

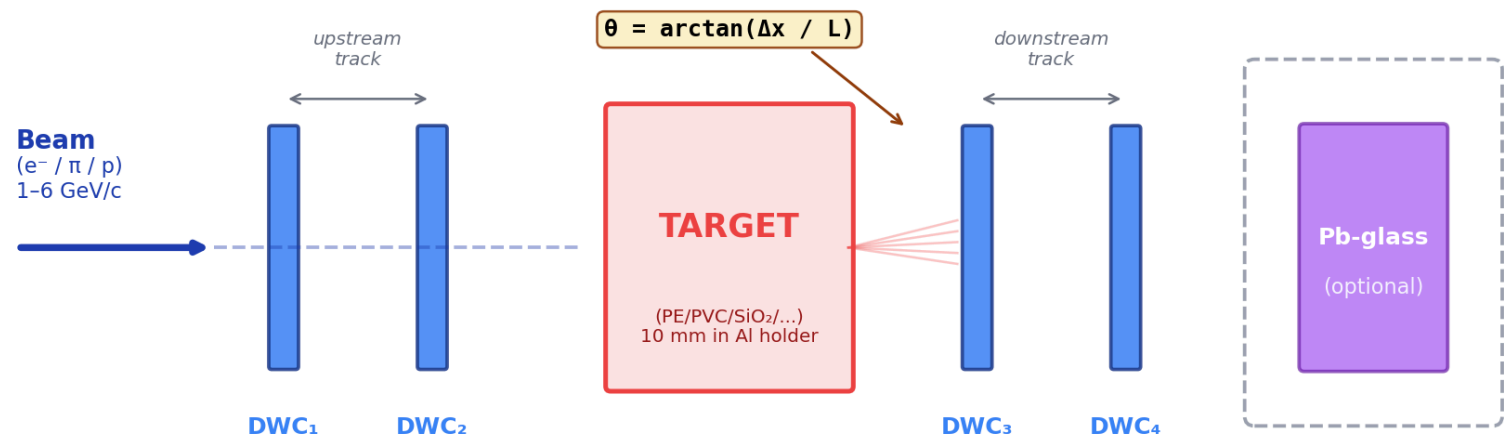
# Technical Deep Dive

What the code actually does — for project owners

7 source files · 2 CI pipelines · 3 analysis scripts · 11 materials

# Geant4 — Detector Geometry

BeamScan — Experimental Setup (facility-agnostic)



Component	Material	Size	Purpose
DWCs (×4)	Ar/CO <sub>2</sub> 80/20 gas (10 mm gap)	10 × 10 cm <sup>2</sup>	Measure particle direction before/after target
Target	Configurable via macro	10 × 10 cm <sup>2</sup> , variable thickness	Material under study
Calorimeter	PbO lead glass	15 × 15 × 30 cm <sup>3</sup>	Energy measurement (optional extension)

# Geant4 — Physics List & Per-Event Data

## Physics List: FTFP\_BERT + option4

**FTFP\_BERT:** Fritiof + Bertini cascade

- Handles hadronic interactions (p,  $\pi$ , n)
- Nuclear elastic + inelastic scattering
- *This is why G4 gives 12% more than Highland*

**EM option4:** most accurate MCS model

- G4UrbanMscModel for electrons
- G4WentzelVIModel for hadrons
- Step limiter ensures small steps in

## What happens per event

1. **ParticleGun** fires  $e^-$  at  $z = -80$  cm
2. Particle traverses DWC1  $\rightarrow$  DWC2  
(*SteppingAction* records first hit per plane)
3. Particle enters **TARGET**  $\rightarrow$  MCS happens
4. Particle exits  $\rightarrow$  DWC3  $\rightarrow$  DWC4
5. Particle hits Calorimeter  $\rightarrow$  energy deposited
6. **EventAction** computes all angles + momenta

# Geant4 — The 9-Column Ntuple

Column	Unit	How computed	Used for
<code>theta3D_mrad</code>	mrad	<code>acos(inDir · outDir)</code>	Full 3D scattering angle
<code>thetaX_mrad</code>	mrad	<code>atan2</code> difference in x-z plane	<b>Primary classification observable</b>
<code>thetaY_mrad</code>	mrad	<code>atan2</code> difference in y-z plane	Cross-check / 2D analysis
<code>pIn_GeV</code>	GeV	Momentum at DWC2 (before target)	Beam energy verification
<code>pOut_GeV</code>	GeV	Momentum at DWC3 (after target)	Energy loss measurement
<code>deltaP_MeV</code>	MeV	$p_{In} - p_{Out}$	dE/dx spectroscopy
<code>xTarget_mm</code>	mm	Interpolated x position at target plane	Beam profile
<code>yTarget_mm</code>	mm	Interpolated y position at target plane	Beam profile
<code>caloEdep_MeV</code>	MeV	Total energy deposited in lead glass	Particle ID (future)

**9 columns per event** — enough for MCS classification AND momentum-loss spectroscopy. Students can mine this data for multiple physics analyses beyond the primary classification.

