# ODES Package

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We use open-source computer algebra system(CAS) maxima 5.31.2. The ODES package contains commands that help you work with ordinary differential equations. List of functions in ODES package:

odecv intfactor1

 ${\bf dchange} {\bf odeL}$ 

odeC  $odeL_ic$ 

solvet fs

 $ode1\_ic$  partsol

 $ode2\_ic$  odeM

 $P_{iter}$  ode $M_{ic}$ 

ode1taylor matrix\_exp

ode2taylor odelinsys

ode1exact wronskian

odecv.wxm 1/2

### odecv

```
Function: odecv(tr,eq,y,x)
Makes the change of independed variable in ODE.
 (%i1) load(odes)$
 Examples:
 1. x^3y''' + xy' - y = x
(\%i2) eq:x^3*'diff(y,x,3)+x*'diff(y,x)-y=x$
 (%i3) odecv(x=exp(t),eq,y,x);
(%03) \frac{d^3}{dt^3}y - 3\left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}y\right) + 3\left(\frac{d}{dt}y\right) - y = e^t
(%i4) odeL(%,y,t);
(%04) y=t^2 %e^t C3+t %e^t C2+%e^t C1+\frac{t^3 %e^t}{c}
(%i5) sol:subst(t=log(x),%);
(%05) y = x \log(x)^2 C3 + x \log(x) C2 + x C1 + \frac{x \log(x)^3}{c}
 2. (1 + x^2)y'' + xy' + y = 0
 (%i6) eq:(1+x^2)*'diff(y,x,2)+x*'diff(y,x)+y=0$
 (%i7) trans(eq):=block(
        coeff(lhs(eq), 'diff(y,x))/coeff(lhs(eq), 'diff(y,x,2)),
        t=radcan(integrate(exp(-integrate(%%,x)),x)))$
(%i8) itr:trans(eq); tr:solve(itr,x)[1];
 (%08) t = asinh(x)
 (\%09) x = \sinh(t)
(%i10) odecv(tr,eq,y,x);
(\%010) \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y + y = 0
(%i11) ode2(%,y,t);
(%o11) y = %k1 sin(t) + %k2 cos(t)
(%i12) sol:subst(itr,%);
(%o12) y = %k1 \sin(a \sinh(x)) + %k2 \cos(a \sinh(x))
```

odecv.wxm 2 / 2

dchange.wxm 1 / 3

## dchange

```
Function: dchange(tr,eq,y,x,new_func,new_var)
   Makes the change tr:x=f(new_var) of independent variable x.
  (%i1) load(odes)$ load(contrib_ode)$
   1. (1-x^2)y'' - xy' + n^2y = 0
  (%i3) eq:(1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x,2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+n^2*y(x)=0$
  (%i4) assume(n>0)$
   (%i5) tr:x=cos(t); itr:t=acos(x);
   (\%05) x = \cos(t)
   (\%06) t = acos(x)
  (%i7) dchange(tr,eq,y(x),x,y(t),t)$ eq1:trigsimp(%);
  (%08) \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t)+n<sup>2</sup> y(t)=0
  (\%i9) ode2(\%,y(t),t);
   (\$09) y(t)=\$k1 \sin(nt) + \$k2 \cos(nt)
  (\%i10) sol:dchange(itr,\%,y(t),t,y(x),x);
  (\$010) y(x)=\$k1 \sin(n a\cos(x)) + \$k2 \cos(n a\cos(x))
   2. xy'' + y'/2-y = 0
(\%i11) \text{ eq:} x*diff(y(x),x,2)+diff(y(x),x)/2-y(x)=0$
  (%i12) tr:x=t^2/4; itr:solve(%,t)[2];
  (\%012) x = \frac{t^2}{4}
  (\%013) t = 2\sqrt{x}
  (%i14) eq1:dchange(tr,eq,y(x),x,y(t),t),ratsimp;
  (\$014) \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) - y(t) = 0
  (%i15) ode2(%,y(t),t);
  (\%015) y(t)=%k1%e<sup>t</sup>+%k2%e<sup>-t</sup>
  (%i16) sol:dchange(itr,%,y(t),t,y(x),x);
  (%o16) y(x) = %k1 %e^{2\sqrt{x}} + %k2 %e^{-2\sqrt{x}}
```

dchange.wxm 2 / 3

```
3. x^2y'' - 2xy' + 2y = x^5*log(x)
  (%i17) eq:x^2*diff(y(x),x,2)-2*x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=x^5*log(x);
 \left| (\$017) \ x^2 \left( \frac{d^2}{d \ x^2} \ y(x) \right) - 2 \ x \left( \frac{d}{d \ x} \ y(x) \right) + 2 \ y(x) = x^5 \ \log(x) 
  (%i18) tr:x=exp(t); itr:solve(%,t)[1];
  (%o18) x = e^t
   (\%019) t = log(x)
  (\%i20) eq1:dchange(tr,eq,y(x),x,y(t),t);
(%i21) ode2(%,y(t),t);

(%o21) y(t)=\frac{(12t-7)e^{5t}}{144}+k1e^{2t}+k2e^{t}
 (%i22) sol:dchange(itr,%,y(t),t,y(x),x);
 (%022) y(x) = \frac{x^5 (12 \log(x) - 7)}{144} + %k1 x^2 + %k2 x
   4. kamke 2.284
(%i23) eq: (2*x+1)^2*diff(y(x),x,2)-2*(2*x+1)*diff(y(x),x)-12*y(x)=3*x+1$
  (%i24) tr:x=(%e^t-1)/2; itr:solve(tr,t)[1];
(\%024) x = \frac{\%e^{L} - 1}{2}
   (%025) t = log(2x+1)
  (%i26) eq1:dchange(tr,eq,y(x),x,y(t),t);
(%i27) ode2(eq1,y(t),t);
  (%027) y(t) = %k1 %e^{3t} - \frac{9 %e^{t} - 4}{96} + %k2 %e^{-t}
(%i28) sol:dchange(itr,%,y(t),t,y(x),x);
  (%028) y(x) = %k1(2x+1)^3 + \frac{%k2}{2x+1} - \frac{9(2x+1)-4}{96}
(%i29) y(x)=map(factor,rhs(sol));
(\%029) \quad y(x) = \%k1 (2x+1)^3 + \frac{\%k2}{2x+1} - \frac{18x+5}{96}
```

dchange.wxm 3 / 3

√ 5.

