

```
48
         c_sigmoid_pred = tf.sigmoid(pred)
 49
50 m = np.zeros([1, 50, 3], dtype=float)
 51
52
 53
 54
     def process(sess, m):
 55
 56
         return list([ready, int(sess.run(c_argmax, feed_dict={x: m, keep_prob: 1.0}))])
 57
 58
 59
     def standardize(s):
60
       s = list(s)
 61
        assert len(s) == 6, "LengthError"
 62
        ss = []
 63
        ss.append((s[0]*256+s[1]-250)/100)
 64
       ss.append((s[2]*256+s[3]-250)/100)
 65
       ss.append((s[4]*256+s[5]-250)/100)
 66
 67
 68 learning_rate = tf.placeholder("float")
 69 sess = tf.InteractiveSession()
     saver = tf.train.Saver()
 71 saver.restore(sess, 'Saved\\CNN_MMGonly50_pretrain')
 72 second_optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning_rate=learning_rate).minimize(
       cost, var_list=[weights['wd2'], weights['out'], biases['bd2'], biases['out']])
 74 correct_pred = tf.equal(tf.argmax(pred, 1), tf.argmax(y, 1))
 75 accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_pred, tf.float32))
 76
 77 tmp = input("key in anything to start ")
 78
    f = open(r'\\.\pipe\GesturePipe', 'r+b', 0)
 79  n = struct.unpack('I', f.read(4))[0]  # Read str length
 s = f.read(n)
                                           # Read str
 81 f.seek(0)
                                            # Important!!!
     print('Read:', list(s))
 82
 83
 84
 85 r_prev = 10
 86
     c = 0
 87 # get training_set
 88 while True:
 89
        c += 1
        s = list(s)
90
 91
       roll = (s[9]-100)*10/3.14
        pitch = (s[10]-100)*10/3.14
 92
 93
         m[0, :49, :] = m[0, 1:, :]
         m[0, 49, :] = standardize(s[3:9])
94
 95
        if s[0] == 0 and r_prev == 1:
            g, t = s[1]-1, s[2]-1
96
97
             if training_set == None:
                training_set = np.array(m)
98
99
                cali_d = np.zeros(9)
100
                cali d[s[1]] = 1
101
                 cali_d = cali_d.reshape((1, 9))
102
             else:
103
                training_set = np.concatenate((training_set, np.array(m)), axis=0)
104
                 cal = np.zeros(9)
105
                 cal[s[1]] = 1
106
                cali_d = np.concatenate((cali_d, cal.reshape(1, 9)), axis=0)
107
            c = 0
108
        if training_set != None and c < 5:</pre>
109
            training_set = np.concatenate((training_set, np.array(m)), axis=0)
110
            cal = np.zeros(9)
             cal[s[1]] = 1
```

```
cali_d = np.concatenate((cali_d, cal.reshape(1, 9)), axis=0)
        if s[0] == 0:
114
             if new_noise == None and c > 5 and c < 95:</pre>
                 new_noise = np.array(m)
                 new_noised = np.array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1])
116
117
                 new_noised = new_noised.reshape((1, 9))
             elif c > 20 and random.randint(0, 20) > 12:
118
                 new_noise = np.concatenate((new_noise, np.array(m)), axis=0)
120
                 new noised = np.concatenate(
121
                      ({\sf new\_noised}, \ {\sf np.array}([0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 1]).{\sf reshape}((1,\ 9))), \ {\sf axis=0})
        r_prev = s[0]
        if s[0] > 1: # training_set ready
124
             break
        p = process(sess, m)
126
         p = bytes(p)
         f.write(struct.pack('I', len(p)) + p) # Write str length and str
128
         f.seek(0)
                                                 # EDIT: This is also necessary
130
         n = struct.unpack('I', f.read(4))[0]
                                                # Read str length
         s = f.read(n)
                                                 # Read str
132
        f.seek(0)
