



## **Introduction to CUDA**

- 1. Create and run the vecAdd.cu program.
  - 1.1. Use text editor to create the file "vecAdd.cu" with the content below

```
#include <stdio.h>
 2
     #define N 256
3
 4
               void vecAdd(int *A, int *B, int *C){
 5
         int i = threadIdx.x;
         C[i] = A[i] + B[i];
 6
7
8
     int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
9
10
         int i;
         int size = N * sizeof(int);
11
         int a[N], b[N], c[N], *devA, *devB, *devC;
12
13
         for(i=0; i<N; i++){
14
             a[i]=1; b[i]=2;
15
16
17
18
         cudaMalloc( (void**) &devA, size);
         cudaMalloc( (void**) &devB, size);
19
         cudaMalloc( (void**) &devC, size);
20
21
22
         cudaMemcpy( devA, a, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
         cudaMemcpy( devB, b, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
23
24
25
         vecAdd<<<1, N>>>(devA, devB, devC);
26
27
         cudaMemcpy( c, devC, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
28
         cudaFree(devA);
29
         cudaFree(devB);
         cudaFree(devC);
30
31
         for(i=0; i<N; i++){</pre>
32
             printf("%d ", c[i]);
33
         }
34
35
         printf("\n");
36
```

- 1.2. Upload the following program to Server at IP = 10.34.110.222 (only from inside Mahidol Campus) and use your username=u5xxxxxx. You may use *WinSCP* or *Filezilla* program to transfer your file to the server
- 1.3. Compile the program using the following command (using emulator):

```
nvcc -deviceemu -o vecAdd vecAdd.cu
```

1.4. Run the program.

./vecAdd

- 2. Given an array A of 256 integers, write a CUDA program named vecInc.cu to increase the value of each element in the array A by one. For example, if A = {1, 3, ..., 509, 511}, then after calling a CUDA kernel, array A becomes {2, 4, ..., 510, 512}.
- 3. Modify vecInc.cu from Question 2 into vecInc2.cu to work with an array A of any size (e.g. A[1000]) but using only 256 threads.
- 4. Create a MS Word document (u5xxxxxx.docx), and put your source code from step 2. (vecInc.cu) and step 3. (vecInc2.cu), along with the screeshots of their result.