

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [3]: import numpy as np
```

Create a Series and print the output

```
In [4]: series_data = pd.Series([10, 20, 30, 40, 50])  
print(series_data)
```

```
0    10  
1    20  
2    30  
3    40  
4    50  
dtype: int64
```

Create a DataFrame of 10x5 with some NaN values and print the output

```
In [10]: data = np.random.randint(1, 100, size=(10, 5)).astype(float)  
data[1, 2] = np.nan  
data[3, 4] = np.nan  
df = pd.DataFrame(data, columns=['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E'])  
print(df)
```

	A	B	C	D	E
0	85.0	87.0	82.0	12.0	89.0
1	53.0	60.0	NaN	54.0	10.0
2	7.0	85.0	17.0	50.0	28.0
3	48.0	29.0	2.0	16.0	NaN
4	29.0	10.0	43.0	84.0	64.0
5	92.0	94.0	21.0	59.0	13.0
6	2.0	54.0	90.0	20.0	70.0
7	54.0	23.0	89.0	64.0	33.0
8	83.0	90.0	1.0	83.0	34.0
9	42.0	60.0	66.0	6.0	46.0

Display top 7 and last 6 rows of the DataFrame and print the output

```
In [12]: print(df.head(7))
print(df.tail(6))
```

	A	B	C	D	E
0	85.0	87.0	82.0	12.0	89.0
1	53.0	60.0	NaN	54.0	10.0
2	7.0	85.0	17.0	50.0	28.0
3	48.0	29.0	2.0	16.0	NaN
4	29.0	10.0	43.0	84.0	64.0
5	92.0	94.0	21.0	59.0	13.0
6	2.0	54.0	90.0	20.0	70.0

	A	B	C	D	E
4	29.0	10.0	43.0	84.0	64.0
5	92.0	94.0	21.0	59.0	13.0
6	2.0	54.0	90.0	20.0	70.0
7	54.0	23.0	89.0	64.0	33.0
8	83.0	90.0	1.0	83.0	34.0
9	42.0	60.0	66.0	6.0	46.0

Fill NaN values with a constant value and print the output

```
In [13]: filled_df = df.fillna(0)
print(filled_df)
```

	A	B	C	D	E
0	85.0	87.0	82.0	12.0	89.0
1	53.0	60.0	0.0	54.0	10.0
2	7.0	85.0	17.0	50.0	28.0
3	48.0	29.0	2.0	16.0	0.0
4	29.0	10.0	43.0	84.0	64.0
5	92.0	94.0	21.0	59.0	13.0
6	2.0	54.0	90.0	20.0	70.0
7	54.0	23.0	89.0	64.0	33.0
8	83.0	90.0	1.0	83.0	34.0
9	42.0	60.0	66.0	6.0	46.0

Drop the column with missing values and print the output

```
In [14]: dropped_row_df = df.dropna()  
print(dropped_row_df)
```

	A	B	C	D	E
0	85.0	87.0	82.0	12.0	89.0
2	7.0	85.0	17.0	50.0	28.0
4	29.0	10.0	43.0	84.0	64.0
5	92.0	94.0	21.0	59.0	13.0
6	2.0	54.0	90.0	20.0	70.0
7	54.0	23.0	89.0	64.0	33.0
8	83.0	90.0	1.0	83.0	34.0
9	42.0	60.0	66.0	6.0	46.0

Check the presence of missing values in the DataFrame

```
In [15]: print(df.isnull().any())
```

```
A    False  
B    False  
C     True  
D    False  
E     True  
dtype: bool
```

Use operators and check the condition and print the output

```
In [16]: print(df[df > 50])
```

	A	B	C	D	E
0	85.0	87.0	82.0	NaN	89.0
1	53.0	60.0	NaN	54.0	NaN
2	NaN	85.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	84.0	64.0
5	92.0	94.0	NaN	59.0	NaN
6	NaN	54.0	90.0	NaN	70.0
7	54.0	NaN	89.0	64.0	NaN
8	83.0	90.0	NaN	83.0	NaN
9	NaN	60.0	66.0	NaN	NaN

Display output using loc and iloc, row, and column headings

```
In [17]: print(df.loc[2:4, 'B':'D'])
```

	B	C	D
2	85.0	17.0	50.0
3	29.0	2.0	16.0
4	10.0	43.0	84.0

```
In [18]: print(df.iloc[2:5, 1:4])
```

	B	C	D
2	85.0	17.0	50.0
3	29.0	2.0	16.0
4	10.0	43.0	84.0

Display the statistical summary of data

```
In [19]: print(df.describe())
```

	A	B	C	D	E
count	10.000000	10.000000	9.000000	10.000000	9.000000
mean	49.500000	59.200000	45.666667	44.800000	43.000000
std	31.202742	30.312447	36.939139	29.256718	26.669271
min	2.000000	10.000000	1.000000	6.000000	10.000000
25%	32.250000	35.250000	17.000000	17.000000	28.000000
50%	50.500000	60.000000	43.000000	52.000000	34.000000
75%	75.750000	86.500000	82.000000	62.750000	64.000000
max	92.000000	94.000000	90.000000	84.000000	89.000000

```
In [ ]:
```