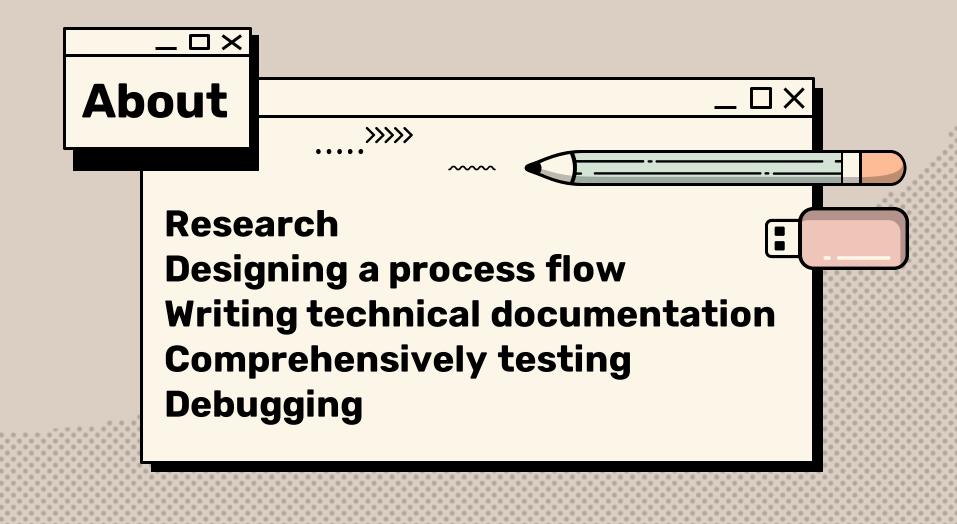
"What is software test?" Asked a Developer

Mehrdokht, August 2023

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Why test?

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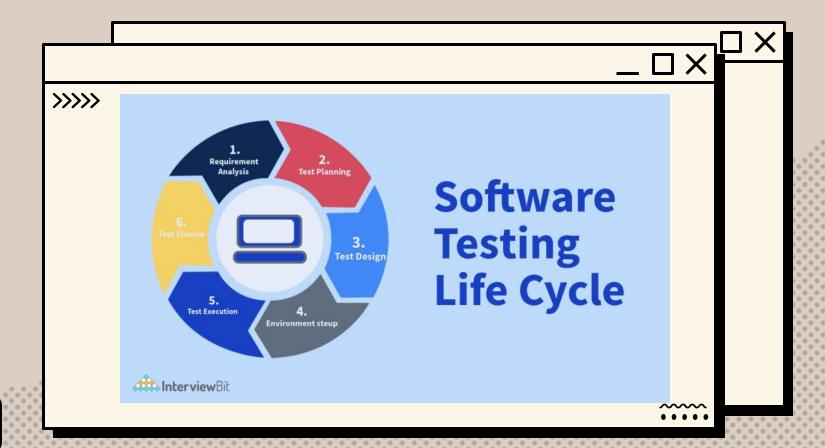
Enhancing user experience

