

LED Driver

BCR 402U E6327

Datasheet

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Power Management & Multimarket

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BCR 402U E6327



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LED Driver

1 LED Driver

1.1 Features

- LED drive current preset to 20 mA
- Output current adjustable up to 65 mA with an external resistor
- · Easy paralleling of drivers to increase current
- Supply voltage up to 40 V
- High current accuracy at supply voltage variation
- Low voltage overhead of 1.4 V
- Up to 750 mW power dissipation in a small SC74 package
- Negative thermal coefficient of -0.2 %/K reduces output current at higher temperatures
- RoHS compliant (Pb-free) package
- Automotive qualified according AEC Q101





1.2 Applications

- · Channel letters for advertising, LED strips for decorative lighting
- · Aircraft, train, ship illumination
- · Retrofits for general lighting, white goods like refrigerator lighting
- Medical lighting
- · Automotive applications like CHMSL and rear combination lights

1.3 General Description

The BCR 402U E6327 is a cost efficient LED driver to drive low power LEDs. The advantages towards resistor biasing are:

- homogenous light output despite varying forward voltages in different LED strings
- homogenous light output of LEDs despite voltage drop across long supply lines
- homogenous light output independent from supply voltage variations
- longer lifetime of the LEDs due to reduced output current at higher temperatures (negative thermal coefficient)

The advantages towards discrete solutions are:

- · lower assembly cost
- · smaller form factor
- · higher reliability due to less soldering joints
- · higher output current accuracy due to pretested LED drivers

Dimming is possible by using an external digital transistor at the ground pin.

The BCR 402U E6327 can be operated at higher supply voltages by putting LEDs between the supply voltage V_S and the power supply pin of the LED driver. You can find further details in our application notes.

The BCR 402U E6327 is a perfect fit for numerous low power LED applications by combining small form factor with low cost. These LED drivers offer several advantages to resistors like significantly higher current control at very low voltage drop ensuring high lifetime of LEDs.



SC74-3D



LED Driver

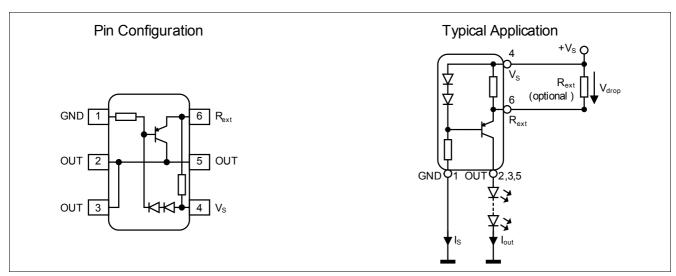


Figure 1-1 Pin configuration and typical application

Sales Name	Marking		Pin Conf	iguration		Package
BCR 402U E6327	L2s	1 = GND	2; 3; 5 = OUT	4 = V _S	6 = R _{ext}	SC74



Electrical Characteristics

2 Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-1 Maximum Ratings at T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Supply voltage	V_{S}	-	-	40	V	
Output current	I_{out}	-	-	65	mA	
Output voltage	V_{out}	-	-	40	V	
Reverse voltage between all terminals	V_{R}	-	-	0.5	V	
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	750	mW	<i>T</i> _S ≤ 112.5 °C
Junction temperature	T_{J}	-	-	150	°C	
Storage temperature range	T_{STG}	-65	-	150	°C	

Attention: Stresses above the max. values listed here may cause permanent damage to the device.

Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Maximum ratings are absolute ratings; exceeding only one of these values may cause irreversible damage to the integrated circuit.

Table 2-2 Thermal Resistance at T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit	Note / Test Condition	
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Junction - soldering point ¹⁾	R_{thJS}	-	-	50	K/W	

¹⁾ For calculation of $R_{\rm thJA}$ please refer to Application Note AN077 (Thermal Resistance Calculation)

Table 2-3 Electrical Characteristics at T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{BR(CEO)}$	40	-	-	V	$I_{\rm C}$ = 1 mA, $I_{\rm B}$ = 0
Supply current	$I_{\mathbb{S}}$	340	420	500	μΑ	V _S = 10 V
DC current gain	h_{FE}	100	220	470	-	$I_{\rm C}$ = 50 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 1 V
Internal resistor	R_{int}	38	44	52	Ω	I_{Rint} = 10 mA
Output current	I_{out}	18	20	22	mA	$V_{\rm S}$ = 10 V $V_{\rm out}$ = 8.6 V
						$V_{\rm out}$ = 8.6 V
Voltage drop (V_{Rext})	V_{drop}	8.0	0.85	0.9	V	I _{out} = 20 mA