# Geant4 — Multi-Threading & Output Format

## MT-Mode Architecture

Geant4 11.3.2 auto-detects CPU cores.  
GitHub Actions runner: **4 cores** → **4 threads**.

Each thread writes its own CSV file:

```
events_nt_beamscan_t0.csv
events_nt_beamscan_t1.csv
events_nt_beamscan_t2.csv
events_nt_beamscan_t3.csv
```

`ActionInitialization.cc` creates per-thread copies of `RunAction` +

`EventAction` + `SteppingAction`.

## WCSV Format (not standard CSV!)

Geant4 writes `#class`  
`tools::wcsv::ntuple` headers with metadata, **not a plain CSV**.

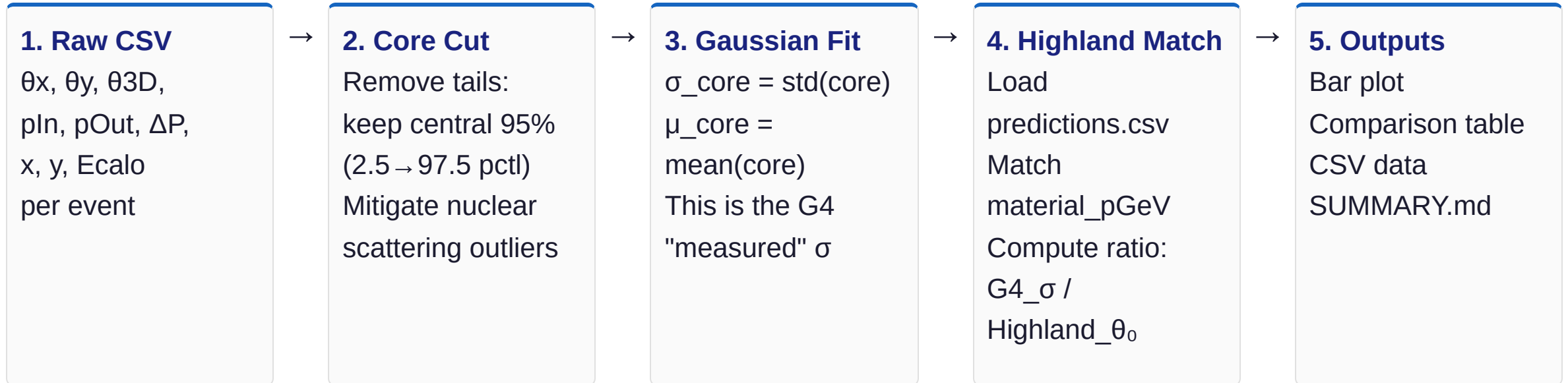
Our parser (`analyze_geant4.py`) handles:

- `#separator` line → detects delimiter
- `#column` lines → extracts column names
- Data lines → splits and zips into dicts

## Why this matters:

`pandas.read_csv()` **fails** on Geant4

# Analysis Pipeline — From Raw Events to Classification



## Why the Core Cut Matters

MCS produces a **Gaussian core + non-Gaussian tails**. The tails come from: (a) nuclear elastic scattering (large single kicks), (b) nuclear inelastic events (secondaries), (c) delta rays. Highland predicts only the Gaussian core, so we cut the tails for a fair comparison.

# Highland Calculator — The Analytic Engine

## The Formula (PDG 2024)

$$\theta_0 = \frac{13.6 \text{ MeV}}{p\beta c} \sqrt{\frac{x}{X_0}} \left[ 1 + 0.038 \ln \frac{x}{X_0} \right]$$

`compute_predictions()` does:

1. Look up  $X_0$ ,  $\rho$  from `MATERIALS_DB`
2. Or accept **student-provided**  $X_0/\rho$  in YAML (*custom materials!*)
3. Compute  $\theta_0$  via Highland formula
4. Estimate
$$dE/dx \approx 2 \text{ MeV}/(\text{g}/\text{cm}^2) \times \rho \times x$$
5. Store result:  $\theta_0$ , dE,  $X_0$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $p$ , thickness
6. For all material pairs:

## Output Files

- `predictions.csv` — 11 materials  $\times$  2 momenta = 22 rows  
Columns: name, g4name, category,  $X_0$ ,  $\rho$ , thickness,  $p$ ,  $\theta_0$ , dE
- `distributions.png` — Gaussian curves overlaid for all materials
- `classification.png` — 2D plot:  $\theta_0(3 \text{ GeV})$  vs  $\theta_0(6 \text{ GeV})$  with  $1/p$  line and cluster annotations
- `SUMMARY.md` — Table + pair separations + N events