(%i33) eq1:dchange(tr,eq,y(x),x,y(t),t);  
(%o33) 
$$16 t^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t)\right) + 12 t \left(\frac{d}{dt} y(t)\right) + t y(t) = 0$$

(%i34) eq2:subst(y(t)=y,eq1);  
(%o34) 16 
$$t^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}y\right) + 12 t \left(\frac{d}{dt}y\right) + t y = 0$$

(%i35) contrib\_ode(eq2,y,t);  
(%o35) [y=bessel\_y
$$\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{\sqrt{t}}{2}\right)$$
%k2 t<sup>1/8</sup>+bessel\_j $\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{\sqrt{t}}{2}\right)$ %k1 t<sup>1/8</sup>]

(%i36) sol:subst(itr,%[1]);  
(%o36) 
$$y = bessel_y \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{\$e^2 x}{2}\right) \%k2 \%e^{x/2} + bessel_j \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{\$e^2 x}{2}\right) \%k1 \%e^{x/2}$$

odeC.wxm 1 / 2

odeC

```
Function: odeC(eq,r,x)
   Solves ODE in respect to expression r.
   Examples:
   (%i1) load(odes)$
   1. Bernoulli differential equation
   (\%i2) eq:'diff(y,x)+2*y/(x+1)=2*sqrt(y)/(x+1);
  (%02) \frac{d}{dx}y + \frac{2y}{x+1} = \frac{2\sqrt{y}}{x+1}
   (%i3) odeC(eq,sqrt(y),x);
  (\%03) \sqrt{y} = \frac{x}{x+1} + \frac{\%C}{x+1}
  (\%i4) ode2(eq,y,x);
   (\$04) - \log(\sqrt{y} - 1) = \log(x + 1) + \$c
   2. boj 360.
   (%i5) eq:x*'diff(y,x,3)-'diff(y,x,2)-x*'diff(y,x)+y=-2*x^3;
   (%05) x \left( \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y \right) - \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y - x \left( \frac{d}{dx} y \right) + y = -2 x^3
   (%i6) odeC(eq,'diff(y,x,2)+y,x);
(\$06) \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y + y = 2 y - x^3 + \$c x
  (\%i7) ode2(\%,y,x);
   (%07) y = %k1 %e^{x} + %k2 %e^{-x} + x^{3} + (6 - %c)x
   (%i8) sol:subst(%c=6-%k3,%);
   (%08) y = %k1 %e^{x} + %k2 %e^{-x} + x^{3} + %k3 x
   3. sam 4.35.
   (%i9) eq1: diff(x,t)=y+z$
           eq2: diff(y,t)=x+z$
           eq3: diff(z,t)=x+y$
   (%i12) odeC(eq1+eq2+eq3,x+y+z,t)$
           s1:subst(%c=3*C1,%);
   (\%013) z+y+x=3\%e^{2t}C1
```

odeC.wxm 2 / 2

```
\lceil (%i14) odeC(eq1-eq2,y-x,t)$
          s2:subst(%c=3*C2,%);
  (\%015) y-x=3\%e^{-t}C2
  (%i16) odeC(eq2-eq3,z-y,t)$
          s3:subst(%c=3*C3,%);
  (\%017) z-y=3 \%e^{-t} C3
  (%i18) sol:solve([s1,s2,s3],[x,y,z])[1],expand;
  (\$018) \ [x = -\$e^{-t} C3 - 2 \$e^{-t} C2 + \$e^{2t} C1, y = -\$e^{-t} C3 + \$e^{-t} C2 + \$e^{2t} C1, z = 2
e^{-t}C3 + e^{-t}C2 + e^{2t}C1
   Test:
  (%i19) subst(sol,[eq1,eq2,eq3])$
          ev(%, nouns)$
          makelist(rhs(%[k])-lhs(%[k]),k,1,3);
  (%021) [0,0,0]
4. filipov 65.
  (\%i22) eq:'diff(y,x)=sqrt(4*x+2*y-1);
  (%022) \frac{d}{dx}y = \sqrt{2y+4x-1}
  (%i23) ode2(eq,y,x);
  (%o23) false
(%i24) load(contrib_ode)$
 (%i25) contrib_ode(eq,y,x);
 Is p positive, negative or zero?p;
  (%025) \left[ -\frac{-8 \log(\sqrt{2y+4x-1}+2)+4\sqrt{2y+4x-1}-4x+1}{-8c} \right]
  (\%i26) odeC(eq, 2*y+4*x-1, x);
  (\$026) - 2 \log(\sqrt{2y+4x-1}+2) + \sqrt{2y+4x-1} + 2 = x + %c
```

