

# ASSIGNMENT-7.2

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BATCH-29

## TASK-1

PROMPT:

```
num = input("Enter a number: ")
```

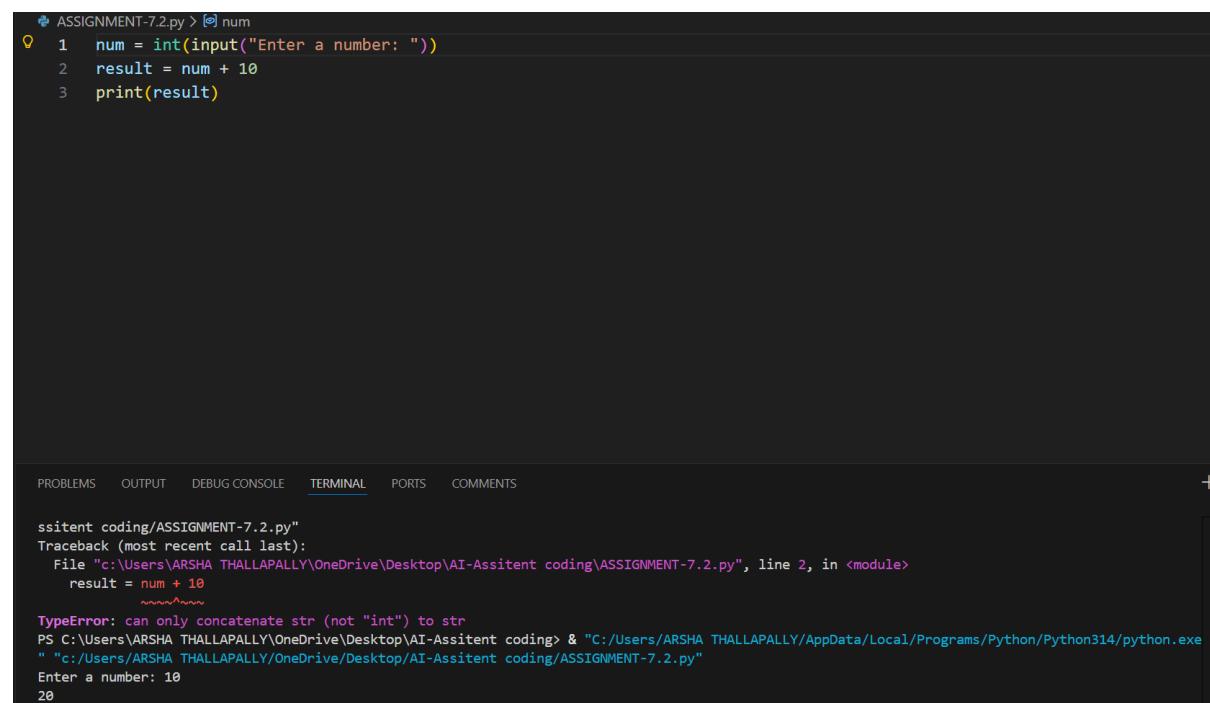
```
result = num + 10
```

```
print(result)
```

#identify the cause of the runtime error and modify

the program so it executes correctly.

## CODE:



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following content:

```
 ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py > num
 1 num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
 2 result = num + 10
 3 print(result)

ssitant coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py"
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "c:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assitant coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py", line 2, in <module>
    result = num + 10
    ~~~~~^~~~~
TypeError: can only concatenate str (not "int") to str
PS C:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assitant coding> & "C:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python314/python.exe"
" c:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assitant coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py"
Enter a number: 10
20
```

The terminal shows the Python code being run. It fails at line 2 because it tries to add a string ('10') to an integer (2). The error message is 'TypeError: can only concatenate str (not "int") to str'. The command 'ps' is used to run the Python interpreter.

## OBSERVATION:

The program takes user input using `input()`, which returns a string by default.

When the code tries to add 10 to this string, a type mismatch occurs, causing a runtime error.

The error happens because arithmetic operations cannot be performed between a string and an integer without converting the input to a numeric type.

