

X A transaction state changes from active to, after the transaction been rolled back and the database restored to its state prior to the transaction.	
a. Partially committed	×
b. Committed	
C. Aborted	
O d. Failed	
Correct answer	
✓ How is specialization denoted in an ER Diagram?	1/1
a. Triangle labeled IS A	~
b. Rectangle labeled IS A	
C. Rectangle Labeled HAS A	
d. Triangle labeled HAS A	

×	What stores the metadata about the structure of the database, in particul the schema of the database?	ar 0/1
()	a. Indices	×
0	b. Database log	
0	c. Data files	
0	d. Data Dictionary	
Corr	ect answer	
•	d. Data Dictionary	
× •	What is a schedule for a set of transactions? a. It consists of all instructions of those transactions. b. It preserve the order in which the instructions appear in each individual transaction.	0/1 X
0	c. Both a and b	
0	d. None of these	
Corr	ect answer	
•	c. Both a and b	

✓ Which is the correct SQL syntax from the following to create a PRIMAF KEY constraint on existing table "EMPLOYEE" on "EMPID" column an currently column does not contain any value?	
a. Alter table EMPLOYEE Add Constraint PK - EMPID Primary Key, EMPID;	
b. Update table EMPLOYEE Add Constraint PK - EMPID Primary Key (EMPID)	
c. Alter table EMPLOYEE Add Constraint PK - EMPID Primary Key (EMPID);	✓
d. Alter table EMPLOYEE Add Constraint PK - EMPID Primary Key, (EMPID);	
✓ What information is not provided by a data dictionary?	1/1
a. How data is used	
b. Where data is located	
c. Size of storage disk	✓
d. Who owns or is responsible for data	
★ How can a tuple be divided in a relational schema?	0/1
a. Domains	
O b. Queries	
c. Relations	×
O d. Joins	
Correct answer	
a. Domains	

X A relation is in this form if it is in BCNF and has no multivalued dependencies A.	0/1
 second normal form. third normal form. fourth normal form. domain/key normal form. Correct answer fourth normal form. 	×
Which of the following is a group of one or more attributes that unique identifies a row?	uely 0/1
 A. Key B. Determinant C. Tuple D. Relation Correct answer A. Key 	×

×	0/1
In the relational model, relationships between relations or tables created by using:	are
A.composite keys.	×
B. determinants.	
C. candidate keys.	
O. foreign keys.	
Correct answer	
D. foreign keys.	
➤ Which of the following is not a restriction for a table to be a relati	on? 0/1
A. The cells of the table must contain a single value.	×
B. All of the entries in any column must be of the same kind.	
C. The columns must be ordered.	
D. No two rows in a table may be identical.	
Correct answer	
C. The columns must be ordered.	

× A relation in this form is free of all modification anomalies.	0/1
A. First normal formB. Second normal form	×
C. Third normal form D. Domain/key normal form	
Correct answer D. Domain/key normal form	
X A tuple is a(n):	0/1
 A. column of a table. B. two dimensional table. C. row of a table. D. key of a table. Correct answer C. row of a table. 	×

×	Which of the following indicates the maximum number of entities that can be involved in a relationship?	0/1
	A. Minimum cardinality	×
0	B. Maximum cardinality	
0	C. ERD	
0	D. Greater Entity Count (GEC)	
Corr	ect answer	
	B. Maximum cardinality	
✓	Which type of entity cannot exist in the database unless another type of entity also exists in the database, but does not require that the identifier of that other entity be included as part of its own identifier?	1/1 f
✓ •	entity also exists in the database, but does not require that the identifier of	
•	entity also exists in the database, but does not require that the identifier of that other entity be included as part of its own identifier?	
•	entity also exists in the database, but does not require that the identifier of that other entity be included as part of its own identifier? A. Weak entity	
•	entity also exists in the database, but does not require that the identifier of that other entity be included as part of its own identifier? A. Weak entity B. Strong entity	
•	entity also exists in the database, but does not require that the identifier of that other entity be included as part of its own identifier? A. Weak entity B. Strong entity C. D-dependent entity	

×	Which of the following refers to something that can be identified in the users' work environment, something that the users want to track?	0/1
0	A. Entity	
	B. Attribute	×
0	C. Identifier	
0	D. Relationship	
Corr	ect answer	
	A. Entity	
✓	The DBMS acts as an interface between what two components of an enterprise-class database system?	1/1
	A. Database application and the database	✓
0	B. Data and the database	
0	C. The user and the database application	
0	D. Database application and SQL	

/		1/1
	A DBMS that combines a DBMS and an application generator is	
0	A. Microsoft's SQL Server	
•	B. Microsoft's Access	✓
0	C. IBM's DB2	
0	D. Oracle Corporation's Oracle	
×		0/1
	You have run an SQL statement that asked the DBMS to display data in a table named USER_TABLES. The results include columns of data labeled "TableName," "NumberOfColumns" and "PrimaryKey." You are looking at	
•	A. user data.	×
0	B. metadata	
0	C. A report	
0	D. indexes	
Corr	ect answer	
0	B. metadata	

