## Classifying Patients Likely to Readmit

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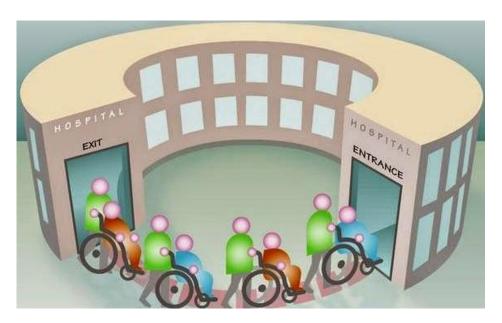
### Agenda

- Business Problem
- Data
- Model
- Results

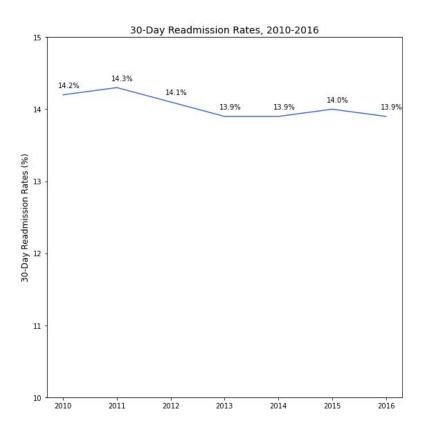
# 1 | Business Problem

#### **Business Problem**

 How can we accurately determine patients who are likely to be readmitted within 30-days of discharge?



### Readmissions are costly problems that can be avoided



Avg 30-Day Readmission Costs: \$14K<sup>1</sup>



~27%<sup>2</sup> of 30-Day Readmissions Are Preventable







Source: <sup>1</sup>Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), <sup>2</sup>Auerbach AD, Kripalani S, Vasilevskis EE, et al (2010)

## 2 | Databases

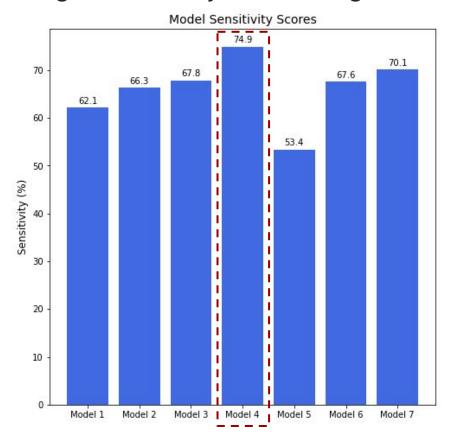
#### Dataset used:

~60K patient admission claims, including discharge notes, from ICU units in a medical center in Boston



## 3 | Modeling

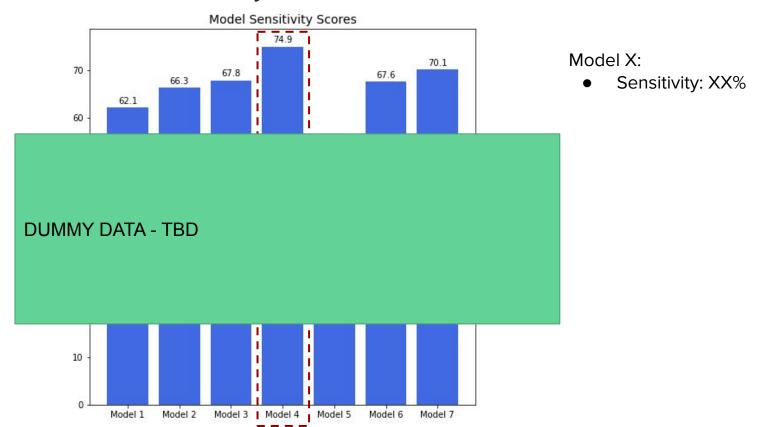
The best model to identify if a patient is likely to readmit within 30-days post discharge based only on discharge notes had a sensitivity of 75%



#### Model 4:

Sensitivity: 98%

The best model with additional data features such as demographics and diagnoses had a sensitivity of XX%

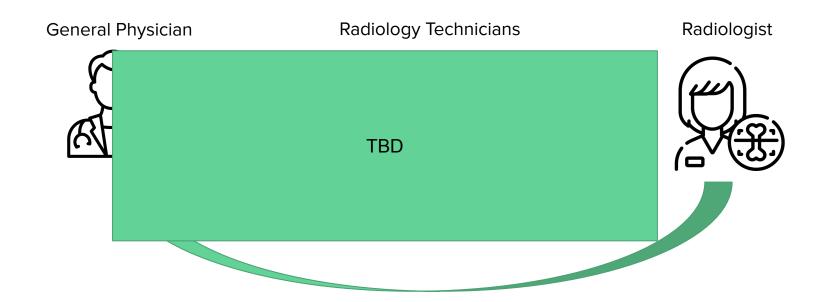


## 4 | Conclusion

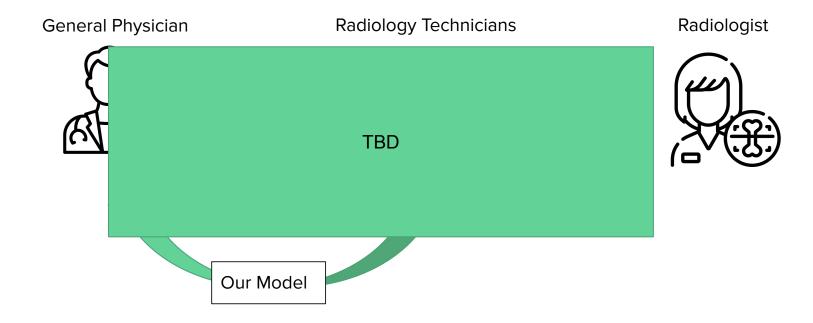
### Summary



### **Current Workflow**



#### New Workflow with Model





# Thank you! Any questions?

**GitHub Repository:** https://github.com/arthursjkim/hospital\_readmissions\_nlp



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