

Sequential Search

Check out the video lecture for a full breakdown, in this Notebook all we do is implement Sequential Search for an Unordered List and an Ordered List.

Sequential Search

```
In [1]: def seq_search(arr,ele):  
        """  
        General Sequential Search. Works on Unordered lists.  
        """  
  
        # Start at position 0  
        pos = 0  
        # Target becomes true if ele is in the list  
        found = False  
  
        # go until end of list  
        while pos < len(arr) and not found:  
  
            # If match  
            if arr[pos] == ele:  
                found = True  
  
            # Else move one down  
            else:  
                pos = pos+1  
  
        return found
```

```
In [2]: arr = [1,9,2,8,3,4,7,5,6]
```

```
In [4]: print(seq_search(arr,1))
```

True

```
In [5]: print(seq_search(arr,10))
```

False

Ordered List

If we know the list is ordered than, we only have to check until we have found the element or an element greater than it.

```
In [6]: def ordered_seq_search(arr,ele):  
        """  
        Sequential search for an Ordered list  
        """  
        # Start at position 0  
        pos = 0
```

```
# Target becomes true if ele is in the list
found = False

# Stop marker
stopped = False

# go until end of list
while pos < len(arr) and not found and not stopped:

    # If match
    if arr[pos] == ele:
        found = True

    else:

        # Check if element is greater
        if arr[pos] > ele:
            stopped = True

        # Otherwise move on
        else:
            pos = pos+1

return found
```

In [7]: `arr.sort()`

In [8]: `ordered_seq_search(arr,3)`

Out[8]: True

In [9]: `ordered_seq_search(arr,1.5)`

Out[9]: False

Good Job!