

McMASTER UNIVERSITY

SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

SFWR ENG 3XA3

Software Test Report

Authors:

Mohammad NAVEED **1332196**

Josh VOSKAMP **1319352**

Stephan ARULTHASAN **1308004**

December 7, 2015

Contents

List of Tables	3
List of Figures	4
Revision History	5
1 Introduction	6
2 Scope	6
3 Method of Testing	6
3.1 Unit Testing	6
3.2 Manual Testing	7
4 Testing Results	7
4.1 Test Case 1: Starting a new game	7
4.2 Test Case 2: Exiting a game	7
4.3 Test Case 3: The user must be able to make moves	8
4.4 Test Case 4: The user must be able to win	8
4.5 Test Case 5: The user must be able to lose	8
4.6 Test Case 6: The user must not be able to move off the edge of the board	9
4.7 Test Case: Performance	9
4.8 Test Case: Stress	9
4.9 Test Case: Stress 2	10
4.10 Test Case: Testing against Existing Implementation.	10
5 Non-Functional Qualities Testing	11
5.1 Usability	11
5.1.1 GUI	11
5.2 Performance	12
5.3 Portability	13
6 User Feedback	13
7 Changes in Response to Testing	16
7.1 Usability	16

List of Tables

1	Revision History	5
---	----------------------------	---

List of Figures

1	JUnit Test Results	11
2	Is this your first time playing 2048?	13
3	How easy was the Game to start?	13
4	How easy was the game to play?	14
5	Were the rules of the game clear and easy to understand? . . .	14
6	How satisfied were you with the choice of controls?	14
7	How challenging was the game?	15
8	How easy was the navigation around different parts of the game?	15
9	What is your overall satisfaction on the usability of this game?	15
10	Code Coverage Metrics	16

Revision History

Revision Number	Revision Date	Description	Author
0	Nov 23	Created Test Report	Josh Voskamp
0	Nov 23	Intro, Scope, Methods of Testing	Stephan Arulthasan
0	Nov 25	Non-functional	Mohammad Naveed
0	Nov 27	User Feedback, and Response to Testing	Josh Voskamp
0	Nov 27	Traceability, Complete Methods of Testing	Stephan Arulthasan
1	Dec 7 2015	Add Performance, Stress, and Other test Results	Josh Voskamp

Table 1: Revision History

1 Introduction

The purpose of the test report is to specify in detail the test cases implemented for 2048.

2 Scope

This report contains test cases for both the front end and back end of the application. For every component tested we present a short discussion about the test cases chosen, a summary of the results, and address any issues that may have arisen. Types of tests performed include unit tests and system tests, all of which are automated.

3 Method of Testing

3.1 Unit Testing

The application is broken down into a Model, View, Controller (MVC) format, in which all the data and objects are placed within the Model class. The visualization of the application is placed within the View class, and the logic to change the states of the application is separated into the Control class. Using this format, we can test the correctness and functionality of the application in the form of JUnit testing. This separates the test cases into smaller ones, and tests every single class with specific cases to ensure overall correctness. The process of creating a new game of 2048 in its current implementation, involves a 'game board' array that contains all the values of the current state. An array contains 16 values, as the game board holds 'tile' objects of type integer in a 4x4 format. Testing for a specific case would be achieved by creating the initial state of the test case, applying the input, and then recording the output. The initial state consists of creating a new instance of the game board and inserting a tile object that is placed at a specific place on the board. The input would be the function that exists within the class which would be applied to the initial state. An 'assertEquals' statement would be written stating the expected output of the test case. For example, testing for a win in 2048 can be done by creating a game board where at least two values contain the tile object with values of 1024. This will be the 'initial state.' Then the left() function can be called to join

the two tiles together. The `assertEquals()` function can be written to make sure that the 2048 tile is generated at the proper spot its supposed to be at. The script can then be compiled and run to check if the output matches the expected output specified in the `assertEquals()` statement.

3.2 Manual Testing

Manual testing is required for our implementation due to some restrictions brought to light through the test cases we desired in our test plan. Manual testing would be required for the quantification of non-functional requirements, as well as some system tests that can only be realized by a human playing the game. Manual testing would be conducted by a means of a user opening and using the game, then judging the outcome of a specific test case by comparing the expected output to the actual output as perceived by the user. More specifically, a system test such as Test Case 1 below would be tested by simply opening up the "2048.jar" game executable available at <https://goo.gl/asoMbK> and determining whether a screen appears with two randomly placed tiles with values of 2 or 4 when the escape key is pressed.

