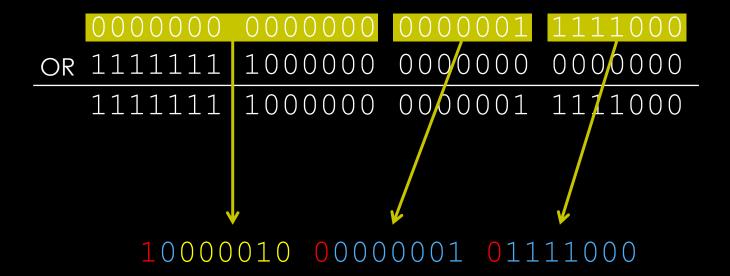
1:1 0:2 1:1 0:4 10000001 10000001 000000100
```

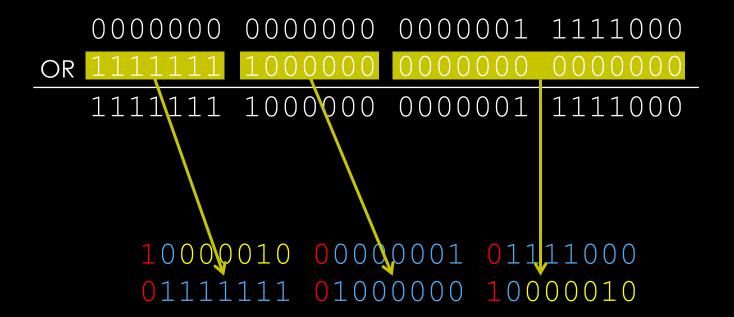
Word Aligned Hybrid

Word Aligned Hybrid [Wu, TODS 2006]

```
0000000 0000000 0000001 1111000
OR 1111111 1000000 0000000 0000000

1111111 1000000 0000001 1111000
```





```
0000000 0000000 0000001 1111000
OR 1111111 1000000 0000000 0000000
1111111 1000000 0000001 1111000
```

```
10000010 00000001 01111000
0111111 01000000 10000010
```

```
0000000 0000000 0000001 1111000
OR 1111111 1000000 0000000 0000000
1111111 1000000 0000001 1111000
```

```
10000010 00000001 01111000
01111111 01000000 10000010
```

```
0000000 0000000 0000001 1111000
OR 1111111 1000000 0000000 0000000
1111111 1000000 0000001 1111000
```

```
0000000 2 words

10000010 0000001 01111000

01111111 01000000 10000010

1111111 0111111
```

```
0000000 0000000 0000001 1111000
OR 1111111 1000000 0000000 0000000
1111111 1000000 0000001 1111000
```

```
0000000 2 words

10000010 0000001 01111000

01111111 01000000

1000000

01111111 01000000
```

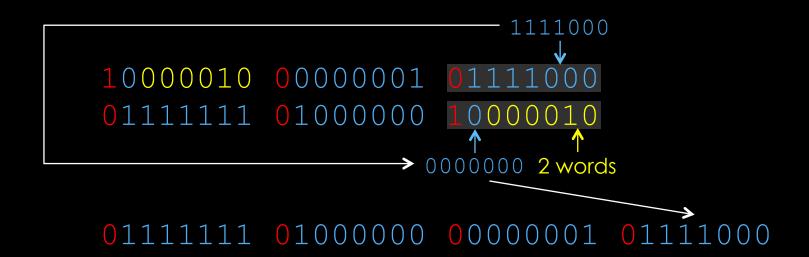
```
0000000 0000000 0000001 1111000
OR 1111111 1000000 0000000 0000000
1111111 1000000 0000001 1111000
```

