# Nuts and Bolts of WebSocket



Oct 24, 2014

Arun Gupta, @arungupta Peter Moskovits, @peterm\_kaazing

# Agenda

Introduction

STOMP over WebSocket

- WebSocket and Node.js
- Pub/Sub over WebSocket
- WebSocket using JSR 356
- REST and SSE

Securing WebSocket

Atmosphere

• Embedded WebSocket

- Debugging
- Load Balance WebSocket
- Production Tips

#### "Limitations" of HTTP

- Client-driven
- Half-duplex
- Verbose
- New TCP connection

### "Hello World" HTTP Request/Response

POST /websocket-vs-rest-payload/webresources/rest HTTP/1.1\r\n

Host: localhost:8080\r\n Connection: keep-alive\r\n Content-Length: 11\r\n

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10\_9\_1) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/32.0.1700.107 Safari/537.36\r\n

Origin: chrome-extension://hgmloofddffdnphfgcellkdfbfbjeloo\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain \r\n

Accept: \*/\*\r\n

Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,sdch\r\n Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.8\r\n

\r\n

HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n Connection: keep-alive\r\n X-Powered-By: Undertow 1\r\n

Server: Wildfly 8 \r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: 11 \r\n

Date: Fri, 21 Feb 2014 21:27:53 GMT \r\n

\r\n

663 bytes

#### How WebSocket solves it?

- Bi-directional (client-driven)
- Full-duplex (half-duplex)
- Lean protocol (verbose)
- Single TCP connection (new TCP)

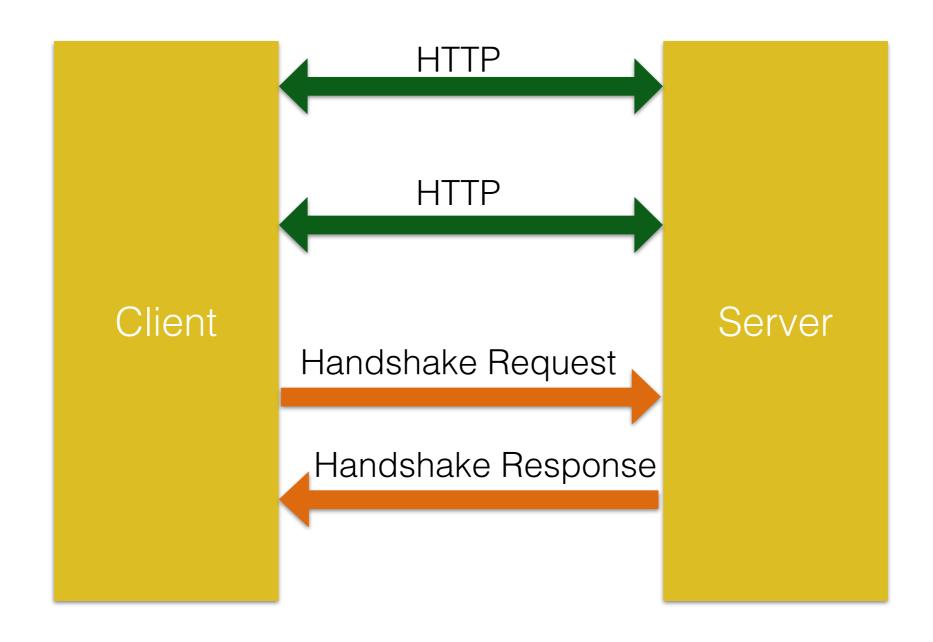
#### What is WebSocket?

- Bi-directional, full-duplex, communication channel over a single TCP connection
- Originally proposed as part of HTML5
- IETF-defined **Protocol**: RFC 6455
- W3C-defined JavaScript API

#### How does it work?

- Upgrade HTTP to WebSocket (single TCP connection)
- Send data frames in both direction (bi-directional)
- Send messages independent of each other (full-duplex)
- End the connection

