#### Time and location

Mondays 13:00 - 17:00, typically with lectures from 13:00-14:30 and exercises afterwards. We will be located in

## Building 3??, room ??

# Laptop and Maple

Bring your laptop to classes. Occasionally we will use Maple for illustrations so it will be a good idea to have this installed on your laptop. You will not need Maple for algebraic manipulations - these will typically be easier to do by hand.

#### Course assessment

3 assignments and 1 multiple choice. Details:

- Assignment #1. Hand out: Week 2. Hand in: Week 4.
- Multiple choice. 25% of full mark. 1hr in course week 7.
- Assignment #2. Hand out: Week 8. Hand in: Week 10.
- Assignment #3. Hand out: Week 12. Hand in: Week 14.

Assignments #1, #2 and #3 count for 75% of the total mark.

## Course material

We will primarily follow [Per00]. It is available at the campus book store. But occasionally we will also use [Str94] and lecture notes on campusnet.

# Course responsible

- Poul G. Hjorth (PGH). Contact: pghj@dtu.dk
- Kristian Uldall Kristiansen (KUK). Contact: krkri@dtu.dk

## Tentative course plan

- Basics: Weeks 1-3 (All KUK)
- Local theory: Weeks 4-9 (KUK: 4,6,7. PGH: 5,8-12).
- Global theory (for planar systems): Weeks 10-12 (PGH)
- Repetition: Week 13. (PGH and KUK).

#### **Basics**

- Week 1: Introduction by [Str94] and lecture notes.
  - Phase space: Solution approach vs. geometric approach
  - Motivating examples
  - 1D systems
- Week 2: Linear systems [Sections 1.4-1.7 and 1.9 in [Per00]]
  - Linear solution theory: Matrix exponential. (Example of a flow).
  - 2D linear systems: saddles, sinks and foci.
  - Stability theory. Invariant subspaces  $E^s$ ,  $E^u$  and  $E^c$ .
- Week 3: Nonlinear flow. [Section 2.5 in [Per00]]
  - Flow and flow defined by nonlinear differential equations.
  - Invariant sets. Equilibria as an example of invariant set.
  - Stable and unstable sets.

### Local theory

- Week 4: Equilibria and hyperbolicity. [Sections 2.6 and 2.7 in [Per00]]
  - Equilibria. Linearization. Hyperbolicity.
  - Stable manifold theorem. No need to introduce manifolds, really. Just use graphs.
- Week 5: Hartman-Grobman [Section 2.8 in [Per00]]
  - Topological conjugacy.
  - Hartman-Grobman
  - Consequences.
- Week 6: Stability [Section 2.9 in [Per00]]
  - Definitions.
  - Theorem: Stability of linearization vs stability of nonlinear system.
- Week 7: Summary+Mid-term!
- Week 8: Center manifolds [Section 2.12 in [Per00]]
  - Recall linear invariant spaces.
  - Theorem.
  - Applications. There are many.
- Week 9: Local bifurcations I [Section 4.2 in [Per00]]
  - Structural stability.
  - Implicit function theorem.
  - Focus on normal forms: saddle-node, transcritical, pitchfork.
  - Theorem on saddle-node.
  - Applications.
- Week 10: Local bifurcations II [Sections 3.3 and 4.4 in [Per00]]
  - Definition of periodic orbits and their stability (here we need something which is not local to describe a bifurcation which is local...)

- Hopf normal form.
- Theorem.
- Applications.

## Global theory (for planar systems)

- Week 11: Concepts from phase plane analysis [Lecture notes]
  - Use of null-clines.
  - Use of "trapping regions".
  - Use of "invariant manifolds".
  - Applications.
- Week 12: The Poincare-Bendixson Theory [Section 3.7 in [Per00]]
  - Limit sets.
  - Theorem.
  - Applications.
- Week 13: Repetition.

## References

[Str94] Strogatz, S. H., Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos - with Applications to Physics, Biology, Chemistry, and Engineering, Studies in Nonlinearity, 1994.

[Per00] Perko, L., Differential Equations and Dynamical Systems, Texts in Applied Mathematics 7, Springer-Verlag, New York, 2000.