solvet.wxm 1 / 1

### solvet

```
Function: solvet(eq,x)
    Returns rectform solution of polynomial equation.
    In "casus irreducibilis" give real solutions expressed
    in trigonometric functions.
    One version of "solvet" is:
    (%i1) solvet(eq,x):=block([polf,spr,k],
               spr:solve(eq,x),
               polf(x):=block([rx],
               rx:rectform(x),
               if freeof(%i,x) or atom(x) or
               freeof(sin,rx) then return(rx) else
               map(polarform,x),
               rectform(%%),
               trigsimp(%%),
               trigreduce(%%)),
               makelist(x=polf(rhs(spr[k])),k,1,length(spr)),
               sort(%%)
               )$
    Examples:
    (%i2) solvet(x^3-3*x^2+1,x);
    (%02) [x=2\cos(\frac{\pi}{9})+1, x=2\cos(\frac{5\pi}{9})+1, x=2\cos(\frac{7\pi}{9})+1]
    (%i3) solvet(x^6-3*x^5-3*x^4+12*x^3-3*x^2-6*x+2=0,x);
    (%03) [x=1, x=1-\sqrt{3}, x=\sqrt{3}+1, x=2\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{9}\right), x=2\cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{9}\right), x=2\cos\left(\frac{8\pi}{9}\right)]
    (\%i4) solvet(x^3-15*x-5,x);
  (%04) [x=2\sqrt{5}\cos\left(\frac{\arctan(\sqrt{19})}{3}-\frac{2\pi}{3}\right), x=2\sqrt{5}\cos\left(\frac{\arctan(\sqrt{19})}{3}+\frac{2\pi}{3}\right), x=2\sqrt{5}
 \cos\left(\frac{\arctan(\sqrt{19})}{2}\right)
    (\%i5) solve(x^3-15*x-5,x);
   (\$05) \quad [x = \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3} \$i}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{5\sqrt{19} \$i}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)^{1/3} + \frac{5\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \$i}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{5\sqrt{19} \$i}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)^{1/3}}, x = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \$i}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right)
\left[ \frac{5\sqrt{19} i + 5}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \right]^{1/3} + \frac{5\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3} i - \frac{1}{2}}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{5\sqrt{19} i + 5}{1/3} + \frac{5}{2}\right)^{1/3}}, x = \left(\frac{5\sqrt{19} i + \frac{5}{2}}{2}\right)^{1/3} + \frac{5}{2}\right]^{1/3} + \frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{2}
```

odel\_ic.wxm 1 / 1

## ode1\_ic

```
Function: odel_ic(eqn, dvar, ivar, ic)
  The function odel_ic solves an ordinary differential equation(ODE)
   of first order with initial condition y(x0) = y0.
  Here ic is list [x0,y0].
  Examples:
   (%i1) load(odes)$
   1. x^2y' + 3xy = \sin(x)/x, y(pi) = 0.
   (\%i2) ode1_ic(x^2*'diff(y,x) + 3*y*x = \sin(x)/x,y,x,[%pi,0]);
   (%02) y = -\frac{\cos(x) + 1}{x^3}
   2. (y^4e^y+2x)y' = y, y(0) = 1.
   (%i3) eq:(y^4*exp(y)+2*x)*'diff(y,x)=y$
   (%i4) ode1_ic(eq,y,x,[0,1]);
  (\%04) \frac{(y^3 - y^2) \%e^{y} - x}{y^2} = 0
  (%i5) solve(%,x);
  (\$05) [x=(y^3-y^2)\$e^y]
73. xy' + y = 2y^2\log(x), y(1)=1/2.
   (%i6) eq:x*'diff(y,x)+y=2*y^2*log(x)$
   (%i7) ode1_ic(eq,y,x,[1,1/2]);
  (\%07) y = \frac{1}{2 \log(x) + 2}
4. (x^2-1)y' + 2xy^2 = 0, y(0) = 1.
(%i8) eq:(x^2-1)*'diff(y,x)+2*x*y^2=0$
   (%i9) ode1_ic(eq,y,x,[0,1]);
  (\$09) \quad y = \frac{1}{\log(1 - x^2) + 1}
```

## ode2\_ic

```
Function: ode2_ic(eqn, dvar, ivar, ic)
     The function ode2_ic solve an ordinary differential equation(ODE) of second order
     with initial conditions y(x0) = y0, y'(x0) = y1. Here ic is list [x0, y0, y1].
   Examples:
   (%i1) load(odes)$
1. y'' + yy'^3 = 0, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 2
   (\%i2) eq: 'diff(y,x,2) + y*'diff(y,x)^3 = 0$
   (%i3) sol:ode2_ic(eq,y,x,[0,0,2]);
   (%o3) y = (\sqrt{9 x^2 + 1} + 3 x)^{1/3} - \frac{1}{(\sqrt{9 x^2 + 1} + 3 x)^{1/3}}
Test:
   (\%i4) ev(rhs(sol), x=0);
   (%04) 0
   (\%i5) diff(rhs(sol),x)$ ev(\%,x=0);
   (%06) 2
   (%i7) subst(sol,eq)$
           ev(%, nouns)$
           radcan(%);
   (%09) 0=0
2. y'' = 128*y^3, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 8.
(\%i10) \text{ eq: 'diff}(y,x,2)=128*y^3$
  (%i11) ode2_ic(eq,y,x,[0,1,8]);
   (%o11) y = -\frac{1}{8 \times 1}
3. y'' + y = 1/\cos(x), y(0)=1, y'(0)=0.
(\%i12) \text{ eq:'diff}(y,x,2)+y = 1/\cos(x)$
   (%i13) sol:ode2_ic(eq,y,x,[0,1,0]);
   (%o13) y = \cos(x) \log(\cos(x)) + x \sin(x) + \cos(x)
```