#### How does it work?



# Handshake Request

GET /chat HTTP/1.1

Host: server.example.com

Upgrade: websocket

Connection: Upgrade

Sec-WebSocket-Key: dGhllHNhbXBsZSBub25jZQ==

Origin: http://example.com

Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: chat, superchat

Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13

# Handshake Response

HTTP/1.1 101 Switching Protocols

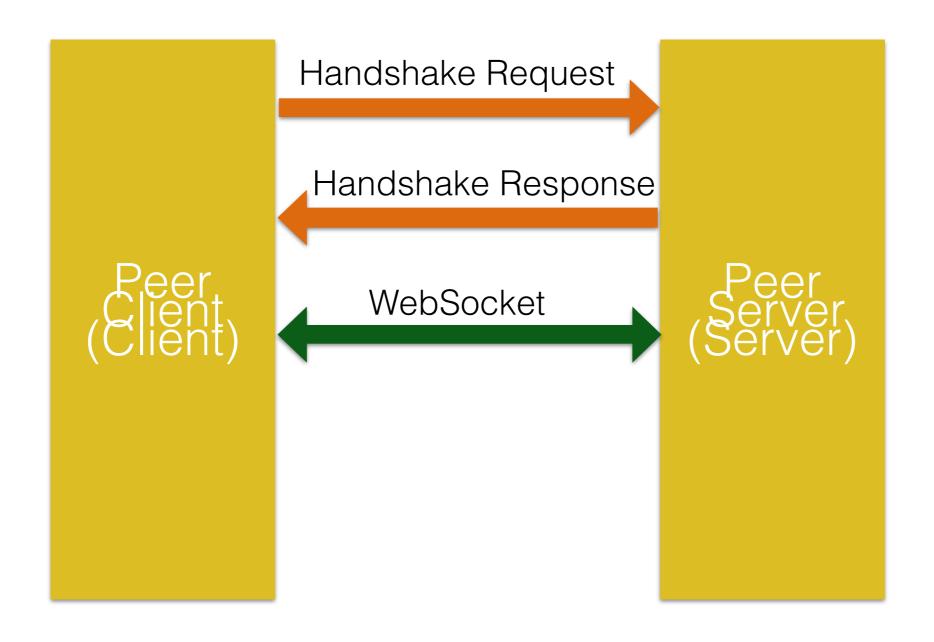
Upgrade: websocket

Connection: Upgrade

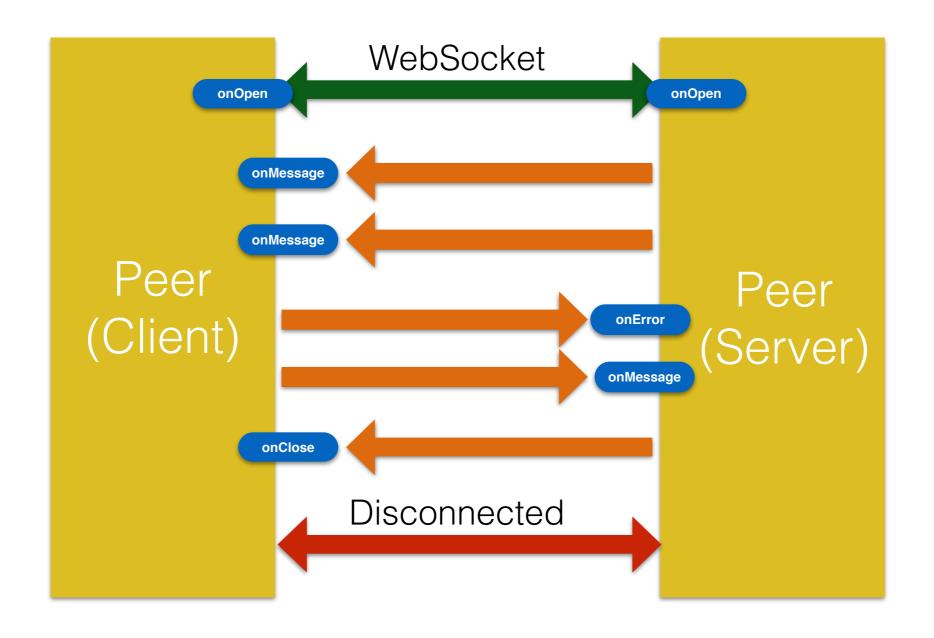
Sec-WebSocket-Accept: s3pPLMBiTxaQ9kYGzzhZRbK+xOo=

Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: chat

#### How does it work?



#### How does it work?



### WebSocket Subprotocols

- Facilitates application layer protocols
- Registered in a Subprotocol name registry
  - Identifier, common name, definition
  - www.iana.org/assignments/websocket/ websocket.xml#subprotocol-name
    - STOMP, XMPP, MQTT, SOAP, ...