4 Testing Results

4.1 Test Case 1: Starting a new game

Initial State: An existing game is running already.

Input: Escape Key

Expected Output: New game board initiated, with two random tiles with a value of 2 or 4 generated.

Output: New game board initiated, with two random tiles with a value of 2 or 4 generated

Method of Testing: Manual testing

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M5: Board.java — R1, R2

4.2 Test Case 2: Exiting a game

Initial State: The game board is running already.

Input: User presses the red "X" that closes the window.

Expected Output: The window closes.

Output: The window closes.

Method of Testing: Manual testing

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M3: GameView.java — R3

4.3 Test Case 3: The user must be able to make moves

Initial State: Game board is running with any set of tiles.

Input: User presses either of the 4 arrow keys.

Expected Output: The tiles move in the specified direction pressed by the user.

Output: The tiles move in the specified direction pressed by the user.

Method of Testing: Automated and Manual testing

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M3: GameView.java, M5: Board.java — R4

4.4 Test Case 4: The user must be able to win

Initial State: The game board must be running with at least 2 1024 tiles beside each other.

Input: The user presses one of the arrow keys that would join the two tiles together.

Expected Output: The two tiles join to create the 2048 tile and the game indicates the user has won. No more moves can be made.

Output: The two tiles join to create the 2048 tile and the game indicates the user has won. No more moves can be made.

Method of Testing: Automated and Manual testing

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M3: GameView.java, M5: Board.java — R5

4.5 Test Case 5: The user must be able to lose

Initial State: The game board must be running in a state where the game board is full of tiles (16) with one more move available, which results in the next state having no more valid moves available, which means no two tiles that are the same are adjacent.

Input: User completes their only valid move

Expected Output: The game ends and displays "You Lose" message on screen.

Output: The game ends and displays "You Lose" message on screen.

Method of Testing: Automated and Manual testing

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M3: GameView.java M5: Board.java — R6

4.6 Test Case 6: The user must not be able to move off the edge of the board

Initial State: The game board must be running in a state where there is only one tile in the bottom left corner.

Input: User presses the left key.

Expected Output: Tile does not move off the left side of the board.

Output: Does not allow the tile to move left.

Method of Testing: Automated and Manual testing

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M3: GameView.java, M5: Board.java — R4

4.7 Test Case: Performance

Initial State: The game board must be running

Input: The user presses the arrow key

Expected Output: The tiles move within 2 seconds of the user pressing the key

Output: The tiles move in under 1 second of the user pressing the key

Method of Testing: Manual testing

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M1: Hardware Hiding Module, M2: Keyboard.java, M3: GameView.java, M4: Main.java, M5: Board.java, M6: Tile.java — Performance

4.8 Test Case: Stress

Initial State: The game board must be running

Input: CTRL or ALT + arrowkey

Expected Output: Game ignores the use of CTRL or ALT key, and performs the regular operation associated the pressed arrow key

Output: Game ignores the use of CTRL or ALT key, and performs the regular operation associated the pressed arrow key

Method of Testing: Manual testing

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M1: Hardware Hiding Module, M2: Keyboard.java, M3: GameView.java, M4: Main.java, M5: Board.java, M6: Tile.java — Stress

4.9 Test Case: Stress 2

Initial State: The game board must be running

Input: Press random keys, other than arrow keys

Expected Output: The game does not change

Output: The game does not change

Method of Testing: Manual testing

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M1: Hardware Hiding Module, M2: Keyboard.java, M3: GameView.java, M4: Main.java, M5: Board.java, M6: Tile.java — Stress

4.10 Test Case: Testing against Existing Implementation.

Initial State: Original implementation and new implementation, with identical tile locations

Input: User performs the same action on both implementations

Expected Output: Both implementations result in the same board except for the new randomly generated tile

Output: Both implementations result in the same board except for the new randomly generated tile