 $P_{i}$ iter.wxm 1 / 1

# P\_iter

```
Function: P_{in}(eq, x, y, x0, y0, n).
   Solves first order differential equation using Picard iterative process.
   http://www.sosmath.com/diffeq/first/picard/picard.html
(%i10) load(odes)$
   Examples:
   1. y'=x^2+y^2, y(0)=0
(%i11) eq:'diff(y,x)=x^2+y^2$
(%i12) x0:0$ y0:0$
  (%i14) for k:0 thru 3 do
           print(P_iter(eq,x,y,x0,y0,k))$
 0
 \frac{x^7}{63} + \frac{x^3}{3}
 \frac{x^{15}}{59535} + \frac{2 x^{11}}{2079} + \frac{x^7}{63} + \frac{x^3}{3}
2. y' = 2x(1 + y), y(0) = 0.
(%i15) eq: 'diff(y,x)=2*x*(1+y)$
(%i16) x0:0$ y0:0$
(%i18) for k:0 thru 5 do
           print(P_iter(eq,x,y,x0,y0,k))$
 0
 \frac{x^4}{2} + x^2
 \frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{x^4}{2} + x^2
 \frac{x^8}{24} + \frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{x^4}{2} + x^2
```

odeltaylor.wxm 1 / 1

## ode1taylor

(%i7) odeltaylor(eq,1,-1,5);

 $(\%07)/T/-1+\frac{(x-1)^2}{2}+\frac{(x-1)^3}{3}+\frac{(x-1)^4}{6}+\frac{(x-1)^5}{60}+\dots$ 

```
Function: odeltaylor(eq, x0, y0, n).
    Solves first order differential equation using Taylor-series expansion.
   (%i1) load(odes)$
1. y'=x+y^2, y(0)=1
   (%i2) eq:diff(y(x),x)=x+y(x)^2;
(\%02) \frac{d}{dx} y(x) = y(x)^2 + x
   (%i3) odeltaylor(eq,0,1,6);
 \left[ \frac{(\%03)}{T}, \frac{1+x+\frac{3x^2}{2}+\frac{4x^3}{3}+\frac{17x^4}{12}+\frac{31x^5}{20}+\frac{149x^6}{90}+\dots \right] 
2. y'=x^2+y^2, y(0)=0
   (%i4) eq:diff(y(x),x)=x^2+y(x)^2;
(\%04) \frac{d}{dx} y(x) = y(x)^2 + x^2
   (%i5) ode1taylor(eq,0,0,15);
(\%05)/T/\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^7}{63} + \frac{2x^{11}}{2079} + \frac{13x^{15}}{218295} + \dots
7 \cdot 3 \cdot y' = x - y^2, y(1) = -1
   (%i6) eq:diff(y(x), x)=x-y(x)^2;
(%o6) \frac{d}{dx}y(x) = x - y(x)^2
```

ode2taylor.wxm 1 / 1

## ode2taylor

```
Function: ode2taylor(eq, x0, y0, y1, n).
    Solves second order differential equation using Taylor-series expansion.
    (%i1) load(odes)$
    Examples:
    1. Airy's Equation y''-xy=0, y(0)=1, y'(0)=0.
   (%i2) eq: 'diff(y(x), x, 2) - x*y(x) = 0;
(\$02) \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - x y(x) = 0
   (%i3) ode2taylor(eq,0,1,0,15)
2. y'' = (y')^2 + xy, y(1) = 1, y'(0) = 0
   (%i4) eq: 'diff(y(x),x,2) = 'diff(y(x),x,1)^2+x*y(x);
(\$04) \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) = \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x)\right)^2 + x y(x)
   (%i5) ode2taylor(eq,1,1,0,5);
 \frac{(\%05)/T}{1+\frac{(x-1)^2}{2}+\frac{(x-1)^3}{6}+\frac{(x-1)^4}{8}+\frac{(x-1)^5}{12}+\dots }
    3.
    (%i6) eq: 'diff(y(x),x,2)+x*'diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0;
   (\%06) \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + x \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x)\right) + y(x) = 0
    (%i7) ode2taylor(eq,0,0,1,15);
 \frac{(\$07)/\text{T}}{x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{15} - \frac{x^7}{105} + \frac{x^9}{945} - \frac{x^{11}}{10395} + \frac{x^{13}}{135135} - \frac{x^{15}}{2027025} + \dots 
   (%i8) sum((-1)^n*2^n*n!*x^(2*n+1)/(2*n+1)!,n,0,7);
(\$08) \quad -\frac{x^{15}}{2027025} + \frac{x^{13}}{135135} - \frac{x^{11}}{10395} + \frac{x^9}{945} - \frac{x^7}{105} + \frac{x^5}{15} - \frac{x^3}{3} + x
```

odelexact.wxm 1 / 1

## ode1exact

```
(%i1) load(odes)$
   Function: odelexact(eq).
   Solves first order exact equation.
   http://www.math24.net/exact-equations.html
   Examples:
   1.
   (\%i2) eq:2*x*y*dx+(x^2+3*y^2)*dy=0;
   (%02) dy(3y^2+x^2)+2 dx x y=0
   (%i3) odelexact(eq);
   (\%03) y^3 + x^2 y = C
// 2.
   (\%i4) eq: (6*x^2-y+3)*dx+(3*y^2-x-3)*dy=0;
   (\$04) dy(3y^2-x-3)+dx(-y+6x^2+3)=0
   (%i5) odelexact(eq);
   (\%05) y^3 - xy - 3y + 2x^3 + 3x = C
   3.
   (%i6) eq:\exp(y)*dx+(2*y+x*\exp(y))*dy=0;
   (\$06) dy(x \$e^{y} + 2y) + dx \$e^{y} = 0
   (%i7) odelexact(eq);
  (\$07) x \$e^{y} + y^{2} = C
   4.
   (%i8) eq:(x*dx+y*dy)/sqrt(x^2+y^2)+(x*dy-y*dx)/x^2=0;
   (%i9) odelexact(eq);
 (\%09) \sqrt{y^2 + x^2} + \frac{y}{x} = C
```

