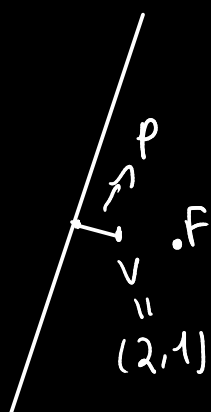


(1) Dê a equação da parábola de vértice $(2, 1)$ e diretriz $4x + 3y = 1$.

$$4x + 3y - 1 = 0$$



$$F = V + \vec{n} \cdot p, \text{ onde } \|\vec{n}\| = 1.$$

Sei q \vec{n} de n é $\vec{n} = (4, 3)$

$$\frac{\vec{n}}{\|\vec{n}\|} = \vec{n}$$

$$\|\vec{n}\| = \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2} = 5$$

$$\vec{n} = \left(\frac{4}{5}, \frac{3}{5}\right)$$

$$\rho = d(V, n) = \frac{|4 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 1 - 1|}{\sqrt{4^2 + 3^2}} = 2$$

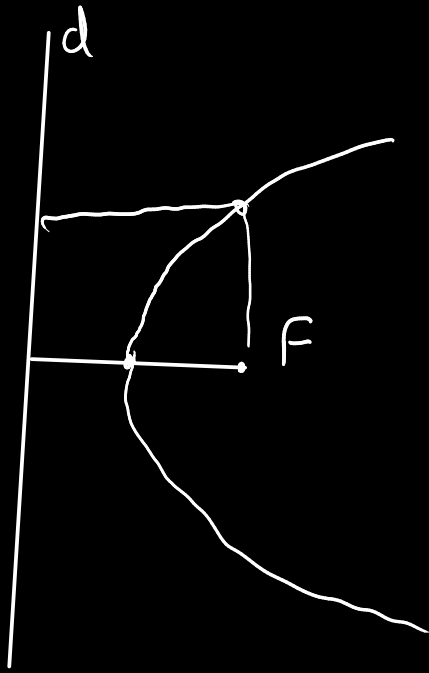
$$F = \overbrace{(2, 1)}^V + 2 \cdot \left(\frac{4}{5}, \frac{3}{5}\right) = \left(2 + \frac{8}{5}, 1 + \frac{6}{5}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{18}{5}, \frac{11}{5}\right) = F$$

$d(\hat{p}, F) = d(\hat{p}, n)$ ← escrevendo a parábola

$$\hat{p} = (x, y), \quad d(\hat{p}, n) = \frac{|4x + 3y - 1|}{5} = \sqrt{\left(x - \frac{18}{5}\right)^2 + \left(y - \frac{11}{5}\right)^2}$$

$$4x + 3y - 1 = 25 \left[\left(x - \frac{18}{5} \right)^2 + \left(y - \frac{11}{5} \right)^2 \right] \quad (\text{faga os centros})$$



\mathbb{R}^2