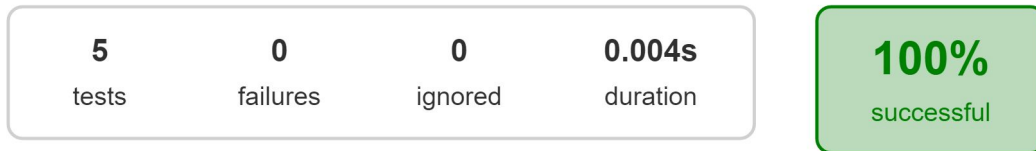
Method of Testing: Manual testing, compare the resulting board from each implementation of the game

Pass/Fail: Pass

Traceability: M1: Hardware Hiding Module, M2: Keyboard.java, M3: GameView.java, M4: Main.java, M5: Board.java, M6: Tile.java — R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6

Class com.group2.Model.BoardTest

all > com.group2.Model > BoardTest



Tests		
Test	Duration	Result
getGameState	0s	passed
testDown	0s	passed
testLeft	0s	passed
testRight	0.004s	passed
testUp	0s	passed

Figure 1: JUnit Test Results

5 Non-Functional Qualities Testing

5.1 Usability

5.1.1 GUI

Testing the ease of use will be done through manual testing. It will be done by getting a set of users that have no background in computer science or any related fields, and getting feedback from them about the interface and how easy the game was to play.

The feedback from the users will be obtained through a questionnaire in which the questions are based on how easy the GUI and game, was to understand and use. The users will then rate their satisfaction on a scale of 1 to 5, where 5 is being completely satisfied and 1 is being completely

unsatisfied. A copy of the questionnaire can be found in the Appendix.

The results of the questionnaires will then be processed to give an average result/satisfaction rate on usability. This average will be compared to a usability criteria that is organized as follows:

- *The usability will deemed poor and not up to standard if the average rate is less than 2*
- *The usability will deemed satisfactory and partially up to standard if the average rate is between 2 and 3.5*
- *The usability will deemed excellent and meeting standards if the average rate is between 3.5 and 5*

Test Result: EXCELLENT

5.2 Performance

Testing the performance of 2048 will be done through both automated testing and manual testing. Automated testing will be done through JUnit test cases in which each test case models the permissible user actions. The response time of the game to the test cases will also be recorded. Manual testing will be done through a set of users that play the game and have the response time of each action recorded.

The Junit library provides data on performance time. This library will be used to test the performance of the moves and the game in general. The following criteria will be used to rate the performance of the game:

- *The performance will deemed poor and not up to standard if the average time taken to complete a move is more than 2 seconds*
- *The performance will deemed satisfactory and partially up to standard if the average time taken to complete a move is between 1 and 2sec*
- *The performance will deemed excellent and meeting standard if the average time taken to complete a move is less than 1sec*

Test Result: EXCELLENT

5.3 Portability

Testing the portability of 2048 will be done manually. The game will be run on all three different operating systems and results will be recorded (i.e. whether the game compiles and runs or not).

In order for the game to meet portability standards it must run on all three different major operating systems every time.

Test Result: PASSED

6 User Feedback

User Feedback was collected using a google form.

The google form can be found at:

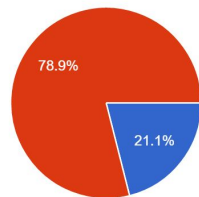
<https://goo.gl/forms/SoHo9rTn39>

The up to date data from the feedback can be found at:

<https://goo.gl/uG5pSM>

The results displayed below are from Friday, November 27, 2015.

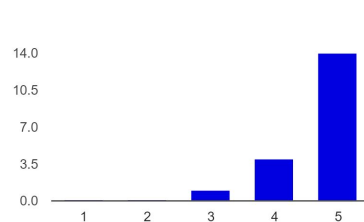
Is this your first time playing 2048?



Yes	4	21.1%
No	15	78.9%

Figure 2: Is this your first time playing 2048?

How easy was the game to start?



Not Very: 1	0	0%
2	0	0%
3	1	5.3%
4	4	21.1%
Very: 5	14	73.7%

Figure 3: How easy was the Game to start?

How easy was the game to play?

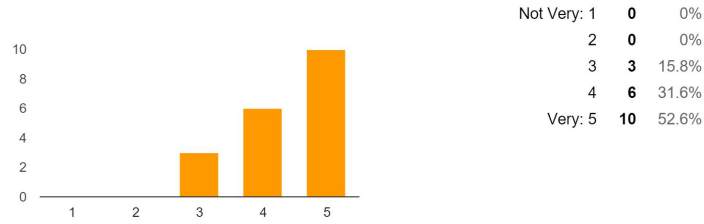


Figure 4: How easy was the game to play?