intfactor1.wxm 1 / 2

## intfactor1

```
Function: intfactor(eq, omega).
   Find intfactor mu = mu(omega) of the first order differential equation.
   http://www.math24.net/using-integrating-factor.html
   Examples:
   (%i1) load(odes)$
   1.
(\%i2) eq:(1+y^2)*dx+x*y*dy=0$
   (%i3) intfactor1(eq,x);
  (%o3) x
   (%i4) odelexact(eq*%);
  (\%04) \frac{x^2y^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} = C
   (%i5) eq: (x*y^2-2*y^3)*dx+(3-2*x*y^2)*dy=0$
   (%i6) intfactor1(eq,y);
  (\%06) \frac{1}{v^2}
  (%i7) odelexact(eq*%);
  (\%07) - 2 \times y - \frac{3}{v} + \frac{x^2}{2} = C
(%i8) eq:y*dx+(x^2+y^2-x)*dy=0$
   (%i9) odelexact(eq);
  (%09) false
  (%i10) intfactor1(eq,x^2+y^2);
  (\%010) \frac{1}{y^2 + x^2}
  (%ill) odelexact(eq*%);
  (%oll) y + \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{x}\right) = C
```

intfactor1.wxm 2 / 2

```
// 4.
(\%i12) eq:x*y*dx+(2*x^2+3*y^2-20)*dy=0$
  (%i13) intfactor1(eq,y);
   (%013) y^3
/ (%i14) odelexact(eq*%);
 (\$014) \frac{y^6}{2} + \frac{x^2 y^4}{2} - 5 y^4 = C
7 5.
(%i15) eq:(x^2*y^3+6*y^5)*dx+(2*x^3*y^2+12*x^4)*dy=0$
  (%i16) intfactor1(eq/y,x*y);
  (\%016) \frac{1}{x^4 v^4}
  (%i17) odelexact(-eq/y*%);
(\%017) \frac{1}{x v^2} + \frac{3}{v^4} + \frac{2}{v^3} = C
Other method:
 7 (%i18) mu:x^a*y^b;
(%018) x^a y^b
(\%i19) diff(mu*(x^2*y^3+6*y^5),y)=diff(mu*(2*x^3*y^2+12*x^4),x)$
(%i20) factor(lhs(%)-rhs(%));
  (\$020) x^a y^b (6 b y^4 + 30 y^4 + b x^2 y^2 - 2 a x^2 y^2 - 3 x^2 y^2 - 12 a x^3 - 48 x^3)
  (%i21) collectterms(%/mu,x,y);
  (\$021) (6 b + 30) y^4 + (b - 2 a - 3) x^2 y^2 + (-12 a - 48) x^3
  (%i22) solve([coeff(%,y^4),coeff(%,x^2*y^2),coeff(%,x^3)],[a,b]);
 solve: dependent equations eliminated: (2)
  (\%022) [[a=-4, b=-5]]
(%i23) 'mu=subst(%[1],mu);
  (\%023) \mu = \frac{1}{x^4 v^5}
```

odeL.wxm 1 / 1

#### odeL

```
Function: odeL(eqn, dvar, ivar)
                  The function odeL solves an linear ODEs with constant coefficients.
           Examples:
              (%i1) load(odes)$ load(contrib_ode)$
1. y''' - 2y'' + y' = 0.
(\%i3) \text{ eq: 'diff}(y,x,3)-2*'diff(y,x,2)+'diff(y,x) = 0$
        (%i4) odeL(eq,y,x);
             (\%04) y = x \%e^{x} C3 + \%e^{x} C2 + C1
2. y'''' + 8y'' + 16y = x \exp(3x) + \sin(x)^2 + 1
          (%i5) eq: diff(y,x,4)+8*'diff(y,x,2)+16*y=x*exp(3*x)+sin(x)^2+1$
              (%i6) sol:odeL(eq,y,x);
             (\%06) y = x \sin(2x)C4 + \sin(2x)C3 + x \cos(2x)C2 + \cos(2x)C1 +
       2197 \times^2 \cos(2x) + (832x - 768) \%e^{3x} + 13182
                                                                                  140608
              (%i7) ode_check(eq,sol);
              (%07) 0
3. y''' - 3y'' + y = \sin(x)^3.
              (%i8) eq: diff(y,x,3)-3*'diff(y,x,2)+y=\sin(x)^3;
           (\%08) \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y - 3 \left( \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y \right) + y = \sin(x)^3
             (\%i9) solvet(k^3-3*k^2+1=0,k);
            (%09) [k=2\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{9}\right)+1, k=2\cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{9}\right)+1, k=2\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right)+1]
           (%i10) sol:odeL(eq,y,x);
                                                                     2\cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{9}\right)x + x \qquad 2\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{9}\right)x + x \qquad 2\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right)x + x \qquad C2 + 3e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C2 + 3e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C2 + 3e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C2 + 3e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C2 + 3e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C2 + 3e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad C2 + 3e \qquad C1 - 4e \qquad
       28 \sin(3x) + 27 \cos(3x) - 1068 \sin(x) - 267 \cos(x)
                                                                                                     6052
            (%ill) ode_check(eq,sol);
            (%o11) 0
```

