# CLRS Solutions

aeslami

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# Chapter 1

# The Role of Algorithms in Computing

# 1.1 Section 1.1

#### 1.1.1 Exercise 1.1-1

- 1. An example for sorting is sorting a list of Names in alphabetical order.
- 2. An Example for comptuting a convex hull is finding the diameter of a set of points

#### 1.1.2 Exercise 1.1-2

1. Memory is another important resource. Another example is thermal energy produced by computers.

#### 1.1.3 Exercise 1.1-3

1. Linked list is a example of a data structure. It's advantage is that an item can be added or removed in O(1) time. A disadvantage is that it doens't support random access.

#### 1.1.4 Exercise 1.1-4

• The shortest path problem is mainly concerned about reaching a point from another point with the minimum cost, but the traveling salesman problem is about finding the shortest path that visits all of the points and returns to the origin point with the minimum cost.

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#### 1.1.5 Exercise 1.1-5

- 1. Finding the root of a polynomila is a example of a probelm that only best solution will do.
- 2. Finding a move in a game of Chess is a example of a problem that an "approximate solution" is good enough.

## 1.1.6 Exercise 1.2-1

In a navigation application, an algorithm is used to find the shortest path between two points.

$$8 \times n^{2} \leq 64 \times \lg n$$

$$n^{2} \leq 8\lg n$$

$$2 \leq n \leq 43$$

## 1.1.7 Exercise 1.2-2

 $n \le 15$ 

## 1.1.8 Problem 1-1

	1 minute	1 hour	1 day	1 month	1 year	1 century
$\lg n$	$2^{600000000}$	236000000000	286400000000	$2^{259200000000000}$	2315360000000000	2315360000000000000
$\sqrt{n}$	$3.6 \times 10^{12}$	$1.296 \times 10^{16}$	$7.46 \times 10^{18}$	$6.72 \times 10^{21}$	$9.95 \times 10^{23}$	$9.95 \times 10^{27}$
n	$6 \times 10^{7}$	$3.6 \times 10^{9}$	$8.64 \times 10^{10}$	$2.592 \times 10^{12}$	$3.1536 \times 10^{13}$	$3.1536 \times 10^{15}$
$n \lg n$	$2.8 \times 10^{6}$	$1.3 \times 10^{8}$	$2.0 \times 10^{9}$	$4.9 \times 10^{10}$	$5.4 \times 10^{11}$	$3.9 \times 10^{13}$
$n^2$	7745966	60000000	293938769	1609968129	5615692821	56156922861
$n^3$	391420	1532278	4420825	13736056	31593173	146645033
$2^n$	25	31	36	41	44	51
n!	12	13	14	15	16	17

Table 1.1: Maximum size of n for different time complexities and time limits (assuming 1 operation per microsecond)

Chapter 2

Getting Started