

## 2-a: Bayes Network to identify fraudulent transactions

## 2-b: Answering queries by using the variable elimination code

- Prior Probability that the current transaction is Fraud

**Query:**  $P(\text{Fraud})$

**Output generated by the code:**

```
Initial factors:
P(Trav)
P(Fraud|Trav)
P(OC)
P(CRP|OC)
P(FP|Trav,Fraud)
P(IP|OC,Fraud)

After eliminating Trav:
P(OC)
P(CRP|OC)
P(IP|OC,Fraud)
f(Fraud,FP)

After eliminating FP:
P(OC)
P(CRP|OC)
P(IP|OC,Fraud)
f(Fraud)

After eliminating IP:
P(OC)
P(CRP|OC)
f(Fraud)

After eliminating OC:
f(Fraud)
f(CRP)

After eliminating CRP:
f(Fraud)

Solution:
P(Fraud)
+fraud | 0.00430 |
-fraud | 0.99570 |
```

So, the probability that the current transaction is Fraud =  $P(+\text{fraud}) = 0.00430$

- Probability that the current transaction is fraud once we verify that it is a foreign transaction, but not an internet purchase and that the card holder purchased computer related accessories in the past week

**Query:**  $P(\text{Fraud} \mid +fp, -ip, +crp)$

### Output generated by the code

Initial factors:

$P(\text{Trav})$

$P(\text{Fraud} \mid \text{Trav})$

$P(\text{OC})$

$P(+crp \mid \text{OC})$

$P(+fp \mid \text{Trav}, \text{Fraud})$

$P(-ip \mid \text{OC}, \text{Fraud})$

After eliminating Trav:

$P(\text{OC})$

$P(+crp \mid \text{OC})$

$P(-ip \mid \text{OC}, \text{Fraud})$

$f(+fp, \text{Fraud})$

After eliminating OC:

$f(+fp, \text{Fraud})$

Solution:

$P(\text{Fraud} \mid +fp, -ip, +crp)$

+fraud		0.01513	
-fraud		0.98487	

So, probability that the current transaction is fraud with given evidence

$$= P(+fraud \mid +fp, -ip, +crp) = 0.01513$$