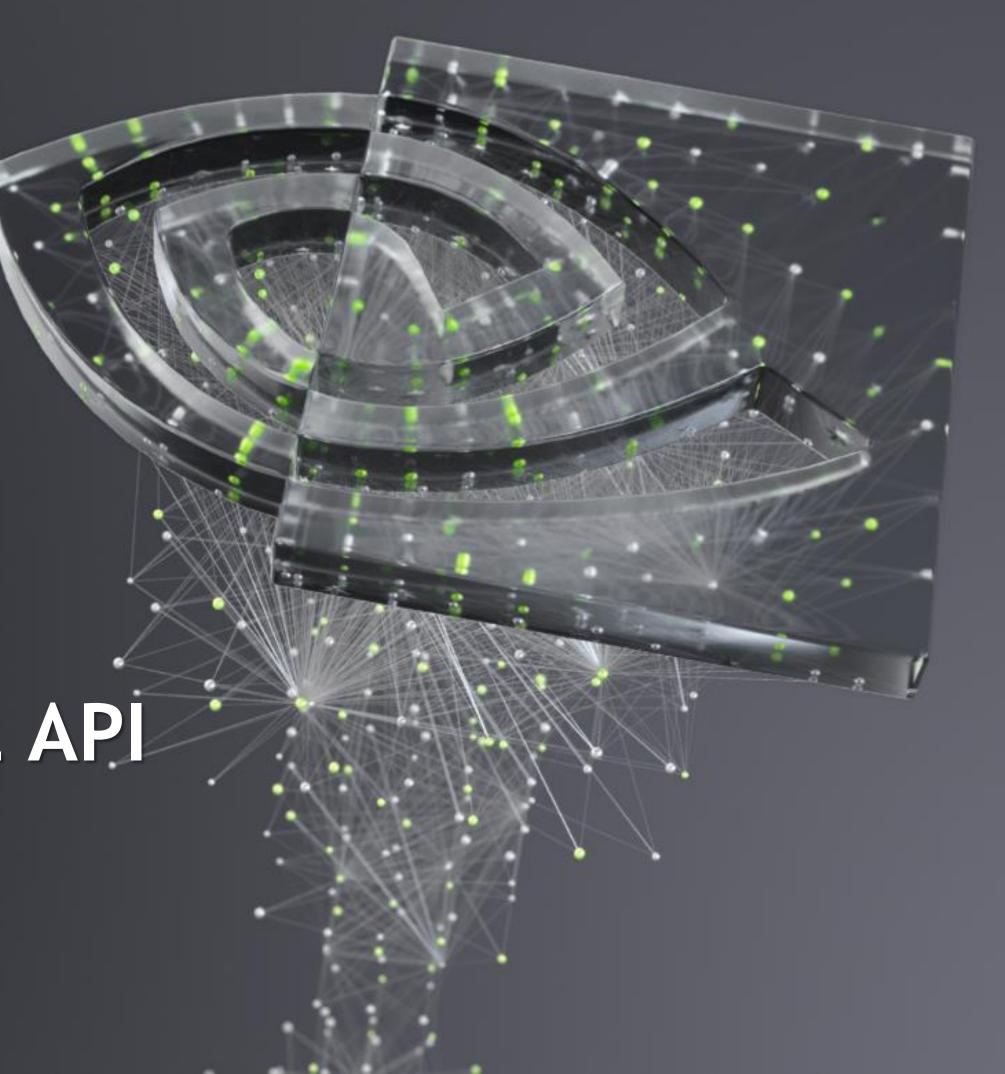


UCD - UCP INTERNAL API PROPOSAL

Artem Y. Polyakov, 12/14/2020



DATA TYPE CREATION

```
/ * *
* @brief Create a structured datatype.
 * This routine create a structured datatype object. The structured datatype is described by a set of
field
 * descriptors provided through @a desc ptr @ref ucp struct dt desc t and @a desc count.
 * @a rep-count parameter indicates whether or not an array of structures is created The application is
 * responsible for releasing the @a datatype p object using
 * @ref ucp dt destroy "ucp dt_destroy()" routine.
 * @param [in] desc ptr
                             And array of descriptions specifying structure
                             elements, in particular:
                              - a displacement from the "buffer pointer" provided to communication
operations
                              - the desired extent (aka stride)
                              - previously created UCP datatype describing this field content
                             @ref ucp struct dt desc t.
 * @param [in] desc count
                             Numebr of field descriptors
 * @param [in] rep count
                             How many time structure has to be repeated
 * @param [out] datatype p
                            A pointer to datatype object.
 * @return Error code as defined by @ref ucs status t
 * /
ucs status t ucp dt create struct(ucp struct dt desc t *desc ptr,
                                  size t desc count, size t rep count,
                                  ucp datatype t *datatype p);
```

