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Zaolonie O.

Szuhamy roshtobu Z = X + Y ;

$$f_{X}(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} exp\left(-\frac{(x - \mu_{1})^{2}}{2\sigma_{1}^{2}}\right) \times \varepsilon R$$

Dobonyemy Zaniamy zmiemnych o
$$\begin{cases}
Z = X + Y & JX = Z - Y = Z - V |J| = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial X}{\partial Z} & \frac{\partial X}{\partial V} & \frac{1}{2} - 1 \\
V = Y & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1$$

$$g(z,v) = f_{xy}(x(z,v), y(z,v)) \cdot ||$$

$$X: Y \leq q$$
 niezobeine miq $c + f_{XY}(x,y) = f_{X}(x) \circ f_{Y}(y)$

$$g'(z,v) = f_x(z-v) f_y(v) =$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_{1}} \exp\left(-\frac{(z-v)-\mu_{1})^{2}}{2\sigma_{1}^{2}}\right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_{2}} \exp\left(-\frac{(v-\mu_{2})^{2}}{2\sigma_{1}^{2}}\right)$$

Szuhony nozhtost to: \$\int_{\infty} g(z, \nu) \int_{\infty}(z)

$$\frac{3(z_{1}v)=}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{\sigma_{2}^{2}((z-v)-\mu_{1})^{2}+\sigma_{1}^{2}(v-\mu_{2})^{2}}{2\sigma_{1}^{2}\sigma_{2}^{2}}\right)$$

Zojmijny się majpiem liczniliem nythosolnilue (pomijom znak) 2/4 $\sigma_{2}^{2} \left[z^{2} - 2zv + v^{2} - 2\mu_{1}(z-v) + \mu_{1}^{2} \right] + \sigma_{1}^{2}(v^{2} - 2\mu_{2}v + \mu_{2}^{2})$ Cotheyeny po v niec je nyaz garny $V^{2}(\sigma_{1}^{2}+\sigma_{2}^{2})-2v(\sigma_{2}^{2}z-\sigma_{2}^{2}\mu_{1}+\sigma_{1}^{2}\mu_{2})+\sigma_{2}^{2}(z^{2}-2\mu_{1}z+\mu_{1}^{2})+\sigma_{1}\mu_{2}$ $V^{2}(\sigma_{1}^{2}+\sigma_{2}^{2})-2v(\sigma_{8}^{2}(z-\mu_{1})+\sigma_{1}^{2}\mu_{2})+\sigma_{2}(z-\mu_{1})^{2}+\sigma_{1}^{2}\mu_{2})$ Chcerny olopetnić do wzm shrównego możenia: K be reszta stresl ni lów tzn; $v^2 - 2vb = v^2 - 2vb + b^2 - b^2 = (v - b)^2 - b^2$ Obe onic mionomile f_0 : $2 \sigma_1^2 \sigma_2^2 \rightarrow \frac{2 \sigma_1^2 \sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$ Dzieliny licznik i mionomile przez $\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2$ $b = \frac{\sigma_2^2 (z - \mu_1) + \sigma_1^2 \mu_2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$ Cayli obscry hisrih to: $(V-b)^2 - b^2 + \frac{b}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$

 $\frac{(V-b)^{2}-b^{2}}{Cayli becme} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_{1}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_{2}} \exp \left(\frac{(V-b)^{2}-b^{2}+\sigma_{1}^{2}+\sigma_{2}^{2}}{\left(\frac{2\sigma_{1}^{2}\sigma_{2}^{2}}{\sigma_{1}^{2}+\sigma_{2}^{2}}\right)} \right) V$

 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \, \sigma_1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \, \sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \, \frac{\sigma_1 \, \sigma_2}{\sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}}}$ Zoumozomy ze: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6_1^2 + 6_2^2}} exp \left(\frac{-(v-b)^2}{\sqrt{6_1^2 + 6_2^2}} \right) dv = 1$ Dlatego, že v b nie me zmiennej V, vzyli to colho po gestości rochtedu nomrebnego N (b, $\sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$) Zostaje nam: $g_{z}(z) = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{z_{11}} \sqrt{\sigma_{1}^{2} + \sigma_{2}^{2}}} exp\left(-\frac{\frac{k}{\sigma_{1}^{2} + \sigma_{2}^{2}} - b}{2\left(\frac{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}}{\sqrt{\sigma_{1}^{2} + \sigma_{2}^{2}}}\right)^{2}}\right) dv$ Niech $\sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$ $b = \frac{u}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$ i niech $\sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} = \sigma_3$ Zajmijmy się myhisolniliem (bez minuse): $\frac{k}{\sigma_3^2} - \left(\frac{u}{\sigma_3^2}\right)^2 = \frac{\sigma_3^2 k - u}{2(\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \sigma_3)^2} u$ $\frac{2(\frac{\sigma_1 \sigma_2}{\sigma_3})^2 + 2(\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \sigma_3)^2}{2(\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \sigma_3)^2 + \sigma_1^2 \mu_z^2} - \left(\frac{\sigma_2^2 (z - \mu_1) + \sigma_1^2 \mu_z^2}{\sigma_1^2 \mu_z^2}\right) - \left(\frac{\sigma_2^2 (z - \mu_1) + \sigma_1^2 \mu_z^2}{\sigma_1^2 \mu_z^2}\right)$ Shrejne nyrazy hvordroty się up ro sz czają; $\frac{\sigma_1^2 \sigma_2^2 (z - \mu_1)^2 + \sigma_2^2 \sigma_1^2 \mu_2^2 - 2 \sigma_2^2 \sigma_1^3 (z - \mu_1) \mu_2}{\sigma_1^2 \sigma_2^2 \sigma_1^2 (z - \mu_1) \mu_2} = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$ $\frac{(Z-\mu_1)^2+\mu_2^2-2(z-\mu_1)\mu_2}{2\sigma_3^2}=\frac{\text{moženie}}{2}$ $\frac{\left[\left(Z - \mu_{1}\right) - \mu_{2}\right]^{2}}{2 \sigma_{3}^{2}} = \frac{\left[Z - \left(\mu_{1} + \mu_{2}\right)\right]^{2}}{2\left(\sigma_{1}^{2} + \sigma_{2}^{2}\right)} - \text{nylitaolnik (bez -)}$

Finaline
$$\begin{cases}
\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \sqrt{6_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)}\right) dV
\end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \sqrt{\delta_1^2 + \delta_2^2} \exp\left(-\frac{\left[2 - (\mu_1 + \mu_2)^2\right]}{2(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)}\right)$$
Cayli 2 $\sim N \left(\mu_1 + \mu_2, \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2\right)$