Table 2-4 DC Characteristics with stabilized LED load at T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Lowest sufficient supply voltage overhead	V_{Smin}	-	1.4	-	V	I _{out} > 18 mA
Output current change versus T_{A}	$\Delta I_{\rm out}/I_{\rm out}$	-	-0.2	-	%/K	V _S = 10 V
Output current change versus $V_{\rm S}$	$\Delta I_{\rm out}/I_{\rm out}$	-	1	-	%/V	V _S = 10 V

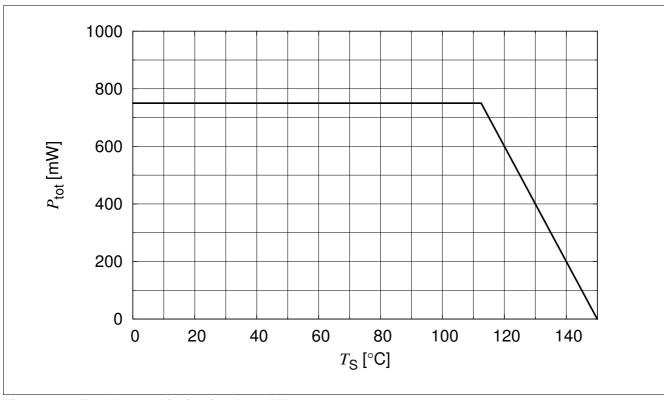


Figure 3-1 Total Power Dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_{\text{S}})$

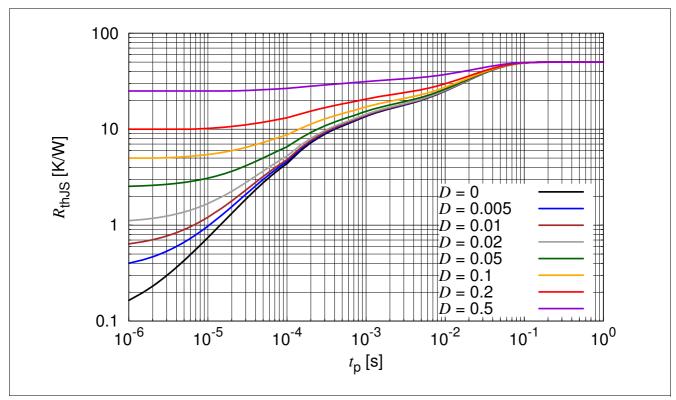


Figure 3-2 Permissible Pulse Load $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$



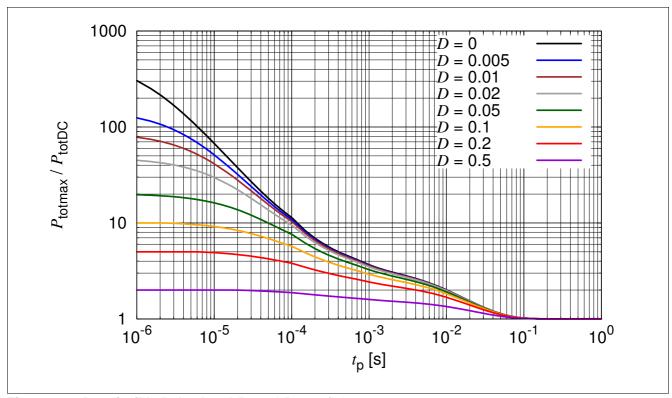


Figure 3-3 Permissible Pulse Load $P_{\text{totmax}} / P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_p)$



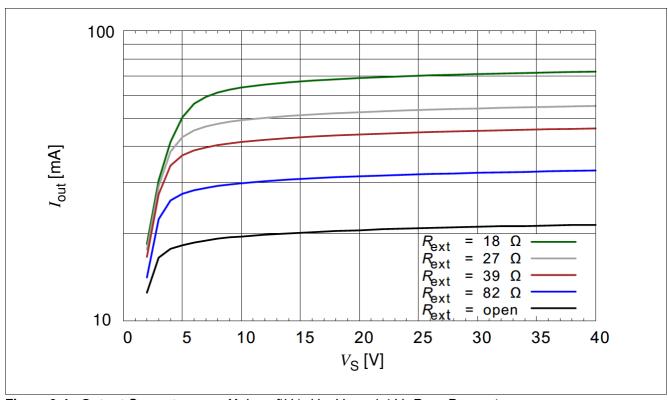


Figure 3-4 Output Current versus $V_S I_{out} = f(V_S)$, $V_S - V_{out} = 1.4 \text{ V}$, $R_{ext} = Parameter$