Identifying defects and bugs

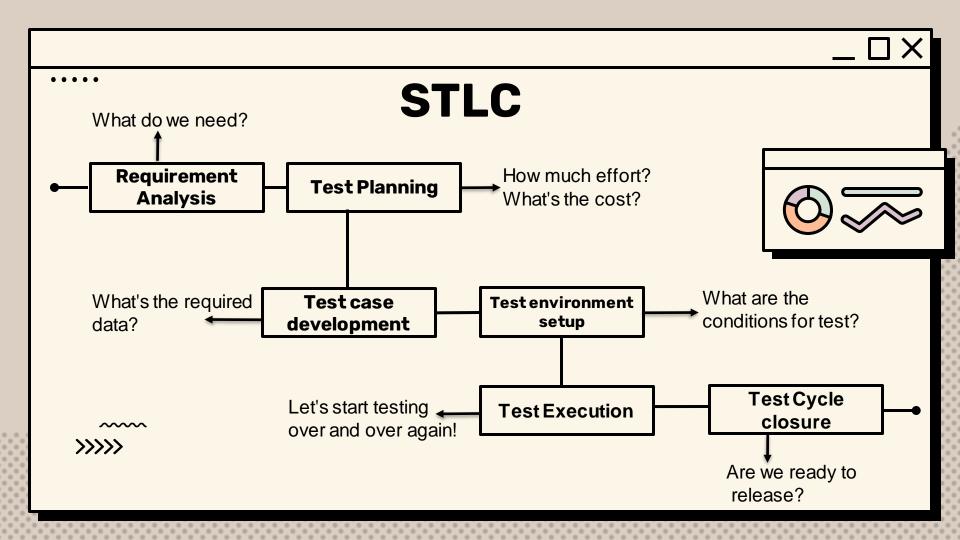
Ensuring compatibility

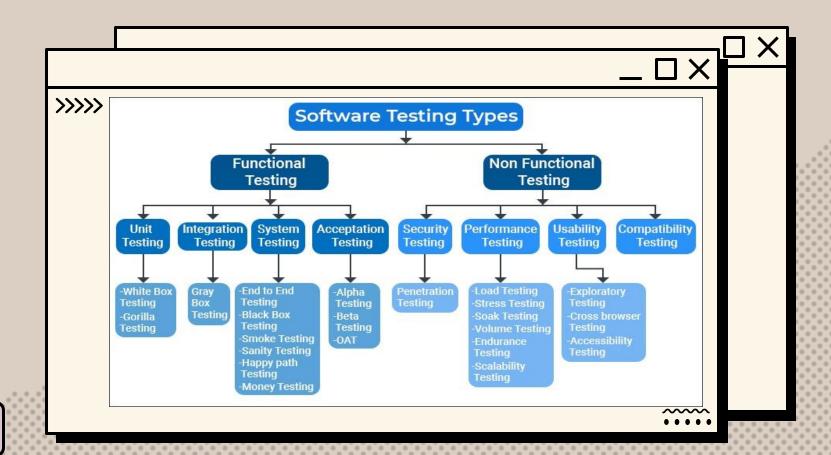
Security and data integrity

Optimizing performance

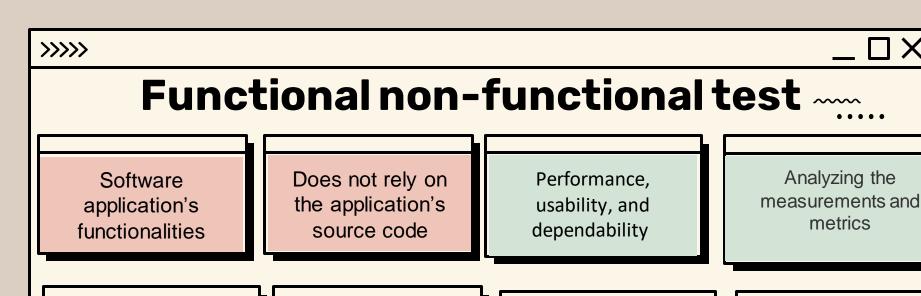












Both manually and automatically

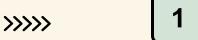
Every aspect can be checked

Improve the knowledge of current technology

Exact figures aren't known from the beginning



Box techniques



Uses the knowledge of internal data structures, physical logic flow, and architecture at the level of source code.

-White Box

The functionality of the software is not known. Done without the internal knowledge of the products. Focuses on software's external attributes and behavior.