#### WebSocket Extensions

- Add capabilities to the base protocol
- Multiplexing <a href="http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-tamplin-hybi-google-mux">http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-tamplin-hybi-google-mux</a>
- Compression: Only non-control frames/messages
  - Per-frame <a href="http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-tyoshino-hybi-websocket-perframe-deflate">http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-tyoshino-hybi-websocket-perframe-deflate</a>
  - Per-message <a href="http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-hybi-permessage-compression">http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-hybi-permessage-compression</a>

#### WebSocket JavaScript API

```
[Constructor(DOMString url, optional (DOMString or DOMString[]) protocols)]
interface WebSocket : EventTarget {
  readonly attribute DOMString url;
  // ready state
  const unsigned short CONNECTING = 0;
  const unsigned short OPEN = 1;
  const unsigned short CLOSING = 2;
  const unsigned short CLOSED = 3;
  readonly attribute unsigned short readyState;
  readonly attribute unsigned long bufferedAmount;
  // networking
           attribute EventHandler onopen;
           attribute EventHandler onerror;
           attribute EventHandler onclose;
  readonly attribute DOMString extensions;
  readonly attribute DOMString protocol;
  void close([Clamp] optional unsigned short code, optional DOMString reason);
  // messaging
           attribute EventHandler onmessage;
           attribute DOMString binaryType;
  void send(DOMString data);
  void send(Blob data);
  void send(ArrayBuffer data);
 void send(ArrayBufferView data);
};
```

www.w3.org/TR/websockets

# Support in Browsers

	Neb Sockets - Candidate Recommendation										Global user stats :			
Bidirectional communication technology for web apps										Support: Partial sup	no et		74.54%	
										Total:	porc		76.14%	
Resources: w	eb Plat form	m Docs Wi	kipedia Det	ails on ne	wer protocol	WebSockets	informat	ion has	s.js test	TO Gall.			76.14%	
	ΙE		Chrome			IOS Safari	Opera Mini	Android	Blackberr Browser	Opera Mobile	Chrome for Android	Firefax for Android	IE Mobile	
31 versions back			4.0											
30 versions back		2.0	5.0											
29 versions back		3.0	6.0											
28 versions back		3.5	7.0											
27 versions back		3.6	8.0											
26 versions back		4.0	9.0											
25 versions back		5.0	10.0											
24 versions back		6.0 Max	11.0											
23 versions back		7.0 Mos	12.0											
22 versions back		8.0 Mai	13.0											
21 versions back		9.0	14.0											
20 versions back		10.0 Mai	15.0											
19 versions back		11.0	16.0											
18 versions back		12.0	17.0		9.0									
17 versions back		13.0	18.0		9.5-9.6									
16 versions back		14.0	19.0		10.0-10.1									
15 versions back		15.0	20.0		10.5									
14 versions back		16.0	21.0		10.6									
13 versions back		17.0	22.0		11.0									
12 versions back		18.0	23.0		11.1									
11 versions back		19.0	24.0		11.5									
10 versions back		20.0	25.0		11.6									
9 versions back		21.0	26.0		12.0									
8 versions back		22.0	27.0		12.1									
7 versions back		23.0	28.0	3.1	15.0			2.1						
6 versions back	5.5	24.0	29.0	3.2	16.0			2.2		10.0				
5 versions back	6.0	25.0	30.0	4.0	17.0	3.2		2.3		11.0				
4 versions back	7.0	26.0	31.0	5.0	18.0	4.0-4.1		3.0		11.1				
3 versions back	8.0	27.0	32.0	5.1	19.0	4.2-4.3		4.0		11.5				
2 versions back	9.0	28.0	33.0	6.0	20.0	5.0-5.1		4.1		12.0				
Previous version	10.0	29.0	34.0	6.1	21.0	60-61		4.2-	7.0	12 1				
Current	11.0	30.0	35.0	7.0	22.0	7.0-7.1	5.0-7.0	4.4	10.0	22.0	35.0	30.0	10.0	

caniuse.com/websockets





#### Java API for WebSocket

- API for WebSocket server and client endpoint
  - Annotated: @ServerEndpoint, @ClientEndpoint
  - Programmatic: Endpoint
    - WebSocket opening handshake negotiation
- Lifecycle Callback methods
- Integration with Java EE technologies