STRUCTURE DESCRIPTOR

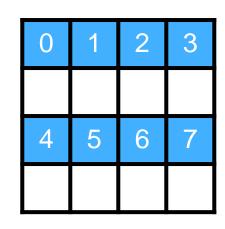
```
/**
 * @ingroup UCP_DATATYPE
 * @brief UCP struct data type descriptor
 *
 * This structure provides a structured datatype descriptor that
 * is used for definition of application defined datatypes.
 */

typedef struct ucp_struct_dt_desc {
   ptrdiff_t displ;
   size_t extent;
   ucp_datatype_t dt;
} ucp_struct_dt_desc_t;
```



USAGE EXAMPLE #1

```
payload = 4;
stride = 8;
count = 2;
```

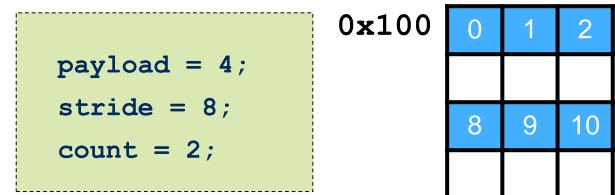


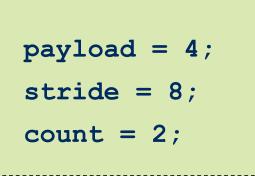


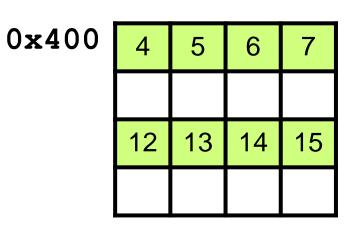
01234567

```
typedef struct ucp struct dt desc {
                                     typedef struct ucp struct dt desc {
   ptrdiff t displ;
                                                 ucp struct dt desc t desc[];
    size t extent;
                                                 int desc count;
    size t count;
                                                 int rep count;
   ucd dt t dt;
                                             } ucd int dt t;
} ucp struct dt desc t;
ucp_struct_dt_desc_t desc[] = { { 0, 8, ucp_make_contig(4 * sizeof(X)) } }
ucp_dt_create_struct(ucp_struct_dt_desc_t *desc_ptr,
                                  size t desc count, size t rep count,
                                  ucp_datatype_t *datatype_p)
ucp_dt_create_struct(desc, 1, 2, &new_dt);
```

USAGE EXAMPLE #2





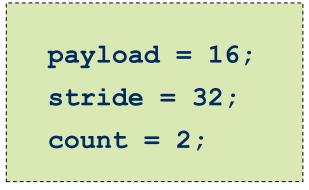


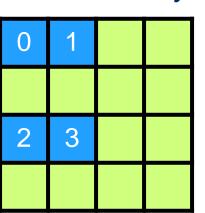


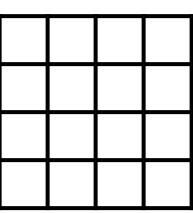
OPTION #1

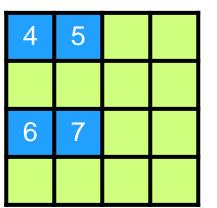
USAGE EXAMPLE #3

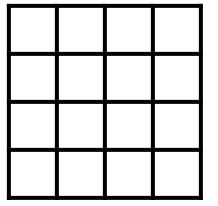
1. Register one **repeated** indirect keys that will correspond to 2^{nd} level data type level, N = 2 in our case.

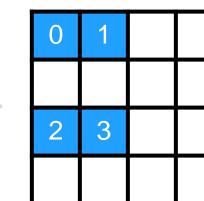








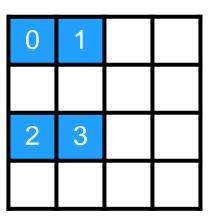


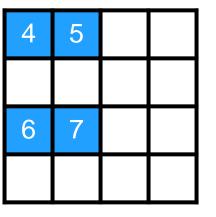


4	5	
6	7	

2. Register one top-level **repeated** indirect key that will fetch final elements corresponding to 1st level datatype keys.

```
payload = 2;
stride = 8;
count = 4;
```







01234567

```
desc1 = { displ(0), 8, contig(2)}
ucp_dt_create_struct(&desc1, 1, 2, &dt1);

desc2 = { displ(0), ext(32), dt1}
ucp_dt_create_struct(desc2, 1, 2, &dt2);
```

