WESAD Exploration

March 6, 2025

```
[186]: import pandas as pd
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import numpy as np
  import flirt
  import neurokit2 as nk

%matplotlib widget
```

Load wesad data specimen.

```
[187]: wesad_data = '/home/art/Downloads/WESAD/S7/S7.pkl'
    dataset = pd.read_pickle(wesad_data)
    BVP = dataset['signal']['wrist']['BVP'][:,0]
    EDA = dataset['signal']['wrist']['EDA'][:,0]
    TEMP = dataset['signal']['wrist']['TEMP'][:,0]
    RESP = dataset['signal']['chest']['Resp'][:,0]
    ECG = dataset['signal']['chest']['ECG'][:,0]
    label = dataset['label']
```

Upsample wrist data.

```
'label' : label_resampled,
}
)
data_df.head()
```

```
[188]: BVP EDA TEMP ECG RESP label
0 9.570000 5.973745 33.272443 -0.019226 1.832581 0
1 13.690549 6.038064 33.622649 -0.012980 1.837982 0
2 13.802470 6.099970 33.959122 -0.031913 1.795855 0
3 11.086804 6.159436 34.281717 -0.110225 1.797355 0
4 7.410000 6.216439 34.590313 -0.095998 1.817480 0
```

Get Features out of WESAD Data.

The raw signal, sampled at 256 Hz, was cleaned using the default method of the neurokit2 package.

The signal was decomposed into phasic and tonic components using the method described in neurokit.

The cleaned signal was used to detect peaks using the default method of the `neurokit2` package.

References

```
- https://doi.org/10.21105/joss.01667
The raw signal, sampled at 256 Hz, was preprocessed using a bandpass filter ([0.5 - 8 Hz], Butterworth 3rd order; following Elgendi et al., 2013).
```

The peak detection was carried out using the method described in Elgendi et al. (2013).

The quality assessment was carried out using template-matching, approximately as described in Orphanidou et al. (2015).

```
PPG_Rate_Mean PPG_Rate_SD 0 66.285141 24.456355
```

References

- Elgendi M, Norton I, Brearley M, Abbott D, Schuurmans D (2013)

Systolic Peak Detection in Acceleration Photoplethysmograms

Measured from Emergency Responders in Tropical Conditions

PLoS ONE 8(10): e76585. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0076585.

- Makowski, D., Pham, T., Lau, Z. J., Brammer, J. C., Lespinasse, F., Pham, H., Schölzel, C., & Chen, S. A. (2021). NeuroKit2: A Python toolbox for neurophysiological signal processing.

Behavior Research Methods, 53(4), 1689-1696. https://doi.org/10.3758/s13428-020-01516-y

- Orphanidou C, Bonnici T, Charlton P, Clifton D, Vallance D, Tarassenko L (2015)

 ${\tt Signal-quality\ indices\ for\ the\ electrocardiogram\ and\ photoplethys mogram:\ Derivation}$

and applications to wireless monitoring

IEEE Journal of Biomedical and Health Informatics 19(3): 832-838. doi:10.1109/JBHI.2014.2338351.

The raw signal, sampled at 256 Hz, was preprocessed using a second order 0.05-3 Hz bandpass Butterworth filter.

The peak detection was carried out using the method described in Khoadadad et al. (2018).

The respiratory volume per time computation was carried out using the method described in Harrison et al. (2021).

RSP_Rate_Mean RSP_Rate_SD 0 15.502424 6.14461

References

- Harrison, S. J., Bianchi, S., Heinzle, J., Stephan, K. E., Iglesias, S., & Kasper, L. (2021).

A Hilbert-based method for processing respiratory timeseries. Neuroimage, 230, 117787.

- Khodadad, D., Nordebo, S., Müller, B., Waldmann, A., Yerworth, R., Becher, T., ... & Bayford, R. (2018).

 ${\tt Optimized} \ \ {\tt breath} \ \ {\tt detection} \ \ {\tt algorithm} \ \ {\tt in} \ \ {\tt electrical} \ \ {\tt impedance} \\ {\tt tomography}.$

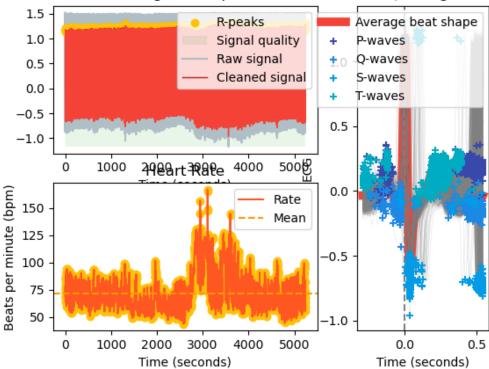
Physiological measurement, 39(9), 094001.