### Annotated Endpoint

```
import javax.websocket.*;

@ServerEndpoint("/hello")
public class HelloBean {
    @OnMessage
    public String sayHello(String name) {
       return "Hello " + name;
}
```

#### WebSocket Annotations

- Class-level annotations
  - @ServerEndpoint: Turns a POJO in a server endpoint
  - @ClientEndpoint: Turns a POJO in a client endpoint

#### WebSocket Annotations

- Method-level annotations
  - @OnMessage: Intercepts WebSocket messages
  - @OnOpen: Intercepts WebSocket open events
  - @OnClose: Intercepts WebSocket close events
  - @OnError: Intercepts WebSocket error events

#### WebSocket Annotations

- Parameter-level annotations
  - @PathParam: Matches path segment of a URItemplate

#### @ServerEndpoint attributes

- value: Relative URI or URI template e.g. '/hello' or '/chat/ {subscriber-level}'
- decoders: list of message decoder classnames
- encoders: list of message encoder classnames
- subprotocols: list of the names of the supported subprotocols

#### Chat Server

```
@ServerEndpoint("/chat")
public class ChatBean {
  static Set<Session> peers = Collections.synchronizedSet("...");
  @OnOpen
  public void onOpen(Session peer) {
    peers.add(peer);
  @OnClose
  public void onClose(Session peer) {
    peers.remove(peer);
  @OnMessage
  public void message(String message) {
    for (Session peer : peers) {
      peer.getBasicRemote().sendObject(message);
```

# Chat Server Simplified

```
@ServerEndpoint("/chat")
public class ChatBean {
    @OnMessage
    public void message(String message, Session endpoint) {
        for (Session peer : endpoint.getOpenSessions()) {
            peer.getBasicRemote().sendObject(message);
        }
    }
}
```



https://github.com/javaee-samples/javaee7-samples/tree/master/websocket/chat

# Custom Payloads

```
@ServerEndpoint(
   value="/hello",
   decoders={MyMessageDecoder.class},
   encoders={MyMessageEncoder.class}
)
public class MyEndpoint {
    . . .
}
```

# Custom Payloads: Text decoder

```
public class MyMessageDecoder implements Decoder.Text<MyMessage> {
   public MyMessage decode(String s) {
      JsonObject jsonObject = Json.createReader("...").readObject();
      return new MyMessage(jsonObject);
   }
   public boolean willDecode(String string) {
      ...
      return true;
   }
   ...
}
```

# Custom Payloads: Text encoder

```
public class MyMessageDecoder implements Encoder.Text<MyMessage> {
   public String encode(MyMessage myMessage) {
     return myMessage.jsonObject.toString();
   }
   ...
}
```

# Custom Payloads: Binary decoder

# Method Signatures

- Exactly one of the following
  - **Text**: String, boolean, Java primitive or equivalent class, Reader, any type for which there is a decoder
  - **Binary**: byte[], ByteBuffer, byte[] and boolean, ByteBuffer and boolean, InputStream, any type for which there is a decoder
  - Pong messages: PongMessage
- An optional Session parameter
- 0...n String parameters annotated with @PathParam
- **Return type**: String, byte[], ByteBuffer, Java primitive or class equivalent or any type for which there is a encoder

