

A sentence for a foreign conviction or a tribal court conviction, an expunged conviction, or an invalid conviction is not counted. *See §4A1.2(h), (i), (j), and the Commentary to §4A1.2.*

A military sentence is counted only if imposed by a general or special court-martial. *See §4A1.2(g).*

3. **§4A1.1(c).**—One point is added for each prior sentence not counted under §4A1.1(a) or (b). A maximum of four points may be counted under this subsection. The term “**prior sentence**” is defined at §4A1.2(a).

Certain prior sentences are not counted or are counted only under certain conditions:

A sentence imposed more than ten years prior to the defendant’s commencement of the instant offense is not counted. *See §4A1.2(e).*

An adult or juvenile sentence imposed for an offense committed prior to the defendant’s eighteenth birthday is counted only if imposed within five years of the defendant’s commencement of the current offense. *See §4A1.2(d).*

Sentences for certain specified non-felony offenses are counted only if they meet certain requirements. *See §4A1.2(c)(1).*

Sentences for certain specified non-felony offenses are never counted. *See §4A1.2(c)(2).*

A diversionary disposition is counted only where there is a finding or admission of guilt in a judicial proceeding. *See §4A1.2(f).*

A sentence for a foreign conviction, a tribal court conviction, an expunged conviction, or an invalid conviction, is not counted. *See §4A1.2(h), (i), (j), and the Commentary to §4A1.2.*

A military sentence is counted only if imposed by a general or special court-martial. *See §4A1.2(g).*

4. **§4A1.1(d).**—In a case in which the defendant received two or more prior sentences as a result of convictions for crimes of violence that are treated as a single sentence (*see §4A1.2(a)(2)*), one point is added under §4A1.1(d) for each such sentence that did not result in any additional points under §4A1.1(a), (b), or (c). A total of up to 3 points may be added under §4A1.1(d). For purposes of this guideline, “**crime of violence**” has the meaning given that term in §4B1.2(a). *See §4A1.2(p).*

For example, a defendant’s criminal history includes two robbery convictions for offenses committed on different occasions. The sentences for these offenses were imposed on the same day and are treated as a single prior sentence. *See §4A1.2(a)(2).* If the defendant received a five-year sentence of imprisonment for one robbery and a four-year sentence of imprisonment for the other robbery (consecutively or concurrently), a total of 3 points is added under §4A1.1(a). An additional point is added under §4A1.1(d) because the second sentence did not result in any additional point(s) (under §4A1.1(a), (b), or (c)). In contrast, if the defendant received a one-year sentence of imprisonment for one robbery and a nine-month consecutive sentence of imprisonment for the other robbery, a total of 3 points also is added under §4A1.1(a) (a one-year sentence of imprisonment and a consecutive nine-month sentence of imprisonment are treated as a combined one-year-nine-month sentence of imprisonment). But no additional point is added under §4A1.1(d) because the sentence for the second robbery already resulted in an additional point under §4A1.1(a). Without the second sentence, the defendant would only have received two points under §4A1.1(b) for the one-year sentence of imprisonment.