- Makowski, D., Pham, T., Lau, Z. J., Brammer, J. C., Lespinasse, F., Pham, H., Schölzel, C., & Chen, S. A. (2021). NeuroKit2: A Python toolbox for neurophysiological signal processing.

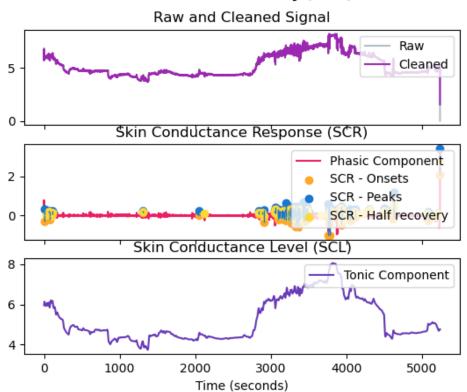
Behavior Research Methods, 53(4), 1689-1696.

Electrocardiogram (ECG)

ECG signal and phedividual Heart Beats (average heart rate:

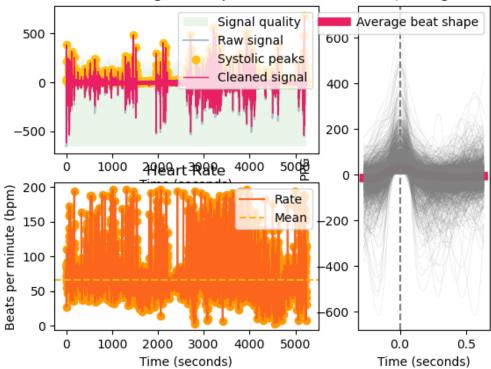


Electrodermal Activity (EDA)

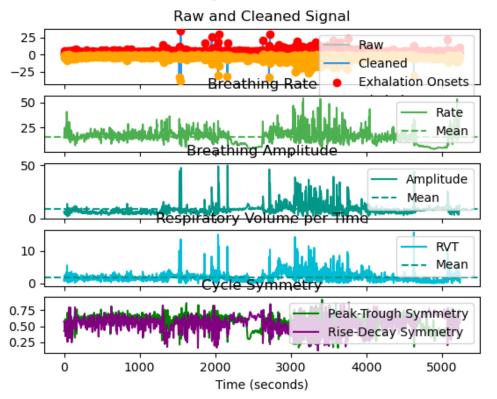


Photoplethysmogram (PPG)

PPG signal and phedicadual Heart Beats (average heart rate:



Respiration (RSP)



HRV features: 100% | 6403/6403 [00:05<00:00, 1116.35it/s]

EDA features: 0%| | 0/6494 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

/tmp/ipykernel_335021/1998099736.py:1: UserWarning: phasic_entropy contains more than 5% (actual: 63.3%) nan, inf, or -inf values. We recommend to delete this feature column.

quick_feat =

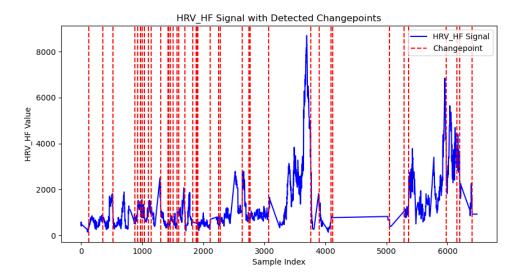
flirt.with .empatica('/home/art/Downloads/WESAD/S7/S7_E4_Data.zip',

ACC features: 0%| | 0/6495 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

/home/art/miniconda3/envs/biosig/lib/python3.12/site-packages/flirt/stats/common.py:35: RuntimeWarning: Precision loss occurred in moment calculation due to catastrophic cancellation. This occurs when the data are nearly identical. Results may be unreliable.