# Sample Messages

```
void m(String s);

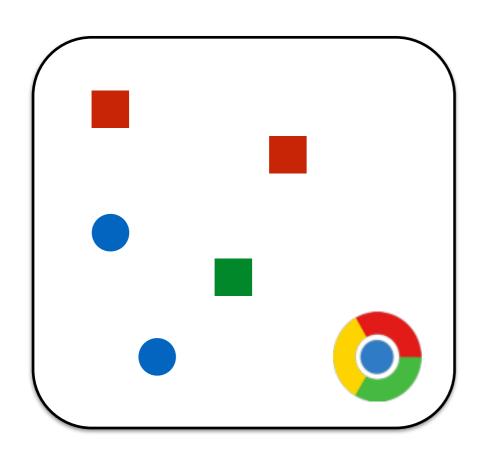
    void m(Float f, @PathParam("id")int id);

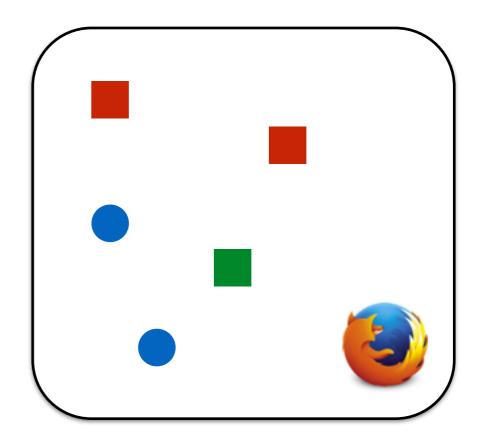
    Product m(Reader reader, Session s);

    void m(byte[] b); or void m(ByteBuffer b);

    Book m(int i, Session s,

 @PathParam("isbn")String isbn,
 @PathParam("store")String store);
```





https://github.com/javaee-samples/javaee7-samples/tree/master/websocket/whiteboard

# URI Template Matching

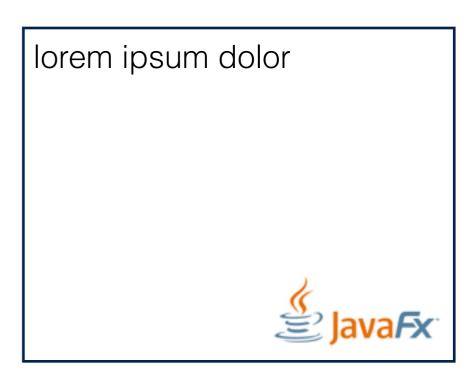
34

# Client Endpoint

```
@ClientEndpoint
public class HelloClient {
    @OnMessage public void message(
        String message,
        Session session) {
        //. . .
    }
}
```

```
WebSocketContainer c = ContainerProvider.getWebSocketContainer();
c.connectToServer(HelloClient.class, "hello");
```

lorem ipsum dolor



https://github.com/javaee-samples/javaee7-samples/tree/master/websocket/google-docs

# Programmatic Endpoint

```
public class ChatServer extends Endpoint {
  @Override
  public void onOpen(Session session) {
    session.addMessageHandler(new MessageHandler.Text() {
      public void onMessage(String message) {
        try {
          session
           .getBasicRemote()
           .sendText(message);
        } catch (IOException ex) { }
    });
```

### Configuring Programmatic Endpoint

```
public class MyEndpointConfig implements ServerApplicationConfig {
    @Override
    public Set<ServerEndpointConfig> getEndpointConfigs(
        Set<Class<? extends Endpoint>> set) {
        return new HashSet<ServerEndpointConfig>() {
                add(ServerEndpointConfig.Builder
                    .create(ChatServer.class, "/chat")
                    .build());
        };
    @Override
    public Set<Class<?>> getAnnotatedEndpointClasses(Set<Class<?>> set) {
        return Collections.emptySet();
```

https://github.com/javaee-samples/javaee7-samples/tree/master/websocket/endpoint-singleton

# Securing WebSockets

- Origin-based security model
- Sec-xxx keys can not be set using XMLHttpRequest
  - Sec-WebSocket-Key, Sec-WebSocket-Version
- User-based security using Servlet security mechanism
  - Endpoint mapped by ws:// is protected using security model defined using the corresponding http:// URI
  - Authorization defined using <security-constraint>
- Transport Confidentiality using wss://
  - Access allowed over encrypted connection only

### User-based Security

https://github.com/javaee-samples/javaee7-samples/tree/master/websocket/endpoint-security

# TLS-based Security

https://github.com/javaee-samples/javaee7-samples/tree/master/websocket/endpoint-wss

#### Embedded WebSocket

- Undertow New web server in WildFly 8
- Blocking and non-blocking based on NIO
- Composition/handler-based architecture
- Lightweight and fully embeddable
- Supports Servlet 3.1 and HTTP Upgrade
- mod\_cluster supported