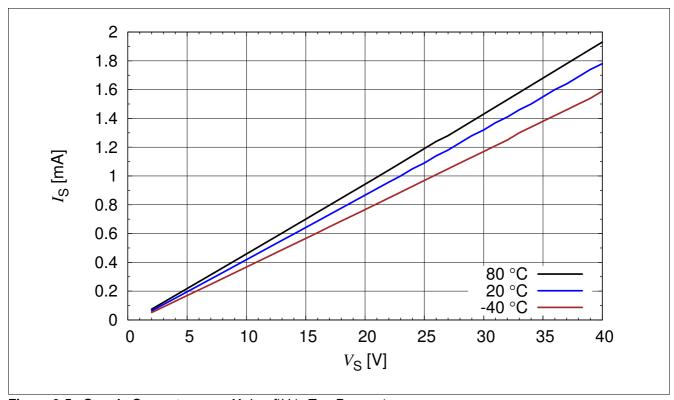


Figure 3-5 Supply Current versus $V_S I_S = f(V_S)$, $T_A = Parameter$



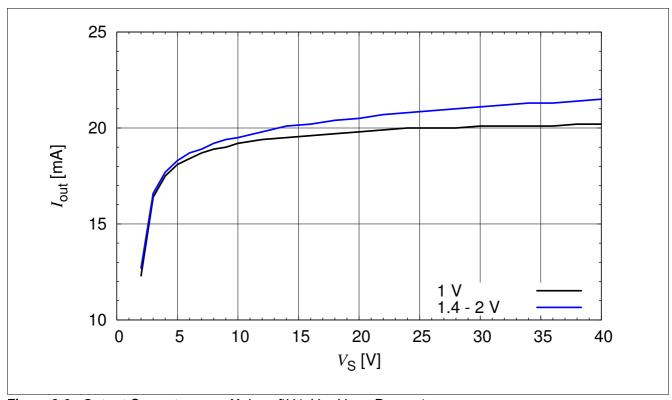


Figure 3-6 Output Current versus $V_S I_{out} = f(V_S)$, $V_S - V_{out} = Parameter$

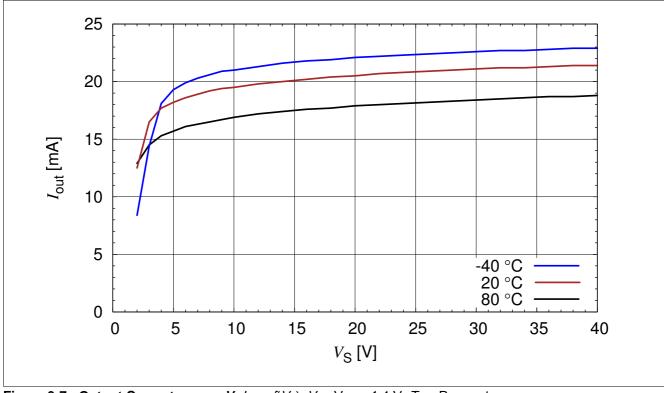


Figure 3-7 Output Current versus $V_S I_{out} = f(V_S)$, $V_S - V_{out} = 1.4 \text{ V}$, $T_A = \text{Parameter}$



