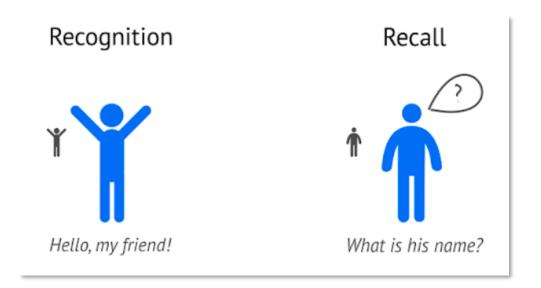
Recognition and Recall in UX Design



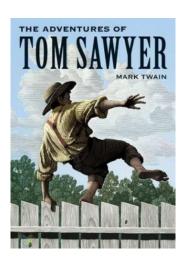
Introduction

- Recognition: Our ability to "recognize" an event or piece of information as being familiar
 - Example: recognizing a familiar person in street.
- Recall: The retrieval of related details from memory.
 - Example: Coming up with the name of the familiar person in street (More difficult!)



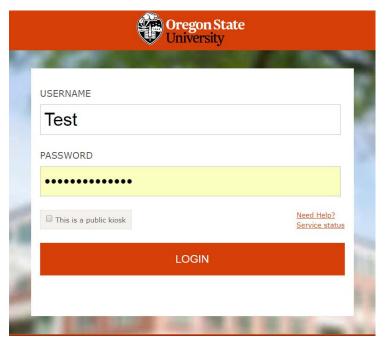
Recognition vs. Recall

- The big difference is in the amount of **cues** that can help the memory retrieval:
 - Recall involves fewer cues than recognition therefore harder than recognition
 - Example:
 - "Did Mark Twin wrote The Adventures of Tom Sawyer?"
 → involves recognition, Why?
 - "Who wrote The Adventures of Tom Sawyer?" → involves recall



Example of Recall in User Interfaces

- The classic example: Login to a site or app.
 - You have to remember both a username (or email) and a password.
 - You receive very few cues to help you with that memory retrieval
 - Some people make it easier for themselves by:
 - Using the same credentials everywhere! (BAD)
 - Creating a password that is related to a specific site, for example: "myOnidpassword" for your OSU access
- Another example: Command-line interfaces are based on recall



```
howtogeek@ubuntu:~
howtogeek@ubuntu:~$ ls
Desktop examples.desktop pidgin timer.sh
Documents Music Public Ubuntu One
Downloads Pictures Templates Videos
howtogeek@ubuntu:~$
```

Example of Recognition in User Interfaces

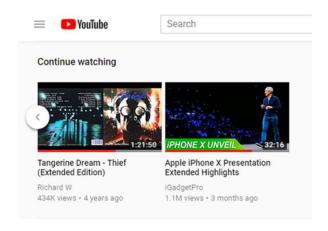
- The classic example: Menu system
 - System shows you the available commands, and you recognize the one you want
 - To use Bold in word application, just recognize the **B**

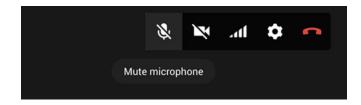




Promote Recognition in Your Design!

- Make the content and the interface of your design easy to remember, visible and accessible!
- Visual aids, such as tooltips and context-sensitive details, also help support users in recognizing information.
- Examples:
 - YouTube uses recognition instead of recall by showing users lists of items they recently watched.





Conclusion

- How easily information can be retrieved from memory depends on:
 - How often some one encountered that information
 - How recently used that information,
 - How much it is related to the current context.
- Richer contexts (like those present when we use recognition rather than recall) make memory retrieval easier.
- Interfaces that promote recognition give users extra help in remembering information
- Don't forget to Promote recognition in You Designs

Resources

For more information take a look at these resource as well:

- 1. Web Design and Usability Analysis
- 2. The 15 Rules Every UX Designer Should Know
- 3. The 4 Golden Rules of UI Design
- 4. Memory Recognition and Recall in User Interfaces