### Undertow is awesome!

```
techempower@lg01:~$ wrk -d 30 -c 256 -t 40 http://10.0.3.2:8080/byte
Running 30s test @ http://10.0.3.2:8080/byte
40 threads and 256 connections
Thread Stats Avg Stdev Max +/- Stdev
Latency 247.05us 3.52ms 624.37ms 99.90%
Reg/Sec 27.89k 6.24k 50.22k 71.15%
31173283 requests in 29.99s 3.83GB read
Socket errors: connect 0, read 0, write 0, timeout 9
Requests/sec: 1039305.27
Transfer/sec: 130.83MB
```

This is output from Wrk testing a single server running Undertow using conditions similar to Google's test (1-byte response body, no HTTP pipelining, no special request headers) 1.039 million requests per second.

git@github.com:undertow-io/undertow.git

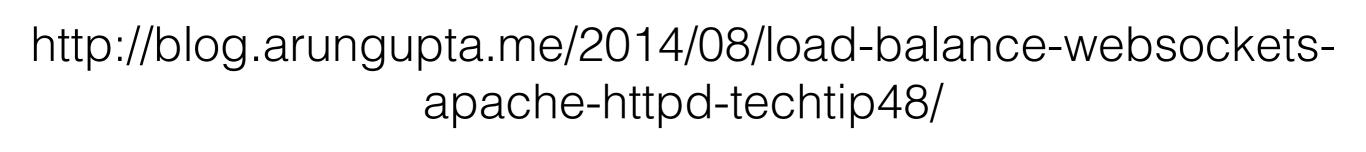
### JBoss EAP 6.3

- Java EE 6 compliant application server
- Technology Preview of JSR 356/WebSocket



#### Load Balance WebSocket

- Reverse proxy
- Only vertical scaling
- No session replication



### STOMP over WebSocket

- STOMP: Simple Text Oriented Messaging Protocol
- Interoperable wire format: any client, any broker
- Messaging interoperability among languages and platforms
  - Unlike JMS
- REST for messaging: CONNECT, SEND, SUBSCRIBE, . . .
- Map STOMP frames to WebSocket frames



### Pub/Sub over WebSocket

https://github.com/arun-gupta/kaazing-openshift-cartridge

# Compare with REST

https://github.com/javaee-samples/javaee7-samples/tree/master/websocket/websocket-vs-rest-payload

https://github.com/javaee-samples/javaee7-samples/tree/master/websocket/websocket-vs-rest

### Server-Sent Events

- Part of HTML5 Specification
- Server-push notifications
- Cross-browser JavaScript API: EventSource
- Message callbacks
- MIME type: text/eventstream

### EventSource API

```
[Constructor(DOMString url, optional EventSourceInit eventSourceInitDict)]
interface EventSource : EventTarget {
  readonly attribute DOMString url;
  readonly attribute boolean withCredentials;
  // ready state
  const unsigned short CONNECTING = 0;
  const unsigned short OPEN = 1;
  const unsigned short CLOSED = 2;
  readonly attribute unsigned short readyState;
  // networking
  [TreatNonCallableAsNull] attribute Function? onopen;
  [TreatNonCallableAsNull] attribute Function? onmessage;
  [TreatNonCallableAsNull] attribute Function? onerror;
  void close();
};
dictionary EventSourceInit {
  boolean withCredentials = false;
};
```

### WebSockets and SSE?

WebSocket	Server-Sent Event	
Over a custom protocol	Over simple HTTP	
Full-duplex, bi-directional	Server-push only, client-server OOB	
Native support in most browsers	Can be poly-filled to backport	
Not straight forward protocol	Simpler protocol	

#### WebSockets and SSE?

WebSocket	Server-Sent Event
Application-specific reconnection	Built-in support for reconnection and event id
Require server and/or proxy configurations	No server or proxy change required
Text and Binary	Text only
Pre-defined message handlers	Pre-defined and arbitrary



# Atmosphere

- Java/JavaScript framework
- Portable asynchronous applications
- Fallback to long-polling in absence of WebSocket
- Containers: Netty, Jetty, GlassFish, Tomcat, JBoss, WildFly, WebLogic, Resin, WebSphere
- Browsers: Firefox, Chrome, IE (6x+), Opera, Safari,
   Android

https://github.com/javaee-samples/javaee7-samples/tree/master/websocket/atmosphere-chat