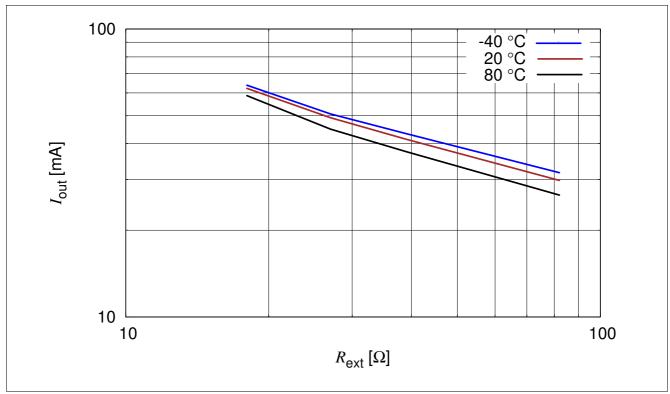


Figure 3-8 Output Current versus $R_{\text{ext}} I_{\text{out}} = f(R_{\text{ext}})$, $V_{\text{S}} = 10 \text{ V}$, $V_{\text{S}} - V_{\text{out}} = 1.4 \text{ V}$, $T_{\text{A}} = \text{Parameter}$

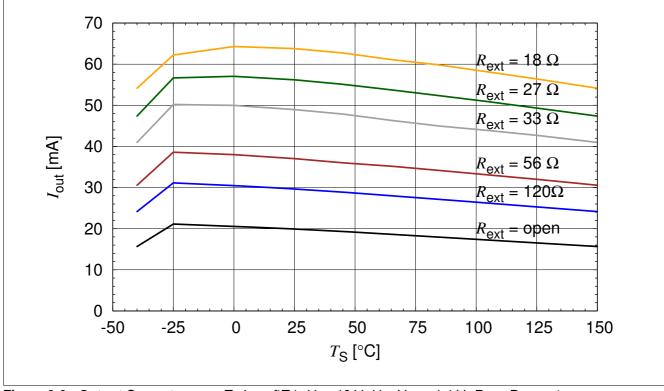


Figure 3-9 Output Current versus $T_S I_{out} = f(T_S)$, $V_S = 10 \text{ V}$, $V_S - V_{out} = 1.4 \text{ V}$, $R_{ext} = Parameter$



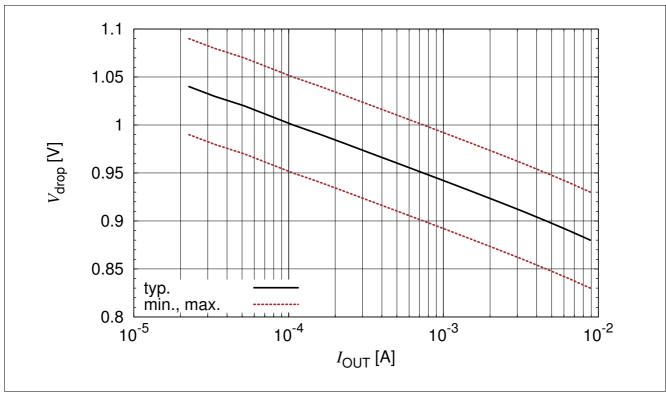


Figure 3-10 Reference Voltage V_{drop} vs I_{out} V_{drop} = $f(I_{out})$, I_{out} = 10 μ A to 10 mA

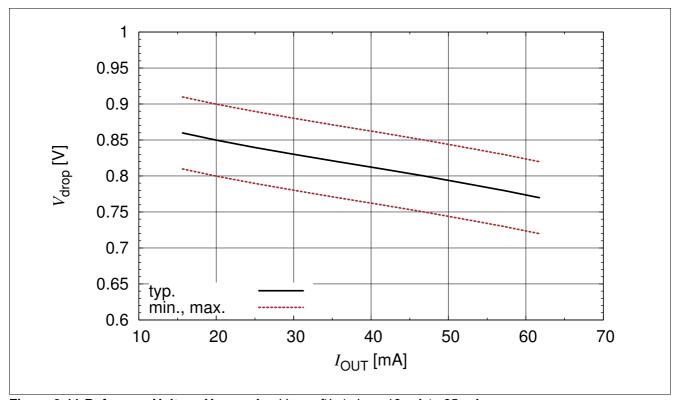


Figure 3-11 Reference Voltage V_{drop} vs I_{out} $V_{drop} = f(I_{out})$, $I_{out} = 10$ mA to 65 mA



