

Implementation of Binary Search

In this notebook we will just implement two versions of a simple binary search. View the video lecture for a full breakdown!

Binary Search

```
In [4]: def binary_search(arr,ele):  
  
    # First and Last index values  
    first = 0  
    last = len(arr) - 1  
  
    found = False  
  
    while first <= last and not found:  
  
        mid = (first+last)//2  
  
        # Match found  
        if arr[mid] == ele:  
            found = True  
  
        # Set new midpoints up or down depending on comparison  
        else:  
            # Set down  
            if ele < arr[mid]:  
                last = mid -1  
            # Set up  
            else:  
                first = mid + 1  
  
    return found
```

```
In [5]: # List must already be sorted!  
arr = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
```

```
In [6]: binary_search(arr,4)
```

```
Out[6]: True
```

```
In [7]: binary_search(arr,2.2)
```

```
Out[7]: False
```

Recursive Version of Binary Search

```
In [10]: def rec_bin_search(arr,ele):
```

```
    # Base Case!  
    if len(arr) == 0:  
        return False
```

```
# Recursive Case
else:

    mid = len(arr)//2

    # If match found
    if arr[mid]==ele:
        return True

    else:

        # Call again on second half
        if ele<arr[mid]:
            return rec_bin_search(arr[:mid],ele)

        # Or call on first half
        else:
            return rec_bin_search(arr[mid+1:],ele)
```

In [11]: `rec_bin_search(arr,3)`

Out[11]: True

In [12]: `rec_bin_search(arr,15)`

Out[12]: False

Good Job!