#### What makes them scalable?

- No HTTP/TCP opening/closing connections
  - Handshake over a single TCP connection
  - HTTP connections have short connection timeout (5 secs for Apache)
- Elimination of HTTP headers (cookies, content-type, useragent, ...)
  - Reduces bandwidth dramatically

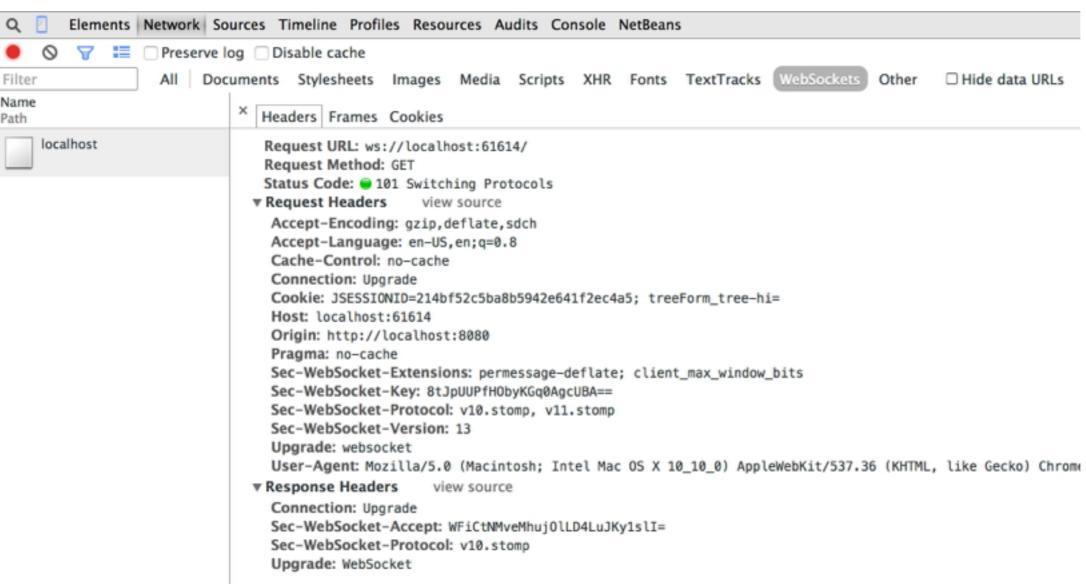
#### What makes them scalable?

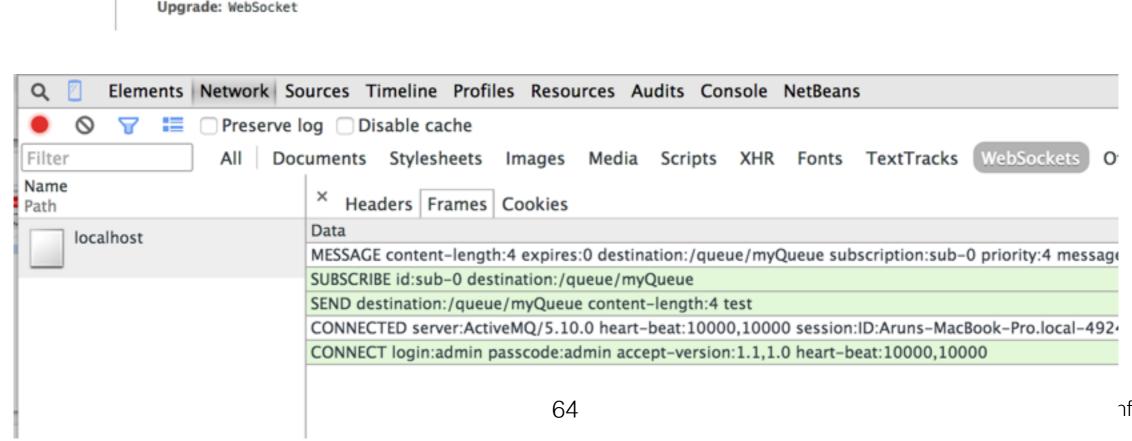
- Minimal data framing
  - 2-14 bytes overhead after handshake
- Maintaining a TCP connection on server is relatively inexpensive
- Smaller data fragments can be sent without out a request/ response
  - Live pushes, e.g. stock sticker
  - Lower latency

