Visualisation of evolution of novel coronavirus

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load libraries

load data

```
## Warning in countrycode(location, origin = "country.name", destination = "continent"): Some values we
if (interactive()) write_csv(df, "../data/our_world_in_data_corona.csv")
```

There is data for 159 countries. The last update was on 17 of March

```
head(df)
```

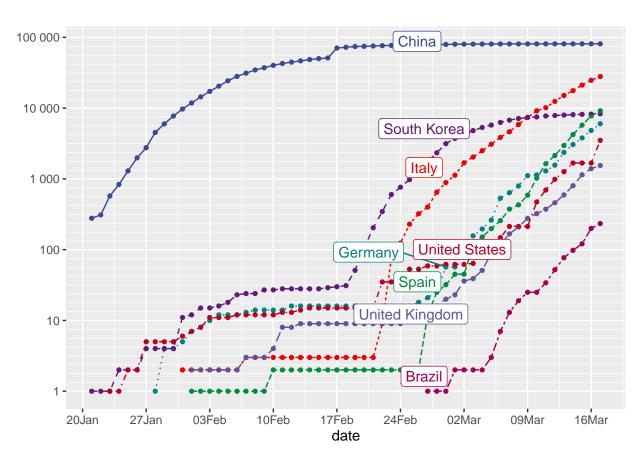
```
## # A tibble: 6 x 8
##
   date location category value cca2 pop2020 value_per_100k_~ continent
             <chr>
                     <fct>
                                <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
   <date>
## 1 2020-02-25 Afghanis~ daily cas~
                                  O AF
                                           3.89e7
                                                                Asia
## 2 2020-02-25 Afghanis~ daily dea~
                                  O AF
                                           3.89e7
                                                        0
                                                                Asia
```

```
1 AF
                                                                   0.00257 Asia
## 3 2020-02-25 Afghanis~ cumulativ~
                                                   3.89e7
                                        O AF
## 4 2020-02-25 Afghanis~ cumulativ~
                                                   3.89e7
                                                                   0
                                                                            Asia
                                                   3.89e7
## 5 2020-02-26 Afghanis~ daily cas~
                                        O AF
                                                                   0
                                                                           Asia
## 6 2020-02-26 Afghanis~ daily dea~
                                        O AF
                                                                           Asia
                                                   3.89e7
# for thousand separator for plotting
fun_dot <- function(x) format(x, big.mark = " ",</pre>
                              scientific = FALSE,
                              decimal.mark = ".")
# negative in
`%!in%` <- Negate(`%in%`)
# y scale
log10_minor_break = function (...){
  function(x) {
   minx
                 = floor(min(log10(x), na.rm=T))-1;
                = ceiling(max(log10(x), na.rm=T))+1;
   maxx
   n_{major}
                 = \max x - \min x + 1;
   major_breaks = seq(minx, maxx, by=1)
   minor_breaks =
      rep(log10(seq(1, 9, by=1)), times = n_major)+
      rep(major_breaks, each = 9)
   return(10^(minor_breaks))
 }
}
calc_cagr <- function(ending, beginning, nr_periods) {</pre>
 return((ending / beginning)^(1/nr_periods))-1
}
```

Cumulative Cases for Selected Countries

```
sel_category <- "cumulative cases" # new cases, new deaths,</pre>
                                      # cumulative cases, cumulative deaths
selected_countries <- c("Germany",</pre>
                         "Italy",
                         "United Kingdom",
                         "Brazil",
                         "China",
                         "Spain",
                         "South Korea",
                         "United States")
df %>%
  filter(location %in% selected_countries, category==sel_category) %>%
  mutate(
    location=fct_reorder2(location, date, value),
    label = ifelse(date == "2020-02-29", #max(date),
                         as.character(location),
```

```
NA_character_)) %>%
# plot
ggplot(aes(x=date, y=value, color=location)) +
geom_point(aes(shape="o")) +
geom_line(aes(linetype=location)) +
# labels
ggrepel::geom_label_repel(aes(label = label),
                          nudge_x = -1, nudge_y = 1/10,
                          na.rm = TRUE) +
# legend and scales
scale_y_log10(name="(log scale)", labels=fun_dot,
              breaks=10^(0:9),
              #minor_breaks=log10_minor_break()
              minor_breaks=(1 * 1.33333^(0:10000))
scale_x_date(date_breaks = "1 week",
             date_labels="%d%b") +
ggsci::scale_color_aaas() +
theme(legend.position = "none",
      axis.title.y = element_blank())
```