## TASK-2

### PROMPT:

```
def square(n):
    result = n * n
    # Analyze the function and ensure the correct value is
    returned.
    #fixes the missing return statement and the function
    returns the correct
    output.
```

## CODE:

```
5 def square(n):      Pin selection to current chat prompt (Ctrl+Alt+X)
6     result = n * n
7     return result

PROBLEMS    OUTPUT    DEBUG CONSOLE    TERMINAL    PORTS    COMMENTS

~~~~~
TypeError: can only concatenate str (not "int") to str
PS C:\Users\ARSHA THALLAPALLY\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assistent coding> & "C:/Users/ARSHA THALLA
" "c:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assistent coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py"
Enter a number: 10
20
PS C:\Users\ARSHA THALLAPALLY\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assistent coding> & "C:/Users/ARSHA THALLA
" "c:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assistent coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py"
Enter a number: 5
15
```

## OBSERVATION:

In the given function, the value of  $n * n$  is calculated and stored in the variable `result`, but it is never returned from the function.

Because of the missing `return` statement, the function does not send any value back to the caller and returns `None` by default.

As a result, the expected output is not produced even though the computation is performed.

The bug occurs due to the absence of a `return` statement in the function definition.

## TASK-3

### PROMPT:

```
numbers = [10, 20, 30]
```

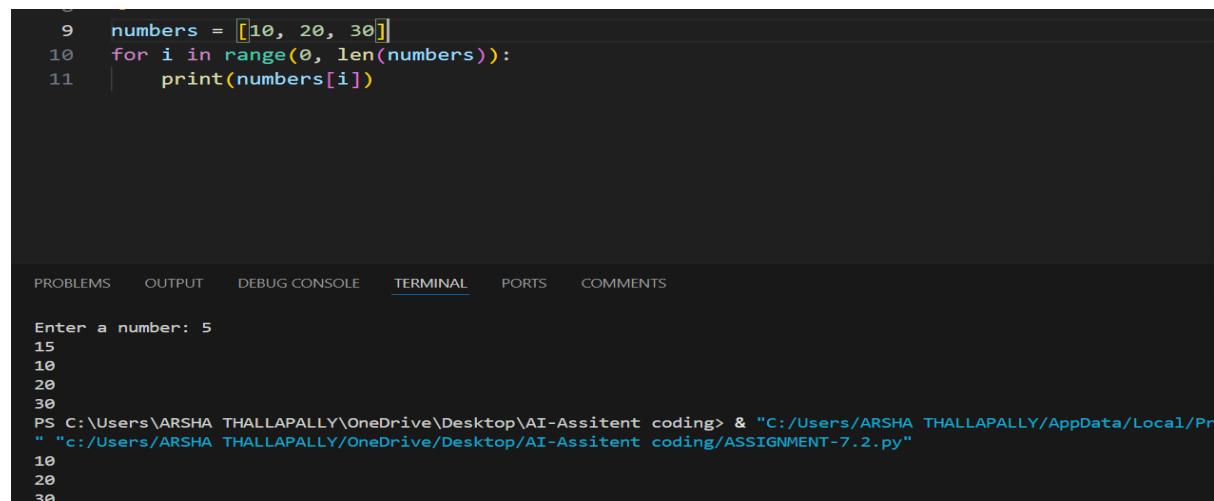
```
for i in range(0, len(numbers)+1):
```

```
    print(numbers[i])
```

#incorrect loop boundary and correct the iteration

logic.

### CODE:



```
9  numbers = [10, 20, 30]
10 for i in range(0, len(numbers)):
11     print(numbers[i])