#### What makes them scalable?

- Maintaining a TCP connection on server is relatively inexpensive
- WebSockets are good at scaling vertically
- HTTP servers are typically configured to log start/ completion of HTTP request, not so for WebSocket
- Polling and Long-polling is a waste of bandwidth,
   WebSockets are more elegant
- Number of concurrent clients depend upon FD settings

# Debugging WebSockets





nf, Oct 2014





3 of 572

Events ▼ capturing events (4641)

(?) type:SOCKET is:active

	ID	Source Type	Description					
	1596087	SOCKET	localhost:8080					
	1596088	SOCKET	localhost:8080					
☑	1596381	SOCKET	localhost:61614					

#### 1596381: SOCKET localhost:61614

Start Time: 2014-10-23 10:30:37.952

```
t=143883 [st=
                 0] +SOCKET_ALIVE [dt=?]
                     --> source_dependency = 1596378 (CONNECT_JOB)
                      +TCP CONNECT [dt=0]
t=143883 [st=
                 0 ]
                       --> address_list = ["[::1]:61614"]
t=143883 [st=
                 0]
                         TCP_CONNECT_ATTEMPT [dt=0]
                         --> address = "[::1]:61614"
t=143883 [st=
                 0]
                      -TCP CONNECT
                       --> source address = "[::1]:57613"
t=143883 [st=
                      +SOCKET IN USE [dt=?]
                 0]
                       --> source_dependency = 1596376 (HTTP_STREAM_JOB)
t=143884 [st=
                 1]
                         SOCKET_BYTES_SENT
                         --> byte count = 616
t=143885 [st=
                         SOCKET BYTES RECEIVED
                 2]
                         --> byte count = 164
t=143886 [st=
                 3]
                         SOCKET BYTES SENT
                         --> byte count = 89
t=143888 [st=
                 5]
                         SOCKET BYTES RECEIVED
                         --> byte count = 134
t=144739 [st= 856]
                         SOCKET_BYTES_SENT
                         --> byte count = 61
t=147073 [st= 3190]
                         SOCKET BYTES SENT
                         --> byte count = 54
t=147077 [st= 3194]
                         SOCKET_BYTES_RECEIVED
                         --> byte_count = 196
t=153901 [st=10018]
                         SOCKET BYTES RECEIVED
                         --> byte_count = 3
t=154226 [st=10343]
                         SOCKET BYTES SENT
                         --> byte count = 7
```



			<b>X</b> 2 🔒	9 💠 📦		
Filter: http   ▼ Expression Clear Apply Save						
No.	Time	Source	Destination	n Protocol	Length Info	
	11 9.489449000	::1	::1	HTTP	648 GET /HelloWebSocket/ HTTP/1.1	
	13 9.491601000	::1	::1	HTTP	2134 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)	
	18 9.669322000	::1	::1	HTTP	501 GET /HelloWebSocket/echo HTTP/1.1	
	20 9.669489000	::1	::1	нттр	543 GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1	
	22 9.670298000	::1	::1	нттр	205 HTTP/1.1 101 Switching Protocols	
	24 9.671010000	::1	::1	нттр	1624 HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)	
	26 12.411987000	::1	::1	WebSocket	98 WebSocket Text [FIN] [MASKED]	
	28 12.413161000	::1	::1	WebSocket	108 WebSocket Text [FIN]	
	30 13.011122000	::1	::1	WebSocket	98 WebSocket Text [FIN] [MASKED]	
	32 13.013172000	::1	::1	WebSocket	108 WebSocket Text [FIN]	

# Production Tips

- Proxy can be evil and make WebSockets unusable
  - Issue: Remove "Upgrade" header
  - Fix: Set timeout, remove after onOpen called
  - **Issue**: Close connection after X idle time
  - **Fix**: Application-level heartbeat
  - Issue: Not allow to pass through at all
  - **Fix**: Fall back on long-polling

# Production Tips

- Load Balancer
  - Issue: Don't work with WebSocket, e.g. Amazon ELB
  - Fix: ELB configured to use TCP, but no session affinity
- Browsers
  - Issue: IE 6, 7, 8, 9 and Safari 5 do not support WebSocket
  - Fix: Fallback using Atmosphere, Socket.IO, SockJS
- Inconsistencies in JSR 356

### Resources

Material: <u>github.com/arun-gupta/nuts-and-bolts-of-websocket</u>