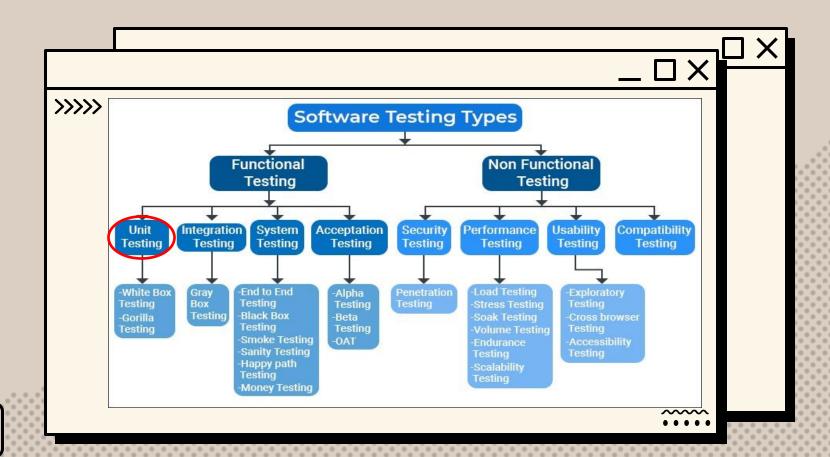
-Black Box

Combination of the Black Box and the White Box Testing. Involves inputs and outputs of a program for the testing purpose. Tested by using the information about the code. Suited for web application testing.

-Grey Box











>>>>>

Non-Functional test

••••

Security

Is software, application, or website secure from internal and/or external threats?

Penetration testing

- SQL injection
- URLs manipulation

Performance

Application's stability and response time by applying load.

Load test
Stress test
Scalability test
Volume test
Endurance test

Usability

From the user's perspective feel and user-friendliness

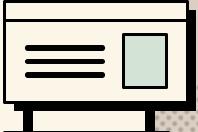
Compatibility

How software behaves and runs in a different environment, web servers, hardware, and network environment.

UNIT TEST

- To isolate a section of code.
- To verify the correctness of the code.
- To test every function and procedure.
- To fix bugs early in the development cycle and to save costs.
- To help the developers to understand the code base and enable them to make changes quickly.
- To help with code reuse.





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Data mocking

Replacing dependencies by controlled replacement objects that imitate or simulate the behavior of the real ones. This process of replicating the real environment having actual external dependencies is called mocking.

Having too many mocks in code is bad.

Mocking frameworks exist to help make this process easier.



Unit test pros and cons

learn what functionality is provided by a unit	Time-consuming
Units can test in isolation	Doesn't cover all the errors in the module
Early Detection of Issues	Not efficient for checking the errors in the UI
Improved Code Quality an increased code confidence	Requires more time for maintenance
Faster Development	Doesn't cover scalability, the performance of the system
Better Documentation	Dependence on Developers
Facilitation of Refactoring	Over-reliance on Automation
Reduced Time and Cost	Maintenance Overhead



Tools for JS Unit test





Jest

JavaScript Testing Framework with a focus on simplicity.



Mocha

Mocha is a feature-rich Java Script test framework running on Node.js and in the browser,



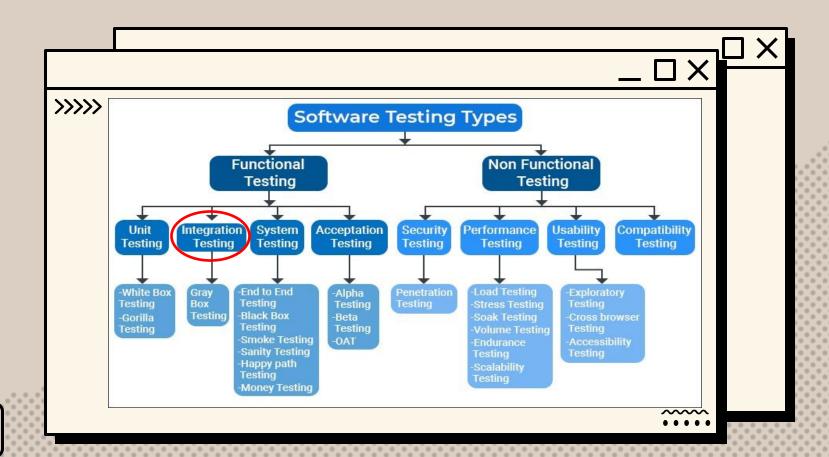
Storybook

Use it for UI development, testing, and documentation.



Jasmine

Behavior-driven development framework. I does not depend on any other JavaScript frameworks. It does not require a DOM.







