

UCS 548 Foundations of Data Science

Assignment 4

Use R to answer the following questions:

1. Vector creation Write R code to generate the following vectors, explore the functions `seq()` and `rep()` using the help on commands:
 - 1.3 1.6 1.9 2.2 2.5 2.8 3.1 3.4 3.7 4.0 4.3 4.6 4.9
 - 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
 - 14 12 10 8 6 4 2 0
 - 5 5 12 12 13 13 20 20
2. Loading and exploring data structure Load the iris data that R provides internally by typing `data(iris)`
 - A. What sort of data type is iris?
 - B. How many rows (observations) and columns (variables) does the iris dataset have?
 - C. Which variable of the data frame iris is a factor and how many levels does it have?Select one:
 - (a) The variable Species is a factor and it has 5 levels.
 - (b) The variable Species is a factor and it has 3 levels.
 - (c) The variable 'data.frame' is a factor and it has 150 levels.
 - (d) The variable 'data.frame' is a factor and it has 5 levels.
3. Use the “iris” dataset to find
 - a) The mean and standard deviation of the sepal width and sepal length for each type of species.
 - b) Create a new dataset called `iris.class` from the iris dataset. Use a loop and ifelse statement to create a vector in the `iris.class` dataset called `Calyx.Width`, which is “short” if `Sepal.Length` is less than 5, and otherwise is “long.” (The sepals of a flower are collectively known as the calyx.)
4. Explore dataset- mtcars in R.

You can get the structure and column names of data by typing the command `str(mtcars)` and `names(mtcars)` respectively. Write your code to subset the dataset- mtcars according to the following requirements (NOTE: each requirement is independent.)

 - A. Select cars whose `cyl` (a column in the dataset) value is no smaller than 5.
 - B. Show all the fields (columns) of the first 10 cars.
 - C. Find all cars matching “Honda”.