odeL\_ic.wxm 1 / 1

## odeL\_ic

```
Function: odeL_ic(eqn, dvar, ivar, ic)
     The function odeL_ic solves initial value problems for linear ODEs with constant coefficients.
   Examples:
    (%i1) load(odes)$ load(contrib_ode)$
1. y''' + y'' = x + \exp(-x), y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 1.
    (%i3) eq:'diff(y,x,3)+'diff(y,x,2)=x + \exp(-x);
   (%03) \frac{d^3}{dx^3}y + \frac{d^2}{dx^2}y = e^{-x} + x
   (%i4) odeL_ic(eq, y, x, [0, 1, 0, 1]), expand;
   (%04) y=x e^{-x}+4 e^{-x}+\frac{x^3}{6}-\frac{x^2}{2}+3 x-3
2. y''''-y=8*exp(x), y(0)=0, y'(0)=2, y''(0)=4, y'''(0)=6.
   (%i5) eq: diff(y,x,4)-y=8*exp(x);
(\%05) \frac{d^4}{d^4} y - y = 8 \%e^x
(%i6) odeL_ic(eq, y, x, [0, 0, 2, 4, 6]);

(%o6) y=2 \times %e^{x}
3. y''''' - y' = 0, y(0)=0, y'(0)=1, y''(0)=0, y'''(0)=1, y''''(0)=2.
   (%i7) eq:'diff(y,x,5)-'diff(y,x)=0;
   (\%07) \frac{d^5}{dx^5} y - \frac{d}{dx} y = 0
    (%i8) sol:odeL_ic(eq,y,x,[0,0,1,0,1,2]);
    (%08) y = cos(x) + %e^{x} - 2
Test:
    (%i9) ode_check(eq,sol);
    (%09) 0
   (%i10) makelist(diff(rhs(sol),x,k),k,0,4)$
            ev(%, x=0);
   (\%011) [0,1,0,1,2]
```

fs.wxm 1 / 2

fs

```
Find fundamental system of solutions of the linear n-th order differential equation with constant coeficients.
   Examples:
(%i1) load(odes)$
7 1.
    (%i2) eq:'diff(y,x,3)+3*'diff(y,x,2)-10*'diff(y,x)=x-1;
   (\%02) \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y + 3 \left( \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y \right) - 10 \left( \frac{d}{dx} y \right) = x - 1
(%i3) fs(eq,y,x);
(%o3) [1,%e<sup>-5x</sup>,%e<sup>2x</sup>]
(%i4) odeL(eq,y,x);

(%o4) y = e^{2x} C3 + e^{-5x} C2 + C1 - \frac{5x^2 - 7x}{100}
2.
    (%i5) eq: diff(y,x,4)+8*'diff(y,x,2)+16*y=x^2*exp(x)*sin(x);
   (%05) \frac{d^4}{dx^4}y + 8\left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2}y\right) + 16y = x^2 e^x \sin(x)
  (%i6) fs(eq,y,x);
  (\%06) [\cos(2x), x\cos(2x), \sin(2x), x\sin(2x)]
   (%i7) sol:odeL(eq,y,x);
    (\%07) y = x \sin(2x)C4 + \sin(2x)C3 + x \cos(2x)C2 + \cos(2x)C1 +
 (75 x^2 - 260 x + 268) e^x \sin(x) + (-100 x^2 + 180 x + 26) e^x \cos(x)
Z 3.
    (%i8) eq: diff(y,x,8) + diff(y,x,2) = x^5$
    (\%i9) solvet(k^8+k^2=0,k);
   (%09) [k=\%i, k=\frac{\%i}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, k=-\frac{\%i}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, k=-\%i, k=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}-\frac{\%i}{2}, k=\frac{\%i}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, k=0]
```

fs.wxm 2 / 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} (\$i10) & \text{fs}(\text{eq},\text{y},\text{x}); \\ (\$i010) & [1,x,\$e^{-\frac{\sqrt{3}^2x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right), \$e^{-\frac{\sqrt{3}^2x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right), \$e^{-\frac{\sqrt{3}^2x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right), \$e^{-\frac{\sqrt{3}^2x}{2}}$$

(%o20) 0

partsol.wxm 1 / 2

## partsol

```
Function: partsol(eq, y, x).
    Find partial solution of the linear n-th order differential equation
    with constant coefficients.
    Examples:
   (%i1) load(odes)$
    1.
    (\%i2) eq: 'diff(y,x,3)+3*'diff(y,x,2)-10*'diff(y,x)=x-1;
    (%02) \frac{d^3}{dx^3}y + 3\left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2}y\right) - 10\left(\frac{d}{dx}y\right) = x - 1
   (%i3) partsol(eq,y,x);
(\%03) - \frac{5 x^2 - 7 x}{100}
  (%i4) odeL(eq,y,x);
   (%04) y = e^{2x} C3 + e^{-5x} C2 + C1 - \frac{5x^2 - 7x}{100}
    2.
    (%i5) eq: 'diff(y,x,4)+'diff(y,x,3)-3*'diff(y,x,2)-5*'diff(y,x)-2*y=
            \exp(2*x)-\exp(-x);
   (%05) \frac{d^4}{dx^4}y + \frac{d^3}{dx^3}y - 3\left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2}y\right) - 5\left(\frac{d}{dx}y\right) - 2y = e^{2x} - e^{-x}
    (%i6) partsol(eq,y,x)
    (\$66) \frac{\$e^{-x}(2x\$e^{3x}+3x^3+4x^2+2x)}{54}
   (%i7) odeL(eq,y,x);
   (%07) y = e^{2x} C4 + x^2 e^{-x} C3 + x e^{-x} C2 + e^{-x} C1 +
 e^{-x}(2x e^{3x} + 3x^3 + 4x^2 + 2x)
(%i8) expand(%)$
    (\%i9) y=collectterms(rhs(\%),exp(-x),exp(2*x));
(\$09) \quad y = \$e^{2x} \left( C4 + \frac{x}{27} \right) + \$e^{-x} \left( x^2 C3 + x C2 + C1 + \frac{x^3}{18} + \frac{2x^2}{27} + \frac{x}{27} \right)
```