Were the rules of the game clear and easy to understand?

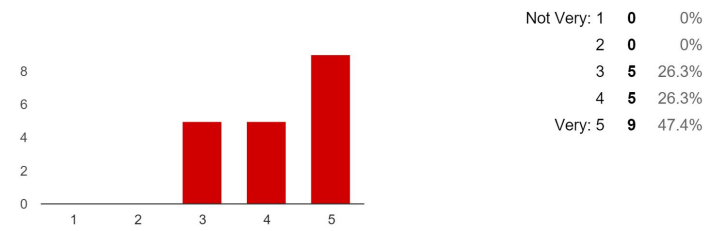


Figure 5: Were the rules of the game clear and easy to understand?

How satisfied were you with the choice of controls?

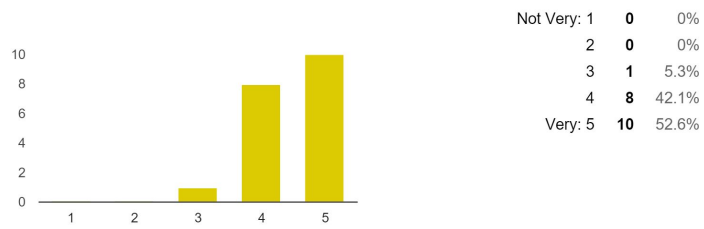


Figure 6: How satisfied were you with the choice of controls?

How challenging was the game?

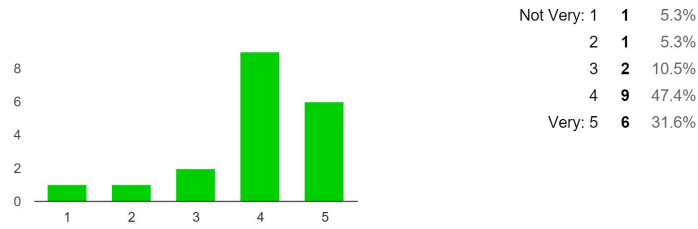


Figure 7: How challenging was the game?

How easy was the navigation around different parts of the game?

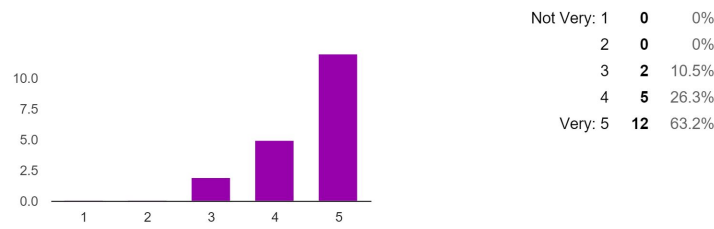


Figure 8: How easy was the navigation around different parts of the game?

What is your overall satisfaction on the usability of this game?

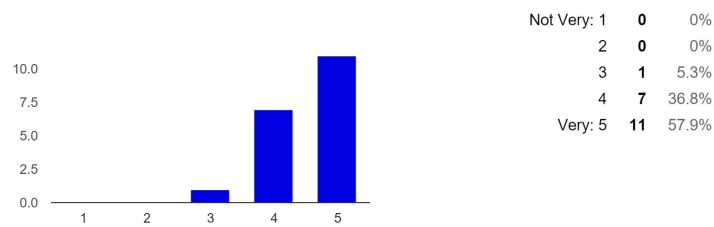


Figure 9: What is your overall satisfaction on the usability of this game?

7 Changes in Response to Testing

7.1 Usability

In response to user feedback on Usability, a help menu was added to give instructions on how to play the game.

8 Code Coverage Metrics

Only the Model part of the software was tested using automated testing. The View and the Controller portions of the code were manually tested. More details can be found on the html files provided in the coverageMetrics.zip

[[all classes](#)] [com.group2.Model]

Coverage Summary for Package: com.group2.Model

Package	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
com.group2.Model	100% (3/ 3)	85.7% (24/ 28)	83.8% (124/ 148)

Class ▲	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
Board	100% (2/ 2)	91.3% (21/ 23)	93.6% (117/ 125)
Tile	100% (1/ 1)	60% (3/ 5)	30.4% (7/ 23)

Figure 10: Code Coverage Metrics