```
10000010 00000001 01111000
01111111 01000000 10000010

01111111 01000000 00000001
```

```
O000000 0000000 0000001 1111000
OR 1111111 1000000 0000000 0000000

1111111 1000000 0000001 1111000
```

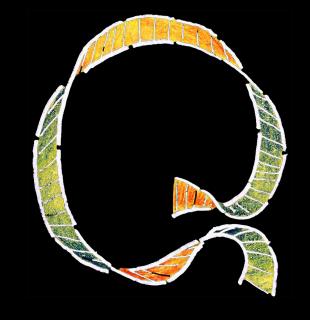


Smaller Files:

Compresses with run-length and literal values

Faster Queries:

Bitwise logical operations without inflation



GENOTYPE QUERY TOOLS

Tool and C API for large-scale genotype queries Allele frequency sorting WAH encoding

https://github.com/ryanlayer/gqt

MACS simulation

1e8 Genome

100 ... 100000 individuals

588830 ... 2061134 variants

1000 Genomes chr15 validation

	<u>1KG</u>	<u>Simulation</u>	<u>Difference</u>
genome size	102531392	100000000	0.98
individuals	1092	1000	0.92
variants	1130554	816284	0.72

File size and query time wrt bcftools, plink, plink2

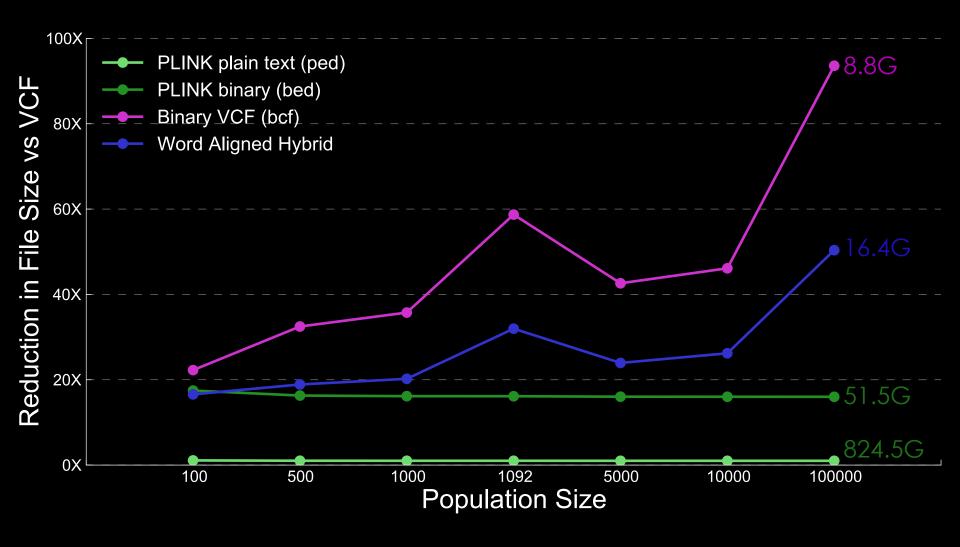
https://github.com/samtools/bcftools

http://pngu.mgh.harvard.edu/~purcell/plink/

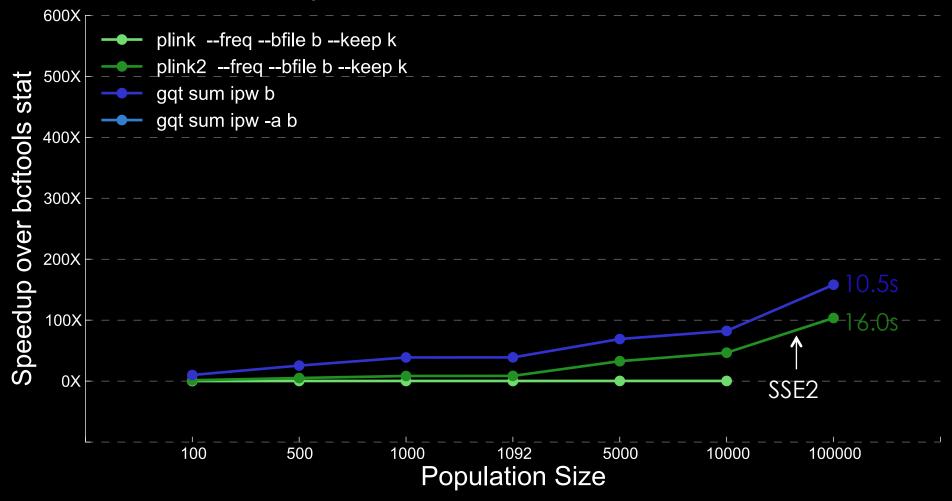
https://github.com/chrchang/plink-ng