partsol.wxm 2 / 2

```
3.
               (%i10) eq: diff(y,x,3) + diff(y,x,1) = 1/cos(x)$
                (%ill) partsol(eq,y,x);
                                                                 \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sin(x)-1}{\sin(x)+1}\right)-2\sin(x)\log(\cos(x))+2x\cos(x)}{2}
               (%i12) sol:odeL(eq,y,x);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \log \left(\frac{\sin(x)-1}{\sin(x)+1}\right) - 2 \sin(x) \log(\cos(x)) + 2 x \cos(x)
               (\%012) y = \sin(x)C3 + \cos(x)C2 + C1 -
                 Test:
(%i13) load(contrib_ode)$
           (%i14) ode_check(eq,sol);
         (%o14) 0
             (%i15) eq: diff(y,x,3)+8*'diff(y,x,1)+9*y=cos(x)^3;
(\$015) \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y + 8 \left( \frac{d}{dx} y \right) + 9 y = \cos(x)^3
           (%i16) partsol(eq,y,x);
               (%o16) -\frac{13 \sin(3 x) - 39 \cos(3 x) - 63 \sin(x) - 81 \cos(x)}{1560}
               (%i17) sol:odeL(eq,y,x);
              (%o17) y = e^{x/2} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{7}x}{2}\right) C3 + e^{x/2} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{7}x}{2}\right) C2 + e^{-x} C1 - e^{x/2} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{7}x}{2}\right) C3 + e^{x/2} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{7}x}{2}\right) C3 + e^{x/2} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{
        13 \sin(3x) - 39 \cos(3x) - 63 \sin(x) - 81 \cos(x)
                                                                                                                            1560
                 Test:
               (%i18) load(contrib_ode)$
               (%i19) ode_check(eq,sol);
          (%019) 0
```

odeM.wxm 1/2

odeM

```
Function: odeM(A,F,t)
Find solutions of linear system of ODEs
with constant coefficients in matrix form:
Y' = AY + F
Examples:
 (%i1) load(odes)$
1. Y' = AY + F.
 (%i2) A:matrix([1,1],[4,1]);
(%i3) F:transpose([t-2,4*t-1]);
(%i4) sol:odeM(A,F,t);
Test:
 (%i5) diff(sol,t)-A.sol-F$
      expand(%);
2. Y' = AY.
(%i7) A:matrix([2,0,-8,-3],[-18,-1,0,0],[-9,-3,-25,-9],[33,10,90,32]);
(%i8) F:transpose([0,0,0,0])$
```

odeM.wxm 2 / 2

```
(%i9) charpoly(A, x), factor;
        (\%09) (x^2 - 4x + 13)^2
      (%i10) solve(%);
       (\%010) [x=2-3\%i, x=3\%i+2]
(%i11) odeM(A,F,t)$
       (%i12) sol:ratsimp(%);
       (%o12)
                                                                            (-3 t-1) e^{2t} \sin(3t) C4 + ((-9 t-3) e^{2t} \sin(3t) + t e^{2t} \cos(3t)) C3
     ((9 t+3) e^{2t} \sin(3t) - 9 t e^{2t} \cos(3t)) C4 + ((24 t+10) e^{2t} \sin(3t) - 30 t e^{2t} \cos(3t)) C3 + (3 
                                                                                                                         -3 e^{2t} \sin(3t) C4 + (e^{2t} \cos(3t) - 9 e^{2t} \sin(3t)) 
                            (%i13) sol[1,1];
      (\$013)(-3t-1)\$e^{2t}\sin(3t)C4+((-9t-3)\$e^{2t}\sin(3t)+t\$e^{2t}\cos(3t))C3-
  t e^{2t} \sin(3t)C2 + (e^{2t} \cos(3t) - 3t e^{2t} \sin(3t))C1
   (%i14) sol[2,1];
      (\$014)((9t+3)\$e^{2t}\sin(3t)-9t\$e^{2t}\cos(3t))C4+
  ((24 t+10) e^{2t} \sin(3t)-30 t e^{2t} \cos(3t)) C3+
  (3 t e^{2t} \sin(3t) + (1-3t) e^{2t} \cos(3t))C2 +
  ((9 t-3) e^{2t} \sin(3t) - 9 t e^{2t} \cos(3t))C1
     (%i15) sol[3,1];
      (\$015) - 3 \$e^{2t} \sin(3t) C4 + (\$e^{2t} \cos(3t) - 9 \$e^{2t} \sin(3t)) C3 - \$e^{2t} \sin(3t)
   C2 - 3 e^{2t} \sin(3t)C1
     (%i16) sol[4,1];
      (\%016) (9\%e^{2t}\sin(3t)+(3t+1)\%e^{2t}\cos(3t))C4+
   ((t+27) e^{2t} \sin(3t) + 9t e^{2t} \cos(3t)) C3 + (3 e^{2t} \sin(3t) + t e^{2t} \cos(3t))
    C2+(10 e^{2t} \sin(3t)+3t e^{2t} \cos(3t))C1
        Test:
       (%i17) diff(sol,t)-A.sol$
                            expand(%);
      (%o18)
                             0
```

odeM\_ic.wxm 1 / 2

## odeM\_ic

```
Function: odeM_ic(A, F, t, t0, Y0)
Find solutions of initial problem for linear system of ODEs
in matrix form:
Y' = AY + F, Y(t0) = Y0.
(updated version of odelinsys)
Examples:
(%i1) load(odes)$
1. Y' = AY + F, Y(0) = Y0
(%i2) A:matrix([2,-4],[2,-2]);
(%i3) F:transpose([4*%e^(-2*t),0]);
      4 %e<sup>-2 t</sup>
(%03)
(%i4) Y0:transpose([0,0]);
(%04)
(%i5) sol:odeM_ic(A,F,t,0,Y0);
      (%05)
Test:
(%i6) diff(sol,t)-A.sol-F$ expand(%);
(%07)
(\%i8) ev(sol, t=0);
(%08)
```