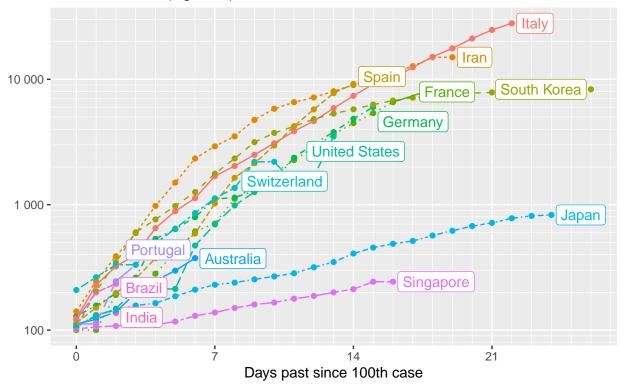


Normalized comparison

```
df$continent %>% unique()
## [1] "Asia"
                  "Europe"
                             "Africa"
                                         "Americas" "Oceania" NA
df$category %>% unique() %>% as.character()
## [1] "daily cases"
                           "daily deaths"
                                                "cumulative cases"
## [4] "cumulative deaths"
make_plot <- function(dta, sel_category="cumulative cases",</pre>
                      sel_continent="Europe",
                      sel_country=NULL,
                      threshold=100) {
  # extract singular form of category
  singular_category <- scan(text = sel_category, what = "", quiet=TRUE)[2] %>%
   substr(1, nchar(.)-1)
  sel plot title <- ifelse(length(sel continent)>1,
                                yes = "selected continents",
                                no = sel_continent)
  if (!is.null(sel_country)) {
   dta <- dta %>% filter(location %in% sel_country)
   sel_continent <- unique(dta$continent)</pre>
    sel_plot_title <- ifelse(length(sel_country)>1,
                             yes = "selected countries",
                             no = sel_country)
  }
  dta %>%
   filter(category == sel_category,
           continent %in% sel_continent) %>%
   group_by(location) %>%
   filter(value>=threshold) %>%
   mutate(date_shift=0:(n()-1)) %>% # generate date shifted after threshold
   ungroup(location) %>%
   arrange(date_shift) %>%
    # mutate for legend ordering and ggrepel postioning
   mutate(location=fct_reorder2(location, date_shift, value),
           # for ggrepel
           label = ifelse(date == max(date),
                          as.character(location),
                          NA_character_)) %>%
    # plot
    ggplot(aes(x=date_shift, y=value, colour=location)) +
    # geoms
```

```
geom_point() +
    geom_line(aes(linetype=location, colour=location)) +
    #scale_color_grey(start = 0, end = .3) +
    # ggrepel
   ggrepel::geom_label_repel(
      aes(label = label), nudge_x = 1, na.rm = TRUE) +
    # legend and scales
   scale_y_log10(
     name = paste(sel_category, "(log scale)"),
     labels=fun_dot, breaks = 10^(0:9), minor_breaks=log10_minor_break()) +
    scale_x_continuous(
      name = paste0("Days past since ", threshold, "th ", singular_category),
      breaks = seq(0, 1e5, 7), minor_breaks = 1:1e3) +
   theme(legend.position = "none", axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
    #title
    ggtitle(paste("Evolution of novel coronavirus in", sel_plot_title),
            subtitle = paste(sel_category, "(log scale)"))
countries <- c("Brazil", "United States", "Italy", "Iran", "South Korea",</pre>
               "Singapore", "Japan", "Australia", "India", "Germany", "Spain",
               "Portugal", "Switzerland", "Serbia", "France")
assertthat::are_equal(1, mean(countries %in% df$location))
## [1] TRUE
#countries <- df$location %>% unique
conts <- "Europe"</pre>
make_plot(df,
          sel_country = countries,
          sel_continent = NA,
          threshold = 100,
          sel_category = "cumulative cases")
```

Evolution of novel coronavirus in selected countries cumulative cases (log scale)



```
df_dates <- read_csv("../data/threshold_dates.csv")</pre>
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     location = col_character(),
     category = col character(),
##
    th_1 = col_date(format = ""),
##
    th 5 = col date(format = ""),
##
##
     th_10 = col_date(format = ""),
     th_25 = col_date(format = ""),
##
     th_50 = col_date(format = ""),
##
     th_100 = col_date(format = "")
##
## )
df_restaurant <- read_csv("../data/opentable_state_of_industry_data.csv") %>%
  pivot_longer( -c(Type, Name), names_to = "Date", values_to = "Value") %>%
  mutate(Date = as.Date(Date, format="%m/%d"))
## Parsed with column specification:
```

##

##

) .default = col_double(),
Type = col_character(),

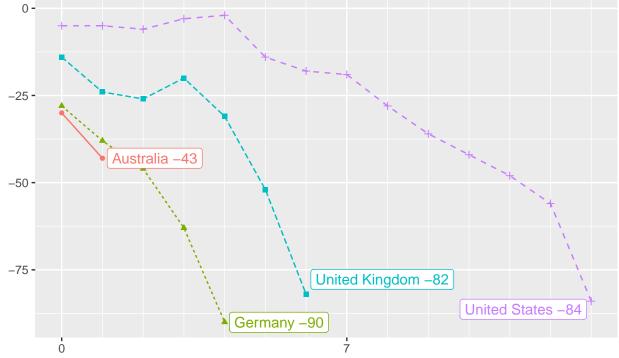
Name = col_character()