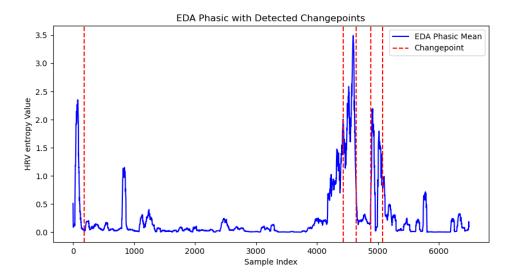
```
results[key] = value(data)
/home/art/miniconda3/envs/biosig/lib/python3.12/site-
packages/flirt/stats/common.py:35: RuntimeWarning: Precision loss occurred in
moment calculation due to catastrophic cancellation. This occurs when the data
are nearly identical. Results may be unreliable.
  results[key] = value(data)
```

MovingWindow(bandwidth=20, change_score=CUSUM(), threshold_scale=1.0)



```
[194]: detector = MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=180, threshold_scale=1.
        →0)
       display(detector)
       eda_phasic_mean = quick_feat['eda_phasic_mean'].dropna().reset_index(drop=True)
       eda_phasic_detect = detector.fit_predict(eda_phasic_mean)
       eda_phasic_changepoints = eda_phasic_detect.get("ilocs", [])
       fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5))
       ax.plot(eda_phasic_mean.index, eda_phasic_mean.values, label="EDA Phasic Mean", __
        ⇔color="blue")
       for i, eda_phasic_changepoints in enumerate(eda_phasic_changepoints):
           ax.axvline(x=eda_phasic_changepoints, linestyle="dashed", color="red", __
        ⇔label="Changepoint" if i == 0 else "")
       ax.set_title("EDA Phasic with Detected Changepoints")
       ax.set_xlabel("Sample Index")
       ax.set_ylabel("HRV entropy Value")
       ax.legend()
       plt.show()
```

MovingWindow(bandwidth=180, change_score=CUSUM(), threshold_scale=1.0)



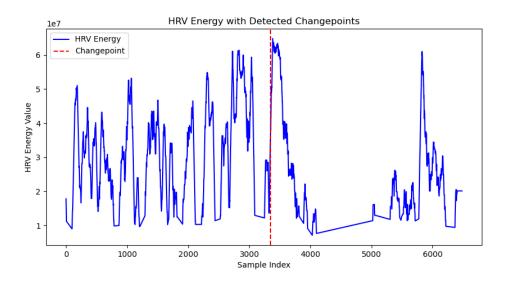
```
[195]: detector = MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=180, threshold_scale=1)
    display(detector)
    hrv_energy = quick_feat['hrv_energy'].dropna().reset_index(drop=True)
    hrv_energy_detect = detector.fit_predict(hrv_energy)
    hrv_energy_changepoints = hrv_energy_detect.get("ilocs", [])

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5))
    ax.plot(hrv_energy_index, hrv_energy_values, label="HRV Energy", color="blue")

for i, hrv_energy_changepoints in enumerate(hrv_energy_changepoints):
        ax.axvline(x=hrv_energy_changepoints, linestyle="dashed", color="red", used as a set_title("HRV Energy with Detected Changepoints")

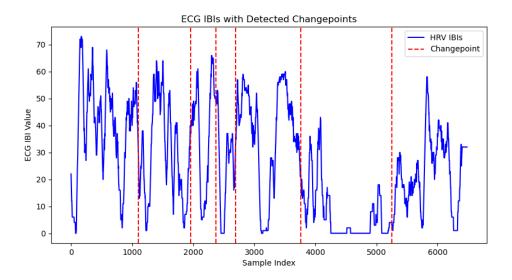
ax.set_title("HRV Energy with Detected Changepoints")
ax.set_ylabel("Sample Index")
ax.set_ylabel("HRV Energy Value")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
```

MovingWindow(bandwidth=180, change_score=CUSUM(), threshold_scale=1)



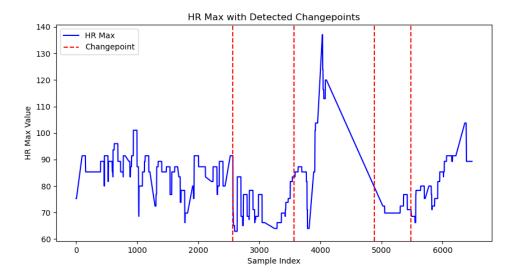
```
[196]: detector = MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1000, threshold_scale=1.
        →0)
       display(detector)
       ECG_IBIs = quick_feat['num_ibis'].dropna().reset_index(drop=True)
       ecg_ibi_detect = detector.fit_predict(ECG_IBIs)
       ecg_ibi_changepoints = ecg_ibi_detect.get("ilocs", [])
       fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5))
       ax.plot(ECG_IBIs.index, ECG_IBIs.values, label="HRV IBIs", color="blue")
       for i, ecg_ibi_changepoints in enumerate(ecg_ibi_changepoints):
           ax.axvline(x=ecg_ibi_changepoints, linestyle="dashed", color="red",_
        ⇔label="Changepoint" if i == 0 else "")
       ax.set_title("ECG IBIs with Detected Changepoints")
       ax.set_xlabel("Sample Index")
       ax.set_ylabel("ECG IBI Value")
       ax.legend()
       plt.show()
```