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Integration Test

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Data flow between dependent modules or interface between two features

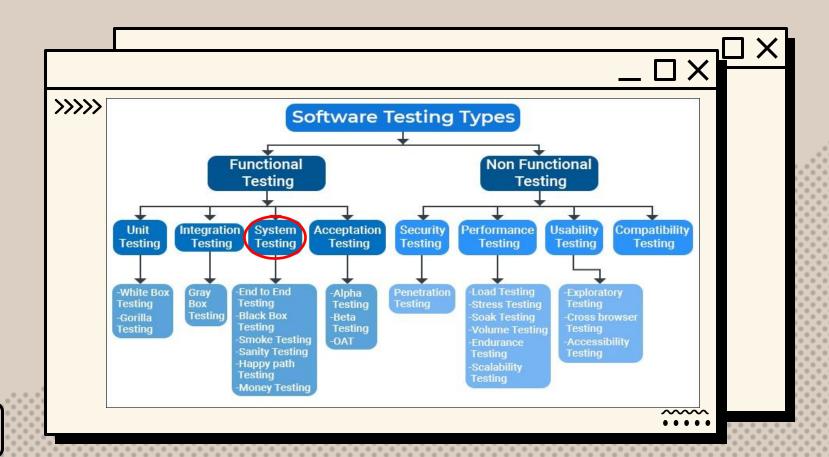
02

Purpose is to test the statement's accuracy between each module

Aggregate results from various parts and sources

04

No need to mock away parts of the application







# System Testing (E2E)

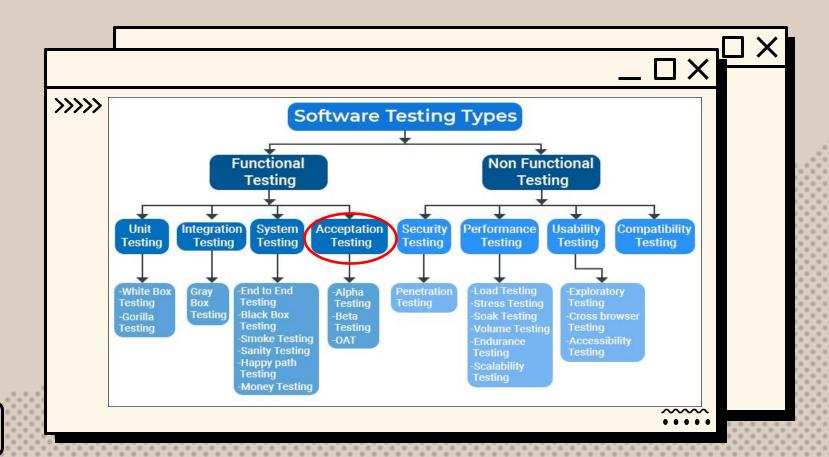
- Performed by testing team (Thank you guys)
- Test the quality of the system impartial
- Both functional and non-functional testing
- Performed on a complete integrated system

- Detects defects within both the integrated units and the whole system.
- The goal is to detect any irregularity between the integrated units
- Integration testing passed components are taken as input