×	which of the following is a correct SQL query	0/1
0	A) Select * from emp where eid=100 , ename='a'	
0	B) Select * from emp where eid=100 ename='a'	
•	C) Select * where eid=100 and ename='a' from emp	×
0	D) Select * from emp where eid=100 and ename='a'	
Corr	ect answer	
•	D) Select * from emp where eid=100 and ename='a'	
×	How many null values can a unique key column have in MySQL	0/1
×	How many null values can a unique key column have in MySQL A) Multiple	0/1
×		0/1
× •	A) Multiple	0/1
×	A) Multiple B) 0	
	A) Multiple B) 0 C) 1	
	A) Multiple B) 0 C) 1 D) 2	

×	which of the following set operators are supported by MySQL	0/1
0	A) Union	
0	B) Intersect	
•	C) Minus	×
0	D) Except	
Corr	ect answer	
•	A) Union	
/	4NF is designed to cope with:	1/1
0	A) Transitive dependency	
0	B) Join dependency	
•	C) Multi valued dependency	✓
0	D) None of these	
~	In a relational database a referential integrity constraint can be specified with the help of	1/1
0	A) primary key	
•	B) foreign key	✓
0	C) secondary key	
0	D) none of the above	

/	A Function that has no partial dependencies is in	1/1
0	A) 3NF	
•	B) 2NF	✓
0	C) 4NF	
0	D) BCNF	
/	If every non-key attribute is functionally dependent on the entire primary key, then the relation will be in:	1/1
0	A) 3NF	
•	B) 2NF	✓
0	C) 4NF	
0	D) BCNF	
/	Third normal form is based on the concept of	1/1
0	A) Closure Dependency	
0	B) Transitive Dependency	✓
0	C) Normal Dependency	
0	D) Functional Dependency	

✓ What SQL clause is used to restrict the rows returned by a query	y? 1/1	
a) AND		
b) WHERE	✓	
C) Group		
O d) FROM		
★ The USE command?	0/1	
a) Is used to load code from another file	×	
b) Has been deprecated and should be avoided for security reasons		
c) Is a pseudonym for the SELECT command		
d) Should be used to choose the database you want to use once you've connected to MySQL		
Correct answer		
d) Should be used to choose the database you want to use once you've connected to MySQL		

A subquery in an SQL SELECT statement is enclosed in:	1/1
 A. braces {}. B. CAPITAL LETTERS. C. parenthesis () . D. brackets []. 	✓
Find the SQL statement below that is equal to the following: SELECT NA FROM CUSTOMER WHERE STATE = 'VA';	ME 0/1
 A. SELECT NAME IN CUSTOMER WHERE STATE IN ('VA'); B. SELECT NAME IN CUSTOMER WHERE STATE = 'VA'; C. SELECT NAME IN CUSTOMER WHERE STATE = 'V'; D. SELECT NAME FROM CUSTOMER WHERE STATE IN ('VA'); Correct answer D. SELECT NAME FROM CUSTOMER WHERE STATE IN ('VA'); 	×
✓ The EXISTS keyword will be true if	1/1
 a) Any row in the subquery meets the condition only. b) All rows in the subquery fail the condition only. c) Both of these two conditions are met. d) Neither of these two conditions is met. 	~

×	Which of the following can be addressed by enforcing a referential integrity 0/1 constraint?	
•	a) All phone numbers must include the area code	
0	b) Certain fields are required (such as the email address, or phone number) before the record is accepted	
0	c) Information on the customer must be known before anything can be sold to that customer	
0	d) When entering an order quantity, the user must input a number and not some text (i.e., 12 rather than 'a dozen')	
Correct answer		
	c) Information on the customer must be known before anything can be sold to that customer	
~	The relationship between DEPARTMENT and EMPLOYEE is a: 1/1	
0	a) One-to-one relationship	
0	b) Many-to-many relationship	
	c) One-to-many relationship	
0	d) Many-to-one relationship	

×	Which of the following query is correct for using comparison operators in SQL?	0/1
	A) SELECT sname, coursename FROM studentinfo WHERE age>50 and <80; B) SELECT sname, coursename FROM studentinfo WHERE age>50 and age <80; C) SELECT sname, coursename FROM studentinfo WHERE age>50 and WHERE age<80; D) None of the above	×
Con	B) SELECT sname, coursename FROM studentinfo WHERE age>50 and age <80;	
×	How to Delete records from studentinfo table with name of student 'Hari Prasad'?	0/1
© Corr	A) DELETE FROM TABLE studentinfo WHERE sname='Hari Prasad'; B) DELETE FROM studentinfo WHERE sname='Hari Prasad'; C) DELETE FROM studentinfo WHERE COLUMN sname='Hari Prasad'; D) DELETE FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE 'Hari Prasad'; ect answer B) DELETE FROM studentinfo WHERE sname='Hari Prasad';	×

Which of the following isolation levels doesn't allow non-repeatable reads?	0/1
A) Repeatable Reads	×
B) Read Committed	
C) both	
O D) none	
Correct answer	
C) both	
Which of the following isolation levels doesn't allow phantom reads?	0/1
A) Repeatable Reads	×
B) Read uncommitted	
C) Read Committed	
O) Serializable	
Correct answer	
D) Serializable	

✓ How to select all data from studentinfo table starting the name f 'r'?	rom letter 1/1
A) SELECT * FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE 'r%';	~
B) SELECT * FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE '%r%';	
C) SELECT * FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE '%r';	
D) SELECT * FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE '_r%';	

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google. - <u>Terms of Service</u> - <u>Privacy Policy</u>

Google Forms

!