MacBook Pro, 2.8GHz Intel Core i7 (Haswell)

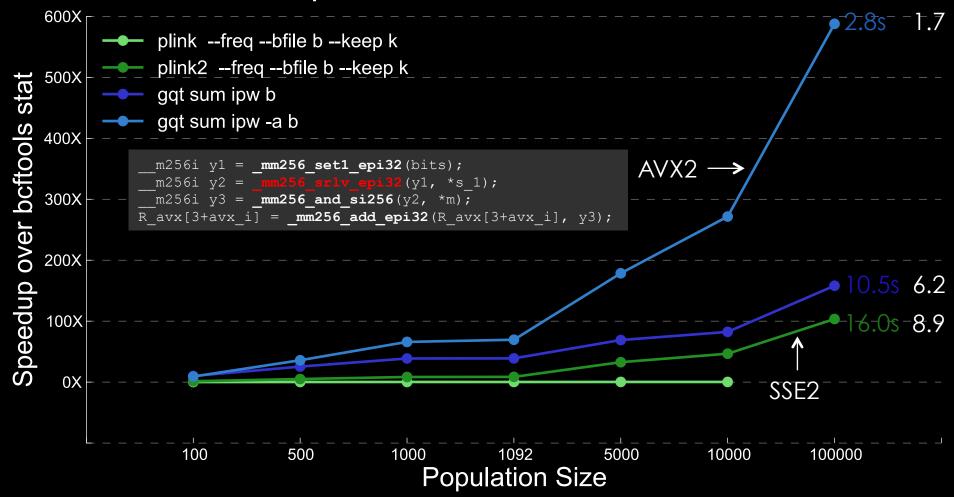
Encoded File Size vs. VCF



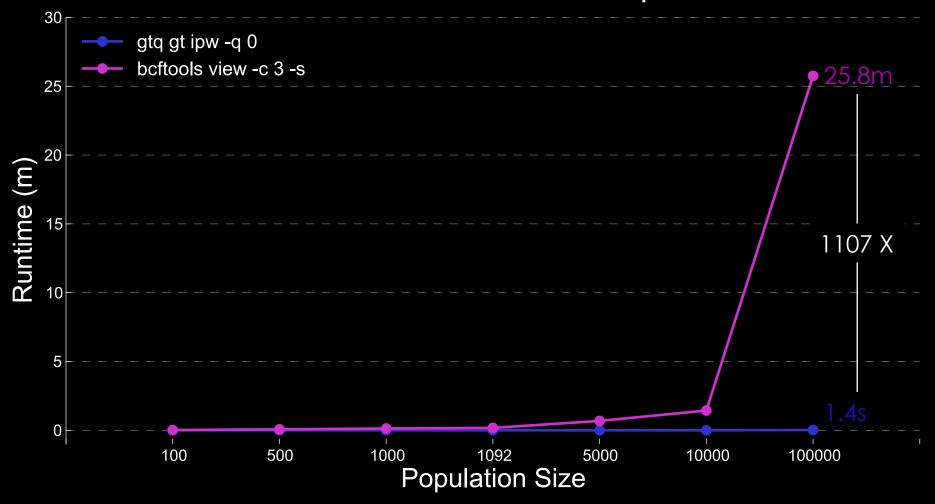
Speedup for Alt. Allele Count in 10% of Population vs. bcftools stat -s



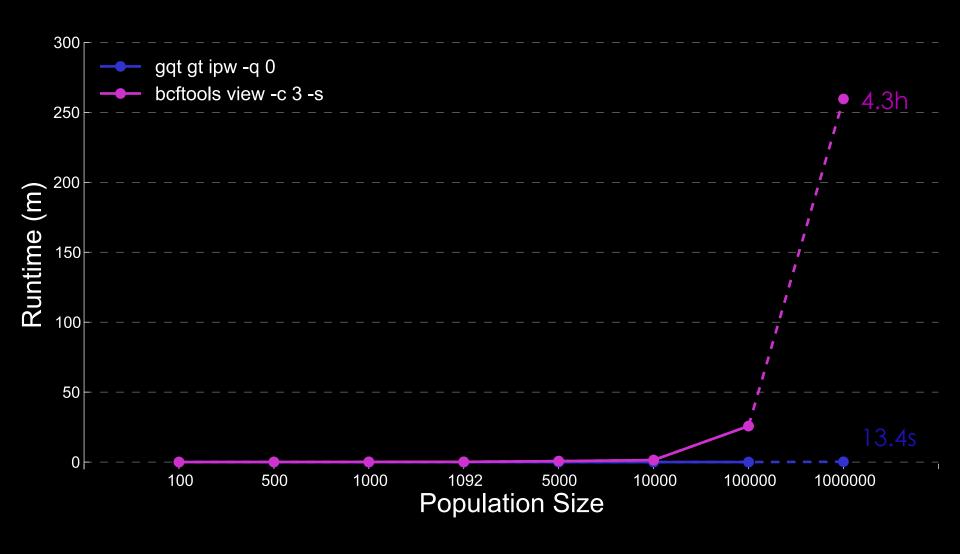
Speedup for Alt. Allele Count in 10% of Population vs. bcftools stat -s



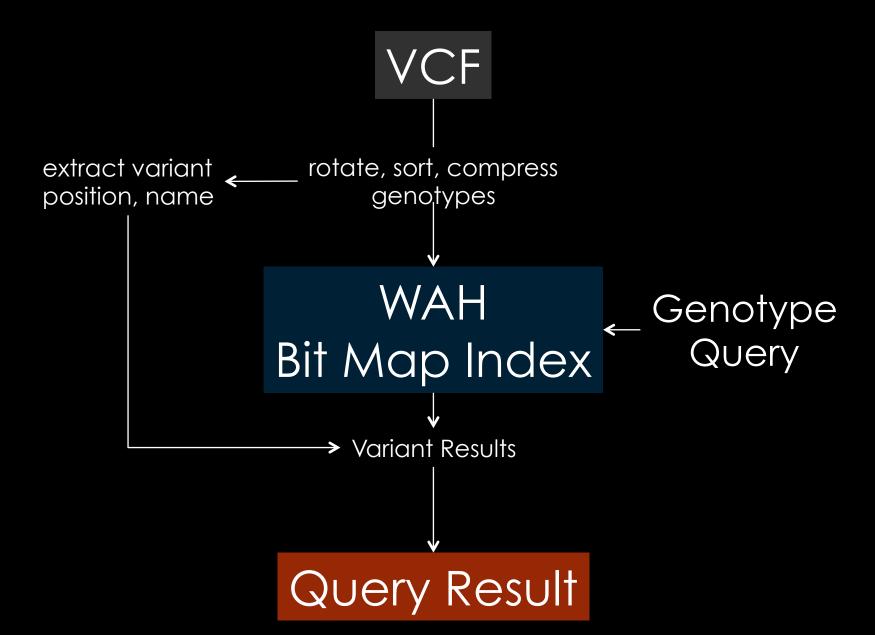
Runtime for Finding Non-Reference Variants in 10% of the Population



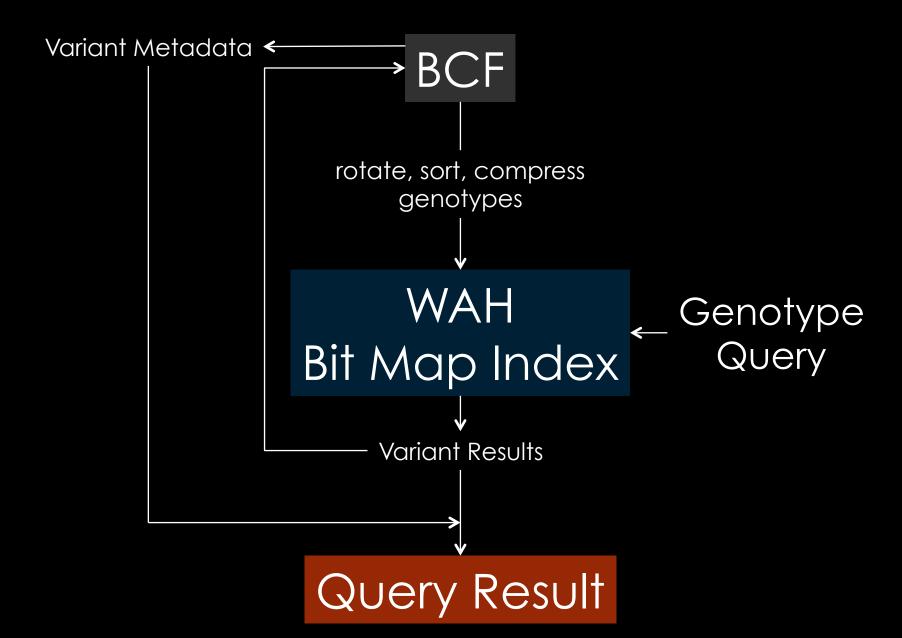
1 Million Individuals (Linear Fit Estimate)