odeM\_ic.wxm 2 / 2

```
2.
          Y' = AY, Y(0) = transpose([15,35,55,75]).
   (%i9) A:matrix([4,1,1,7],[1,4,10,1],[1,10,4,1],[7,1,1,4]);
               1
                   1
                      7
               4 10 1
   (%09)
            1 10 4 1
              1 1 4
(%i10) F:transpose([0,0,0,0])$
   (%i11) Y0:transpose([15,35,55,75]);
            15
  (%o11)
            75
  (%i12) charpoly(A, x), factor;
   (\%012) (x-15)(x-10)(x+3)(x+6)
  (%i13) sol:odeM_ic(A,F,t,0,Y0);
            27 %e<sup>15 t</sup> + 18 %e<sup>10 t</sup> - 30 %e<sup>-3 t</sup>
            54 %e<sup>15 t</sup>-9 %e<sup>10 t</sup>-10 %e<sup>-6 t</sup>
  (%o13)
            54 %e<sup>15 t</sup>-9 %e<sup>10 t</sup>+10 %e<sup>-6 t</sup>
            27 \%e^{15} + 18 \%e^{10} + 30 \%e^{-3} + t
   Test:
  (%i14) diff(sol,t)-A.sol$
           expand(%);
            0
  (%o15)
            0
            0
   (%i16) ev(sol,t=0);
            15
  (%016)
            75
```

matrix\_exp.wxm 1 / 1

## matrix\_exp

```
Function: matrix_exp(A,t)
Returns matrix exponential e^(At)
computed via Laplace transforms.
(%i1) matrix_exp(A,r):=
          block([n,B,s,t,Lap,f],
          n:length(A),
          B:invert(s*ident(n)-A),
          Lap(f):=ilt(f, s, t),
          matrixmap(Lap,B),
           subst(t=r,%%))$
Examples:
 (%i2) A:matrix([1,1],[0,1]);
 (%i3) matrix_exp(A,t);
 (%i4) e^'A=matrix_exp(A,1);
(\%04) e^{A} = \begin{bmatrix} \%e & \%e \\ 0 & \%e \end{bmatrix}
2.
 (%i5) A:matrix([21,17,6],[-5,-1,-6],[4,4,16]);
          21 17 6
(%05) -5 -1 -6
4 4 16
(%i6) e^'A=matrix_exp(A,1);
(\$06) \quad e^{A} = \begin{vmatrix} \$e^{4} \\ 4 \end{vmatrix} - \frac{9 \$e^{16}}{4} \quad \frac{5 \$e^{4}}{4} - \frac{9 \$e^{16}}{4} \quad \frac{\$e^{4}}{2} - \frac{\$e^{16}}{2}
```

odelinsys.wxm 1 / 1

# odelinsys

```
Function: odelinsys(A, F, x, x0, Y0)
Find solutions of initial problem for linear system of ODEs
in matrix form: Y' = AY + F, Y(x0) = Y0.
(%i1) load(odes)$ load(diag)$
Examples:
1. Solve Y' = AY + F, Y(0) = Y0
(%i3) A:matrix([1,3],[-1,5]);
(%i4) F:transpose([-x,2*x])$ Y0:transpose([3,1])$
(%i6) sol:odelinsys(A,F,x,0,Y0);
(\$06) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{7 \$e^{4 x}}{32} + \frac{15 \$e^{2 x}}{8} + \frac{11 x}{8} + \frac{29}{32} \\ \frac{7 \$e^{4 x}}{32} + \frac{5 \$e^{2 x}}{8} - \frac{x}{8} + \frac{5}{32} \end{bmatrix}
Test:
(%i7) diff(sol,x)-A.sol-F,expand;
(%07)
2. Solve Y' = AY
(%i8) A:matrix([4,-1,0],[3,1,-1],[1,0,1]);
(%08) 3 1 -1
(%i9) sol:odelinsys(A,[0,0,0],t,0,[C1,C2,C3]),factor;
            {\rm \$e^{2\;t}}\,(\,t^{\,2}\,C3-t^{\,2}\,C2-2\;t\;C2+t^{\,2}\,C1+4\;t\;C1+2\;C1\,)
(\$09) \$e^{2t}(t^2C3-tC3-t^2C2-tC2+C2+t^2C1+3tC1)
            {\rm \$e^{2\ t}\,(t^{2}\,C3-2\,t\,C3+2\,C3-t^{2}\,C2+t^{2}\,C1+2\,t\,C1)}
```

wronskian.wxm 1 / 1

wronskian

```
Function: wronskian ([f_1, ..., f_n], x)
Returns the Wronskian matrix of the list of expressions [f_1, ..., f_n]
in the variable x.

[ (%i1) load(odes)$

Examples:

[ 1.

[ (%i2) wronskian([f(x),g(x),h(x)],x);

[ f(x) g(x) h(x) ]
[ d/dx f(x) d/dx g(x) d/dx h(x) ]
[ d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx h(x) ]
[ d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx h(x) ]
[ d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx h(x) ]
[ d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx h(x) ]
[ d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x) ]
[ d/dx f(x) d/dx f(x
```

2. Form a linear homogeneous differential equation, knowing its fundamental system of solutions: y1=x, y2=x^3.

(%i4) wronskian([x,x^3,y],x);  

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & x^3 & y \\ 1 & 3x^2 & \frac{d}{dx}y \\ 0 & 6x & \frac{d^2}{dx^2}y \end{bmatrix}$$

(%i5) determinant(%)=0;  
(%o5) 
$$x \left( 3 x^2 \left( \frac{d^2}{d x^2} y \right) - 6 x \left( \frac{d}{d x} y \right) \right) - x^3 \left( \frac{d^2}{d x^2} y \right) + 6 x y = 0$$

(%i6) eq:expand(%/x/2);  
(%o6) 
$$x^2 \left( \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y \right) - 3x \left( \frac{d}{dx} y \right) + 3y = 0$$

(%i7) ode2(eq,y,x);  
(%o7) 
$$y=%k1 x^3+%k2 x$$

#### References:

- 1. http://maxima.sourceforge.net/
- 2. Kamke, E., 1944. Differentialgleichungen. Losungsmethoden und Losungen. Akademische Verlagsgesellschaft, Leipzig.

3.