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DEPT: CSE - A

DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING

QUESTION 5.A

AIM:

```
Playing with Numbers:
Ram and Sita are playing with numbers by giving puzzles to each other. Now it was Ram term, so he gave Sita a positive integer 'n' and two numbers 1 and 3. He asked her to find the possible
ways by which the number n can be represented using 1 and 3. Write any efficient algorithm to find the possible ways.
Example 1:
Input: 6
Output:6
Explanation: There are 6 ways to 6 represent number with 1 and 3
    1+1+1+1+1+1
    1+1+1+3
    1+1+3+1
     1+3+1+1
    3+1+1+1
Input Format
First Line contains the number n
Output Format
Print: The number of possible ways 'n' can be represented using 1 and 3
Sample Input
Sample Output
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    long dp[n+1];
    dp[0] = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        dp[i] = 0;
    }
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        dp[i] += dp[i - 1];
        if (i >= 3) {
            dp[i] += dp[i - 3];
        }
    }
    printf("%ld\n", dp[n]);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
1	6	6	6	~
/	25	8641	8641	~
,	100	24382819596721629	24382819596721629	~

RESULT:

QUESTION 5.B

AIM:

Playing with Chessboard:

Ram is given with an n*n chessboard with each cell with a monetary value. Ram stands at the (0,0), that the position of the top left white rook. He is been given a task to reach the bottom right black rook position (n-1, n-1) constrained that he needs to reach the position by traveling the maximum monetary path under the condition that he can only travel one step right or one step down the board. Help ram to achieve it by providing an efficient DP algorithm.

Example:

Input

3

124

234

871

Output:

19

Explanation:

Totally there will be 6 paths among that the optimal is

Optimal path value:1+2+8+7+1=19

Input Format

First Line contains the integer n

The next n lines contain the n*n chessboard values

Output Format

Print Maximum monetary value of the path

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int max(int a,int b) {
    return(a>b) ? a:b;
int maxMonetaryPath(int n,int board[n][n]){
     int dp[n][n];
    dp[0][0]=board[0][0];
     for(int j=1;j<n;j++){
         dp[0][j]=dp[0][j-1]+board[0][j];
    for (int i=1;i<n;i++) {
    dp[i][0]=dp[i-1][0]+board[i][0];
     for (int i=1;i<n;i++) {
         for (int j=1;j<n;j++) {
    dp[i][j]=board[i][j]+max(dp[i-1][j],dp[i][j-1]);</pre>
    return dp[n-1][n-1];
int main(){
    int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
int board[n][n];
         for (int j=0;j<n;j++){
    scanf("%d",&board[i][j]);
    int result=maxMonetaryPath(n,board);
    printf("%d\n",result);
```

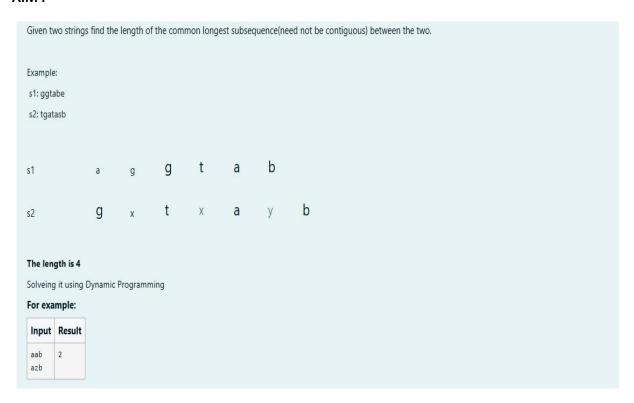
OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	19	19	~
	1 2 4			
	2 3 4			
~	8 7 1			
~	3	12	12	~
	1 3 1			
	1 5 1			
	4 2 1			
~	4	28	28	~
	1 1 3 4			
	1 5 7 8			
	2 3 4 6			
	1690			

RESULT:

QUESTION 5.C

AIM:



PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
    char s1[10],s2[10];
    scanf("%s",s1);
scanf("%s",s2);
    int len1=strlen(s1);
    int len2=strlen(s2);
    int dp[len1 + 1][len2 + 1];
    for(int i=0;i<=len1;i++)
        for(int j=0;j<=len2;j++)
             if(i==0||j==0)
                 dp[i][j]=0;
            else if(s1[i-1]==s2[j-1])
                 dp[i][j]=dp[i-1][j-1]+1;
                 if(dp[i][j-1]>dp[i-1][j])
                     dp[i][j]=dp[i][j-1];
                     dp[i][j]=dp[i-1][j];
    printf("%d",dp[len1][len2]);
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	aab azb	2	2	~
~	ABCD ABCD	4	4	~

RESULT:

QUESTION 5.D

AIM:

```
Problem statement:

Find the length of the Longest Non-decreasing Subsequence in a given Sequence.

Eg:

Input:9

Sequence:[-1,3,4,5,2,2,2,2,3]

the subsequence is [-1,2,2,2,2,3]

Output:6
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int subsequence(int arr[],int n){
     int dp[n];
     int maxlen=1;
     for (int i=0;i<n;i++){
          dp[i]=1;
     for (int i=1;i<n;i++){
   for(int j=0;j<i;j++){
     if(arr[i]>=arr[j] && dp[i]<dp[j]+1){</pre>
                     dp[i]=dp[j]+1;
          }
if(maxlen<dp[i]){
    lan-dn[i];</pre>
               maxlen=dp[i];
     return maxlen;
int main(){
     scanf("%d",&n);
     int arr[n];
    for (int i=0;i<n;i++){
    scanf("%d",&arr[i]);</pre>
     int result=subsequence(arr,n);
     printf("%d",result);
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
/	9 -1 3 4 5 2 2 2 2 3	6	6	~
,	7 1 2 2 4 5 7 6	6	6	~

RESULT: