Advanced Rigging on Maya

Presenter - Hyun Seung Kim

Who Am I?

- Creature TD
 - Creatures and Digital Double Dev for Visual Effect Films
 - Variety of Simulation and Rigging
- Character TD
 - Rigging Tool and Functionality Design Dev For Feature Animations
 - Character System Design and Animation System Dev
- Technical Artist
 - Design and Dev on Character Pipeline and Effects for Game
 - Dev on Environment Asset Pipeline
- Technical Art Director
 - Design workflow and solution on asset creation process on both character and environments
 - Lighting and Rendering Tech

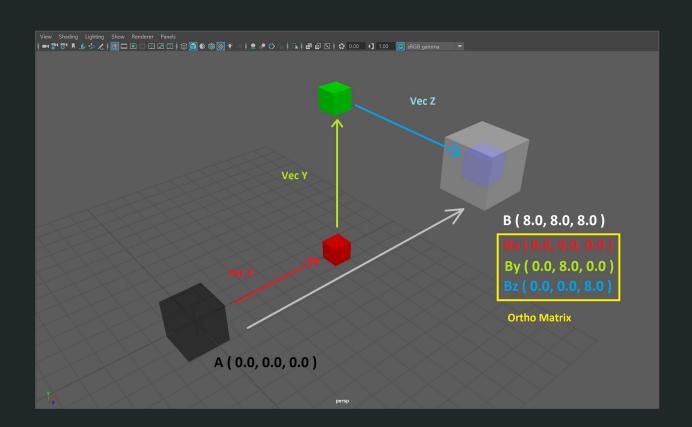
About Advanced Rigging

- What is?
 - Two Big Categories
 - i. Character Asset Creation Process and Automations Tool / Pipeline Building
 - ii. Functionality and Complexity for character system Rigging

- Focus on (with Limited Time)
 - Functionality and Complexity for character system Rigging
 - i. Common Knowledge on Math
 - ii. Using Node Networks to build

- Not Crazy Math (we learned from Middle school)
 - Vector
 - i. Point vs Vector
 - ii. Has 2 types of Data
 - Direction (called Unit Vector)
 - Length (called Magnitude)
 - Vector = Direction * Length → Unit Vector (Direction) = Vector/Length
 - Matrix
 - i. Not about Movie, "red pill or blue pill"
 - ii. It is simple collection of data with some rules
 - Stacked data with 4 vectors (3X3 and 4X4 Matrix)
 - iii. "Matrix Transformation is Multiplication" "MultMatrix" not "AddMatrix"

- Visualization
- Vector
- Matrix



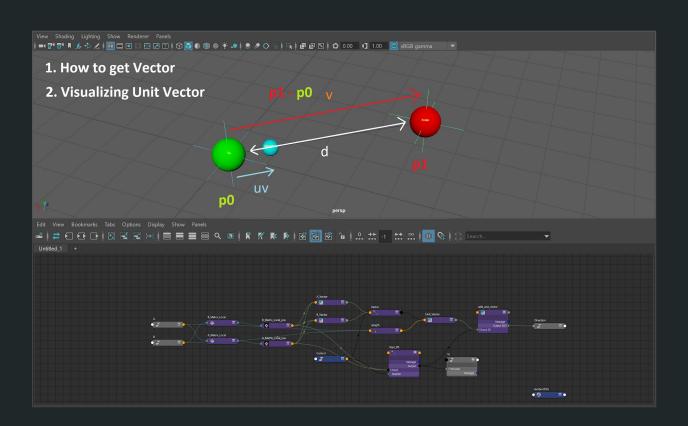
- Not Crazy Math (we learned from Middle school)
 - Vector Math
 - i. "VectorProduct"
 - Dot (float)
 - Using for Checking on Direction/Amounts
 - If Dot > 0 means input 2 Vectors are the same direction
 - If Dot == 0 means input 2 Vectors are 90 degree direction
 - If Dot < 0 means input 2 Vectors are the opposite direction
 - Cross (vector)
 - Using for Building Matrix often
 - Maya use LeftHand Order
 - Given Input 2 unit vector, get 3rd vector are 90 degree to inputs
 - Output Vector might Not be unit vector

- Nodes?
 - Advantage
 - i. Node is Small Function
 - ii. Already Lots of Them on Maya
 - iii. Good User Interface
 - iv. Quick Prototypes of Complexity on Rigging Behaviors
 - v. Custom design and Scalability
 - vi. Good Documentation
 - Disadvantage
 - i. Steep Running Curve
 - ii. Depending on how to use, Difficult or Easier to debug
 - iii. Require Math knowledge and deeper understanding on maya

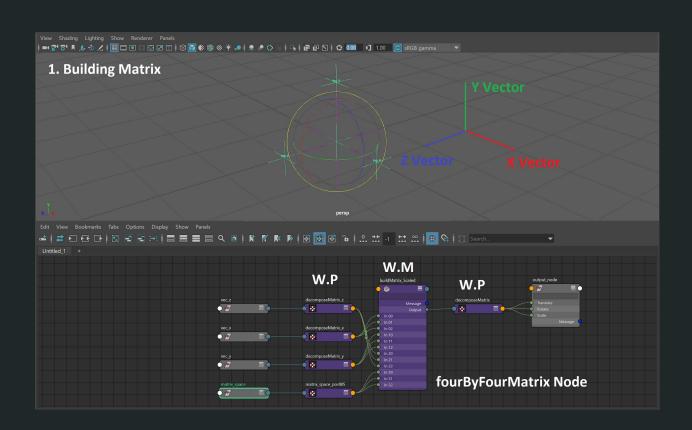
- How to learn
 - Learn from Examples
 - Focus on "Understanding" and Not on "Memorizing"
 - Hands on Examples
 - Building your own samples
 - Familiarity of Documentation

- Examples (Scenes)
 - o vector.ma
 - o matrix.ma
 - o interpolation.ma
 - space_conversion.ma
 - o projectionVector_customConstraint.ma
 - recalculate_rotation_by_JointAxisOrder.ma
 - o groundDection.ma
 - More complexed ones for studying
 - i. foot_rocker.ma
 - ii. matrixSumByWeight.ma
 - iii. fnt_quadleg.ma
 - iv. tailsystem_demo.ma

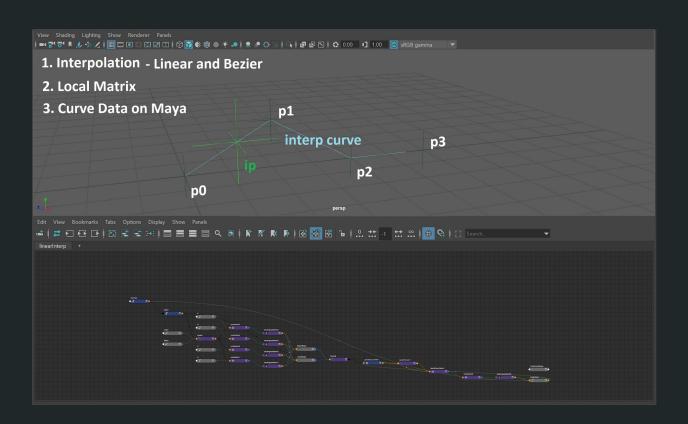
Vector



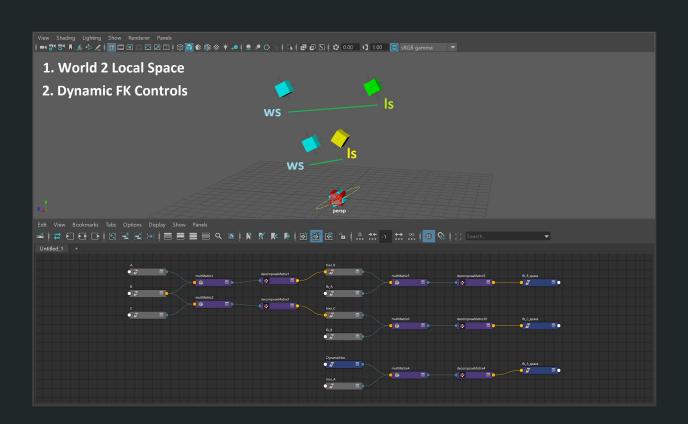
Matrix



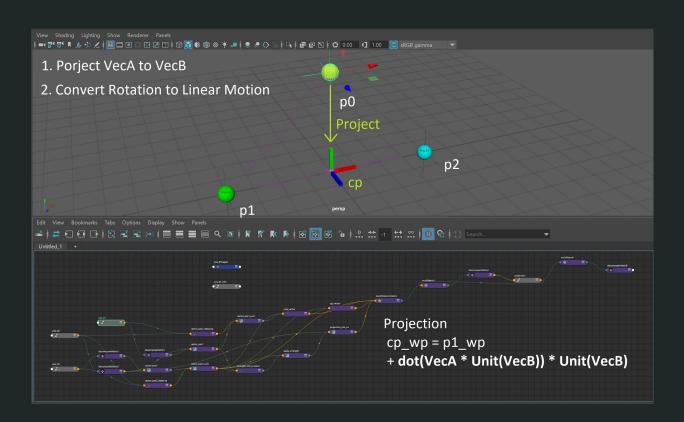
Interpolation



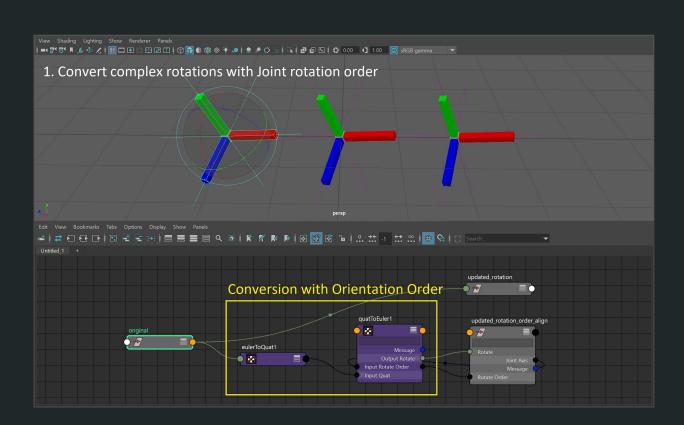
Space



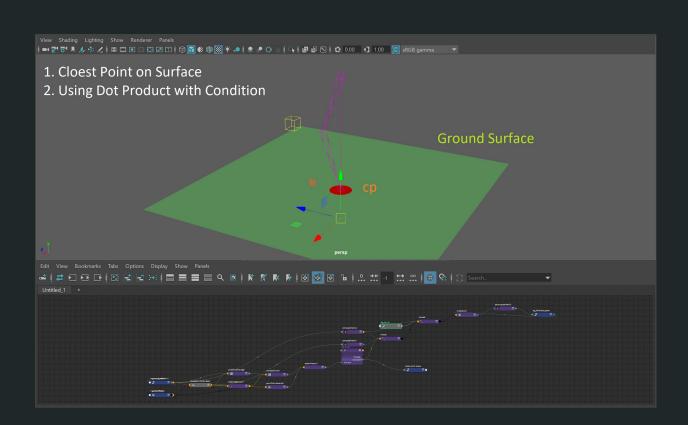
Project



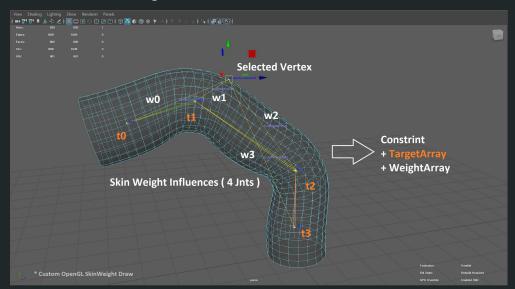
Axis Order



Ground Detect



- Examples (Scripts)
 - Create Surface Constraint without using geometry operation
 - i. Convert SkinWeights to Constraints



- Access Data
 - Shaded git repository "git clone git@github.com:artigee/Maya-Rigging-Example.git"
 - o Bonus
 - i. Script convertSkinWeight2ParentConstraint.py
 - ii. Plugins curveLength2ParamU.py (for tail system)

Questions

• Not Limited to the today's topics

Thank You

Contact

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