Current System



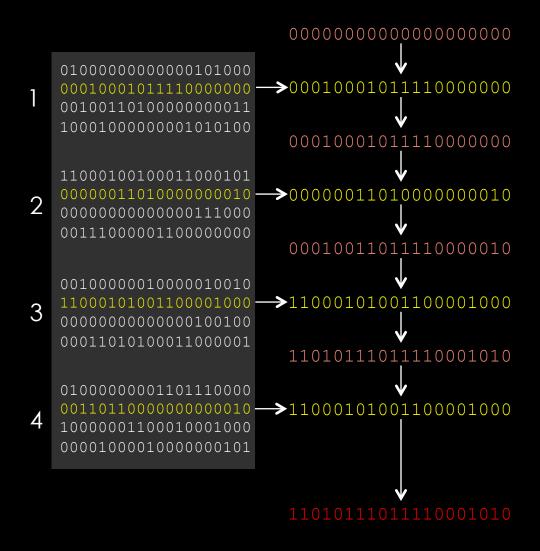
Envisioned System



Gemini Query Engine

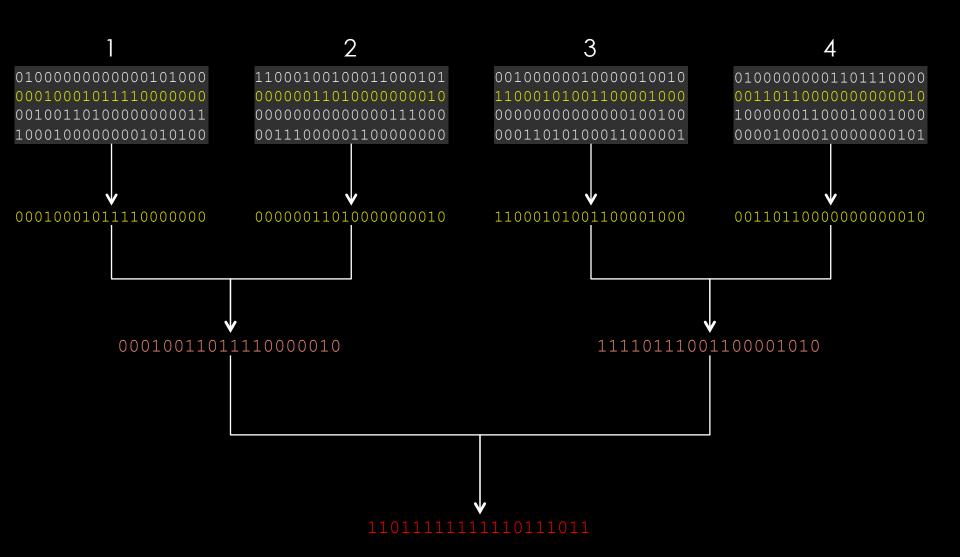


Single Core Sequential Processing



Distributed Parallel Processing

Distributed Parallel Processing





GENOTYPE QUERY TOOLS

https://github.com/ryanlayer/gqt rl6sf@virginia.edu @ryanlayer

Millions of Individuals 100 Millions of genotypes Rotate, Sort, WAH Encode Small Files Fast Queries



Aaron Quinlan



Neil Kindlon

NIH Cancer Training Grant postdoc fellowship