# **EINTE TCP LAB**

## By: Arturo Cortés Sánchez

## Task 1

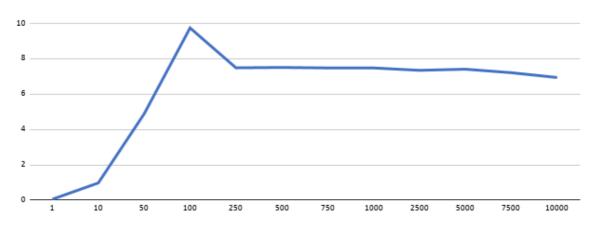
The optimal window size is calculated with this formula:

```
Optimal size = (size of the link in MB/s) x (round trip delay in seconds)
```

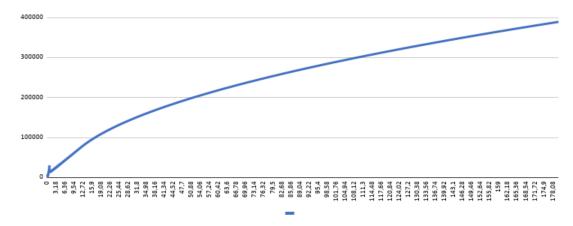
### Results:

```
Simulation time
                    180
Initialization time 60
Active sources
                 [1 0 0 1]
TCP Windows
                   [50 5000 5000]
Link delay
                    50ms
Link capacity
                    10Mb
Link buffer
                    5
TCP1 Average Throughput = 4.7409351111111109 [Mbps]
      Stable Throughput = 4.890107508958943 [Mbps]
TCP2 Average Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
     Stable Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
TCP3 Average Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
     Stable Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps
```

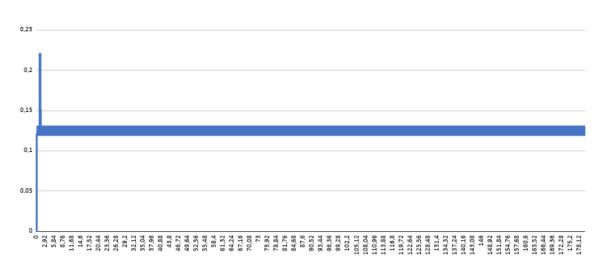
• TCP connection throughput as a function of window size:



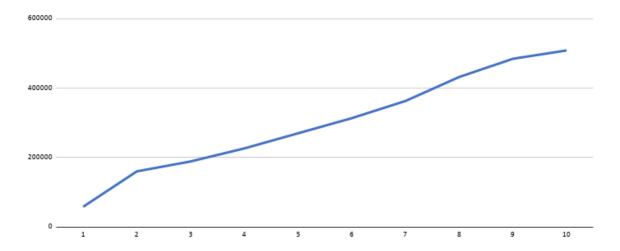
cwnd size:



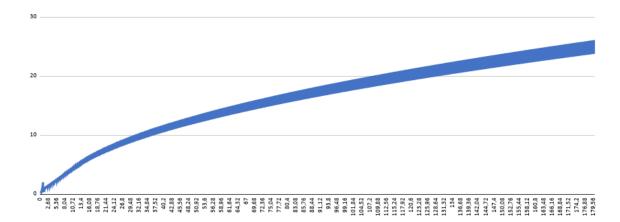
• rtt:



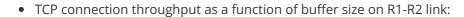
• TCP momentary throughput (calculated for 1s periods)

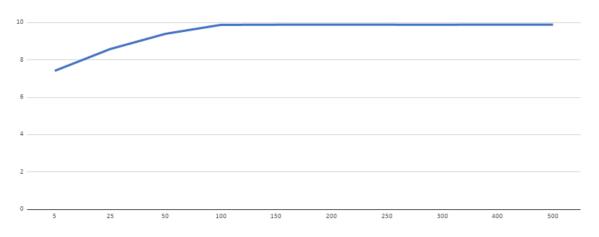


• TCP momentary throughput estimated of the base of cwnd and rtt:



Task 2





The optimal buffer size is around 100

Results for lowest buffer:

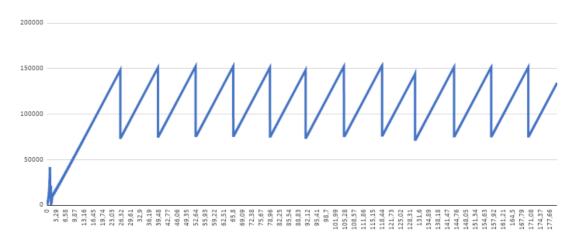
```
Simulation time
                  180
Initialization time 60
Active sources [1 0 0 1]
TCP Windows
                  [5000 5000 5000]
Link delay
                   50ms
Link capacity
                    10Mb
Link buffer
TCP1 Average Throughput = 7.0699351111111106 [Mbps]
     Stable Throughput = 7.4960246687221836 [Mbps]
TCP2 Average Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
     Stable Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
TCP3 Average Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
     Stable Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
```

Results for the optimal buffer:

