In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

DPC Complaint Reference:

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by with the Data Protection Commission pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning Microsoft Ireland Operations Limited

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0 (ADOPTED ON 12 MAY 2022)

Dated the 15th day of December 2023



Data Protection Commission 21 Fitzwilliam Square South Dublin 2, Ireland

Background

- On 1 March 2023, ("the Data Subject") lodged a complaint pursuant to Article
 of the GDPR with the Data Protection Commission ("the DPC") concerning Microsoft Ireland Operations Limited ("the Respondent").
- 2. The DPC was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) of the GDPR.

The Complaint

- 3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
 - a. The Data Subject first contacted the Respondent on 13 July 2022, seeking the erasure of a post on the Respondent's Skype platform, pursuant to Article 17 of the GDPR.
 - b. In its response to the Data Subject, the Respondent confirmed that the Skype post in question had been erased.
 - c. As the Data Subject was not satisfied with the response received from the Respondent, they lodged a complaint with the DPC, as they were of the view that the post was only blocked and not actually erased.
 - d. The Data Subject also raised concerns regarding a delisting request as part of their complaint to the DPC. In this regard, the DPC provided the Data Subject with information on how this request could be properly submitted to the Respondent in the first instance.

Action taken by the DPC

- 4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 ("the 2018 Act"), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.
- 5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC's experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:
 - a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and

- b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise their data subject rights).
- 6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 ("Document 06/2022"), and considered that:
 - a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that
 - b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

Amicable Resolution

- 7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. In its response to the DPC of 29 August 2023, the Respondent confirmed that the post in question had been removed as requested, and that this was previously confirmed to the Data Subject directly, in response to their original erasure request.
- 8. On 11 September 2023, the DPC received an English language copy of this correspondence between the Respondent and Data Subject as proof of this engagement, and thereafter provided this to the Data Subject.
- 9. On 21 September 2023, the DPC's letter outlining the information provided by the Respondent as part of the amicable resolution process issued to the Data Subject via registered post. In its correspondence to the Data Subject, the DPC requested that the Data Subject notify it, within a specified timeframe, if they were not satisfied with the actions taken by the Respondent, so that the DPC could take further action.
- 10. The DPC did not receive any further communication from the Data Subject and, accordingly, the complaint has been deemed to have been amicably resolved.
- 11. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

Confirmation of Outcome

- 12. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:
 - a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;
 - b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and
 - c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.
- 13. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:

Deputy Commissioner

Data Protection Commission