

CS 1302A – HW 8 (Spring 2016)
Total: 100 pts
Due: Monday, April 25, 2016 11:59 pm

This homework has 3 problems which deal with sets and maps (Ch 21).

Eclipse Reminder

- You will create a Java Project in Eclipse with the name: *hw8_FLastname*
- You will have three packages: *prob1*, *prob2*, *prob3*

Problem 1

Do Programming Exercise 21-1 on page 818 from the text. Create a *prob1* package and add a new class named *Exercise21_1*. Note, the problem says to use *LinkedHashSet*, you can use *HashSet* if you like. However, there is absolutely no difference between the two in terms of this problem. The output should look like this:

```
Original Set 1: [George, Jim, John, Blake, Kevin, Michael]
Original Set 2: [George, Katie, Kevin, Michelle, Ryan]
Union of the two sets: [George, Jim, John, Blake, Kevin, Michael, Katie, Michelle, Ryan]
Difference of the two sets: [Jim, John, Blake, Michael]
Intersection of the two sets: [George, Kevin]
```

Hint: 1. To clone a Set *set1*, you may use the following code:

```
LinkedHashSet<String> set1Clone1 = (LinkedHashSet<String>)set1.clone();
```

2. Use the Collection methods: *addAll*, *removeAll* and *retainAll*

Problem 2

A *HashMap* holds the points scored (value) for each player (key) in game 1. A similar *HashMap* holds the points scored for each player in game 2. For example:

```
HashMap<String,Integer> game1 = new HashMap<>();
game1.put("Chen", 4);
game1.put("Allie", 9);
game1.put("Reece", 4);
game1.put("Skuye", 6);
game1.put("Meshell", 6);

HashMap<String,Integer> game2 = new HashMap<>();
game2.put("Chen", 8);
game2.put("Zyrene", 4);
game2.put("Skuye", 2);
game2.put("Meshell", 3);
```

Do the following:

1. Create a package named, "prob2" and a class named, "Games".
2. Write a method named *getTotals* that accepts two *HashMaps* as described above and returns a *TreeMap* of all the players that played in both games and the total number of points they got. For the example above, the result is:

```
Key=Chen, Value=12  
Key=Meshell, Value=9  
Key=Skuye, Value=8
```

3. Write a *main* with the maps above, call *getTotals*, and print the resulting *TreeMap* as shown immediately above.

Problem 3

Do the following:

1. Create a package named, "prob3" and a class named, "Games2".
2. Create a *Player* class and add this code:

```
public class Player {  
    private String name;  
    private int points;  
  
    public Player(String name, int points) {  
        this.name = name;  
        this.points = points;  
    }  
  
    public String getName() {  
        return name;  
    }  
    public int getPoints() {  
        return points;  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public String toString() {  
        return "name=" + name + ", points=" + points;  
    }  
}
```

3. Define a *TreeSet* in *main* to hold *Player* objects sorted by name, then points. Test with this code:

```
Player p1 = new Player("Benito", 33);  
Player p2 = new Player("Quincy", 14);  
Player p3 = new Player("Lean", 22);  
Player p4 = new Player("Carly", 41);  
Player p5 = new Player("Pepper", 18);
```

```
// Add your code to define TreeSet named "team" here

team.addAll(Arrays.asList(p1,p2,p3,p4,p5));
System.out.println("\nPlayers sorted by name:");
for(Player p : team) System.out.println(p);
```

Hint: You need to implement and use a Comparator, *NameComparator*, to sort players by name, then points, in a *TreeSet*

4. Write a method named *getPlayersAbove* that accepts a *TreeSet* of *Player* objects and an integer, *val*. The method should return a set of *Players* containing only the players with points at or above *val*.

Hints:

- (1) You need to implement and use a Comparator, *PointsComparator*, to sort players by points, then name, in a *TreeSet*
- (2) Create a “dummy” player with points *val* and use the method *tailSet* on *TreeSet* to return a set of all players that are larger than or equal to the “dummy” player in terms of points.

5. Add the code below to the bottom of *main* to test:

```
Set<Player> big = getPlayersAbove(team,20);
System.out.println("\nPlayers with a lot of points:");
for(Player p : big) System.out.println(p);
```

The expected outcome is as follows:

```
Players sorted by name:
name=Benito, points=33
name=Carly, points=41
name=Lean, points=22
name=Pepper, points=18
name=Quincy, points=14
```

```
Players sorted by points:
name=Quincy, points=14
name=Pepper, points=18
name=Lean, points=22
name=Benito, points=33
name=Carly, points=41
```

```
Players with a lot of points:
name=Lean, points=22
name=Benito, points=33
name=Carly, points=41
```

Submission

Make sure you zip the ENTIRE folder *hw8_FLastname!!* Submit your zip file to Blazeview by the due date. The name of your file should be: *hw8_FLastname.zip*.

Grading

I will RANDOMLY select one problem for grading. For example, if problem 1 is selected, I will only go to the package/folder *prob1* for grading. So make sure all your Java codes are in the correct packages/folders.

Additional Requirements:

- 1) **No late submission** will be accepted.
- 2) Please **exactly** follow the naming rules described above. **You will be deducted 10 points for incorrect naming.**
- 3) Write comments at the beginning of your Java source file(s) to indicate your name, student ID, "CS 1302-A Homework 8", and the due date.
- 4) Make sure that your programs are **well-documented**, readable, and user friendly. Make sure you document your programs by **adding comments to your statements/blocks** so that I can understand your code. **You will get 0 to 10 points based on the helpfulness of your comments.** You will be deducted 10 points for no comments.
- 5) It is your responsibility to make sure your programs can compile and run correctly. Please be aware that programs that do not compile may receive **ZERO** credit.
- 6) When grades are returned to you via BlazeView, you have 7 days to meet with the instructor to discuss on grade changes. After 7 days, the grades are written in stone and can't be changed after that point.