File Path Traversal – Traversal Sequences Stripped Non-Recursively –

Lab Report

Submitted By:

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Platform:

PortSwigger

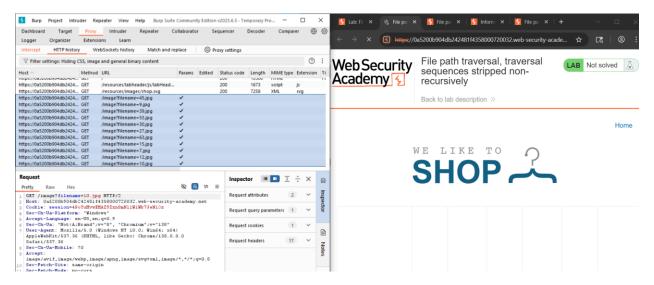
Objective:

Exploit a path traversal vulnerability where traversal sequences are stripped non-recursively, and retrieve the contents of the /etc/passwd file.

Tools Used:

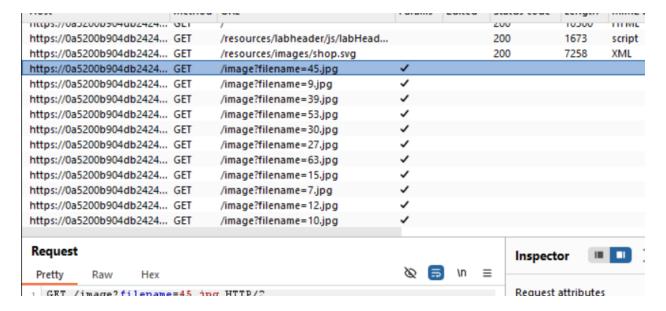
• Burp Suite Community

1. Access the Lab

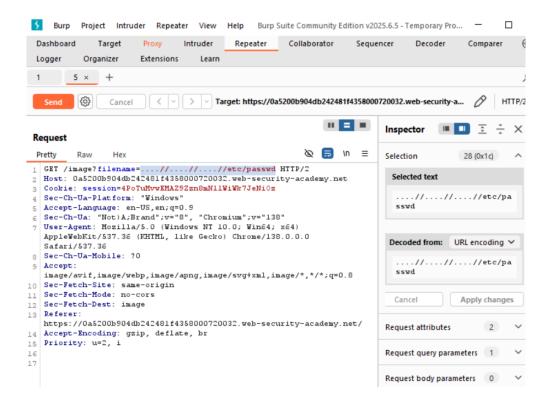


2. Intercept the Image Request

Used Burp Suite to intercept the request when the image was loaded.

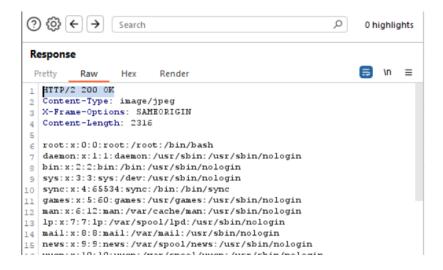


- 3. Modify the Request Using a Non-Recursive Bypass
 - Sent the request to Burp Repeater.
 - Changed the filename parameter to use the bypass payload:



4. Observe the Server Response

- The response included the content of the system file /etc/passwd.
- This confirmed the bypass was successful, and the application failed to sanitize the path recursively.



5. Submit the Solution



Vulnerability Analysis:

- **Vulnerability:** Path traversal sequences are removed from input only once, not recursively.
- **Exploit:** Using crafted traversal strings like //, which resolve to . . / after a single strip, allowing full traversal.
- Impact: Unauthorized file read, which can lead to data leakage and further exploitation.
- **Risk Level:** High

Mitigation Recommendations:

- Apply input sanitization recursively until all malicious patterns are removed.
- Use a fixed allow-list for accessible files.
- Prevent any input that includes /, \, or sequences like ..., .../, or variants.
- Resolve user-supplied paths using secure libraries and ensure they stay within a
 designated directory.

Conclusion:

This lab demonstrated how non-recursive input sanitization can be bypassed with carefully crafted traversal payloads. By using//, the application was tricked into allowing a path traversal, enabling access to /etc/passwd and completing the lab successfully.

End...