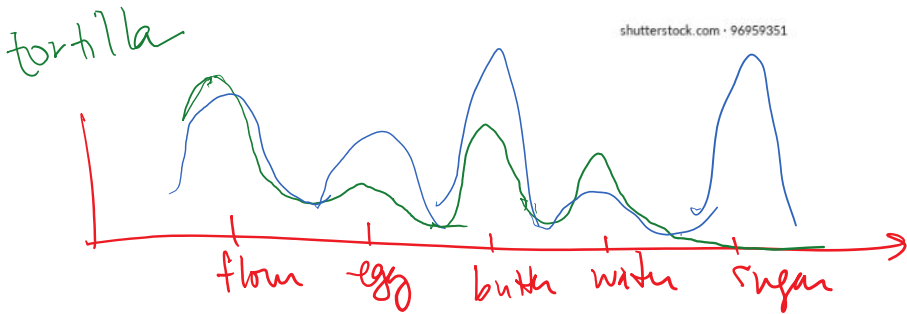


Basis function

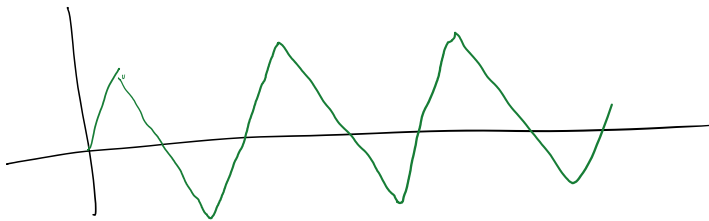
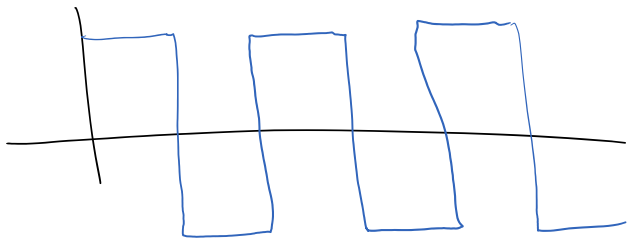
Wednesday, February 23, 2022 10:00 AM



Basis functions

Monday, February 8, 2021 10:56 AM

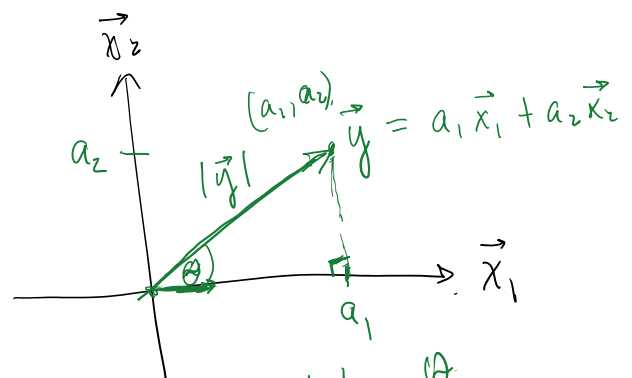
Components of a signal, that when weighted properly comprise the complete signal



$$x(t) = \int a_n f_n(t) dt$$

basis function
"probing function"

$$a_n = x(t) \cdot f_n(t)$$



$$a_1 = |y| \cos \theta$$

$$a_1 = \vec{y} \cdot \vec{x}_1$$

$$= |\vec{y}| |\vec{x}| \cos \theta$$

b/c
(unit
vector).