See spec(...) for full column specifications.

```
df_join <- full_join(df_restaurant, df_dates,</pre>
                     by=c(Name="location")) %>%
  filter(Name != "Global", category == "cumulative deaths") %>%
  mutate(xx = as.integer(Date - th_5)) %>%
  group_by(Name) %>%
  mutate(label = ifelse(xx == max(xx),
                        paste(as.character(Name), Value),
                        NA_character_)) %>%
  filter(xx >= 0)
df_join %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=xx, y=Value, colour=Name)) +
  geom_line(aes(linetype=Name)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Name)) +
  ggtitle("Reastaurant Reservations (% Year-over-year variation)",
          "OpenTable data (https://www.opentable.com/state-of-industry)") +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
  scale_x_continuous(
   name = paste0("Days past since ", "5th ", "death"),
   breaks = seq(0, 1e5, 7), minor_breaks = 1:1e3) +
   ggrepel::geom_label_repel(
      aes(label = label), nudge_x = 1, na.rm = TRUE)
```

Reastaurant Reservations (% Year-over-year variation)

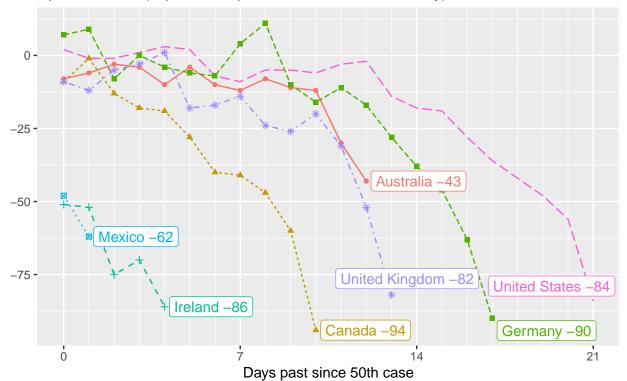
OpenTable data (https://www.opentable.com/state-of-industry)



```
df_join <- full_join(df_restaurant, df_dates,</pre>
                     by=c(Name="location")) %>%
  filter(Name != "Global", category == "cumulative cases") %>%
  mutate(xx = as.integer(Date - th_50)) %>%
  group_by(Name) %>%
  mutate(label = ifelse(xx == max(xx),
                        paste(as.character(Name), Value),
                        NA_character_)) %>%
  filter(xx >= 0)
df_join %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=xx, y=Value, colour=Name)) +
  geom_line(aes(linetype=Name)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Name)) +
  ggtitle("Reastaurant Reservations (% Year-over-year variation)",
          "OpenTable data (https://www.opentable.com/state-of-industry)") +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
  scale_x_continuous(
   name = paste0("Days past since ", "50th ", "case"),
   breaks = seq(0, 1e5, 7), minor_breaks = 1:1e3) +
   ggrepel::geom_label_repel(
      aes(label = label), nudge_x = 1, na.rm = TRUE)
```

Reastaurant Reservations (% Year-over-year variation)

OpenTable data (https://www.opentable.com/state-of-industry)



```
df_de <- read_csv("../data/COVID_19_de_wiki.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
    state = col character(),
##
    Date = col_date(format = ""),
##
    value = col_double()
## )
update <- max(df_de$Date)
threshold <- 25
df de %>%
   group_by(state) %>%
   filter(value>=threshold) %>%
   mutate(date_shift=0:(n()-1)) %>% # generate date shifted after threshold
   ungroup(state) %>%
   arrange(date_shift) %>%
    # mutate for legend ordering and ggrepel postioning
   mutate(state=fct_reorder2(state, date_shift, value),
           # for ggrepel
           label = ifelse(Date == max(Date),
                          as.character(state),
                          NA_character_)) %>%
    # plot
   ggplot(aes(x=date_shift, y=value, colour=state)) +
    # geoms
   geom point() +
   geom_line(aes()) +
    #scale_color_grey(start = 0, end = .3) +
    # ggrepel
   ggrepel::geom label repel(
      aes(label = label), nudge_x = 5, na.rm = TRUE) +
    # legend and scales
    scale_y_log10(
     name = paste(sel_category, "(log scale)"),
     labels=fun_dot, breaks = 10^(0:9), minor_breaks=log10_minor_break()) +
    scale_x_continuous(
     name = paste0("Days past since ", threshold, "th ", "case"),
     breaks = seq(0, 1e5, 7), minor_breaks = 1:1e3) +
   theme(legend.position = "none", axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
    ggtitle(paste("Evolution of COVID-19 cases in Germany"),
            subtitle = paste0("Cumulative cases (log scale, updated: ", update, ")"))
```

Evolution of COVID-19 cases in Germany

Cumulative cases (log scale, updated: 2020-03-20)