# CI/CD — Two Pipelines, Two Purposes

## ⚡ Highland CI (~30 sec)

**Triggers:** PR touching `requests/*.yaml`, push to main, or manual dispatch

### Steps:

1. Checkout repo
2. `pip install pyyaml jsonschema matplotlib`
3. Validate YAML against JSON schema
4. Run `highland_calculator.py`
5. Upload `predictions/` as artifact
6. If PR: **post comment with plots +**

## 🌌 Geant4 CI (~20 min)

**Triggers:** manual dispatch only (*too expensive for every PR*)

### Steps:

1. Checkout repo
2. Install Miniforge (conda)
3. `conda install geant4 (11.3.2) + cmake, gcc, matplotlib, scipy`
4. `cmake + make beamscan`
5. `generate_macros.py` → 22 `.mac` files
6. `run_all.sh` → runs all 22 simulations



# Macro Generation & Scattering Computation

## `generate_macros.py`

Reads student YAML → writes one `.mac` per material × momentum:

```
# Auto-generated: PE_3.0GeV_10.0mm.mac
/run/initialize
/gun/particle e-
/gun/energy 3.0 GeV
/beamscan/target/material G4_POLYETHYLENE
/beamscan/target/thickness 10.0 mm
/beamscan/output/filename \
    geant4_output/PE_3.0GeV_10.0mm/events
/run/beamOn 2000
```

Plus `run_all.sh`:

```
for f in macros_auto/*.mac; do
```

## The Scattering Angle Computation

`SteppingAction` records first hit per DWC → position + momentum at each plane.

`EventAction::EndOfEventAction`

computes:

```
inDir  = (pos[DWC2] - pos[DWC1]).unit()
outDir = (pos[DWC4] - pos[DWC3]).unit()

theta_3D = acos(inDir . outDir)
theta_x  = atan2(out.x, out.z) - atan2(in.x, in.z)
theta_y  = atan2(out.y, out.z) - atan2(in.y, in.z)
```

Only events hitting **all 4 DWCs** are kept  
(natural acceptance cut).

# Bugs Found & Fixed — Engineering Story

Severity	Bug	Root Cause	Fix
CRITICAL	X <sub>0</sub> Values Wrong (4 materials)	PVC, CaCO <sub>3</sub> , Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> had X <sub>0</sub> in g/cm <sup>2</sup> instead of cm. Highland overpredicted PVC (physically impossible).	Recomputed using Tsai formula + PDG cross-checks
HIGH	PET/PE Substring Collision	"PE" in "PET_3.0GeV" → True in Python. Highland matching grabbed PE's value for PET.	<code>m.startswith(material + "_")</code> instead of <code>in</code>
MEDIUM	Workflow Push Race Condition	20-min Geant4 run + concurrent push → rejected.	<code>git pull --rebase</code> before <code>git push</code>
REJECTED	ChatGPT Review — 8 Regressions	Reviewed old snapshot. Deleted <code>ActionInitialization</code> (breaks MT), removed wcsv parser, reverted to hardcoded filenames, used wrong PE X <sub>0</sub> .	All changes rejected after analysis

● **Every bug has a commit, a rationale, and a verification.** This is engineering discipline that BL4S reviewers will notice — it shows the team understands what their code does.

# Request Schema — What Students Can Configure

## Full YAML Structure

```
author: "Name"          # required
description: "Research Q" # required
materials:               # 1+ entries
  - name: PE             # display name
    geant4_name: G4_POLYETHYLENE
    thickness_mm: 10      # 1-100 mm
    # Optional: override for custom materials
    X0_cm: 47.9
    rho: 0.94
beam:
  particle: e-           # e-, e+, pi+, pi-
  momenta_GeV: [3.0, 6.0] # list
  num_events: 10000      # per configuration
```

Validated by `schemas/request.schema.json`

(Draft 2020-12).

## Named Examples in Repo

### Valentina —

`valentina_pvc_detection.yaml`

PVC vs PE → recycling QC

### Tomás — `tomas_thickness_study.yaml`

PE at 5, 10, 20 mm → test  $\sqrt{x/X_0}$  scaling

### Lucía — `lucia_heritage_study.yaml`

SiO<sub>2</sub>, CaCO<sub>3</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> → heritage materials

### Sofía —

`sofia_custom_material_example.yaml`

Student provides own  $X_0$  and  $\rho$  → custom

# End-to-End

Student types

→ gets publication-ready physics plots back in

 YAML →  PR →  CI →  Plots →  Merge →  Geant4 →  Website

*¡La física fundamental es para todos!*