Fourier series demo

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$$x[t] = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_m a_m \cos(2\pi m f_1 t) + \sum_m b_m \sin(2\pi m f_1 t)$$

fundamental frequency
mth harmonic

$$a_m = \sum_{n=1}^N x[n] \cos(2\pi m f_1 n T_s)$$

$$b_m = \sum_{n=1}^N x[n] \sin(2\pi m f_1 n T_s)$$

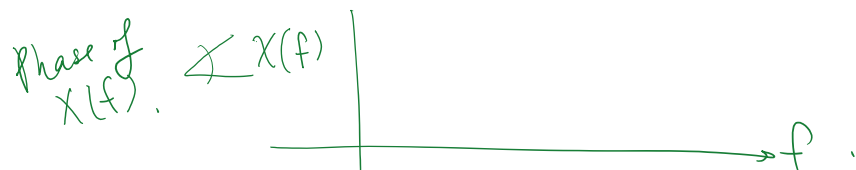
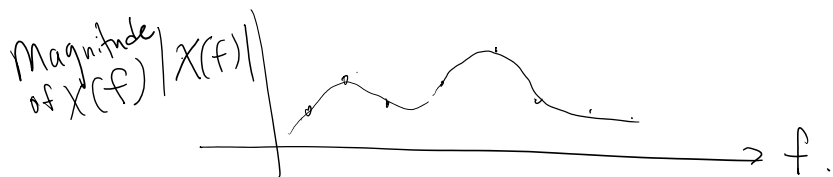
$$x[t] = \left| \sum_m c_m e^{j2\pi m f_1 n T_s} \right|$$

Fourier transform

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$$X[m] = \sum_{n=1}^N x[n] e^{-j2\pi m n / N} \quad m = -\frac{N}{2}, \dots, -1, 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{2}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^N x[n] \cos(2\pi m n / N) + j \sum_{n=1}^N x[n] \sin(2\pi m n / N)$$



$X(f)$ = frequency spectrum of $x[n]$.

foig a

$X(f)$ spectrum of $x(t)$.

Euler's formula

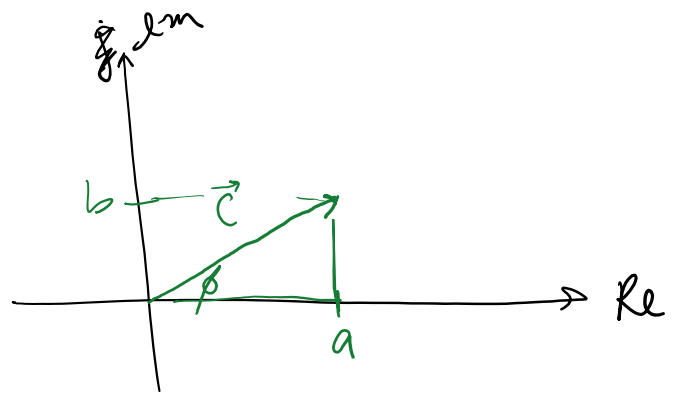
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$$e^{j\theta} = \cos\theta + j\sin\theta.$$

Complex number review

Wednesday, February 10, 2021

3:19 PM



$$\vec{C} = a + j \cdot b.$$

$$|\vec{C}| = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$\angle \vec{C} = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$$

$$(\tan \phi = \frac{b}{a})$$

Continuous Time Fourier Transform

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$$X(\omega) = \int x(t) \cdot e^{j\omega t} dt.$$

Fourier Transform of $x(t)$

$$X(s) = \int x(t) \cdot e^{st} dt.$$

Laplace Transform of $x(t)$

$$s = \sigma + j\omega$$



DTFT = discrete time Fourier transform

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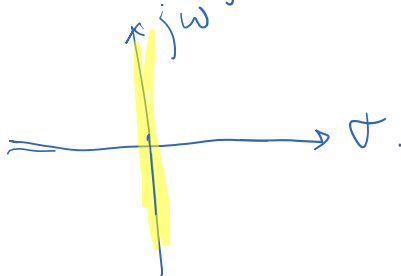
3:23 PM

~~Continuous Time Domain~~

$$X(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) \cdot e^{j\omega t} dt.$$

$$X(s) = \int x(t) \cdot e^{-st} dt.$$

$$s = \sigma + j\omega$$



→ Discrete Time Domain.

$$\tilde{X}(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$

D.T.F.T.

$$\tilde{X}(z) = \sum x[n] z^{-n}$$

"z transform"

$$z = R \cdot e^{j\omega}$$