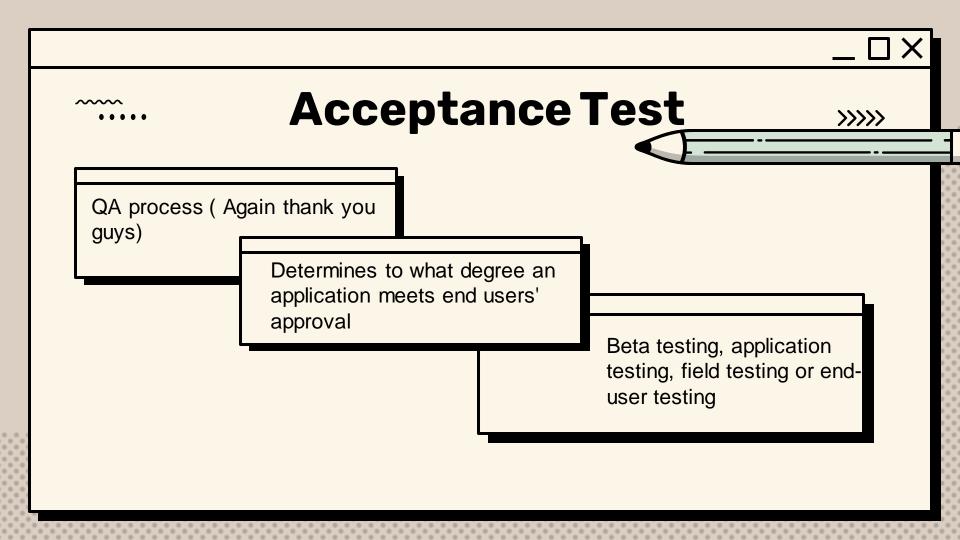








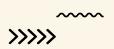


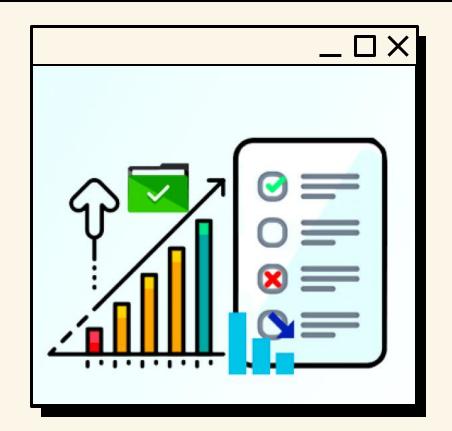


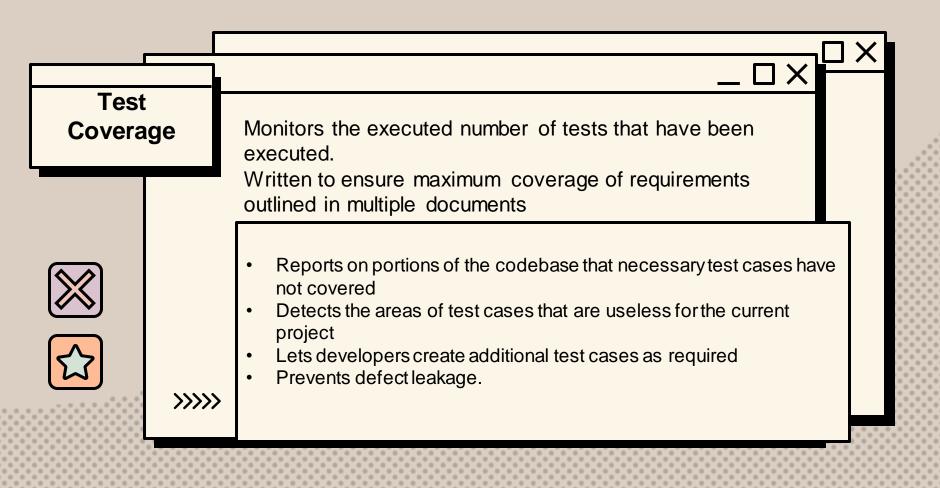


## **Code Coverage**

- Measure the codebase's effectiveness
- The test code must be changed to stay updated with these changes
- Testing standards established at the beginning of the project must be maintained throughout subsequent release cycles









## >>>> Test coverage VS code coverage

## Test coverage \_ □ X

Better for code function test

Suitable with test-driven development

Used in the early stages of development

#### **Code coverage**

Make sure all code is being executed

Used when the code gets more complex



## Resources

- https://jestjs.io/
- https://www.perfecto.io/blog/automatedtesting-vs-manual-testing-vs-continuoustesting
- https://www.javatpoint.com/types-ofsoftware-testing
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/softwaredevelopment-life-cycle-sdlc/?ref=lbp
- https://www.browserstack.com/guide/cod e-coverage-vs-test-coverage
- https://preflight.com/blog/why-mockingis-required-in-unit-testing-a-detailedguide/

- https://www.techtarget.com/searchsoft warequality/definition/unit-testing
- https://github.com/moh3n9595/jsabbreviation-number
- https://github.com/moh3n9595/reactbeacon-hint
- https://www.tatvasoft.com/outsourcing /2021/09/types-of-softwaretesting.html
- Ali Rastegar