MovingWindow(bandwidth=1000, change_score=CUSUM(), threshold_scale=1.0)



```
[197]: detector = MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1000, threshold_scale=1.
        →0)
       display(detector)
       hr_max = quick_feat['hrv_max_hr'].dropna().reset_index(drop=True)
       hr_max_detect = detector.fit_predict(hr_max)
       hr_max_changepoints = hr_max_detect.get("ilocs", [])
       fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5))
       ax.plot(hr_max.index, hr_max.values, label="HR Max", color="blue")
       for i, hr_max_changepoints in enumerate(hr_max_changepoints):
           ax.axvline(x=hr_max_changepoints, linestyle="dashed", color="red", __
        ⇔label="Changepoint" if i == 0 else "")
       ax.set_title("HR Max with Detected Changepoints")
       ax.set_xlabel("Sample Index")
       ax.set_ylabel("HR Max Value")
       ax.legend()
       plt.show()
```

MovingWindow(bandwidth=1000, change_score=CUSUM(), threshold_scale=1.0)



```
[]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=7, ncols=1, figsize=(12, 22), sharex=True)
     fig.suptitle("Subject 7")
     signals = [
         ("hrv_max_hr", "HR Max"),
         ("num_ibis", "ECG IBIs"),
         ("hrv energy", "HRV Energy"),
         ("eda_phasic_mean", "EDA Phasic Mean"),
         ("hrv_hf", "HRV_HF Signal"),
         ("hrv_rmssd", "HRV RMMSD"),
         ("hrv_lf_hf_ratio", "HRV LF/HF Ratio")
     ]
     # Hyperparamaters....
     detectors = [
         MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1000, threshold_scale=1.0),
         MovingWindow(change score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1000, threshold_scale=1.0),
         MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1000, threshold_scale=1.0)
     ]
     for ax, (signal_name, title), detector in zip(axes, signals, detectors):
         signal_data = quick_feat[signal_name].dropna().reset_index(drop=True)
         detection_results = detector.fit_predict(signal_data)
         changepoints = detection_results.get("ilocs", [])
         ax.plot(signal_data.index, signal_data.values, label=title, color="blue")
```

```
for i, changepoint in enumerate(changepoints):
    ax.axvline(x=changepoint, linestyle="dashed", color="red",
    label="Changepoint" if i == 0 else "")

ax.set_title(f"{title} with Detected Changepoints")
ax.set_ylabel(f"{title} Value")
ax.legend()

axes[-1].set_xlabel("Sample Index")

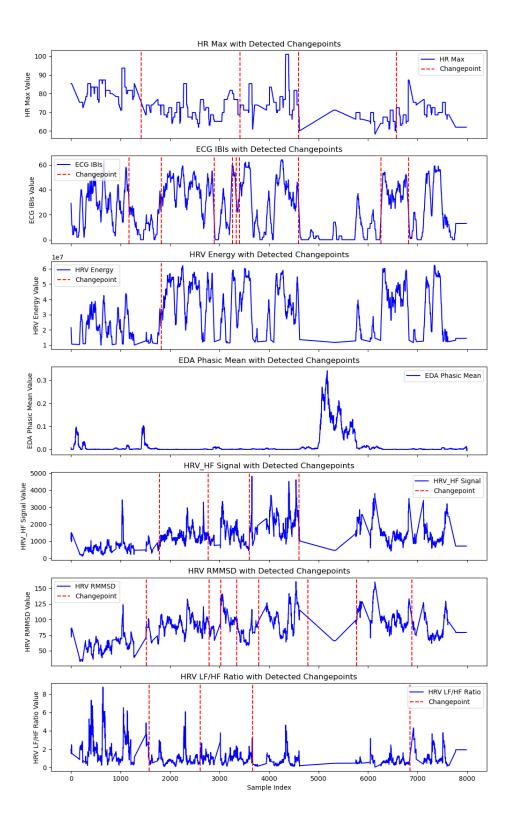
plt.show()
```

