

§7C1.3

- (b) The probation officer shall promptly report to the court any alleged Grade C violation unless the officer determines: (1) that such violation is minor, and not part of a continuing pattern of violations; and (2) that non-reporting will not present an undue risk to an individual or the public or be inconsistent with any directive of the court relative to the reporting of violations.

Commentary

Application Notes:

1. Under subsection (b), a Grade C violation must be promptly reported to the court unless the probation officer makes an affirmative determination that the alleged violation meets the criteria for non-reporting. For example, an isolated failure to file a monthly report or a minor traffic infraction generally would not require reporting.

*Historical
Note*

Effective November 1, 2025 (amendment 835).

§7C1.3. Responses to Violations of Supervised Release (Policy Statement)

- (a) **REPORT OF NON-COMPLIANCE.**—Upon receiving a report that the defendant is in non-compliance with a condition of supervised release, the court should conduct an individualized assessment to determine what response, if any, is appropriate.
- (b) **FINDING OF A VIOLATION.**—Upon a finding of a violation for which revocation is required by statute (*see* 18 U.S.C. § 3583(g)), the court shall revoke supervised release. Upon a finding of any other violation, the court should conduct an individualized assessment, taking into consideration the grade of the violation, to determine whether to revoke supervised release. Revocation is generally appropriate for a Grade A violation, often appropriate for a Grade B violation, and may be appropriate for a Grade C violation.

Commentary

Application Notes:

1. **Individualized Assessment.**—When making an individualized assessment under this section, the factors to be considered are the same as the factors considered in determining whether to impose a term of supervised release. *See* 18 U.S.C. § 3583(c), (e); Application Note 1 to §5D1.1 (Imposition of a Term of Supervised Release).
2. **Responses.**—Upon a report of non-compliance or a finding of a violation, the court may take any appropriate action provided under 18 U.S.C. § 3583, which includes extension, modification, revocation, or termination of supervised release. If revocation is not statutorily required, the court may also consider an informal response, such as issuing a warning while maintaining supervised release without modification, continuing the violation hearing to provide the defendant time to come into compliance, or directing the defendant to additional resources needed to come into compliance.