PROBLEMS    OUTPUT    DEBUG CONSOLE    TERMINAL    PORTS    COMMENTS

Enter a number: 5
15
10
20
30
PS C:\Users\ARSHA THALLAPALLY\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assistent coding> & "C:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python310/python.exe" "c:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assistent coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py"
10
20
30
```

### OBSERVATION:

The loop runs one step beyond the last valid index because it uses `len(numbers) + 1` as the upper limit.

This causes the program to try accessing an index that does not exist in the list, resulting in an `IndexError`.

The error occurs due to an incorrect loop boundary that goes out of the list's valid range.

## TASK-4

PROMPT:

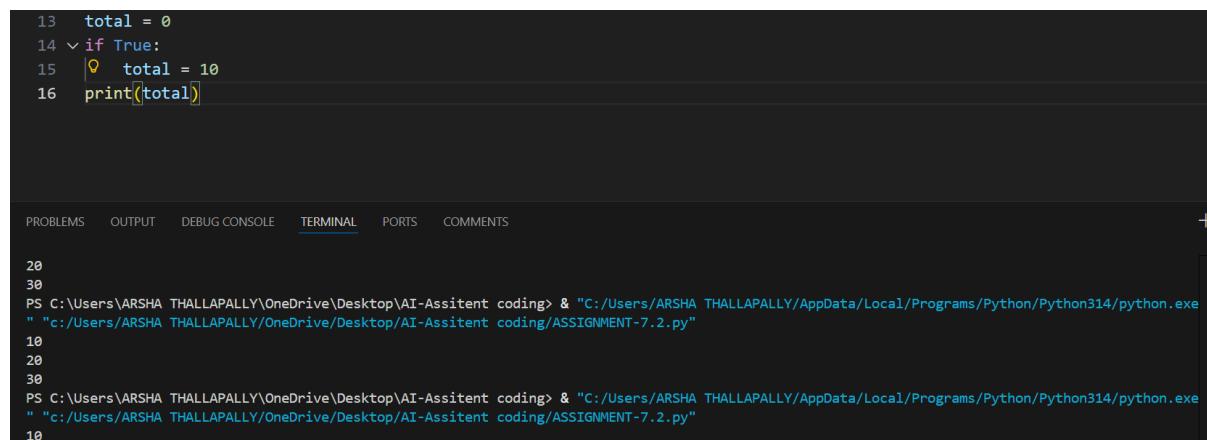
if True:

    pass

    print(total)

To detect the uninitialized variable and correct the program.

CODE:



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following content:

```
13 total = 0
14 ✕ if True:
15 |   total = 10
16 |   print(total)

20
30
PS C:\Users\ARSHA THALLAPALLY\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assitant coding & "C:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python314/python.exe"
" "c:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assitant coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py"
10
```

The terminal shows the code being run. Line 15 is highlighted with a red arrow pointing to the assignment operator (=). The output shows the command being run and the resulting value of 10.

OBSERVATION:

In the given program, the variable total is used in the print statement without being assigned any value beforehand. Since total is never initialized, Python raises a **NameError** when trying to access it.

The error occurs because the program attempts to use a variable before defining it.

To fix this, the variable must be initialized with a value before it is used in any calculation or output.

## TASK-5

### PROMPT:

"""A grading program assigns incorrect grades due to improper conditional logic.

Example (Buggy Code):"""

```
marks = 85
```

```
if marks >= 90:
```

```
    grade = "A"
```

```
elif marks >= 80:
```

```
    grade = "B"
```

```
else:
```

```
    grade = "C"
```

```
print(grade)
```

#analyze the grading conditions and correct the logical flow.

## CODE:

```
18 """A grading program assigns incorrect grades due to improper conditional
19 logic.
20 Example (Buggy Code):"""
21 marks = 85
22 if marks >= 90:
23     grade = "A"
24 elif marks >= 80:
25     grade = "B"
26 else:
27     grade = "C"
28 print(grade)
29 #analyze the grading conditions and correct the logical flow.
30 |
```

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS COMMENTS +  
30  
PS C:\Users\ARSHA THALLAPALLY\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assitant coding> & "C:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python314/python.exe  
" "c:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assitant coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py"  
10  
PS C:\Users\ARSHA THALLAPALLY\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assitant coding> & "C:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python314/python.exe  
" "c:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assitant coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py"  
C  
PS C:\Users\ARSHA THALLAPALLY\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assitant coding> & "C:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python314/python.exe  
" "c:/Users/ARSHA THALLAPALLY/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assitant coding/ASSIGNMENT-7.2.py"  
B
```

## OBSERVATION:

In the given program, the grading conditions are logically incorrect.

For marks greater than or equal to 80, the grade is assigned as "C" instead of a higher grade, and the else block assigns "B" for lower marks.

This causes wrong grade assignment because higher marks should correspond to better grades.

The logical flow of conditions is reversed, leading to incorrect output.

The issue occurs due to improper ordering and incorrect grade mapping in the conditional statements.