Subject 4

results[key] = value(data)

```
Reading files
Calculating HRV features
HRV features: 100%
                       | 7771/7771 [00:00<00:00, 12245.69it/s]
Calculating EDA features
EDA features:
                0%1
                            | 0/8000 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
Calculating ACC features
/tmp/ipykernel_335021/419229283.py:1: UserWarning: phasic_entropy contains more
than 5% (actual: 73.44%) nan, inf, or -inf values. We recommend to delete this
feature column.
  quick feat4 =
flirt.with_.empatica('/home/art/Downloads/WESAD/S4/S4_E4_Data.zip',
                             | 0/8000 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
ACC features:
               0%1
/home/art/miniconda3/envs/biosig/lib/python3.12/site-
packages/flirt/stats/common.py:35: RuntimeWarning: Precision loss occurred in
moment calculation due to catastrophic cancellation. This occurs when the data
are nearly identical. Results may be unreliable.
```

```
[200]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=7, ncols=1, figsize=(12, 20), sharex=True)
       fig.suptitle('Subject 4')
       signals = [
           ("hrv_max_hr", "HR Max"),
           ("num_ibis", "ECG IBIs"),
           ("hrv_energy", "HRV Energy"),
           ("eda_phasic_mean", "EDA Phasic Mean"),
           ("hrv_hf", "HRV_HF Signal"),
           ("hrv_rmssd", "HRV RMMSD"),
           ("hrv_lf_hf_ratio", "HRV LF/HF Ratio")
       # Hyperparamaters....
       detectors = [
           MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1000, threshold_scale=.5),
           MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1000, threshold_scale=.5)
       ]
       for ax, (signal_name, title), detector in zip(axes, signals, detectors):
           signal data = quick feat4[signal name].dropna().reset index(drop=True)
           detection_results = detector.fit_predict(signal_data)
           changepoints = detection_results.get("ilocs", [])
           ax.plot(signal_data.index, signal_data.values, label=title, color="blue")
           for i, changepoint in enumerate(changepoints):
               ax.axvline(x=changepoint, linestyle="dashed", color="red", ___
        →label="Changepoint" if i == 0 else "")
           ax.set_title(f"{title} with Detected Changepoints")
           ax.set_ylabel(f"{title} Value")
           ax.legend()
       axes[-1].set_xlabel("Sample Index")
       plt.show()
```



Subject 6

```
[201]: |quick_feat6 = flirt.with_.empatica('/home/art/Downloads/WESAD/S6/S6_E4_Data.
        ⇔zip',
                                         window_length= 60,
                                         window_step_size = 1,
                                         hrv_features = True,
                                         eda_features = True,
                                         acc_features = True,
                                         debug = True
      Reading files
      Calculating HRV features
      HRV features: 100%
                               | 8085/8085 [00:00<00:00, 40700.97it/s]
      Calculating EDA features
                                   | 0/8324 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
      EDA features:
                      0%1
      Calculating ACC features
      /tmp/ipykernel_335021/1399992444.py:1: UserWarning: phasic_entropy contains more
      than 5% (actual: 63.27%) nan, inf, or -inf values. We recommend to delete this
      feature column.
        quick_feat6 =
      flirt.with_.empatica('/home/art/Downloads/WESAD/S6/S6_E4_Data.zip',
                      0%1
                                   | 0/8324 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
      ACC features:
[202]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=7, ncols=1, figsize=(12, 20), sharex=True)
       fig.suptitle('Subject 6')
       signals = [
           ("hrv_max_hr", "HR Max"),
           ("num ibis", "ECG IBIs"),
           ("hrv_energy", "HRV Energy"),
           ("eda_phasic_mean", "EDA Phasic Mean"),
           ("hrv_hf", "HRV_HF Signal"),
           ("hrv_rmssd", "HRV RMMSD"),
           ("hrv_lf_hf_ratio", "HRV LF/HF Ratio")
       # Hyperparamaters....
       detectors = [
           MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1800, threshold_scale=.5),
           MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1800, threshold_scale=.5),
           MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1800, threshold_scale=.5),
           MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1800, threshold_scale=.5),
```

```
MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1800, threshold_scale=.5),
   MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1800, threshold_scale=.5),
   MovingWindow(change_score=CUSUM(), bandwidth=1800, threshold_scale=.5)
]
for ax, (signal_name, title), detector in zip(axes, signals, detectors):
   signal_data = quick_feat6[signal_name].dropna().reset_index(drop=True)
   detection_results = detector.fit_predict(signal_data)
    changepoints = detection_results.get("ilocs", [])
   ax.plot(signal_data.index, signal_data.values, label=title, color="blue")
   for i, changepoint in enumerate(changepoints):
        ax.axvline(x=changepoint, linestyle="dashed", color="red", __
 ⇔label="Changepoint" if i == 0 else "")
   ax.set_title(f"{title} with Detected Changepoints")
   ax.set_ylabel(f"{title} Value")
   ax.legend()
axes[-1].set_xlabel("Sample Index")
plt.show()
```

