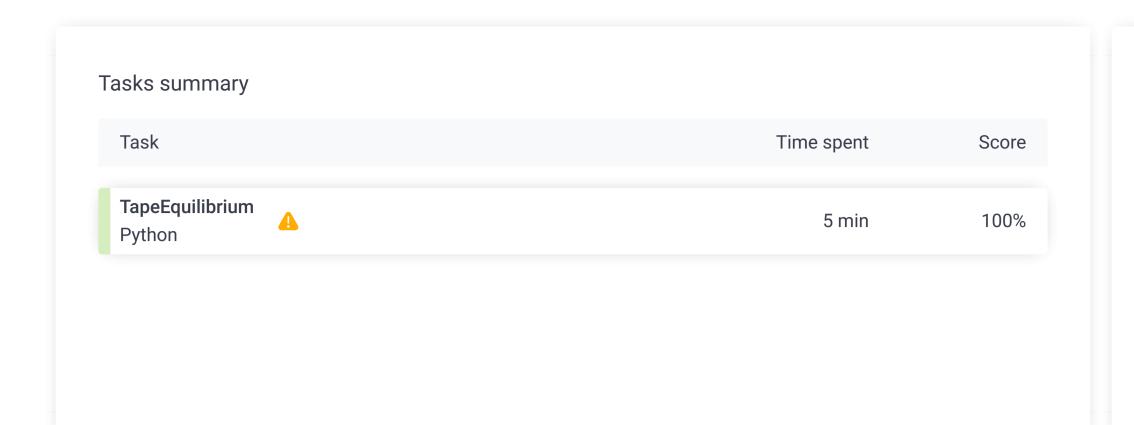
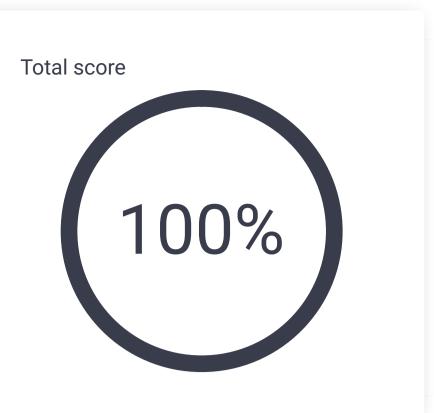
CodeCheck Report: trainingPT6DWR-K7P

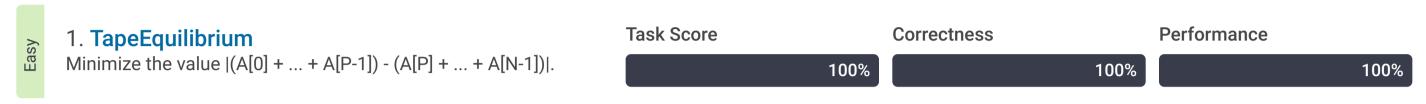
Test Name:

Summary Timeline





Tasks Details



Task description

A non-empty array A consisting of N integers is given. Array A represents numbers on a tape.

Any integer P, such that 0 < P < N, splits this tape into two non-empty parts: A[0], A[1], ..., A[P - 1] and A[P], A[P + 1], ..., A[N - 1].

The difference between the two parts is the value of: |(A[0] + A[1] + ... + A[P - 1]) - (A[P] + A[P + 1] + ... + A[N - 1])|

In other words, it is the absolute difference between the sum of the first part and the sum of the second part.

For example, consider array A such that:

A[0] = 3 A[1] = 1A[2] = 2

A[3] = 4A[4] = 3

We can split this tape in four places:

P = 1, difference = |3 - 10| = 7
P = 2, difference = |4 - 9| = 5
P = 3, difference = |6 - 7| = 1

• P = 4, difference = |10 - 3| = 7

Write a function:

def solution(A)

that, given a non-empty array A of N integers, returns the minimal difference that can be achieved.

For example, given:

A[0] = 3 A[1] = 1 A[2] = 2 A[3] = 4 A[4] = 3

the function should return 1, as explained above.

Write an **efficient** algorithm for the following assumptions:

- N is an integer within the range [2..100,000];
- each element of array A is an integer within the range [-1,000..1,000].

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Programming language used:	Python	
Total time used:	5 minutes	?
Effective time used:	5 minutes	?
Notes:	not defined yet	



100	de: 01:11:41 UTC, py, final, score: show code in pop-up		
1	# you can write to stdout for debugging purposes, e.g.		
2	<pre># print("this is a debug message")</pre>		
3			
4	<pre>def solution(A):</pre>		
5	# write your code in Python 3.6		
6	if len(A) < 2:		
7	return -1		
8	elif len(A) == 2:		
9	return abs(A[0]-A[1])		
10	else:		
11	<pre>left_sum = 0</pre>		
12	right_sum = sum(A)		
13	diff = 1000 * len(A)		
14	for el in A[:-1]:		
15	<pre>left_sum += el</pre>		
16	right_sum -= el		
17	<pre>diff = min(diff, abs(left_sum - right_sum))</pre>		
18	return diff		

Analysis summary

The solution obtained perfect score.

Analysis

expand all

Detected time complexity: O(N)

Example tests

example example test	✓ OK	
expand all Correctness tests		
double two elements	✓ OK	
simple_positive simple test with positive number	✓ OK ers, length = 5	
simple_negative simple test with negative number	✓ OK pers, length = 5	
simple_boundary only one element on one of the	✓ OK sides	
small_random random small, length = 100	✓ OK	
► small_range range sequence, length = ~1,00	✓ OK	
small elements	✓ OK	
expand all	Performance tests	

•	small elements	✓ OK
expand	d all Performance tes	ts
•	medium_random1 random medium, numbers from 0 to 100, length = ~10,000	✓ OK
•	medium_random2 random medium, numbers from -1,000 to 50, length = \sim 10,000	✓ OK
•	large_ones large sequence, numbers from -1 to 1, length = ~100,000	✓ OK
•	large_random random large, length = ~100,000	✓ OK
•	large_sequence large sequence, length = ~100,000	✓ OK
•	large_extreme large test with maximal and minimal values, length = ~100,000	✓ OK