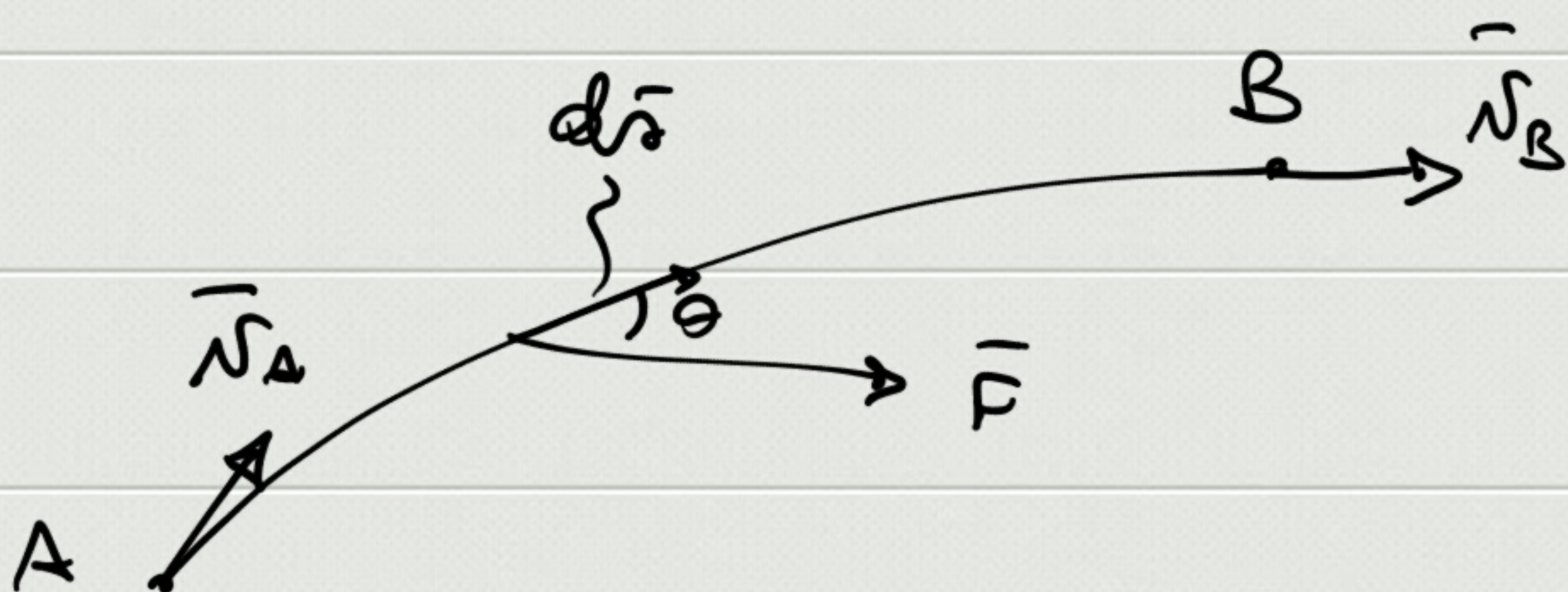


$$\underline{dW} = \vec{F} d\vec{s} = F_T ds = m \frac{dv}{dt} ds = *$$

$$ds = \left(\frac{ds}{dt} \right) dt \quad dv = \left(\frac{dv}{dt} \right) dt$$

$$* = m dv \cdot \frac{1}{dt} \left(\frac{ds}{dt} \right) dt = m dv \frac{ds}{dt} = \underline{m v dv}$$



$$W_{A \rightarrow B} = \int_A^B dW = \int_{v_A}^{v_B} m v dv = \left. \frac{1}{2} m v^2 \right|_{v_A}^{v_B} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m v_B^2 - \frac{1}{2} m v_A^2$$

Energia cinetica

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

Teorema dell'energia cinetica (T. forze vive)

$$W_{A \rightarrow B} = E_{k,B} - E_{k,A} = \Delta E_k$$

$$W_{A \rightarrow B} = E_{K,B} - E_{K,A}$$

$$E_K = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + \underset{\uparrow}{\text{cost}}$$

$$E_K (v=0) = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad E_K (v=0) = \underset{=0}{\cancel{0}} + \text{cost} \quad \Bigg\} \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{\text{cost} = 0}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{E_K = \frac{1}{2} m v^2}$$

$$[E_K] = [W] = J \quad (\text{Joule})$$