                                                 # Important!!!
         buf = p[1]
134
         if buf != 8:
             print('pred: ', buf)
135
136
137 step = 0
138 batch_size = 200
139 display_step = 100
140 # train
141 training_iters = 200000
142 batch_x, batch_y = training_set, cali_d
143 while step * batch size < training iters:
144
         n = random.randint(0, noise_values.shape[0]-batch_size-5)
145
         noise_x, noise_y = noise_values[
146
             n:n+batch_size, :, :], noised_values[n:n+batch_size, :]
147
148
        # Reshape data to get 28 seq of 28 elements
149
         #batch_x = batch_x.reshape((batch_size, n_steps, n_input))
150
         # Run optimization op (backprop)
        sess.run(second_optimizer, feed_dict={
                  x: batch_x, y: batch_y, keep_prob: 0.5, learning_rate: 0.0001})
        sess.run(second_optimizer, feed_dict={
154
                  x: noise_x, y: noise_y, keep_prob: 0.5, learning_rate: 0.0005})
        sess.run(second_optimizer, feed_dict={
156
                  x: new_noise, y: new_noised, keep_prob: 0.5, learning_rate: 0.00005})
         if step % display_step == 0:
158
             # Calculate batch accuracy
159
              acc = sess.run(accuracy, feed_dict={x: np.concatenate(
                 (batch_x, new_noise), axis=0), y: np.concatenate((batch_y, new_noised), axis=0), keep_prob: 1.0})
160
              print("Iter " + str(step*batch_size) + ", Minibatch Accuracy= " +
                   "{:.6f}".format(acc))
         step += 1
164
      target = [[0.15, 0, -0.05], [-0.15, 0, -0.15]]
166 start signal = [0]
     target_locked = True
168
     control_Thread = Thread(target=dc.control,
                             args=(target, ["radio://0/80/250K", "radio://0/12/1M"], start_signal))
170 control_Thread.start()
171 new_gesture_counter = 0
174 def enter_start(start_signal):
         while True:
```

```
176
            time.sleep(0.1)
177
            input("press enter to start or stop")
178
            start_signal[0] = 1 - start_signal[0]
179
180 enter_start_thread = Thread(target=enter_start, args=(start_signal,))
181 enter_start_thread.start()
182
183 gesture_window = [8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8]
184 while True:
185
        print(start_signal, target_locked, target)
       s = list(s)
186
187
        roll = (s[9]-100)*10/3.14
188
       pitch = (s[10]-100)*10/3.14
189
        m[0, :49, :] = m[0, 1:, :]
190
        m[0, 49, :] = standardize(s[3:9])
        p = process(sess, m)
192
        p = bytes(p)
        f.write(struct.pack('I', len(p)) + p) # Write str length and str
194
                                              # EDIT: This is also necessary
195
       n = struct.unpack('I', f.read(4))[0]  # Read str length
196
        s = f.read(n)
                                              # Read str
198
199
        gesture_window[:7] = gesture_window[1:]
200
        gesture\_window[7] = p[1]
       if new_gesture_counter > 0:
201
202
            new_gesture_counter += 1
203
       if new_gesture_counter > 20:
204
205
        if gesture_window[6] == 8 and gesture_window[7] == 8 and gesture_window[5] != 8:
206
            if new_gesture_counter == 0:
207
               new gesture counter += 1
208
                if gesture_window[0] == 0:
209
                   target[0][2] = 0 - target[0][2]
210
               elif gesture_window[0] == 2:
                  target_locked = not target_locked
212
                elif gesture_window[0] == 1:
                   pass
214
                    # if start_signal[0] == 0:
                   # start_signal[0] = 1
                   # else:
216
                    # print("drone landing")
218
219
      buf = p[1]
      # if buf != 8:
220
221
         # print('pred: ', buf)
        if not target locked:
            target[0][0] = min(max(target[0][0]+pitch/1000, -0.2), 0.2)
             target[0][1] = min(max(target[0][1]+roll/1000, -0.2), 0.2)
224
```

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