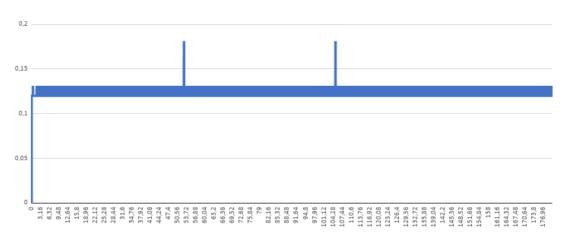
```
Simulation time
                     180
Initialization time
                     60
Active sources
                     [1 0 0 1]
TCP Windows
                     [5000 5000 5000]
Link delay
                     50ms
Link capacity
                     10Mb
Link buffer
                     100
TCP1 Average Throughput = 9.2020684444444445 [Mbps]
      Stable Throughput = 9.8729227435616878 [Mbps]
TCP2 Average Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
      Stable Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
TCP3 Average Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
      Stable Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
```

#### For the lowest buffer

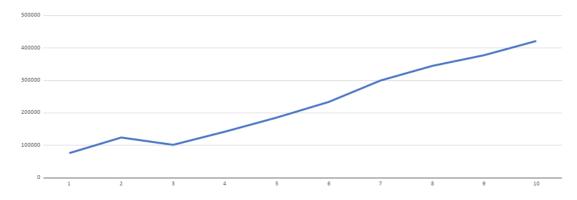
• cwnd size:



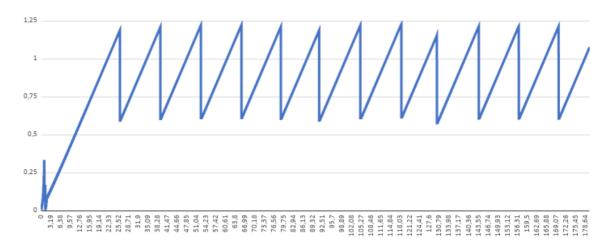
• rtt:



• TCP momentary throughput (calculated for 1s periods):

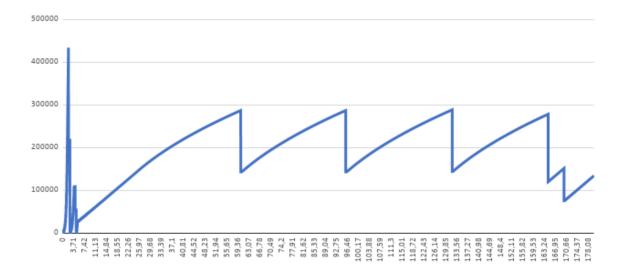


• TCP momentary throughput estimated of the base of cwnd and rtt:

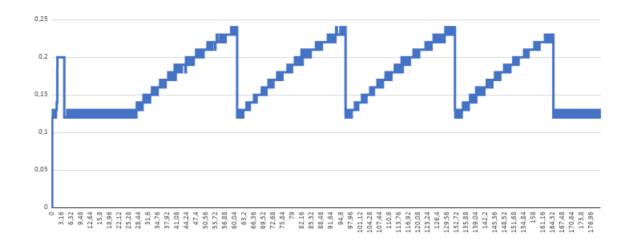


## For the optimal buffer:

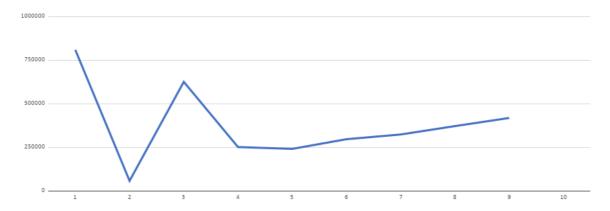
• cwnd size:



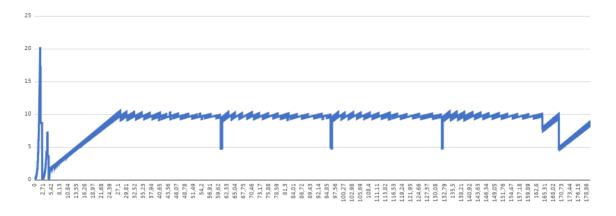
• rtt:



• TCP momentary throughput (calculated for 1s periods):

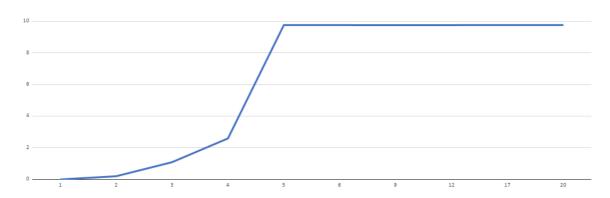


• TCP momentary throughput estimated of the base of cwnd and rtt:



Task 3:

• Throughput:



```
Simulation time
                    180
Initialization time 60
Active sources
                   [1 0 0 1]
TCP Windows
                    [100 5000 5000]
Link delay
                    50ms
Link capacity
                   10Mb
Link buffer
                    5
TCP1 Average Throughput = 8.819468444444444 [Mbps]
     Stable Throughput = 9.751212601049815 [Mbps]
TCP2 Average Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
     Stable Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
TCP3 Average Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
     Stable Throughput = 0.0 [Mbps]
```

The results are different because with one hundred window size packets, the best buffer length is five. In the second task the window size was bigger so we needed a bigger buffer