Application hints

4 Application hints

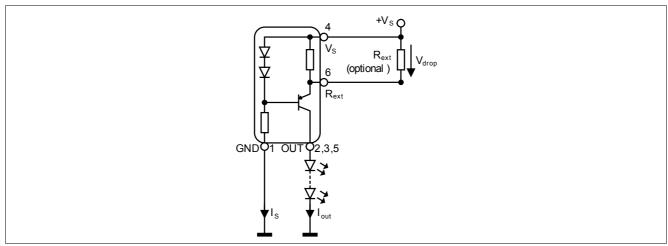


Figure 4-1 Application Circuit: Stand alone current source

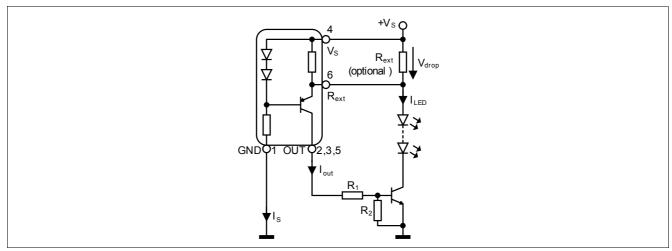


Figure 4-2 Application Circuit: Boost mode current source with external power transistor

Application hints

BCR 402U E6327 serves as an easy to use constant current source for LEDs. In stand alone application an external resistor $R_{\rm ext}$ can be connected to adjust the current between 20 mA and 65 mA. $R_{\rm ext}$ can be determined by using **Figure 3-8**. Connecting a low tolerance resistor $R_{\rm ext}$ will improve the overall accuracy of the current sense resistance formed by the parallel connection of $R_{\rm int}$ and $R_{\rm ext}$ leading to an improved current accuracy. Please take into account that the resulting output currents will be slightly lower due to the self heating of the component and the negative thermal coefficient.

In boost mode configuration the LED current can be extended to drive high power LEDs. Please visit our web site **www.infineon.com/lowcostleddriver** for detailed application notes.



Package

5 Package

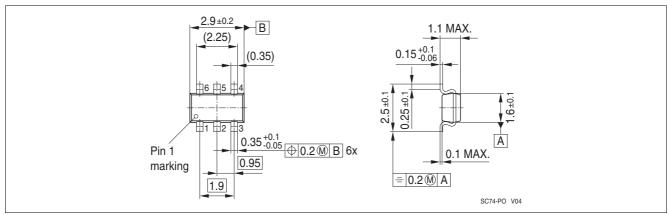


Figure 5-1 Package Outline for SC74 (dimensions in mm)

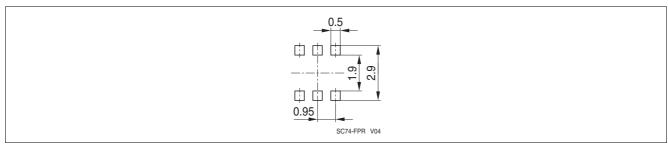


Figure 5-2 Package Footprint for SC74 (dimensions in mm)

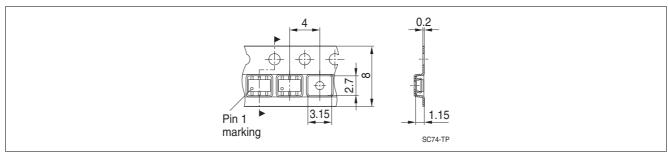


Figure 5-3 Tape and Reel Information for SC74 (dimensions in mm)



Terminology

Terminology

 $\Delta I_{\text{out}}/I_{\text{out}}$ Output current change

 h_{FE} DC current gain I_{EN} Enable current I_{LED} LED current I_{out} Output current Reverse current I_{R} LED Light Emitting Diode PCB **Printed Circuit Board** P_{tot} Total power dissipation **PWM** Pulse Width Modulation

 $R_{\rm B}$ Bias resistor $R_{\rm ext}$ External resistor $R_{\rm int}$ Internal resistor

RoHs Restriction of Hazardous Substance directive R_{thJS} Thermal resistance junction to soldering point

 T_{A} Ambient temperature T_{J} Junction temperature

 $T_{\rm S}$ Soldering point temperature

 $T_{\rm stg}$ Storage temperature

 $V_{\mathrm{BR(CEO)}}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage

 V_{BR} Breakdown voltage

 $egin{array}{lll} V_{
m drop} & &
m Voltage \ drop \ V_{
m EN} & &
m Enable \ voltage \ V_{
m out} & &
m Output \ voltage \ V_{
m R} & &
m Reverse \ voltage \ V_{
m S} & &
m Supply \ voltage \ \end{array}$

 $V_{\rm Smin}$ Lowest sufficient supply voltage overhead

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